

TABLE CREATION WITH KEY DESIGNATIONS

CREATE TABLE Project1_Books (
ISBN VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, --!!!!!Choosing to go with the ISBN10 number
Title VARCHAR2(256) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT BOOKPK PRIMARY KEY(ISBN)
```

);

CREATE TABLE Project1_Book_Authors(
Author_ID VARCHAR2 (13) NOT NULL,
ISBN VARCHAR2 (10) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT BKAUTHORPK PRIMARY KEY (Author_ID),

CONSTRAINT BKAUTHORFK FOREIGN KEY (ISBN)

REFERENCES Project1_Books(ISBN)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Project1_Authors(
Author_ID VARCHAR2(13) NOT NULL,
Name VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,
```

```
CONSTRAINT AuthorNamesPK PRIMARY KEY (Author_ID),
CONSTRAINT AuthorNamesFK FOREIGN KEY (Author_ID)
REFERENCES Project1_Book_Authors(Author_ID)
);
```

CREATE TABLE Project1_Library_Branch (
Branch_ID NUMBER (2) NOT NULL,
Branch_Name VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,
Address VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT BranchPK PRIMARY KEY (Branch_ID)
);
```

CREATE TABLE Project1_Book_Copies(
Book_ID VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
ISBN VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
Branch_ID NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT Book_CopiesPK PRIMARY KEY (Book_ID),

CONSTRAINT Book_Copies_ISBN_FK FOREIGN KEY (ISBN)

REFERENCES Project1_Books(ISBN),

CONSTRAINT Book_Copies_BrID_FK FOREIGN KEY (Branch_ID)

REFERENCES Project1_Library_Branch(Branch_ID)

);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Project1_Borrower (
```

Card_No VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,

SSN VARCHAR2(11) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

FName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,

LName VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,

Email VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort of contact email

Address VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort of contact address

City VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,

State VARCHAR2(2) NOT NULL,

Phone VARCHAR2(14) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort of contact #

```
CONSTRAINT BorrowerPK PRIMARY KEY (Card_NO)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Project1_Book_Loans(
  Loan_ID VarChar2(40) NOT NULL, -- Will need to generate this from the sequence and
follow Rules
 Book_ID VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL, -- Length will depend on how Book_ID generated
previously
 Card_no VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, -- Pull from Borrower ID0000ID
                     NOT NULL, -- No rules given for date requirements
 Date_Out DATE
                      NOT NULL, -- No rules given for date requirements.
 Due Date DATE
  Date in DATE NULL, -- 50 should be after Due Date, This will feed into the Fines
Table Query
 CONSTRAINT BOOK_LoanPK PRIMARY KEY (Loan_ID),
CONSTRAINT BOOK_LoanFK1 FOREIGN KEY (BOOK_ID)
      REFERENCES PROJECT1_Book_Copies (Book_ID),
 CONSTRAINT Book_LoanFK2 FOREIGN KEY (Card_No)
      REFERENCES PROJECT1_Borrower (Card_No)
 );
CREATE TABLE Project1_Fines(
 Loan_ID VARCHAR2(40) NOT NULL, --Pull from Loan_ID in
```

```
CONSTRAINT FinesPK PRIMARY KEY (Loan_ID),

CONSTRAINT FinesFK FOREIGN KEY (Loan_ID)

REFERENCES Project1_Book_Loans(Loan_ID)
);
```

VARCHAR2(6) NOT NULL, --Indicate if the Fine is paid (No specification in project

Fine_Amt NUMBER (4,2) NOT NULL, --"Fine amount is \$0.25 per day late"

guidelines)

DATA LOAD, NORMALIZATION, DATA GENERATION

Since my Create Table SQL are generated throughout my SQL code, I will leave it in the section below.

```
--Rob Lindsay
--RXL200006
--BUAN 6320.001
--Project 1
__************
__***********
--Create Book Table with ISBN, Title
DROP TABLE Project1_Books;
CREATE TABLE Project1_Books (
  ISBN VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, --!!!!!Choosing to go with the ISBN10 number
  Title VARCHAR2(256) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT BOOKPK PRIMARY KEY(ISBN)
);
INSERT INTO Project1_Books
   SELECT ISBN10, Title
   FROM project1_books_load;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Books;
__************
__***********
--Create Book_Authors Table with Aurthor_ID, ISBN
  --!!!!Unique ID could be ISBN || Author # of book since our system is not
  -- designed to have an author write multiple books
--First Create Temp_Author_Table to contain ISBN, Author, CommaCount(Author)
DROP TABLE Temp_Author_Table;
CREATE TABLE Temp_Author_Table AS (
  SELECT ISBN10, Author,
      LENGTH(REPLACE(Author,',','||')) - LENGTH (Author)+1 AS Number_Authors,
      regexp_substr(Author, '[^,]+', 1, 1) AS Author1,
      ISBN10 | | '1' AS Author1ID,
      regexp_substr(Author, '[^,]+', 1, 2) AS Author2,
      ISBN10 | | '2' AS Author2ID,
      regexp_substr(Author, '[^,]+', 1, 3) AS Author3,
      ISBN10 | | '3' AS Author3ID,
      regexp_substr(Author, '[^,]+', 1, 4) AS Author4,
      ISBN10 | | '4' AS Author4ID,
      regexp_substr(Author, '[^,]+', 1, 5) AS Author5,
      ISBN10 || '5' AS Author5ID
  FROM PROJECT1_Books_Load)
--SELECT * FROM Temp_Author_Table ORDER BY Number_Authors Desc;
--DESC TEMP_Author_Table;
```

--Now Create Book_Authors Table with Author_ID, ISBN DROP TABLE Project1_Book_Authors;

CREATE TABLE Project1_Book_Authors(
 Author_ID VARCHAR2 (13) NOT NULL,
 ISBN VARCHAR2 (10) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT BKAUTHORPK PRIMARY KEY (Author_ID),

CONSTRAINT BKAUTHORFK FOREIGN KEY (ISBN)

REFERENCES Project1_Books(ISBN)

);
```

--Insert each of the AuthorID columns and their respective ISBN into Book_Authors INSERT INTO Project1 Book Authors

SELECT Author1ID, ISBN10 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author1 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Authors

SELECT Author2ID, ISBN10 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author2 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Authors

SELECT Author3ID, ISBN10 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author3 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Authors

SELECT Author4ID, ISBN10 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author4 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Authors

SELECT Author5ID, ISBN10 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author5 is not null; --SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Authors;

__************

__*************

- --Create Authors Table with AuthorID, Name
- --!!Still Need To Do: No Author Given Scenario, everything else is done
 - --!!!!USE The Same Code As The Book_Authors but with Name instead of ISBN
 - --!!!!Could also create a temporary table of ISBN, AuthorName, AuthorID the Drop temp table

DROP TABLE Project1_Authors;

CREATE TABLE Project1_Authors(

Author_ID VARCHAR2(13) NOT NULL,

Name VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,

```
CONSTRAINT AuthorNamesPK PRIMARY KEY (Author_ID),

CONSTRAINT AuthorNamesFK FOREIGN KEY (Author_ID)

REFERENCES Project1_Book_Authors(Author_ID)

);
```

- --DELETE FROM Project1_Authors;
- --Insert each of the AuthorID columns and their respective ISBN into Book_Authors INSERT INTO Project1_Authors

SELECT Author1ID, Author1 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author1 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Authors

SELECT Author2ID, Author2 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author2 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Authors

SELECT Author3ID, Author3 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author3 is not null; INSERT INTO Project1_Authors

```
SELECT Author4ID, Author4 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author4 is not null;
INSERT INTO Project1_Authors
   SELECT Author5ID, Author5 FROM Temp_Author_Table WHERE Author5 is not null;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Authors;
DROP TABLE Temp Author Table; --This should be at the end of this section, created in
previous section
__*******
__*******
--Create Library_Branch Table with Branch_ID, Branch_Name, Address
CREATE TABLE Project1_Library_Branch (
  Branch_ID NUMBER (2) NOT NULL,
  Branch_Name VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,
  Address VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT BranchPK PRIMARY KEY (Branch_ID)
  );
INSERT INTO Project1 Library Branch
  SELECT Branch ID, Branch Name, Address
  FROM project1_library_branch_load
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Library_Branch;
COMMIT;
__************
_************
--Create Book_Copies Table with Book_ID, ISBN, Branch_ID
--!!!!Create a unique number by concatenating the BranchID, BookID, and CopyNo
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Copies_Load;
--SELECT MAX(No_Of_Copies) from Project1_Book_Copies_Load; --> 18 is the maximum number
of copies of a single book at a single branch
--FIRST, create a temporary copies table that creates the maximum possible amount of books (up
to 18) provided there is a copy at the branch
DROP TABLE Temp_Copies_Table;
CREATE TABLE Temp_Copies_Table AS (
  SELECT Book_ID, Branch_ID, No_Of_Copies,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '010F' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy1,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '02OF' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy2,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '03OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy3,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '04OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy4,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '05OF' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy5,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '06OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy6,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '07OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy7,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '08OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy8,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '09OF' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy9,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '100F' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy10,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '110F' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy11,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '120F' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy12,
      Branch_ID || Book_ID || '130F' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy13,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '140F' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy14,
```

```
Branch_ID || Book_ID || '150F' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy15,
     Branch_ID | Book_ID | '160F' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy16,
     Branch_ID || Book_ID || '170F' || No_OF_Copies AS Copy17,
      Branch_ID | Book_ID | '180F' | No_OF_Copies AS Copy18
  FROM PROJECT1_Book_Copies_Load WHERE No_OF_Copies>0)
--SELECT * FROM Temp Copies Table;
--DESC Temp_Copies_Table;
--SECOND Create the Book_Copies Table
DROP TABLE Project1 Book Copies;
CREATE TABLE Project1_Book_Copies(
  Book_ID VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
         VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
 ISBN
  Branch ID NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT Book_CopiesPK PRIMARY KEY (Book_ID),
 CONSTRAINT Book_Copies_ISBN_FK FOREIGN KEY (ISBN)
      REFERENCES Project1_Books(ISBN),
 CONSTRAINT Book_Copies_BrID_FK FOREIGN KEY (Branch_ID)
      REFERENCES Project1_Library_Branch(Branch_ID)
--THIRD Insert each of the Book_ID, ISBN and Branch ID whenever there are at least X copies in
the branch
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy1, Book ID, Branch ID FROM Temp Copies Table;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy2, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>1;
INSERT INTO Project1 Book Copies
   SELECT Copy3, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>2;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy4, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>3;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy5, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>4;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy6, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>5;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy7, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>6;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy8, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>7;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy9, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>8;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy10, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>9;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy11, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>10;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
```

;

);

```
SELECT Copy12, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>11;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy13, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>12;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy14, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>13;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy15, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>14;
INSERT INTO Project1 Book Copies
   SELECT Copy16, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>15;
INSERT INTO Project1 Book Copies
   SELECT Copy17, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>16;
INSERT INTO Project1_Book_Copies
   SELECT Copy18, Book_ID, Branch_ID FROM Temp_Copies_Table WHERE No_Of_Copies>17;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Copies ORDER BY ISBN, Book_ID;
DROP TABLE Temp_Copies_Table; --This should be at the end of this section, created in
previous section
__***********
__************
--Create Borrower Table with Card No, SSN, FName, LName, Address, Phone
DROP TABLE Project1_Borrower;
CREATE TABLE Project1_Borrower (
  Card No VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  SSN
        VARCHAR2(11) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
          VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
 FName
 LName VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,
         VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort
  Email
of contact email
 Address VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort
of contact address
        VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL,
  City
 State VARCHAR2(2) NOT NULL,
          VARCHAR2(14) NOT NULL, --Going of Assumption that you must provide some sort
  Phone
of contact #
 CONSTRAINT BorrowerPK
                               PRIMARY KEY (Card_NO)
 );
-- DESC Project1_Borrower;
```

```
select * from Project1_Borrowers_Load;
INSERT INTO Project1_Borrower
  SELECT ID0000ID, SSN, First_Name, Last_Name, Email, Address, City, State, Phone
  FROM Project1_Borrowers_Load;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Borrower;
```

- __************
- --Create Book Loans Table with Loan_ID, Book_ID, Card_no, Date_Out, Due_Date, Date_in
- --!!!! RULES FOR LOANS ASSIGNMENT
- EXACTLY 400 books check-outs
- FOR EXACTLY 200 different borrowers

```
Same borrower should not check out same book more than once
DROP TABLE Project1_Book_Loans;
CREATE TABLE Project1 Book Loans(
  Loan ID VarChar2(40) NOT NULL, -- Will need to generate this from the sequence and
follow Rules
  Book_ID VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL, -- Length will depend on how Book_ID generated
previously
 Card_no VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, -- Pull from Borrower ID0000ID
  Date Out DATE
                    NOT NULL, -- No rules given for date requirements
 Due_Date DATE
                    NOT NULL, -- No rules given for date requirements.
 Date_in DATE NULL, -- 50 should be after Due_Date, This will feed into the Fines
Table Query
 CONSTRAINT BOOK_LOANPK PRIMARY KEY (LOAN_ID),
  CONSTRAINT Book_LoanFK1
                             FOREIGN KEY (Book_ID)
     REFERENCES PROJECT1_Book_Copies (Book_ID),
 CONSTRAINT Book_LoanFK2 FOREIGN KEY (Card_No)
     REFERENCES PROJECT1_Borrower (Card_No)
 );
DELETE Project1_Book_Loans;
INSERT INTO Project1 Book Loans
SELECT Card_No||Book_ID|| Date_OUT AS Loan_ID,
    Book_ID, Card_No, Date_Out, Due_Date, Date_In
 FROM(
   SELECT Book_ID, Card_No,Book_Rank,Borrower_Rank, Lending_Period, Date_Out,
       Date Out + 31 AS Due Date,
       Date Out + ROUND(DBMS_RANDOM.value(0,30),0) AS Date_IN
     FROM(SELECT Book_ID, Card_No,Book_Rank,Borrower_Rank, Lending_Period,
       TO DATE('01-OCT-2021') - (93 * Lending Period) + ROUND(DBMS RANDOM.value(0,30),0)
AS Date Out
       FROM(
       SELECT Book_ID, Card_No,Book_Rank,Borrower_Rank, ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION
BY Book_ID ORDER BY Borrower_Rank) AS Lending_Period
         FROM
         (SELECT * FROM(
             SELECT Book_ID, Card_No,
               DENSE_RANK() OVER (ORDER BY BOOK_ID) as Book_Rank,
               ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY Book_ID ORDER BY Card_No) as
Borrower_Rank
               FROM (SELECT *
                   FROM (SELECT * FROM (SELECT BK.book_id FROM Project1_Book_Copies BK
ORDER BY DBMS_RANDOM.RANDOM) WHERE rownum<=100) Book,
                     (SELECT * FROM (SELECT BO.Card_No FROM Project1_Borrower BO
ORDER BY DBMS_RANDOM.RANDOM) WHERE rownum<=200) Borrower
                   )
             )
             WHERE Book_Rank = Borrower_Rank-1
               OR Book_Rank = Borrower_Rank
               OR Book_Rank = Borrower_Rank-101
               OR Book Rank = Borrower Rank-100
```

AND Exactly 100 Different Books.

```
OR (Book_Rank = 100 AND Borrower_Rank=1)
              ORDER By Book_ID,Borrower_Rank
          )
        )
      )
  );
--Now, Update the Loans so that 50 loans are returned after their due date
UPDATE Project1_Book_Loans SET Date_In = DUE_DATE + ROUND(DBMS_RANDOM.value(1,30),0)
WHERE rownum<51;
--SELECT * FROM Project1 Book Loans;
--Now, select 10 loans that were not just updated for late return and adjust them to recently
checked out and not returned
UPDATE Project1_Book_Loans
  SET Date_Out = SysDate - ROUND(DBMS_RANDOM.value(1,15),0),
    Date In = NULL
  WHERE Loan ID IN(
    SELECT Loan_ID FROM(
      SELECT Loan_ID, Book_ID,
        rank() over (partition by Book_ID order by Date_Out desc ) AS RANKING
      FROM Project1_Book_Loans
      WHERE Date_In<Due_Date AND Date_In IS NOT NULL Order BY Book_ID
    WHERE Ranking = 1 and rownum < 11
UPDATE Project1_Book_Loans SET Due_Date = Date_Out+31 WHERE Date_IN IS NULL;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Loans WHERE Date_In IS NULL;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Loans WHERE Date_In IS NULL;
--SELECT * FROM Project1_Book_Loans;
--SELECT * FROM Project1 Book Loans WHERE Due Date < Date In;
__********
--Create Fines Table with Loan_ID, Fine_Amt, Paid
--!!!! Will need to create SQL code to generate
      EXACTLY 50 fines records for 50 DIFFERENT Borrowers
      FINES Should be Generated by books checked back in late.
DROP TABLE Project1_Fines;
CREATE TABLE Project1_Fines(
  Loan_ID VARCHAR2(40) NOT NULL, --Pull from Loan_ID in
  Fine_Amt NUMBER (4,2) NOT NULL, --"Fine amount is $0.25 per day late"
  PAID
          VARCHAR2(6) NOT NULL, --Indicate if the Fine is paid (No specification in project
guidelines)
  CONSTRAINT FinesPK PRIMARY KEY (Loan_ID),
  CONSTRAINT FinesFK FOREIGN KEY (Loan_ID)
      REFERENCES Project1_Book_Loans(Loan_ID)
  );
DELETE Project1_FINES;
INSERT INTO Project1_FINES
  SELECT LOAN_ID,
      (Date_IN - Due_Date)*.25,
```

```
'PAID'
FROM Project1_Book_Loans WHERE Due_Date<Date_in; --!!!! Will need to verify this once
Book_Loans work and can randomly assign Paid or Not paid
--SELECT * from Project1_FINES;
--Now adjust half of the fines to show as unpaid
UPDATE Project1_Fines SET Paid = 'Unpaid' WHERE rownum<=25;
--SELECT * from Project1_FINES;
```

BOOK SEARCH AND AVAILABILITY

I Created a Table Called Search Term To Easily Update The Search Query:

```
CREATE TABLE Search_Term(
Term VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL, --Term designated by user
Input_Branch NUMBER(2) NULL, --Branch location

CONSTRAINT SearchPK PRIMARY KEY (Term)
);
```

I Could Then Update The Search Table Using The Following:

```
DELETE FROM Search_Term;
INSERT INTO Search_Term( Term, Input_Branch)
VALUES ('Armand', NULL); --'Armand', 'Turtle', '451','0395878063','Art Of the '
```

And Here Is The Search SQL With Single Search Functionality And Optional Branch Specification:

```
--Perform Search On All Books AND Adjust for Checked Out Books
SELECT ISBN, Title, Author, Sum(Available) AS Copies_Available FROM
    --THIS SECTION PULLS ALL BOOKS THAT FIT THE QUERY BUT DOESN'T ACCOUNT FOR BOOKS
CHECKED OUT
    (SELECT Book_ID, ISBN, Title, Author, Branch_ID, 1 AS Available
      FROM
        (SELECT Book_ID, ISBN AS ISBNExist, Branch_ID FROM Project1_Book_Copies
          WHERE Branch_Id = (SELECT Input_Branch FROM Search_Term)
            OR (Branch_ID IS NOT NULL AND (SELECT Input_Branch FROM Search_Term) IS
NULL)
            )
      INNER JOIN
        (SELECT BK.ISBN AS ISBN,
            BK.Title AS Title,
            LISTAGG(Auth.Name,', ') WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY BK.ISBN) AS Author
          FROM Project1_BOOKS BK
          INNER JOIN Project1_Book_Authors BKAuth ON BkAuth.ISBN = BK.ISBN
          INNER JOIN Project1_Authors Auth ON Auth.Author_ID = BKAuth.Author_ID
          WHERE BK.ISBN IN
                   ( SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN From Project1_Books WHERE LOWER(title)
```

```
LIKE LOWER('%'||(Select Term From Search_Term)||'%') --Search In Book Titles

UNION

SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN FROM Project1_Book_Authors

WHERE Author_ID IN

(SELECT Author_ID FROM Project1_Authors WHERE

Lower(Name) LIKE LOWER('%'||(Select Term From Search_Term)||'%')) --Search in Author Names

UNION

SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN FROM Project1_Books WHERE LOWER(ISBN)

LIKE LOWER((Select Term From Search_Term)) --Search in ISBN

)

GROUP BY BK.ISBN,Bk.Title

ORDER BY BK.Title

)

ON ISBN = ISBNEXIST
```

```
UNION
    --THIS SECTION PULLS ALL BOOKS THAT FIT THE QUERY AND ARE CURRENTLY CHECKED
OUT
        SELECT Bk_ID AS Book_ID, ISBN, Title, Author, Branch_ID, -1 AS Available
            FROM
                (SELECT Book_ID AS Bk_ID, ISBN AS ISBNExist, Branch_ID FROM
Project1_Book_Copies
                    WHERE Branch_Id = (SELECT Input_Branch FROM Search_Term)
                       OR (Branch_ID IS NOT NULL AND (SELECT Input_Branch FROM
Search_Term) IS NULL)
            INNER JOIN
                (SELECT BK.ISBN AS ISBN,
                        BK. Title AS Title,
                        LISTAGG(Auth.Name,', ') WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY BK.ISBN)
AS Author
                    FROM Project1_BOOKS BK
                    INNER JOIN Project1_Book_Authors BKAuth ON BkAuth.ISBN =
BK.ISBN
                   INNER JOIN Project1_Authors Auth ON Auth.Author_ID =
BKAuth.Author_ID
                    WHERE BK.ISBN IN
                                       (
                                          SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN From
Project1_Books WHERE LOWER(title) LIKE LOWER('%'||(Select Term From
Search_Term)||'%') --Search In Book Titles
                                        UNION
                                            SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN FROM
Project1_Book_Authors
                                                WHERE Author_ID IN
                                                            (SELECT Author_ID
FROM Project1_Authors WHERE Lower(Name) LIKE LOWER('%'||(Select Term From
Search_Term)||'%')) --Search in Author Names
                                            SELECT ISBN AS SearchISBN FROM
Project1_Books WHERE LOWER(ISBN) LIKE LOWER((Select Term From Search_Term)) --
Search in ISBN
                                       )
                    GROUP BY BK.ISBN, Bk. Title
                    ORDER BY BK. Title
```

```
ON ISBN = ISBNEXIST

Inner Join Project1_Book_Loans BL ON Bk_ID = BL.Book_ID

WHERE Date_IN IS NULL
)

Group BY ISBN, Title, Author
```

EXAMPLE 1 Search ('live b', 1)

I choose this example because Book_ID 10060933151010F1 is still checked out. This is a copy of ISBN 0060933151 at branch 1 Titled Everville written by Clive Barker

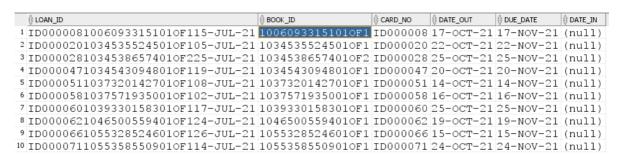
```
DELETE FROM Search_Term;
INSERT INTO Search_Term( Term, Input_Branch)
VALUES ('live b', 1);
```

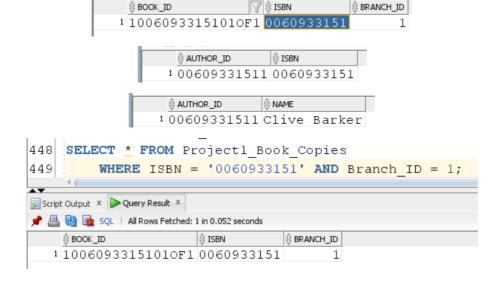
SEARCH RESULTS:

| ⊕ ISBN | ∯ TITLE | () AUTHOR | |
|--------------|---|---|------|
| 1 006018297 | 70 Coldheart Canyon: A Hollywood Ghost Story | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 2 006109308 | 84 Everville: The Second Book Of The Art | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 3 006093315 | 51 Everville | Clive Barker | 0 |
| 4 006109200 | 02 Galilee | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 5 045145512 | 26 Night Screams (Stalkers) | Clive Barker, David Morrell, Lawrence Block, Ray Br | ad 1 |
| 6 006017724 | 41 The Thief Of Always: A Fable | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 7 080501722 | 24 The Complete Phantom Of The Opera (Owl Books) | Clive Barda, George Perry | 1 |
| 8 006092467 | 75 How To Live Between Office Visits: A Guide To Life, Love A | And Health Bernie S. Siegel | 1 |
| 9 006093316 | 6X The Great And Secret Show | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 10 006103018 | 8X Coldheart Canyon | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 11 006105371 | 16 Imajica | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 12 006109901 | 15 The Great And Secret Show | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 13 006109964 | 43 Imajica | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 14 006109146 | 64 The Thief Of Always | Clive Barker | 1 |
| 15 093028959 | 95 The Sandman Vol. 2: The Doll's House | K. C. (editor) - Intro By Clive Bar, Neil; Carlson | 1 |

You can see that row 8 returns a title with 'live b' string and the rest all have author Clive Barker. The copies available for 0060933151 also correctly shows a value of 0 as our checked out copy is the only copy at this branch.

EVIDENCE OF FUNCTIONALITY





EXAMPLE 2 Search ('0060933151', NULL)

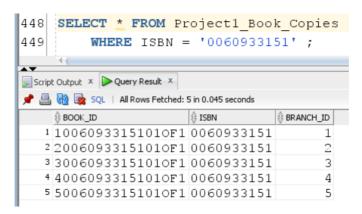
This is repurposing the same book but this time looking for it's ISBN without specifying a branch.

```
DELETE FROM Search_Term;
INSERT INTO Search_Term( Term, Input_Branch)
VALUES ('0060933151', NULL);
```

SEARCH RESULTS:



You can see 4 copies are available. Since we already know that 1 copy at branch 1 is checked out we expect to see 5 copies show up when we search Book_Copies for this ISBN which is verified below.



EXAMPLE 3 Search ('451', NULL)

I chose '451' to show that ISBN search will not show variations of '%451%' in the search results.

```
DELETE FROM Search_Term;
INSERT INTO Search_Term( Term, Input_Branch)
VALUES ('451', NULL);
```

SEARCH RESULTS:

| | ∯ TITLE | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| 0395878063 | Fahrenheit 451: And Related Readings (Literature Connections) | Ray Bradbury | 4 |
| 2 067187036X | Fahrenheit 451: A Novel | Ray Bradbury | 5 |
| 9505470010 | Fahrenheit 451 (Spanish Edition) | Ray Bradbury | 4 |
| 4 0345342968 | Fahrenheit 451 | Ray Bradbury | 4 |
| 3257208626 | Fahrenheit 451 | Ray Bradbury | 2 |
| 6 3453164121 | Fahrenheit 451 | Brian W. Aldiss, Ray Bradbury | 2 |
| 7 0345410017 | Fahrenheit 451 | Ray Bradbury | 5 |
| 8 0345292340 | Fahrenheit 451 | Ray Bradbury | 4 |

CUSTOM REPORTS

REPORT A

- --REPORT A The purchasing department is interested in seeing if there are reasons
- -- as to why some books stay out for longer periods of time. They want
- -- to start there investigation by receiving a report for the following:
- --Display the 3 highest Average Checkout Durations per ISBN/Book Title By Branch.
- -- Only consider books that have been checked back in

```
SELECT * FROM
  (SELECT -- Loan.Loan ID, Copy.Book ID,
     Copy.ISBN,
     Book.Title, AVG(Days_Checked_Out) AS Avg_Duration, Branch_ID
     ,rank() over (partition by Branch_ID order by AVG(Days_Checked_Out)desc ) AS RANK FROM
     (SELECT Book_Id, Loan_ID, (Date_In - Date_Out) AS Days_Checked_Out
        FROM Project1 Book Loans WHERE Date In IS NOT NULL) Loan--Loans that are not
currently checked out and length of checkout
     INNER JOIN Project1_Book_Copies Copy ON Copy.Book_ID = Loan.Book_ID
     INNER JOIN Project1 Books Book ON Book. ISBN = Copy. ISBN
     GROUP BY Branch_ID, Book. Title, Copy. ISBN
     )
   WHERE RANK<=3
        (SELECT --Loan.Loan_ID, Copy.Book_ID,
516
           Book.Title, AVG(Days_Checked_Out) AS Avg_Duration, Branch_ID
,rank() over (partition by Branch_ID order by AVG(Days_checked_Out)desc
(SELECT Book_Id, Loan_ID, (Date_In - Date_Out) AS Days_Checked_Out
FROM Projectl_Book_Loans WHERE Date_In IS NOT NULL) Loan--Loans that are not currently checked out and length of checkout
518
519
520
521
```

REPORT B

- --Report B Marketing team wants to gain insights into all borrowers who check
- -- out books from multiple libraries.
- -- Display the following
- -- First and Last Name, Card No.
- -- Total # of locations a borrower checked out at,
- -- Total # of checkouts at all locations for the borrower,
- -- Sum of # of Days the borrower's books were cheked out,
- -- And the average # of days each book was checked out by the borrower
- --Only display borrowers who checked out books at more than 1 location
- --Only consider books that have been returned
- --Display in ascending alphabetical order by last name then first name

```
SELECT First_Name, Last_Name, Card_No,
    Count(DISTINCT(Branch_ID)) AS Checkout_Locations,
    Count(Loan_ID) AS Number_Borrowed,
    SUM(Date_IN - Date_Out) AS Total_Days_Borrowed,
    AVG(Date_In - Date_Out) AS Average_Days_Borrowed
  FROM(
    SELECT Bor.FName As First Name, Bor.LName AS Last Name,
        Bor.Card_No, Loan.Book_Id, Loan.Loan_ID,
        Branch_ID, Loan.Date_Out, Loan.Date_In
    FROM
      Project1_Book_Loans Loan--Consider all Loans regardless of checked in status
      INNER JOIN Project1_Borrower Bor ON Loan.Card_No = Bor.Card_No
      INNER JOIN Project1_Book_Copies Copy ON Copy.Book_Id = Loan.Book_ID
    WHERE Loan.Date_In IS NOT NULL
  GROUP BY Card_No,Last_Name, First_Name
    HAVING Count(DISTINCT(Branch_ID))>1
  ORDER BY Last Name, First Name
544 SELECT First_Name, Last_Name, Card_No,
545
           Count (DISTINCT (Branch ID) ) AS Checkout Locations,
546
            Count (Loan ID) AS Number Borrowed,
            SUM(Date_IN - Date_Out) AS Total_Days_Borrowed,
547
548
            AVG(Date_In - Date_Out) AS Average_Days_Borrowed
        FROM (
549
            SELECT Bor.FName As First_Name, Bor.LName AS Last_Name,
550 □
551
552
553
            FROM
554
555
                INNER JOIN Project1 Borrower Bor ON Loan.Card No = Bor.Card No
556
                INNER JOIN Project1 Book Copies Copy ON Copy. Book Id = Loan. Book ID
557
            WHERE Loan.Date In IS NOT NULL
558
559
        GROUP BY Card_No,Last_Name, First_Name
            HAVING Count(DISTINCT(Branch_ID))>1
560
561
        ORDER BY Last Name, First Name
562
563
_
Script Output × Query Result ×
📌 🖺 🙀 📚 SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.064 seconds
    1 Antonio Bishop
                      ID000123
                                                                 32
                                                                               16
  <sup>2</sup>Doris
             Carpenter ID000825
                                                                 29
                                                                             14.5
                   ID000299
   3 Aaron
            Ellis
                                                                 48
                                                                               24
  4 Catherine Harris ID000186
                                                                               11
  5 Edward Harvey
                      ID000694
                                                                 13
  6 Marilyn Jordan ID000499
                                                                 37
   7 Phyllis
                      ID000630
                                                                 16
             Long
   8 Gregory Marshall ID000406
                                                                 88
   9 Jeremy
            Rogers ID000910
                                                                105
```

REPORT C

- --Report C The Collections Department would like to audit all past and current
- -- borrowers who have generted fines.
- --Provide Borrower Card_No, Borrower First and Last Name, Borrower Email,
- -- Total # of Fines, Total Fine Amount, Current Outstanding Fines

```
--Display Data in Descending order of outstanding balance and then Total Fine Amount
SELECT BCardNo AS Card_No, FName AS First_Name, LName AS Last_Name, Email,
Number_Of_Fines, Total_Fine_Amt, Outstanding_Balance
  FROM(
     SELECT CrdNo AS BCardNo, Count(Loan_ID) AS Number_Of_Fines, SUM(Paid_Fine +
Unpaid_Fine) AS Total_Fine_Amt, SUM(Unpaid_Fine) AS Outstanding_Balance
          SELECT Loan.Loan_ID, Loan.Card_No AS CrdNo, Fine_Amt AS Paid_Fine, 0 AS
UNPAID FINE
             FROM Project1_Book_Loans Loan
             INNER JOIN Project1_Fines Fine ON Loan.Loan_ID = Fine.Loan_ID
             WHERE Paid = 'PAID'
          UNION
          SELECT Loan.Loan_ID, Card_No AS CrdNo, 0 AS PAID_FINE, Fine_Amt AS UNPAID_Fine
             FROM Project1_Book_Loans Loan
             INNER JOIN Project1_Fines Fine ON Loan.Loan_ID = Fine.Loan_ID
             WHERE Paid = 'Unpaid'
       )
              GROUP BY CrdNo
        )
    INNER JOIN Project1_Borrower Bor ON BCardNo = Bor.Card_No
    ORDER BY Outstanding_Balance DESC, Total_Fine_AMT DESC
               SELECT Loan.Loan_ID, Loan.Card_No AS CrdNo, Fine_Amt AS Faid_Fine
FROM Projectl_Book_Loans Loan
INNER_DOIN Projectl_Fines Fine ON Loan.Loan_ID = Fine.Loan_ID
WHERE Faid = 'FAID'
               UNION
SELECT Loan.Loan_ID, Card_No AS CrdNo, 0 AS FAID_FINE, Fine_Amt AS UNPAID_Fine
FROM Projectl_Book_Loans_Loan
INNER_JOIN_Frojectl_FinesFine_ON_Loan.Loan_ID = Fine.Loan_ID
WHERE Faid = "Unpaid"
583
            GROUP BY CrdNo
       INNER JOIN Project1_Borrower Bor ON BCardNo = Bor.Card_No
ORDER BY Outstanding Balance DESC. Total Fine AMT DESC
```