


<b>Practicum Case</b>	
COMP6048   COMP6048001   COMP6048016   COMP6048049 Data Structures	
<b>Computer Science</b>	<b>O221-COMP6048-AM01-03</b>
<i>Valid on Even Semester 2021/2022</i>	<b>Revision 00</b>

### Learning Outcomes

- LO1 – Explain the concept of data structures and its usage in computer science
- LO2 – Illustrate any learned data structures and its usage in application
- LO3 – Apply data structures using C

### Topic

- Session 3 – Doubly Linked List & Queue

### Sub Topics

- Push Head, Mid, and Tail
- Pop Head, Mid, and Tail
- Search
- Queue, Circular Queue, and Priority Queue

**Soal**  
Case**Bluejack Hospital**

**Bluejack Hospital** is one of the oldest hospitals in your town. To register a new patient, the patient registrar uses a traditional method by writing the patient data manually using pen and paper. Sometimes the patient registrar having a hard time sorting the patient based on their priority. To improve the hospital services the company hires you as a junior programmer to create a simple program using C programming language and **priority queue data structures**. The criteria are:

- The program consists of **3 menus**, there are:

1. **Insert**
2. **View**
3. **Next Queue**
4. **Exit**

```
Bluejack Hospital
=====
1. Insert
2. View
3. Next Queue
4. Exit
>> █
```

**Figure 1. Main Menu**

- If user chooses **Insert (Menu 1)**, then:
  - The program will ask user to input the following data
    - **Name**
      - Validate the inputted name must be **between 4 and 25 characters**.
    - **Age**
      - Validate the inputted age must be **at least 0**.
    - **Description/Symptoms**
      - Validate the inputted description/symptoms must be **at least 6 characters**.
    - **Code**
      - Validate the inputted code must be **“Red”, “Yellow” or “Green” (case sensitive)**.

- The color of the code represents the **patient's priority**. The color “**Red**” represents the number **3** which means the patient needs to be **served first if possible**. The color “**Yellow**” represents the number **2** which means the patient needs to be **served after code “Red”**. And the last color is “**Green**” which represents number **1** which means the patient can be **served after code “Yellow”**.
- After that, **record** all the inputted data to the **priority queue data structure** with code as its priority.

```

Input patient name[4-25]: Mr.
Input patient name[4-25]: Mrs. Taylor
Input patient age[>= 0]: -1
Input patient age[>= 0]: 50
Input description[>= 6 characters]: test
Input description[>= 6 characters]: Hard to breathe and chest pain
Input code[Red|Yellow|Green]: Purple
Input code[Red|Yellow|Green]: yellow
Input code[Red|Yellow|Green]: Red

Insert success !

```

Figure 2. Insert Menu

- If user chooses **View (Menu 2)**, then:
  - Validate if there's **no data**, show “**There is no queue yet!**” message.

```

There is no queue yet !

Press Enter to continue ...

```

Figure 3. There is No Queue Message (View)

- Otherwise, **show all the data** in the **priority queue**.

Patient List:				
No	Name	Age	Description	Code
1	Mr. Budi	34	Serious injury from car accident	Red
2	Mrs. Taylor	50	Hard to breathe and chest pain	Red
3	Mr. John	45	GERD	Yellow
4	Mrs. Carolina	28	Nausea, vomiting, sweating, and difficulties walking	Yellow
5	Mr. Doe	23	Cough and fever	Green
Press Enter to continue ...				

Figure 4. View All Patient

- If user chooses **Next Queue (Menu 3)**, then:
  - Validate if there's **no data**, show “**There is no queue yet!**” message

```
There is no queue yet !  
Press Enter to continue ...
```

**Figure 5. There is No Queue Message (Next Queue)**

- Otherwise, **remove the frontmost queue** based on its **priority** and **show the data**

```
The next patient is:  
Name       : Mr. Budi  
Age        : 34  
Description : Serious injury from car accident  
Code       : Red  
  
Press Enter to continue ...
```

**Figure 6. Remove the Frontmost Queue**

- If user chooses **Exit (Menu 4)**, then **terminate** the program.

**Please run the EXE file to see the sample program**