B. Maximum of Maximums of Minimums

difficulty: 1200
time limit per test: 1 second
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes
input: standard input
output: standard output

You are given an array a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n consisting of n integers, and an integer k. You have to split the array into exactly k non-empty subsegments. You'll then compute the minimum integer on each subsegment, and take the maximum integer over the k obtained minimums. What is the maximum possible integer you can get?

Definitions of subsegment and array splitting are given in notes.

Input

The first line contains two integers n and k $(1 \le k \le n \le 10^5)$ — the size of the array a and the number of subsegments you have to split the array to.

The second line contains *n* integers $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n \ (-10^9 \le a_i \le 10^9)$.

Output

Print single integer — the maximum possible integer you can get if you split the array into k non-empty subsegments and take maximum of minimums on the subsegments.

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Examples
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input
5 2
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12345

output

5

input

5 1

-4 -5 -3 -2 -1

output

-5

Note

A subsegment [l, r] $(l \le r)$ of array a is the sequence $a_l, a_{l+1}, \ldots, a_r$.

Splitting of array a of n elements into k subsegments

$$[l_1, r_1], [l_2, r_2], \ldots, [l_k, r_k] \ (l_1 = 1, r_k = n, l_i = r_{i-1} + 1, \forall_{i>1})$$
 is k sequences $(a_{l_1}, \ldots, a_{r_l}), \ldots, (a_{l_r}, \ldots, a_{r_l}).$

In the first example you should split the array into subsegments [1, 4] and [5, 5] that results in sequences (1, 2, 3, 4) and (5). The minimums are min(1, 2, 3, 4) = 1 and min(5) = 5. The resulting maximum is max(1, 5) = 5. It is obvious that you can't reach greater result.

In the second example the only option you have is to split the array into one subsegment [1, 5], that results in one sequence (-4, -5, -3, -2, -1). The only minimum is min(-4, -5, -3, -2, -1) = -5. The resulting maximum is -5.

B. Maximum of Maximums of Minimums implementation https://codeforces.com/contest/872/problem/B github.com/andy489