

Project - Data Cleaning

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1. Introduction

This assignment gives you a practical introduction to data handling and manipulation using the pandas library. This project walks you through the following data handling tasks:

- 1. how to load data from a file
- 2. how to summarize the contents of a file
- 3. how to change row/column names
- 4. how to sort data by column
- 5. how to get data from a table and store it in a variable.

You will also learn how to relate data in different tables using table joins and look for null values and remove them.

2. Problem Statement

Please execute the code below and observe the output you get. Also, please learn how to use each of these statements to get a similar task done.

1. Get the Metadata from the above files.

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4656 entries, 0 to 4655
Data columns (total 12 columns):
Indicator
                         4656 non-null object
PUBLISH STATES
                        4656 non-null object
                        4656 non-null int64
Year
                        4656 non-null object
WHO region
World Bank income group 4656 non-null object
                        4656 non-null object
Country
                        4656 non-null object
Sex
Display Value
                        4656 non-null int64
Numeric
                        4656 non-null float64
Low
                        0 non-null float64
                         0 non-null float64
High
Comments
                          0 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(2), object(6)
memory usage: 436.6+ KB
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 117208 entries, 0 to 117207
Data columns (total 21 columns):
STATION
               117208 non-null object
STATION NAME
               117208 non-null object
DATE
               117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
PRCP
               117208 non-null int64
SNWD
               117208 non-null int64
SNOW
TMAX
              117208 non-null int64
              117208 non-null int64
TMIN
WDFG
               117208 non-null int64
              117208 non-null int64
PGTM
WSFG
               117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
WT09
WT07
               117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
WT01
WT06
               117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
WT05
WT04
              117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
WT16
WT08
               117208 non-null int64
               117208 non-null int64
WT18
WT03
               117208 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(19), object(2)
memory usage: 18.8+ MB
```

2. Get the row names from the above files.

Expected Output:

```
array([ 0, 1, 2, ..., 4653, 4654, 4655], dtype=int64)

array([ 0, 1, 2, ..., 117205, 117206, 117207], dtype=int64)
```

3. Change the column name from any of the above file.

	Indicator_id	PUBLISH STATES	Year	WHO region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	80	80.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

4. Change the column name from any of the above file and store the changes made permanently.

Expected Output:

	Indicator_id	PUBLISH STATES	Year	WHO region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	80	80.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

5. Change the names of multiple columns.

Expected Output:

	Indicator_id	Publication Status	Year	WHO Region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	80	80.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

6. Arrange values of a particular column in ascending order.

Expected Output:

	Indicator_id	Publication Status	Year	WHO Region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1270	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Germany	Male	72	72.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3193	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	Lower-middle- income	Republic of Moldova	Male	65	65.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3194	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	Lower-middle- income	Republic of Moldova	Both sexes	68	68.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3197	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	1990	Europe	Lower-middle- income	Republic of Moldova	Male	15	15.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

7. Arrange multiple column values in ascending order.

13	Indicator_id	Country	Year	WHO Region	Publication Status
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Andorra	1990	Europe	Published
1	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Andorra	2000	Europe	Published
2	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Andorra	2012	Europe	Published

8. Make **country**as the first column of the dataframe.

Expected Output:

	Country	Indicator_id	Publication Status	Year	WHO Region	World Bank income group	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Andorra	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Andorra	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Both sexes	80	80.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	Andorra	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2012	Europe	High-income	Female	28	28.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	Andorra	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Both sexes	23	23.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	United Arab Emirates	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2012	Eastern Mediterranean	High-income	Female	78	78.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

9. Get the column array using a variable

Expected Output:

```
array(['Europe', 'Europe', 'Europe', ..., 'Africa', 'Africa'], dtype=object)
```

10. Get the subset rows 11, 24, 37

	Indicator_id	Publication Status	Year	WHO Region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
11	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2012	Europe	High-income	Austria	Female	83	83.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
24	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2012	Western Pacific	High-income	Brunei Darussalam	Female	21	21.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
37	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2012	Europe	High-income	Cyprus	Female	26	26.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

11. Get the subset rows excluding 5, 12, 23, and 56

Expected Output:

	Indicator_id	Publication Status	Year	WHO Region	World Bank income group	Country	Sex	Display Value	Numeric	Low	High	Comments
0	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	1990	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	77	77.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	80	80.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2012	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Female	28	28.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	Published	2000	Europe	High-income	Andorra	Both sexes	23	23.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Published	2012	Eastern Mediterranean	High-income	United Arab Emirates	Female	78	78.0	NaN	NaN	NaN

Load datasets from CSV

users pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ben519/DataWrangling/master/Data/ users.csv') sessions pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ben519/DataWrangling/master/Data/ sessions.csv') products pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ben519/DataWrangling/master/Data/ products.csv') transactions = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ben519/DataWrangling/master/Data/ transactions.csv') users.head() sessions.head() transactions.head()

12. Join users to transactions, keeping all rows from transactions and only matching rows from users (left join)

Expected Output:

	TransactionID	TransactionDate	UserID	ProductID	Quantity	User	Gender	Registered	Cancelled
0	1	2010-08-21	7	2	1	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
1	2	2011-05-26	3	4	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
2	3	2011-06-16	3	3	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
3	4	2012-08-26	1	2	3	Charles	male	2012-12-21	NaT
4	5	2013-06-06	2	4	1	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08
5	6	2013-12-23	2	5	6	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08
6	7	2013-12-30	3	4	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
7	8	2014-04-24	NaN	2	3	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
8	9	2015-04-24	7	4	3	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
9	10	2016-05-08	3	4	4	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07

13. Which transactions have a UserID not in users?

	TransactionID	TransactionDate	UserID	ProductID	Quantity
0	1	2010-08-21	7.0	2	1
7	8	2014-04-24	NaN	2	3
8	9	2015-04-24	7.0	4	3

14. Join users to transactions, keeping only rows from transactions and users that match via UserID (inner join)

Expected Output:

	TransactionID	TransactionDate	UserID	ProductiD	Quantity	User	Gender	Registered	Cancelled
0	2	2011-05-26	3	4	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
1	3	2011-06-16	3	3	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
2	7	2013-12-30	3	4	1	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
3	10	2016-05-08	3	4	4	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
4	4	2012-08-26	1	2	3	Charles	male	2012-12-21	NaT
5	5	2013-06-06	2	4	1	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08
6	6	2013-12-23	2	5	6	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08

15. Join users to transactions, displaying all matching rows AND all non-matching rows (full outer join)

	TransactionID	TransactionDate	UserID	ProductID	Quantity	User	Gender	Registered	Cancelled
0	1.0	2010-08-21	7.0	2.0	1.0	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
1	9.0	2015-04-24	7.0	4.0	3.0	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
2	2.0	2011-05-26	3.0	4.0	1.0	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
3	3.0	2011-06-16	3.0	3.0	1.0	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
4	7.0	2013-12-30	3.0	4.0	1.0	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
5	10.0	2016-05-08	3.0	4.0	4.0	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07
6	4.0	2012-08-26	1.0	2.0	3.0	Charles	male	2012-12-21	NaT
7	5.0	2013-06-06	2.0	4.0	1.0	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08
8	6.0	2013-12-23	2.0	5.0	6.0	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08
9	8.0	2014-04-24	NaN	2.0	3.0	NaN	NaN	NaT	NaT
10	NaN	NaT	4.0	NaN	NaN	Brielle	female	2013-07-17	NaT
11	NaN	NaT	5.0	NaN	NaN	Benjamin	male	2010-11-25	NaT

16. Determine which sessions occurred on the same day each user registered

Expected Output:

							3	
3	UserID	User	Gender	Registered	Cancelled	SessionID	SessionDate	
A 100	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	ADDITION TO COME	Mary Committee of the C	Commission of the commission o	TO THE PERSON SOUTH BUTTONS	Variation and property of	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	

17. Build a dataset with every possible (UserID, ProductID) pair (cross join)

	UserID	ProductID		
0	1	1		
1	1	2		
2	1	3		
3	1	4		
4	1	5		
5	2	1		
6	2	2		
7	2	3		
8	2	4		
9	2	5		
10	3	1		
11	3	2		
12	3	3		

18. Determine how much quantity of each product was purchased by each user

	UserID	ProductID	Quantity	
0	1	1	0.0	
1 1 2 1		2	3.0	
		3	0.0	
3	1	4	0.0	
4	1	5	0.0	
5	2	1	0.0	
6	2	2	0.0	
7	2	3	0.0	
8	2	4	1.0	
9	2	5	6.0	
10	3	1	0.0	
11	3	2	0.0	
12	3	3	1.0	
13	3	4	6.0	
14	3	5	0.0	

19. For each user, get each possible pair of pair transactions (TransactionID1, TransacationID2)

Expected Output:

	TransactionID_x	TransactionDate_x	UserID	ProductID_x	Quantity_x	TransactionID_y	TransactionDate_y	ProductID_y	Quantity_y
0	1	2010-08-21	7.0	2	1	1	2010-08-21	2	1
1	1	2010-08-21	7.0	2	1	9	2015-04-24	4	3
2	9	2015-04-24	7.0	4	3	1	2010-08-21	2	1
3	9	2015-04-24	7.0	4	3	9	2015-04-24	4	3
4	2	2011-05-26	3.0	4	1	2	2011-05-26	4	1
5	2	2011-05-26	3.0	4	1	3	2011-06-16	3	1
6	2	2011-05-26	3.0	4	1	7	2013-12-30	4	1
7	2	2011-05-26	3.0	4	1	10	2016-05-08	4	4
8	3	2011-06-16	3.0	3	1	2	2011-05-26	4	1
9	3	2011-06-16	3.0	3	1	3	2011-06-16	3	1
10	3	2011-06-16	3.0	3	1	7	2013-12-30	4	1
11	3	2011-06-16	3.0	3	1	10	2016-05-08	4	4
12	7	2013-12-30	3.0	4	1	2	2011-05-26	4	1
13	7	2013-12-30	3.0	4	1	3	2011-06-16	3	1
14	7	2013-12-30	3.0	4	1	7	2013-12-30	4	1

20. Join each user to his/her first occuring transaction in the transactions table

	UserID	User	Gender	Registered	Cancelled	TransactionID	TransactionDate	ProductID	Quantity
0	1	Charles	male	2012-12-21	NaT	4.0	2012-08-26	2.0	3.0
1	2	Pedro	male	2010-08-01	2010-08-08	5.0	2013-06-06	4.0	1.0
2	3	Caroline	female	2012-10-23	2016-06-07	2.0	2011-05-26	4.0	1.0
3	4	Brielle	female	2013-07-17	NaT	NaN	NaT	NaN	NaN
4	5	Benjamin	male	2010-11-25	NaT	NaN	NaT	NaN	NaN

21. Test to see if we can drop columns

 ${\bf NOTE:}$ Solutions shared through Github should contain the source code used and screenshot of the output.

3. Output

Given above after each statement to be executed.

GRADING RUBRIC

STEP	POINTS
Execute steps 1 through 21	2100 (100 points each)
Descriptive Comments for each step	On average 40 points for each step
Demonstration of any other data preprocessing step not given here	Bonus points 300