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# 1 . Queue using Two Stacks (Array or List-based):
class QueueUsingStacks:
    def __init__(self):
        self.stack1 = []
        self.stack2 = []
    def is empty(self):
        return not self.stack1 and not self.stack2
    def enqueue(self, x):
        self.stack1.append(x)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.is empty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        if not self.stack2:
            while self.stack1:
                self.stack2.append(self.stack1.pop())
        return self.stack2.pop()
    def peek(self):
        if self.is empty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        if not self.stack2:
            while self.stack1:
                self.stack2.append(self.stack1.pop())
        return self.stack2[-1]
    def display(self):
        temp = self.stack2[::-1] + self.stack1
        print("Queue:", temp)
q = QueueUsingStacks()
while True:
    print("\n1. Enqueue\n2. Dequeue\n3. Peek\n4. Display\n5. Exit")
    ch = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if ch == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter data: "))
        q.enqueue(num)
    elif ch == 2:
        val = q.dequeue()
        if val is not None:
            print("Dequeued:", val)
    elif ch == 3:
        val = q.peek()
        if val is not None:
            print("Front item:", val)
    elif ch == 4:
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q.display()
   elif ch == 5:
       print("Quitting...")
       break
   else:
       print("Invalid choice")
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 23
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 34
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Dequeued: 23
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 44
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
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4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Front item: 34
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Queue: [34, 44]
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Quitting...
# 2 . Reverse a Queue Using Recursion:
class Node:
    def __init__(self, data):
        \overline{\text{self.data}} = \text{data}
        self.next = None
class LinkedQueue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.front = None
        self.rear = None
    def isempty(self):
        return self.front is None
    def enqueue(self, data):
        newNode = Node(data)
        if self.rear is None:
            self.front = self.rear = newNode
        else:
            self.rear.next = newNode
            self.rear = newNode
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
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print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        data = self.front.data
        self.front = self.front.next
        if self.front is None:
            self.rear = None
        return data
    def peek(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.front.data
    def display(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty")
            return
        temp = self.front
        while temp:
            print(temp.data, end=" -> ")
            temp = temp.next
        print("None")
    def reverse(self):
        if self.isempty():
            return
        data = self.dequeue()
        self.reverse()
        self.engueue(data)
# Menu-driven program
q = LinkedQueue()
while True:
    print("\nProgram to reverse a queue using recursion")
    print("1. Enqueue")
    print("2. Dequeue")
    print("3. Peek")
    print("4. Display")
    print("5. Reverse Queue")
    print("6. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter the data: "))
        q.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 2:
        val = q.dequeue()
        if val is not None:
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print("Dequeued:", val)
    elif choice == 3:
        val = q.peek()
        if val is not None:
            print("Front item:", val)
    elif choice == 4:
        q.display()
    elif choice == 5:
        q.reverse()
        print("Queue reversed.")
    elif choice == 6:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Program to reverse a queue using recursion
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the data: 22
Program to reverse a queue using recursion
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the data: 33
Program to reverse a queue using recursion
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the data: 44
```

Program to reverse a queue using recursion 1. Enqueue 2. Dequeue Peek 4. Display 5. Reverse Queue 6. Exit Enter your choice: 1 Enter the data: 55 Program to reverse a queue using recursion 1. Enqueue 2. Dequeue Peek 4. Display 5. Reverse Queue 6. Exit Enter your choice: 2 Dequeued: 22 Program to reverse a queue using recursion 1. Enqueue 2. Dequeue Peek 4. Display 5. Reverse Queue 6. Exit Enter your choice: 3 Front item: 33 Program to reverse a queue using recursion 1. Enqueue 2. Dequeue Peek 4. Display 5. Reverse Queue 6. Exit Enter your choice: 4 33 -> 44 -> 55 -> None Program to reverse a queue using recursion 1. Enqueue 2. Dequeue

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Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Oueue reversed.
Program to reverse a queue using recursion
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
55 -> 44 -> 33 -> None
Program to reverse a queue using recursion
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Reverse Queue
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting...
# 3. Design a Queue that Supports max() Operation:
class MaxQueue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.queue = []
        self.max queue = [] # stores potential max elements
    def isempty(self):
        return len(self.queue) == 0
    def enqueue(self, x):
        self.queue.append(x)
        while self.max_queue and self.max_queue[-1] < x:</pre>
            self.max_queue.pop()
        self.max_queue.append(x)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
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return None
        val = self.queue.pop(0)
        if val == self.max_queue[0]:
            self.max queue.pop(0)
        return val
    def peek(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.queue[0]
    def get_max(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty, no max")
            return None
        return self.max queue[0]
    def display(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty")
        else:
            print("Queue:", self.queue)
# Menu-driven program
q = MaxQueue()
while True:
    print("\nQueue with max() operation")
    print("1. Enqueue")
    print("2. Dequeue")
    print("3. Peek")
    print("4. Display")
    print("5. Get Max")
    print("6. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter data: "))
        q.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 2:
        val = q.dequeue()
        if val is not None:
            print("Dequeued:", val)
    elif choice == 3:
        val = q.peek()
        if val is not None:
            print("Front item:", val)
    elif choice == 4:
        q.display()
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elif choice == 5:
        max_val = q.get_max()
        if max_val is not None:
            print("Max element:", max val)
    elif choice == 6:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 11
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 22
Invalid choice, try again.
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 22
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Peek
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4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 33
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 44
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Dequeued: 11
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Front item: 22
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
```

```
Enter your choice: 4
Queue: [22, 33, 44]
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Max element: 44
Queue with max() operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Get Max
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting...
# 4. Merge Two Queues:
class Oueue:
   def __init__(self):
        self.items = []
    def enqueue(self, data):
        self.items.append(data)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
            return None
        return self.items.pop(0)
    def isempty(self):
        return len(self.items) == 0
    def display(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty")
        else:
            print("Queue:", self.items)
def merge queues(q1, q2):
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```
merged = Queue()
    while not q1.isempty() or not q2.isempty():
        if not q1.isempty():
            merged.engueue(q1.degueue())
        if not q2.isempty():
            merged.enqueue(q2.dequeue())
    return merged
# Menu-driven for two queues
q1 = Queue()
q2 = Queue()
merged = None
while True:
    print("\nMerge Two Queues Alternately")
    print("1. Enqueue to Queue 1")
    print("2. Enqueue to Queue 2")
    print("3. Display Queue 1")
    print("4. Display Queue 2")
    print("5. Merge Queues")
    print("6. Display Merged Queue")
    print("7. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter data for Queue 1: "))
        q1.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 2:
        num = int(input("Enter data for Queue 2: "))
        q2.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 3:
        print("Queue 1:")
        q1.display()
    elif choice == 4:
        print("Queue 2:")
        q2.display()
    elif choice == 5:
        merged = merge queues(q1, q2)
        print("Queues merged successfully.")
    elif choice == 6:
        if merged:
            print("Merged Queue:")
            merged.display()
        else:
            print("You need to merge the queues first.")
    elif choice == 7:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
```

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else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data for Queue 1: 11
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data for Queue 1: 22
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data for Queue 1: 33
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter data for Queue 2: 99
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter data for Queue 2: 88
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Engueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter data for Queue 2: 77
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Engueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Queue 1:
Queue: [11, 22, 33]
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
```

```
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Queue 2:
Queue: [99, 88, 77]
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Queues merged successfully.
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Merged Queue:
Queue: [11, 99, 22, 88, 33, 77]
Merge Two Queues Alternately
1. Enqueue to Queue 1
2. Enqueue to Queue 2
3. Display Queue 1
4. Display Queue 2
5. Merge Queues
6. Display Merged Queue
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 7
Exiting...
# 5. Implement a Queue with Count of Specific Element:
class WordQueue:
    def __init__(self):
        self.queue = []
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def enqueue(self, word):
        self.queue.append(word)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
            return None
        return self.queue.pop(0)
    def isempty(self):
        return len(self.queue) == 0
    def display(self):
        print("Queue (Words):", self.queue)
    def reverse(self):
        self.queue.reverse()
    def get_sentence(self):
        return ' '.join(self.queue)
# Menu-driven program
q = WordQueue()
while True:
    print("\nProgram to reverse words in a sentence using a queue")
    print("1. Input a sentence")
    print("2. Display queue")
    print("3. Reverse words")
    print("4. Display reversed sentence")
    print("5. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
        q = WordQueue() # reset queue
        for word in sentence.strip().split():
            q.enqueue(word)
        print("Words enqueued.")
    elif choice == 2:
        q.display()
    elif choice == 3:
        q.reverse()
        print("Words reversed.")
    elif choice == 4:
        print("Reversed sentence:", q.get sentence())
    elif choice == 5:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
```

```
else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Program to reverse words in a sentence using a queue
1. Input a sentence
2. Display queue
3. Reverse words
4. Display reversed sentence
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter a sentence: I love my self
Words enqueued.
Program to reverse words in a sentence using a queue
1. Input a sentence
2. Display queue
3. Reverse words
4. Display reversed sentence
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Queue (Words): ['I', 'love', 'my', 'self']
Program to reverse words in a sentence using a queue
1. Input a sentence
2. Display queue
3. Reverse words
4. Display reversed sentence
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Words reversed.
Program to reverse words in a sentence using a gueue
1. Input a sentence
2. Display queue
3. Reverse words
4. Display reversed sentence
Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Reversed sentence: self my love I
Program to reverse words in a sentence using a queue
1. Input a sentence
2. Display queue
```

```
3. Reverse words
4. Display reversed sentence
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Exiting...
# 6. Implement a Queue to Reverse Words in a Sentence:
class CustomOueue:
    def init_(self):
        self.queue = []
    def enqueue(self, data):
        self.queue.append(data)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.queue.pop(0)
    def isempty(self):
        return len(self.queue) == 0
    def peek(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.queue[0]
    def display(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty")
        else:
            print("Queue:", self.queue)
    def contains(self, x):
        return x in self.queue
# Menu-driven program
q = CustomQueue()
while True:
    print("\nQueue with contains(x) operation")
    print("1. Enqueue")
    print("2. Dequeue")
    print("3. Peek")
    print("4. Display")
    print("5. Check if element exists (contains)")
    print("6. Exit")
```

```
choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter data: "))
        q.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 2:
        val = q.dequeue()
        if val is not None:
            print("Dequeued:", val)
    elif choice == 3:
        val = q.peek()
        if val is not None:
            print("Front item:", val)
    elif choice == 4:
        q.display()
    elif choice == 5:
        x = int(input("Enter element to check: "))
        if q.contains(x):
            print(f"{x} exists in the queue.")
        else:
            print(f"{x} not found in the queue.")
    elif choice == 6:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 22
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 33
```

```
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 44
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Dequeued: 22
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Front item: 33
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Queue: [33, 44]
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
```

```
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter element to check: 44
44 exists in the queue.
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting...
# 7. Implement a Queue that Supports contains(x) Operation:
class CustomQueue:
    def init (self):
        self.queue = []
    def enqueue(self, data):
        self.queue.append(data)
    def dequeue(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.queue.pop(0)
    def isempty(self):
        return len(self.queue) == 0
    def peek(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue Underflow")
            return None
        return self.queue[0]
    def display(self):
        if self.isempty():
            print("Queue is empty")
        else:
            print("Queue:", self.queue)
```

```
def contains(self, x):
        return x in self.queue
# Menu-driven program
q = CustomQueue()
while True:
    print("\nQueue with contains(x) operation")
    print("1. Enqueue")
    print("2. Dequeue")
    print("3. Peek")
    print("4. Display")
    print("5. Check if element exists (contains)")
    print("6. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        num = int(input("Enter data: "))
        q.enqueue(num)
    elif choice == 2:
        val = q.dequeue()
        if val is not None:
            print("Dequeued:", val)
    elif choice == 3:
        val = q.peek()
        if val is not None:
            print("Front item:", val)
    elif choice == 4:
        q.display()
    elif choice == 5:
        x = int(input("Enter element to check: "))
        if q.contains(x):
            print(f"{x} exists in the queue.")
        else:
            print(f"{x} not found in the queue.")
    elif choice == 6:
        print("Exiting...")
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice, try again.")
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
```

```
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 1
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 2
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data: 3
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Dequeued: 1
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Front item: 2
```

```
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Queue: [2, 3]
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter element to check: 1
1 not found in the queue.
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter element to check: 2
2 exists in the queue.
Queue with contains(x) operation
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Peek
4. Display
5. Check if element exists (contains)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting...
```