## **NEST models and NESTML**

## 1 Proposed algorithm

Here is the principle of the systematic algorithm I propose for neuronal model implementation:

- functions used for normal models are in black,
- functions necessary for precise spikes are in red, ending with \_ps (replace the usual one),
- functions necessary for model with interpolation are in yellow, ending with \_i (they are also used by precise models).

```
void update( const Time& origin, const long_t from, const long_t to )
     usual_asserts();
3
      test_superthreshold_i();
     for ( long_t lag = from; lag < to; ++lag ) {</pre>
        decrease_refractoriness();
        while ( t < timestep ) {</pre>
          store_previous_values_i();
10
11
          get_next_event_i();
          integrate();
13
          test_refractoriness();
14
15
          test_spike() or test_spike_i();
16
           add_spikes_ps();
17
        }
        add_spikes();
19
        add_currents();
20
21
   }
22
```

Listing 1: Update function.

```
nest::aeif_cond_alpha_gridprecise::update( ... )
                                                                                                                                                    nest::aeif_cond_alpha_ps::update( ... )
            // usual assertions and variable declarations
                                                                                                                                                       // usual assertions and variable declarations
            /* If interpolation
                                                                                                                                                      // at start of slice, tell input queue to prepare for delivery if ( from == 0 ) \,
                Neurons may have been initialized to superthreshold potentials. We need to check for this here and issue spikes at the beginning of
                                                                                                                                                         {\tt B\_.events\_.prepare\_delivery();}
                                                                                                                                                       /* Neurons may have been initialized to superthreshold potentials.

We need to check for this here and issue spikes at the beginning of
            if \ (\ S_-.y_-[\ State_-::V_-M\ ]\ >=\ P_-.V_-peak_-\ )
12
                                                                                                                                          12
                                                                                                                                                           the interval.
              S_-,y_-[\ State_-::V_-M\ J\ =\ P_-,V_-reset_-;\\ S_-,y_-[\ State_-::W\ J\ +=\ P_-,b;\\ SpikeEvent\ se;
                                                                                                                                                       if ( S_.y_[ State_::V_M ] >= P_.V_peak_ )
                                                                                                                                          14
                                                                                                                                                         S_.y_[ State_::V_M ] = P_.V_reset_;
S_.y_[ State_::W ] += P_.b;
SpikeEvent se;
16
               kernel().event_delivery_manager.send( *this, se, from );
                                                                                                                                          16
18
                                                                                                                                                          se.set_offset( B_.step_ * ( 1 - std::numeric_limits< double_t >::epsilon() ) );
20
                                                                                                                                          20
                                                                                                                                                         kernel().event_delivery_manager.send( *this, se, from );
                                                                                                                                          22
23
24
                                                                                                                                          23
24
            for ( long_t lag = from; lag < to; ++lag )
                                                                                                                                                       for ( long_t lag = from; lag < to; ++lag )
                                                                                                                                          25
26
              t = 0.:
                                                                                                                                                         const long_t T = origin.get_steps() + lag; t = 0.; t_next_event = 0.;
27
28
               if (S_.r_ > 0)
                  --S .r :
                                                                                                                                                            --S_.r_;
29
               while ( t < B_.step_ )
                                                                                                                                          30
                                                                                                                                                         while ( t < B_.step_ )
                  /* If interpolation: store the previous values of the state variables and t
                                                                                                                                                            // store the previous values of the state variables, and t
32
                                                                                                                                                            .. :::: 5::: process values of the state variables, and t std::copy(S_.y_, S_.y_ + sizeof(S_.y_)/sizeof(S_.y_[0]), S_.y_old_); t_old = t;
                 .- ___ interpotation: store the previous values of the state variables and t std::copy(S_-y__, S_-y__ + sizeof(S_-y__)/sizeof(S_-y__[0]), S_-y_old_); t_-old = t; // check for end of refractory period if (P_-t_ref__ > 0.86 S_-r__ == 0.86 t < S_-r__offset__) t_-next_event = S_-r_offset_;
                                                                                                                                                             // check for the next event
37
                                                                                                                                                            B_.events_.get_next_event(T, t_next_event, spike_in, spike_ex, B_.step_ );
                     t_next_event = B_.step_; */
39
                                                                                                                                          39
                  // ODE propagation (here using GSL)
                                                                                                                                                             // ODE propagation (here using GSL)
40
41
                  while (t < t_next_event)
                                                                                                                                          41
                                                                                                                                                             while (t < t_next_event)
43
                     const int status = gsl_odeiv_evolve_apply( B_.e_,
                                                                                                                                          \frac{43}{44}
                                                                                                                                                               const int status = gsl_odeiv_evolve_apply( B_.e_,
                        B_.c_,
                                                                                                                                                               B_.c_,
45
                       B.s
                                                                                                                                          45
                        &B_.sys_,
                                                                                                                                                               &B_.sys_,
                                                         // system of ODE
                                                                                                                                                                                                // system of ODE
                                                                                                                                                               &B_.sys_, // system of our labels and the form t // from t // from t // to t <= t_next_event // to t <= t_next_event // integration step size S_.y_ ); // neuronal state
                        &t, // from t
t_next_event, // to t <= t_next_event
&B_.IntegrationStep_, // integration step size
S_.y_); // neuronal state</pre>
47
                                                                                                                                          47
49
                                                                                                                                          49
                       S_.y_);
                                                                                                                                          51
                                                                                                                                                             throw GSLSolverFailure(get_name(), status);
if (S_.y_[State_::V_M] < -1e3 || S_.y_[State_::W] < -1e6 || S_.y_[State_::W] > 1e6 )
                     if ( status != GSL SUCCESS )
53
                                                                                                                                          53
                    if ( Status := GSL_SOURCES )
throw GSLSolverFailure( get_name(), status );
if ( S_.y_[ State_::V_M ] < -1e3 || S_.y_[ State_::W ] < -1e6 || S_.y_[
State_::W ] > 1e6 )
55
56
                        throw NumericalInstability( get_name() );
                                                                                                                                          56
                                                                                                                                                                  throw NumericalInstability( get_name() );
58
                 // check refractoriness
if ( S_.r_ > 0 || S_.r_offset_ > 0. )
   S_.y_[ State_::V_M ] = P_.V_reset_; // only V_m is frozen
else if ( S_.y_[ State_::V_M ] >= P_.V_peak_ )
f
                                                                                                                                                           // check refractoriness
if (S_.r_ > 0 || S_.r_offset_ > 0. )
   S_.y_[State_::V_M] = P_.V_reset_; // only V_m is frozen
else if (S_.y_[State_::V_M] >= P_.V_peak_ )
f
                                                                                                                                          60
60
                                                                                                                                                               /* If interpolation:
                    interpolate_('t, t_old); */
spiking_(lag, t);
\frac{65}{66}
                 /* reset refractory offset once refractory period is elapsed;
 * this cannot be done beforehand because of the previous check */
if ( S_.r_ == 0 && std::abs(t - S_.r_offset_ ) < std::numeric_limits< double
 >::epsilon() )
                                                                                                                                                             // reset refractory offset once refractory period is elapsed
if ( S_.r_ == 0 && std::abs(t - S_.r_offset_ ) < std::numeric_limits< double</pre>
69
                                                                                                                                          69
                                                                                                                                          70
                                                                                                                                                              >::epsilon() )
                                                                                                                                                               S_.r_offset_ = 0.;
                     S_r_offset_ = 0.;
                                                                                                                                           \frac{74}{75}
              // Here spike reception outside the loop
S_.y_[ State_::DG_EXC ] += B_.spike_exc_.get_value( lag ) * V_.gO_ex_;
S_.y_[ State_::DG_INH ] += B_.spike_inh_.get_value( lag ) * V_.gO_in_;
                                                                                                                                                             // here spike reception inside the loop
76
77
78
                                                                                                                                                             if (t == t_next_event)
                                                                                                                                                               S_.y_[ State_::DG_EXC ] += spike_ex * V_.gO_ex_;
S_.y_[ State_::DG_INH ] += spike_in * V_.gO_in_;
80
                                                                                                                                          80
                                                                                                                                                               spike_ex = 0.;
                                                                                                                                                               spike_in = 0.;
82
                                                                                                                                          82
84
                                                                                                                                          84
86
              B_.I_stim_ = B_.currents_.get_value( lag );
// log state data
                                                                                                                                          86
                                                                                                                                                         B_.I_stim_ = B_.currents_.get_value( lag );
                                                                                                                                                          // log state data
               {\tt B\_.logger\_.record\_data(\ origin.get\_steps()\ +\ lag\ );}
                                                                                                                                                         B_.logger_.record_data( origin.get_steps() + lag );
88
                                                                                                                                          88
```

Listing 2: Algorithm for "on-grid" spikes for and AEIF model with exponential conductances.

Listing 3: Algorithm for "off-grid" spikes (precise spike timing) in the case of an AEIF neuron with alpha-shaped post-synaptic currents.