

SQL Server Statistics Structure

Module 6

Learning Units covered in this Module

- Lesson 1: SQL Server Statistics Internals
- Lesson 2: SQL Server Statistics Maintenance

Lesson 1: SQL Server Statistics Internals

Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- Understand statistics, and to retrieve their contents.
- · Review database options used to control statistics creation and update.
- · Use different methods to read statistics information.



SQL Server statistics

What are the statistics?

Statistics contain statistical information about distribution of values in one or more columns of a table or index.

It is stored as binary large objects (BLOBs).

It is used by the Query Optimizer (QO) to estimate the *cardinality*, or number of rows, in the query result, and enable the creation of high-quality query plans.

Statistics are created:

- Intrinsically when indexes are created.
- Manually by using CREATE STATISTICS command.
- · Automatically, to support WHERE clauses (if AUTO_CREATE_STATISTICS in ON).

Statistics components

Density Vector

Density is information about the number of duplicates in each column or combination of columns

•Used when query predicate contains variable

WHERE col = @variable or when a stored procedure uses query on a modified parameter:

WHERE col = @local_variable

Histogram

A **histogram** measures the frequency of occurrence for each distinct value in a data set.

•Used when query predicate contains

WHERE col = 'literal' or when a stored procedure uses a query on a parameter

WHERE col = @parameter

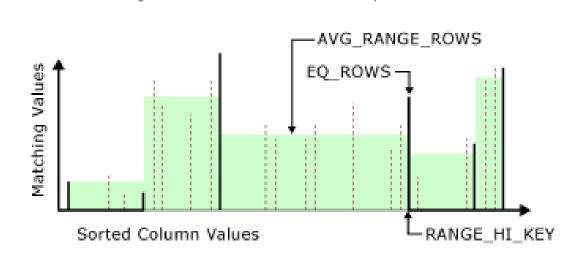
Statistics components

Histogram

It is computed from the values in the leftmost key column of the statistics object.

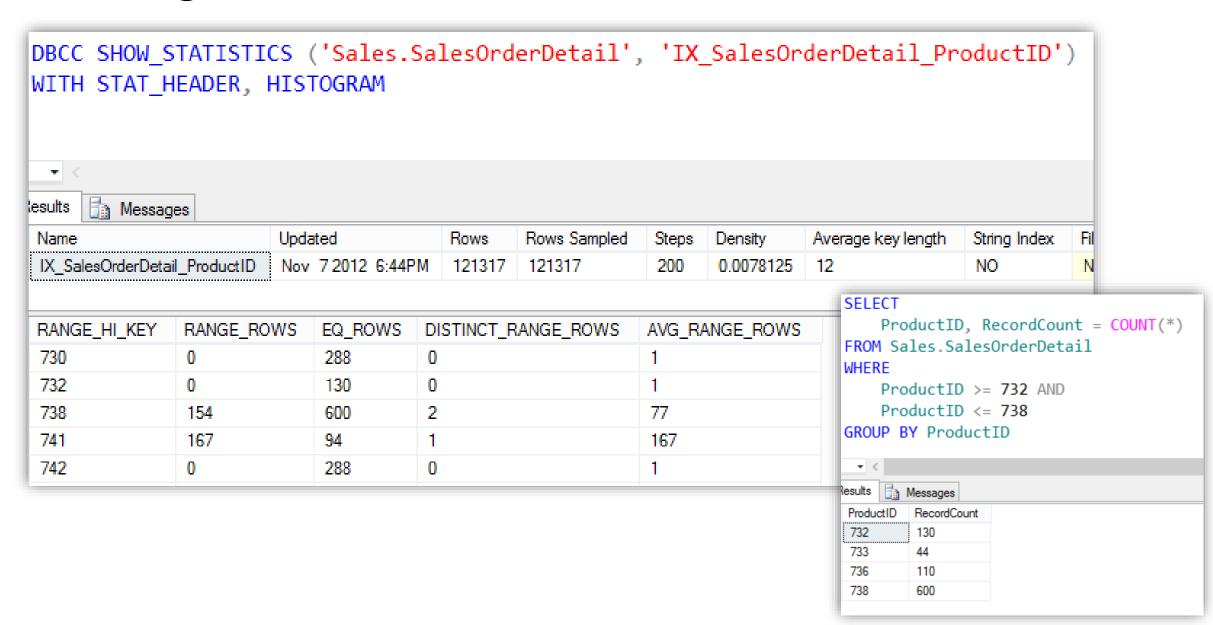
Data is selected from table or view in one of two ways:

- Statistically sampling rows.
 Data shown contains estimates of rows and distinct values.
- Performing a full scan of all rows.
 Data shown contains actual numbers.

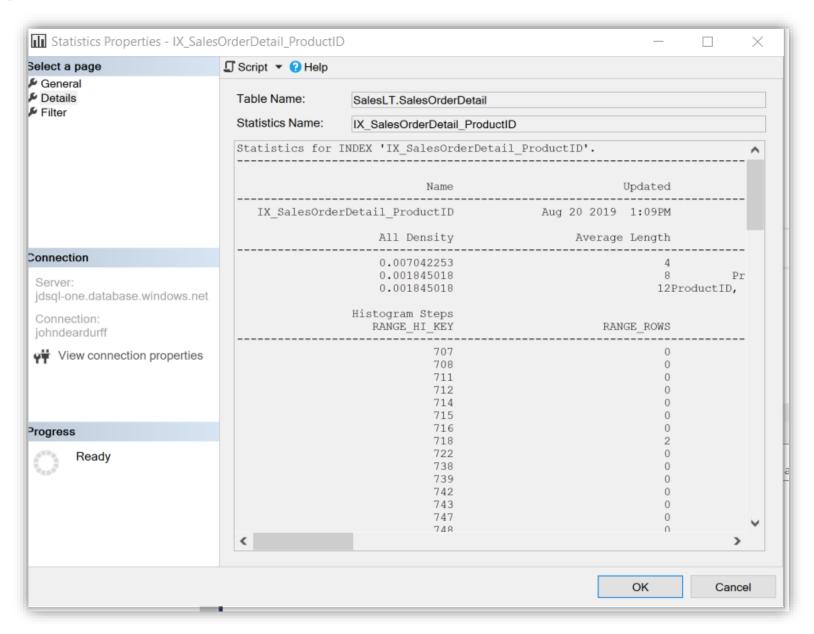


Histogram is calculated from sampled column values

Showing Statistics



Showing Statistics



Automatically created statistics

Database options that affects automatic statistics creation and update

AUTO_CREATE_STATISTICS AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS_ASYNC INCREMENTAL

Use the defaults unless you NEED to do otherwise.

Do not enable auto-create statistics on SharePoint content database.

The small sample rate of AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS can cause some workloads to choose sub-optimal execution plans.

Manually created Statistics

For most queries, the query optimizer generates necessary statistics for a high-quality query plan.

In a few cases, additional statistics is needed to improve query performance.

CREATE STATISTICS ContactPromotion1
ON Person.Person (BusinessEntityID, LastName, EmailPromotion)

Filtered Statistics

May help address statistics quality issues for large tables with uneven data distributions.

Update threshold on filtered statistics is based on overall table threshold and *not* the filter predicate.

Filtered Statistics will not be used when RECOMPILE hint is missing.

CREATE STATISTICS ContactPromotion1
ON Person.Person (BusinessEntityID, LastName, EmailPromotion)
WHERE EmailPromotion = 2

Incremental statistics

Introduced in SQL Server 2014.

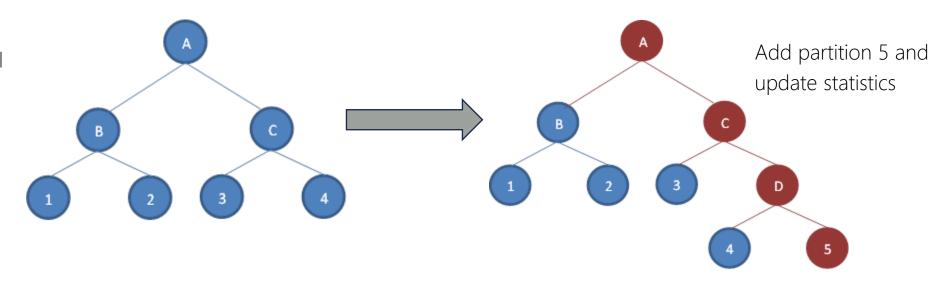
The incremental option creates and stores statistics on a per partition basis.

It allows to update statistics for a single partition. reducing maintenance times and eliminating the need to scan all partitions to get data to calculate statistics.

Partition level statistics are merged into a global statistic.

Per-Partition Statistics are not available for query optimization and the cardinality estimator still uses global table stats for query optimization.

Create Incremental Statistics on a four partition table



Available tools to review statistics

| | Metadata | Last Update Date | Sampling Rate | Row Mod Counter | Density Vector | Histogram |
|--|----------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| sys.stats | X | | | | | |
| STATS_DATE() | | X | | | | |
| sys.dm_db_stats_properties (object_id, stats_id) | | X | X | X | | |
| sys.dm_db_incremental_stats_properties (object_id, stats_id) | | X | X | X | | |
| sys.dm_db_stats_histogram (object_id, stats_id) | | | | | | X |
| SQL Server Mgt Studio | X | Χ | X | | X | X |
| DBCC SHOW_STATISTICS | | X | X | X | X | X |

Demonstration

Exploring statistics



Questions?



Knowledge Check

What is the density vector, and how does it differ from the histogram?

When would filtered statistics be a good option?

Explain incremental statistics?

Is it possible to have an index with no statistics associated?

Lesson 2: SQL Server Statistics Maintenance

Objectives

After completing this learning, you will be able to:

- · Describe the importance of updating statistics on a regular basis.
- · Differentiate between manual and automatic update statistics methods.
- · Understand when automatic statistics updates occur.



Why update statistics?

Up-to-date statistics are crucial for generating optimal query plans and to ensure excellent performance.

Data changes over time and a statistic created hours/days/weeks ago can not represent correctly data distribution.

Updating statistics ensures that queries compile with up-to-date statistics.

However, when updating statistics consider that:

- It causes queries to recompile.
- It can use TempDB to sort the sample of rows for building statistics.

Manual statistics update

UPDATE STATISTICS sp_updatestats

Automatic statistics update

Using ALTER INDEX

When an index is rebuilt, all data is read, and index statistics are updated with a sample of 100%.

Statistics are not created or updated by scanning all the rows in the table for partitioned indexes. Instead, the default sampling algorithm is used.

Reorganizing an index does not update statistics.

Automatic statistics update

AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS database option

AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS is ON by default on all new databases.

SQL Server fires statistics updates if a query is executed and it considers the statics might be out of date considering the tracked changes on column.

AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS_ASYNC is OFF

The query executing is suspended until statistics are updated and a new plan is created.

This can create performance issues as the process to update statistics can take a long time on big indexes.

AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS_ASYNC is ON

The query is executed using existing statistics and statistics are updated as asynchronous operation.

It can be useful in scenarios where synchronous statistics update take a long time.

Automatic statistics threshold

In SQL Server 2016 and later the following formula is used:

| | | New |
|---------|-------------|---------|
| Rows | Old formula | Formula |
| 1,000 | 700 | 1,000 |
| 10,000 | 2,500 | 3,162 |
| 20,000 | 4,500 | 4,472 |
| 30,000 | 6,500 | 5,477 |
| 50,000 | 10,500 | 7,071 |
| 100,000 | 20,500 | 10,000 |

The new formula can be enabled in SQL 2008 R2 SP1 and later by using Trace Flag 2371. TF23711 can be used in SQL Server 2016+ for databases with compatibility level 120 or lower.

Automatic statistics update

Disabling automatic updates (AUTO_UPDATE_STATISTICS) for specific indexes

To control when statistics are updated on a table basis.

Auto update statistics can be disabled in three ways:

Using the option NORECOMPUTE in the CREATE STATISTICS and UPDATE STATISTICS commands.

Using the option
(STATISTICS_NORECOMPUTE
= ON) in the CREATE INDEX
and ALTER INDEX ... REBUILD
commands.

Executing the stored procedure sp_autostats.

Automatic statistics updates can be reenabled, using the sp_autostats or by executing UPDATE STATISTICS without the NORECOMPUTE option.

Statistics Update

- Observing Automatic statistics update
- Updating Statistics by executing ALTER INDEX



Questions?



Knowledge Check

Does an INDEX REORG update its statistics?

What is the % of data sampled used to update statistics when ALTER INDEX ... REBUILD is executed?

Is it possible to disable auto updates for a particular statistic?

What is the formula for the auto update statistics threshold in SQL Server 2106+ (compatibility 130+)?

