

# ORTS: A Case Study of Multi-Tasking in Soar

---

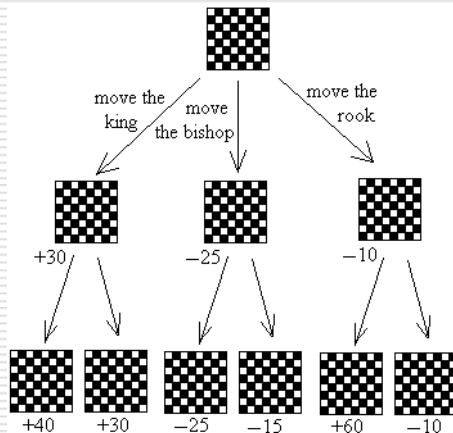
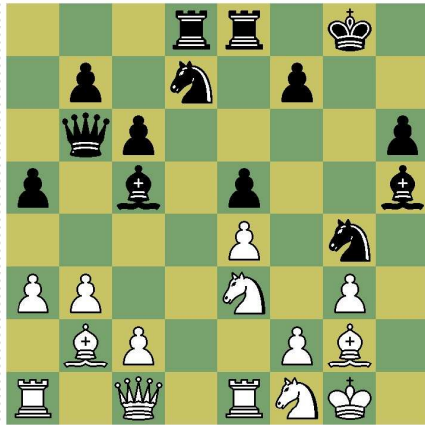
Joseph Xu  
University of Michigan  
Soar Workshop 2006

# Outline

---

1. Motivation for studying Real Time Strategy games
2. ORTS and AIIDE competition
3. SORTS Design
4. Demo
5. Progress & Conclusions

# Traditional Games in AI



- Discrete time/actions
- Perfect information
  - ↪ Enumerable states
- Low perceptual/motor load
- Examples:
  - Chess
  - Towers of Hanoi
  - Water Jug

# Real-Time Strategy Games

---



- ☐ Doesn't pause for the player to think
- ☐ Maintain an economy
- ☐ Develop production capabilities via cities/bases
- ☐ Defend against enemy attacks
- ☐ Launch attacks against enemies
- ☐ Examples:
  - Starcraft
  - Command & Conquer

# Real-Time Strategy Games

---



- ❑ Continuous time/space/actions
- ❑ Imperfect information
  - ↪ State space not practically enumerable
- ❑ High perceptual/motor load

# Challenges

---

	Which game stresses this more?	What's better at this (presently)?
Look-ahead	Chess	Computer
Opponent modeling	Chess	Human
State abstraction	RTS	Human
Spatial/Temporal reasoning	RTS	Human
Manage perceptual overloading	RTS	Human
Multi-faceted gameplay	RTS	Computer
Divided Attention	RTS	Computer

# Challenges

---

	Which game stresses this more?	What's better at this (presently)?
Look-ahead	Chess	Computer
Opponent modeling	Chess	Human
State abstraction	RTS	Human
Spatial/Temporal reasoning	RTS	Human
Manage perceptual overloading	RTS	Human
Multi-faceted gameplay	RTS	Computer
Divided Attention	RTS	Computer

# Challenges

---

	Which game stresses this more?	What's better at this (presently)?
Look-ahead	Chess	Computer
Opponent modeling	Chess	Human
State abstraction	RTS	Human
Spatial/Temporal reasoning	RTS	Human
Manage perceptual overloading	RTS	Human
Multi-faceted gameplay	RTS	Computer
Divided Attention	RTS	Computer



# Outline

---

1. Motivation for studying Real Time Strategy games
2. ORTS and AIIDE competition
3. SORTS Design
4. Demo
5. Progress & Conclusions

# Open Real Time Strategy

---



- ☐ Open source RTS implementation
- ☐ Designed specifically for AI research
- ☐ Completely customizable via scripts
- ☐ C++ API
  - receive information about state of the world from server
  - Send commands to server
- ☐ Under active development at University of Alberta

# AI Competition at AIIDE 06

---



- ☐ Game 1 – Resource gathering
- ☐ Game 2 – Offense and Defense
- ☐ Game 3 – Full RTS game

# Outline

---

1. Motivation for studying Real Time Strategy games
2. ORTS and AIIDE competition
3. SORTS Design
  1. Middleware
  2. Soar agent
4. Demo
5. Progress & Conclusions

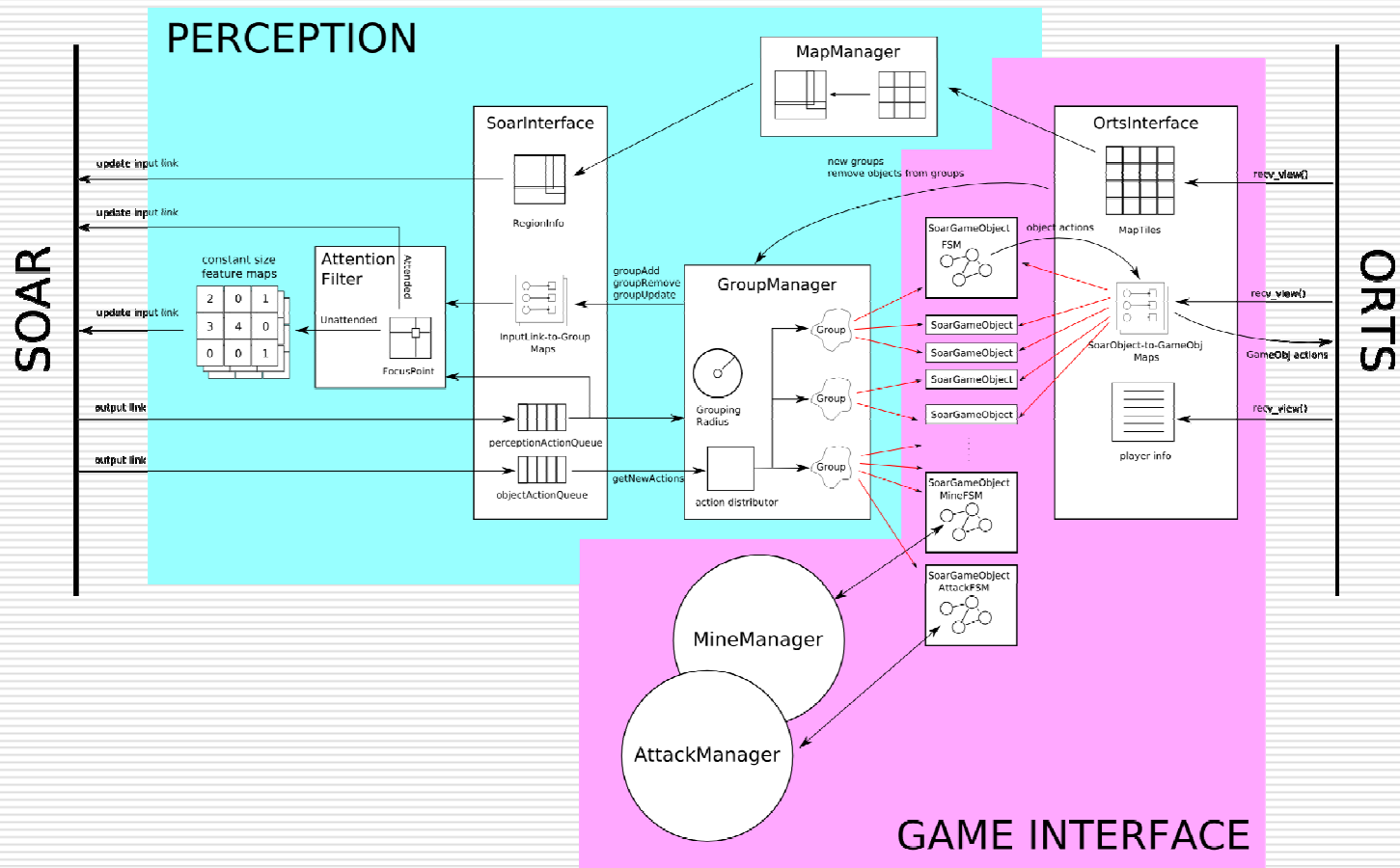
# Our Approach: SORTS

---



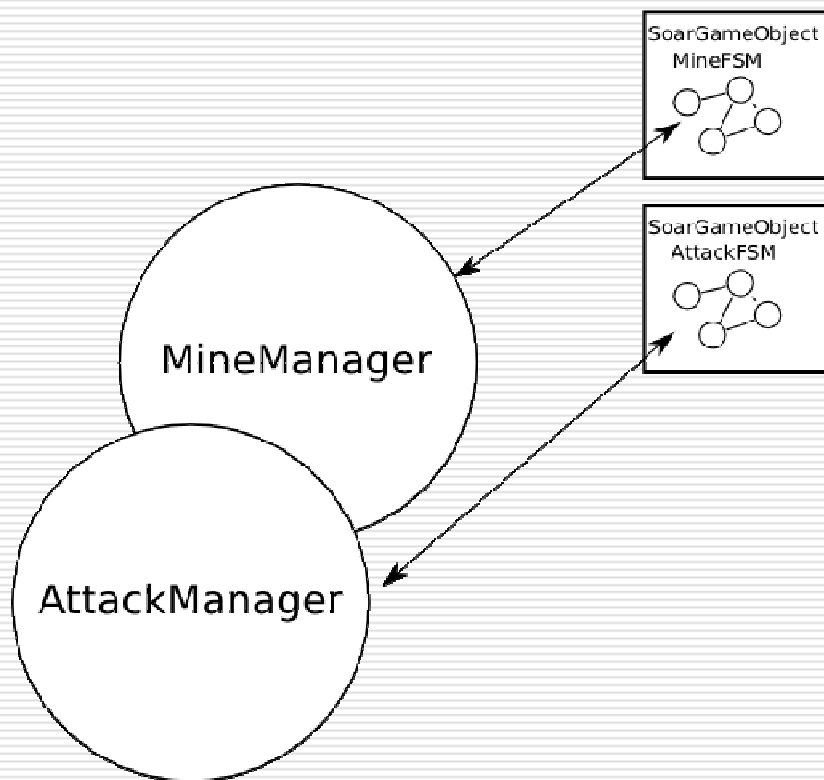
- ❑ Create a Soar agent to play ORTS
- ❑ Middleware serves as both Soar's perceptual system as well as a gaming interface
  - Like a real game interface, the middleware handles micromanagement such as pathfinding and default unit behaviors

# SORTS Architecture



# Low Level Control

---



- ❑ Each unit controlled by finite state machines
- ❑ Soar agent doesn't have to micromanage
- ❑ MineManager and AttackManager necessary for finer control in competition

# Soar Agent Design

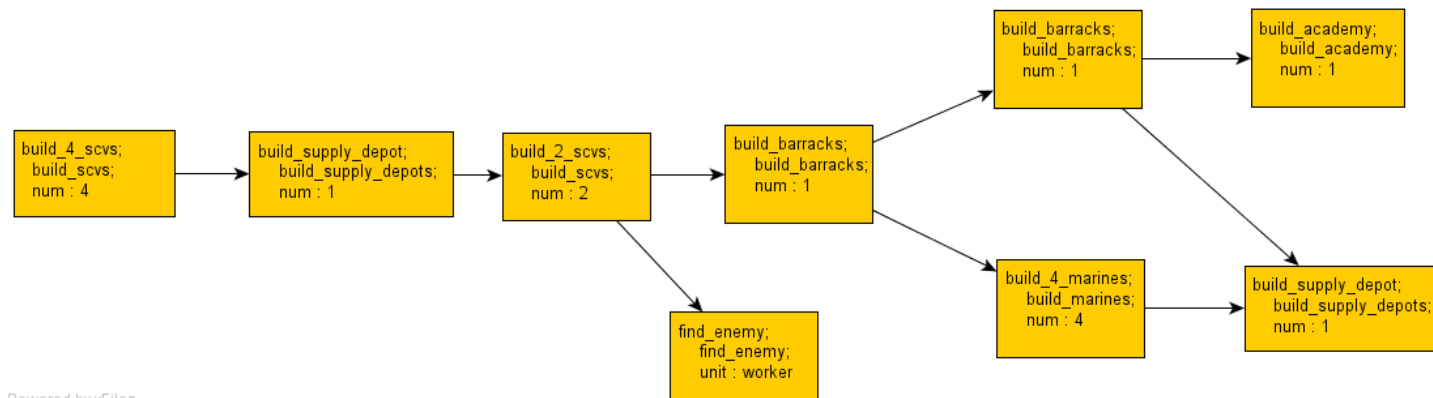
---

- ☐ Planning/Execution
- ☐ Situation Awareness
- ☐ Multi-tasking



# Soar Agent Planning

- ❑ Three ways of acting
  - Static plans
    - ❑ Defined ahead of time, like the opening book in chess
    - ❑ Partial Order Plans



Powered by yFiles

# Soar Agent Planning

---

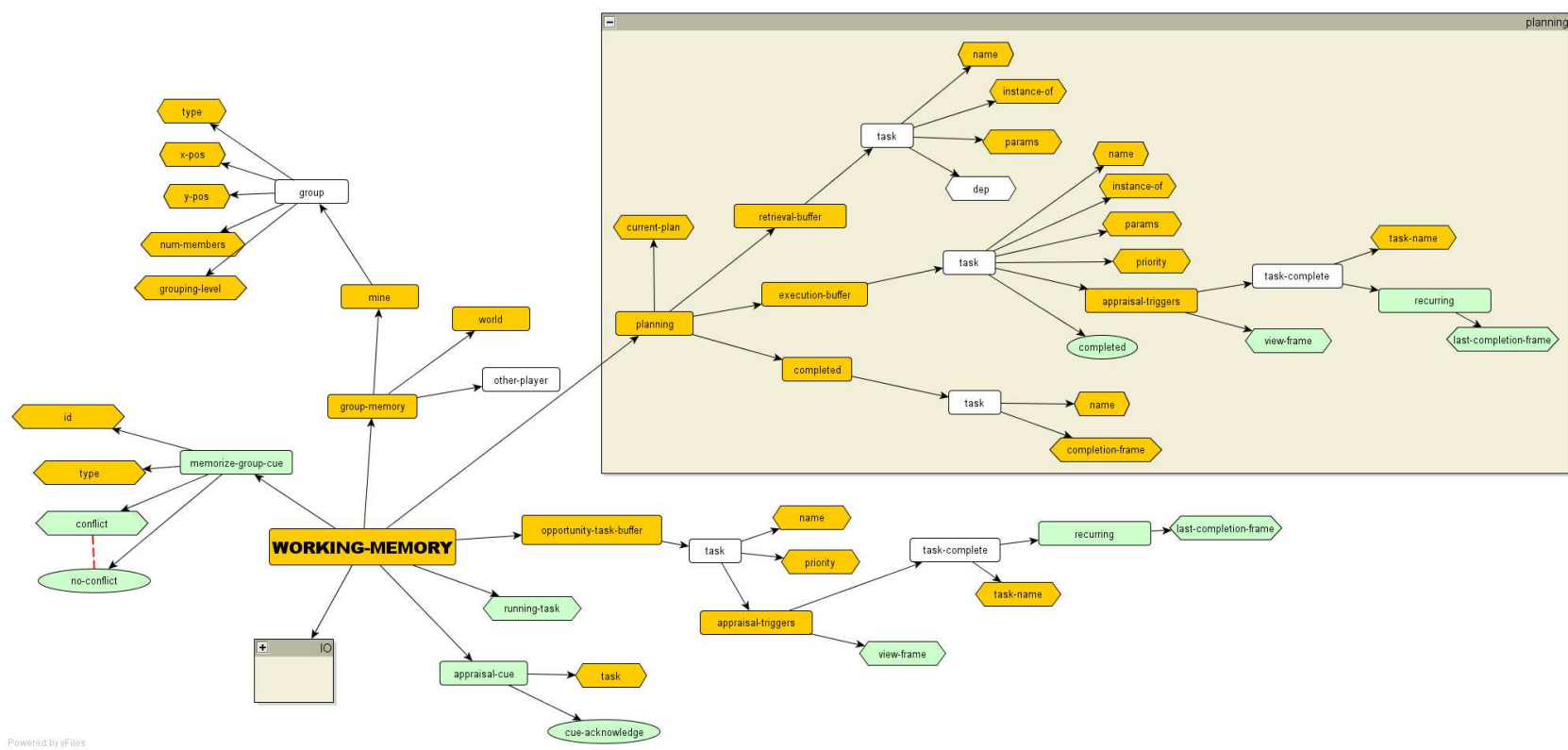
- Three ways of acting
  - Opportunistic plans
    - Plans that the agent comes up with while playing the game
    - Backward chaining
  - Example: I need to build anti-air defenses to counter enemy fighters, but to do that I need to build a factory first

# Soar Agent Planning

---

- Three ways of acting
  - Reactions
    - Reactions to the current state that can occur at any time
  - Example: I can't win this battle, retreat with remaining forces

# Soar Agent Planning



Powered by yFiles

# Soar Situation Awareness

---

- Situation Awareness
  - Soar agent can only “see” a limited area of game field at any time
  - Agent must make decisions based on unseen parts of the game field too
  - Must maintain situation awareness by memorizing important things going on at different parts of the map

# Multi-tasking

---

- RTS games typically require player to manage many simultaneous tasks
  - Tasks are attentionally and cognitively far apart
    - Hence there is a cost in switching between tasks
  - Attention tunneling is usually detrimental

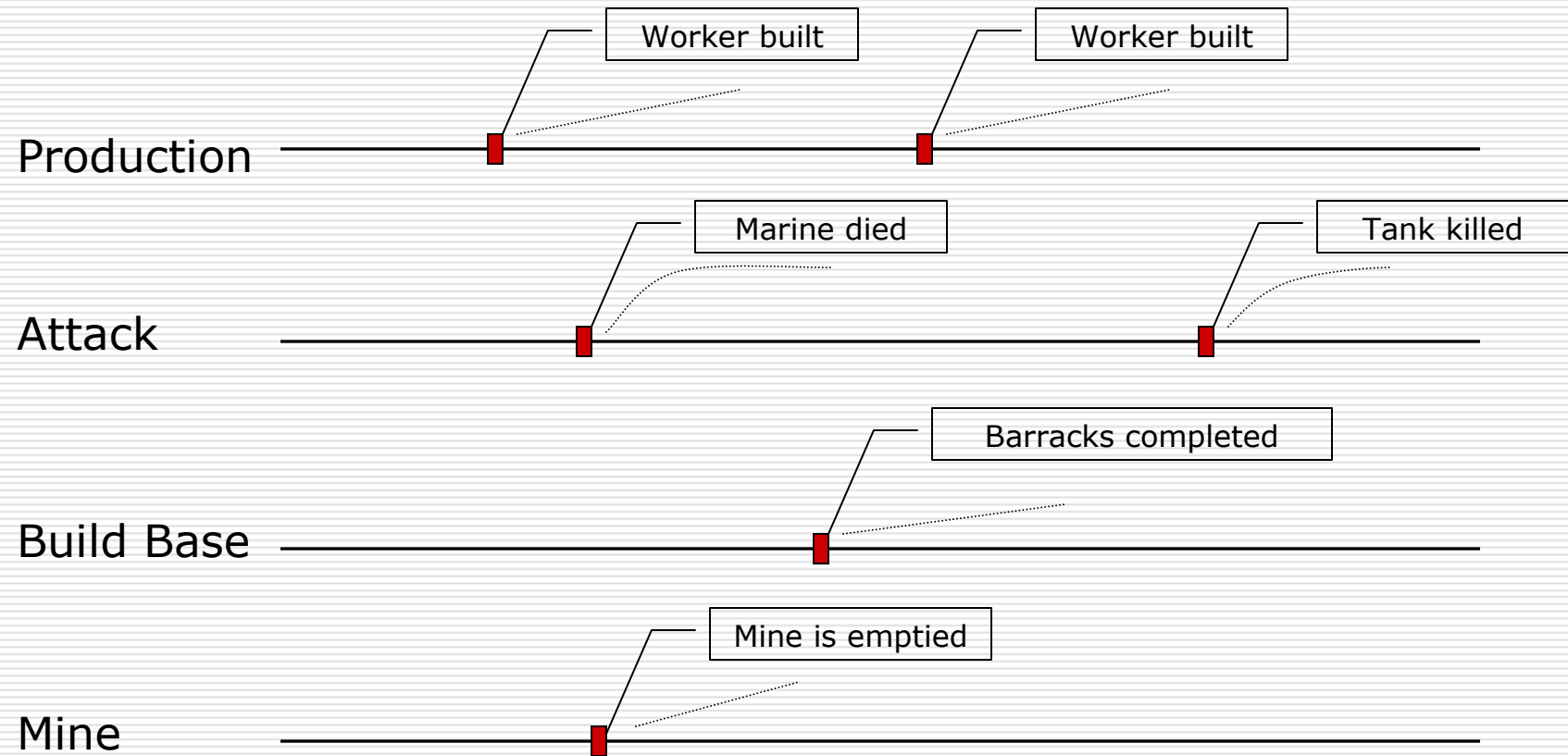
# Channel Model Approach

---

- Group actions taken over the entire game into tasks
  - How to group is not yet finalized
  - Follow human tendency
- Each task is a *channel*
  - The agent performs some action on the channel then waits for feedback in the form of *Events*
  - Arrival times of events are not known
  - Urgency function of the amount of time past expected event arrival time during which channel is unattended

# Channel Model

---





# Task Switching

---

- ❑ Don't abuse working memory (in the future)
  - Only store structures (task set) relevant to task at hand
  - Structures for unattended tasks stored in LT-WM, possibly semantic or episodic memory
- ❑ Switch Cost involved in ...
  - Swapping task set
  - Regaining situation awareness
- ❑ Motivates tendency of novices to tunnel attention suboptimally

# Division of Responsibilities

---

## ☐ Soar handles

- State abstraction
- Planning
- High level commands
- Multi-tasking

## ☐ MW handles

- Visual abstraction
- Command implementation
- Default unit behaviors
- “Uninteresting” strategies
  - ☐ Mining
  - ☐ Micromanage attacks

# Outline

---

1. Motivation for studying Real Time Strategy games
2. ORTS and AIIDE competition
3. SORTS Design
4. Demo
5. Progress & Conclusions

# Outline

---

1. Motivation for studying Real Time Strategy games
2. ORTS and AIIDE competition
3. SORTS Design
4. Demo
5. Progress & Conclusions

# Progress

---

## ☐ What is implemented

- Perceptual system
- Command system (Game Interface)
- Low level FSMs
- Planning

## ☐ What has to be implemented

- Real Soar agents
- Situation awareness

# Progress

---

## ☐ Competition

- Game 1 – 80%
- Game 2 – 30%
- Game 3 – 30%

# Conclusions

---

- ❑ RTS games present a set of challenges to AI research that chess does not
- ❑ We are building SORTS to try to meet some of these challenges
- ❑ SORTS will make a good platform on which to test the new Soar architecture

# Conclusions

---

## ☐ Nuggets

- Provides a rich environment to test many of Soar's new capabilities
- Forced us to confront issues that would not have come up in other environments / architectures

## ☐ Coals

- Still in pre-alpha stage
- Some decisions were made in the interest of competition performance rather than psychological plausibility
- Abuses working memory