Tutorial 2: Maximum-Likelihood and Bayesian Parameter Estimation

Rui Zhao

rzhao@ee.cuhk.edu.hk

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- **1** ML estimate: $\hat{\Sigma}$ of multivariate Gaussian
- **2** ML estimate bias: $\hat{\sigma}^2$ of univariate Gaussian
- 3 Bayesian estimate: Univariate Gaussian
 - brief review
 - lacksquare posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$
 - lacksquare conditional probability density $p(x|w_i,\mathcal{D}_i)$

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Multivariate Gassian Case: unknown μ and Σ

$$\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_k \tag{1}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{\Sigma}} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} (\mathbf{x}_k - \hat{\mu}) (\mathbf{x}_k - \hat{\mu})^t$$
 (2)

- $\hat{\mu}$ is the sample mean.
- $\hat{\Sigma}$ is the arithmetic average of the *n* matrices $(\mathbf{x}_k \hat{\mu})(\mathbf{x}_k \hat{\mu})^t$.

Multivariate normal density

$$p(\mathbf{x} \mid \mu, \ \Sigma) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{d/2} |\Sigma|^{1/2}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x} - \mu)^t \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x} - \mu)\right]$$
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Draw $\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2, \cdots, \mathbf{x}_n$ independently from $p(\mathbf{x} \mid \mu, \Sigma)$, and the joint density (likelihood) is:

$$p(\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2, \cdots, \mathbf{x}_n \mid \mu, \mathbf{\Sigma}) = \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{nd/2}|\mathbf{\Sigma}|^{n/2}}\exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{n}(\mathbf{x}_{k}-\mu)^{t}\mathbf{\Sigma}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_{k}-\mu)\right]$$
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Log-likelihood $l(\mu, \Sigma)$ is

$$l(\mu, \mathbf{\Sigma}) = -\frac{nd}{2}\ln(2\pi) - \frac{n}{2}\ln|\mathbf{\Sigma}| - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{n}(\mathbf{x}_k - \mu)^t \mathbf{\Sigma}^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_k - \mu)$$
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$$\frac{\partial l(\mu, \mathbf{\Sigma})}{\partial \mathbf{A}} = \frac{n}{2} \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{n} (\mathbf{x}_k - \mu) (\mathbf{x}_k - \mu)^t = 0$$
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Replace ${f A}$ by ${f \Sigma}^{-1}$

$$\hat{\Sigma} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} (\mathbf{x}_k - \hat{\mu}) (\mathbf{x}_k - \hat{\mu})^t, \quad (\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_k)$$
 (10)



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An elementary unbiased estimator for σ^2 is given by $\frac{1}{n-1}\sum_{k=1}^n (x_k - \hat{\mu})$.

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$$\frac{n-1}{n}\sigma^2\tag{20}$$

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Goal: estimate posteriori $p(\mathbf{x}|\mathcal{D}) \to p(\mathbf{x})$

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$$p(\mathbf{x}|\mathcal{D}) = \int p(\mathbf{x}, \theta|\mathcal{D}) d\theta$$
 (22)

(23)



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- consider each class individually: $p(\mathbf{x}|w_i, \mathcal{D}) \to p(\mathbf{x}|\mathcal{D})$
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$$p(\mathbf{x}|\mathcal{D}) = \int p(\mathbf{x}, \theta|\mathcal{D}) d\theta$$
 (22)

$$= \int p(\mathbf{x}|\theta, \mathcal{D})p(\theta|\mathcal{D})d\theta = \int p(\mathbf{x}|\theta)p(\theta|\mathcal{D})d\theta \tag{23}$$



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 $lackbox{ } p(\mathbf{x}|\theta)$ is pre-assumed in form: $p(x|\mu) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu,\sigma^2)$

Bayesian estimate

$$P(w_i|\mathbf{x}, \mathcal{D}) \Rightarrow p(\mathbf{x}|w_i, \mathcal{D}) \Rightarrow p(\mathbf{x}|\mathcal{D}) \Rightarrow p(\mathbf{x}|\theta) \& p(\theta|\mathcal{D})$$

- $p(\mathbf{x}|\theta)$ is pre-assumed in form: $p(x|\mu) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$
- $lacksquare p(\theta|\mathcal{D})$ is the posteriori: $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$

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Posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$ of univariate Gaussian

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Posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$ of univariate Gaussian

$$p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) = \frac{p(\mathcal{D}|\mu)p(\mu)}{\int p(\mathcal{D}|\mu)p(\mu)d\mu}$$
(24)

$$=\alpha\prod_{k=1}^{n}p(x_{k}|\mu)p(\mu) \tag{25}$$

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where $p(x_k|\mu) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$, and $p(\mu) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_0, \sigma_0^2)$.

Posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$ of univariate Gaussian

$$p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) = \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} p(x_k|\mu)p(\mu)$$
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$$p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) = \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} p(x_k|\mu)p(\mu)$$
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$$= \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x_k - \mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_0} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\mu - \mu_0}{\sigma_0}\right)^2\right]$$
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$$= \alpha' \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} (\frac{\mu - x_k}{\sigma})^2 + (\frac{\mu - \mu_0}{\sigma_0})^2\right)\right]$$
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$$= \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x_k - \mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_0}} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\mu - \mu_0}{\sigma_0}\right)^2\right]$$
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$$= \alpha'' \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left[\left(\frac{n}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0^2}\right)\mu^2 - 2\left(\frac{1}{\sigma^2}\sum_{k=1}^n x_k + \frac{\mu_0}{\sigma_0^2}\right)\mu\right]\right]$$
(29)

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(29)

$$\therefore p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_n, \sigma_n^2), i.e. \ p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\mu - \mu_n}{\sigma_n}\right)^2\right]$$
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(30)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sigma_n^2} = \frac{n}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0^2}, \quad \frac{\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k + \frac{\mu_0}{\sigma_0^2} = \frac{n}{\sigma^2} \hat{\mu}_n + \frac{\mu_0}{\sigma_0^2}$$
(31)

(32)

(29)

Posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$ of univariate Gaussian

$$p(\mu|\mathcal{D}) = \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} p(x_k|\mu)p(\mu)$$
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$$= \alpha \prod_{k=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x_k - \mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_0} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\mu - \mu_0}{\sigma_0}\right)^2\right]$$
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(31)

$$\Longrightarrow \mu_n = \left(\frac{n\sigma_0^2}{n\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}\right)\hat{\mu}_n + \frac{\sigma^2}{\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}\mu_0, \ \sigma_n^2 = \frac{\sigma_0^2\sigma^2}{n\sigma_0^2 + \sigma^2}$$
(32)



(29)

Outline

- **1** ML estimate: $\hat{\Sigma}$ of multivariate Gaussian
- **2** ML estimate bias: $\hat{\sigma}^2$ of univariate Gaussian
- 3 Bayesian estimate: Univariate Gaussian
 - brief review
 - lacksquare posteriori $p(\mu|\mathcal{D})$
 - lacksquare conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

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- **1** ML estimate: $\hat{\Sigma}$ of multivariate Gaussian
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Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$ (33) $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$ $\sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$ (34)(38)

Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \tag{33}$$

$$\sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (34)

$$= \int p(x|\mu)p(\mu|\mathcal{D})d\mu \tag{35}$$

Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

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$$= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\mu-\mu_n}{\sigma_n}\right)^2\right] d\mu$$

Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x-\mu_n)^2}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n)$$
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 (36)

$$\therefore p(x|\mathcal{D}) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_n, \sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2)$$
 (37)

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \tag{33}$$

$$\sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (34)

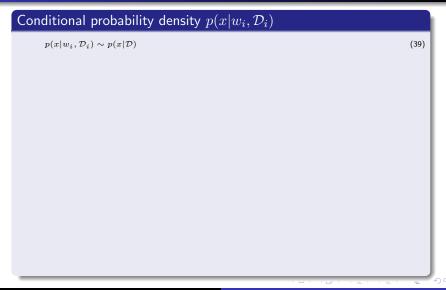
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(36)

$$\therefore p(x|\mathcal{D}) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_n, \sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2)$$
 (37)

$$f(\sigma, \sigma_n) = \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}{\sigma^2 \sigma_n^2} \left(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\right)^2\right] d\mu$$
 (38)



$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (39)

$$= \int p(x|\mu)p(\mu|\mathcal{D})d\mu \tag{40}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2 - 2x\mu + \mu^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu\mu_n + \mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] d\mu \tag{42}$$

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
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$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right]\int\exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\mu^2-2x\mu}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu^2-2\mu_n\mu}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right]d\mu\tag{43}$$

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2}\mu^2 - 2\left(\frac{x}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\mu\right)\right] d\mu \tag{44}$$

Conditional probability density $\overline{p(x|w_i,\mathcal{D}_i)}$

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (39)

$$= \int p(x|\mu)p(\mu|\mathcal{D})d\mu \tag{40}$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\mu-\mu_n}{\sigma_n}\right)^2\right] d\mu \tag{41}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\mu^2 - 2\left(\frac{x}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\mu\right)\right] d\mu \tag{44}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2})\Big]\int\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu^2-2\frac{\sigma_n^2x+\sigma^2\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}\mu\Big)\Big]d\mu$$

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
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$$= \int p(x|\mu)p(\mu|\mathcal{D})d\mu \tag{40}$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\mu-\mu_n}{\sigma_n}\right)^2\right] d\mu \tag{41}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2 - 2x\mu + \mu^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu\mu_n + \mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] d\mu \tag{42}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\mu^2 - 2x\mu}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu_n\mu}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] d\mu \tag{43}$$

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$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2})\Big]\int\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu^2-2\frac{\sigma_n^2x+\sigma^2\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}\mu\Big)\Big]d\mu$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2 (\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n)$$
(45)

$$p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i) \sim p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
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$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2 - 2x\mu + \mu^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu\mu_n + \mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] d\mu$$
 (42)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\mu^2 - 2x\mu}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu_n\mu}{\sigma_n^2}\right)\right] d\mu \tag{43}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2})\Big]\int\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\Big(\frac{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\mu^2-2(\frac{x}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2})\mu\Big)\Big]d\mu \tag{44}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}+\frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2})\Big]\int \exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu^2-2\frac{\sigma_n^2x+\sigma^2\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2+\sigma^2}\mu\Big)\Big]d\mu$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2 (\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{45}$$

$$f(\sigma,\sigma_n) = \int \exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\Big)^2\Big]d\mu$$

$$p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (46)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2 (\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n)$$
(47)

$$f(\sigma, \sigma_n) = \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2} \left(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\right)^2\right] d\mu$$

$$p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (46)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2 (\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{47}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x^2}{\sigma^2(\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)} - \frac{2x\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2} - \frac{\sigma^2 \mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2(\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \quad (48)$$

$$f(\sigma,\sigma_n) = \int \exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\Big)^2\Big]d\mu$$

Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

$$p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (46)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2 (\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{47}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_{n}}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\Big(\frac{x^{2}}{\sigma^{2}}+\frac{\mu_{n}^{2}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}}-\frac{\sigma_{n}^{2}x^{2}}{\sigma^{2}(\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2})}-\frac{2x\mu_{n}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2}}-\frac{\sigma^{2}\mu_{n}^{2}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}(\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2})}\Big)\Big]f(\sigma,\sigma_{n}) \quad \text{(48)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2} - \frac{2x\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{49}$$

(51)

$$f(\sigma,\sigma_n) = \int \exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2\sigma^2}\Big(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\Big)^2\Big]d\mu$$

Conditional probability density $p(x|w_i, \mathcal{D}_i)$

$$p(x|\mathcal{D})$$
 (46)

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2} - \frac{(\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n)^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2(\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2)}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{47}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_{n}}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\Big(\frac{x^{2}}{\sigma^{2}}+\frac{\mu_{n}^{2}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}}-\frac{\sigma_{n}^{2}x^{2}}{\sigma^{2}(\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2})}-\frac{2x\mu_{n}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2}}-\frac{\sigma^{2}\mu_{n}^{2}}{\sigma_{n}^{2}(\sigma_{n}^{2}+\sigma^{2})}\Big)\Big]f(\sigma,\sigma_{n}) \quad \text{(48)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x^2}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2} - \frac{2x\mu_n}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2} + \frac{\mu_n^2}{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}\right)\right] f(\sigma, \sigma_n) \tag{49}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\sigma_n}\exp\Big[-\frac{1}{2}\frac{(x-\mu_n)^2}{\sigma^2+\sigma_n^2}\Big]f(\sigma,\sigma_n)$$
(50)

(51)

$$f(\sigma, \sigma_n) = \int \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_n^2 + \sigma^2}{\sigma_n^2 \sigma^2} \left(\mu - \frac{\sigma_n^2 x + \sigma^2 \mu_n}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_n^2}\right)^2\right] d\mu$$

