# An Architecture Approach to Modeling the Remote Associates Test

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#### Outline

#### 1. Background

- a. Overview of spreading activation
- b. Overview of the Remote Associates Test (RAT)

#### 2. Work Done

- a. Description of the knowledge base
- b. Description of the two cognitive process models

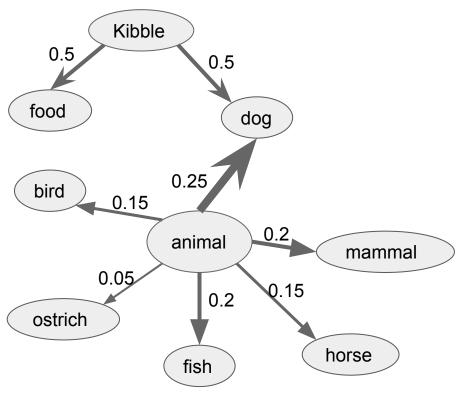
#### 3. Results

a. Modifications

#### Overview

What is associated to animal?

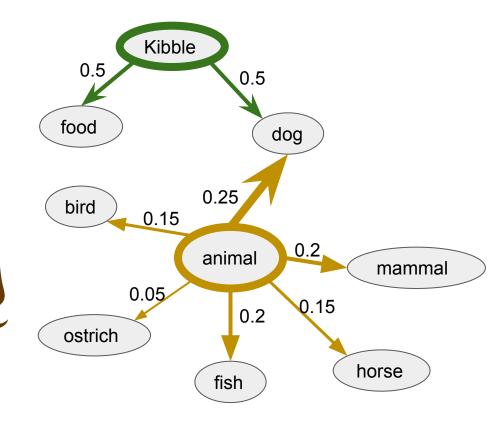




#### Overview

What is associated to animal?

Fan



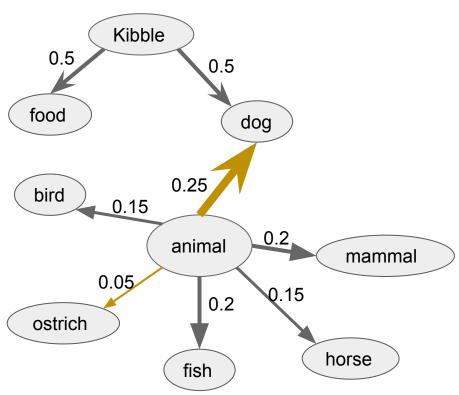
#### Overview

What is associated to animal?

Fan

Association Strength





#### The Remote Associates Test (RAT)

Given three words, what is a fourth word that is associated with all three words?

**Swiss** 

Cake

Cottage

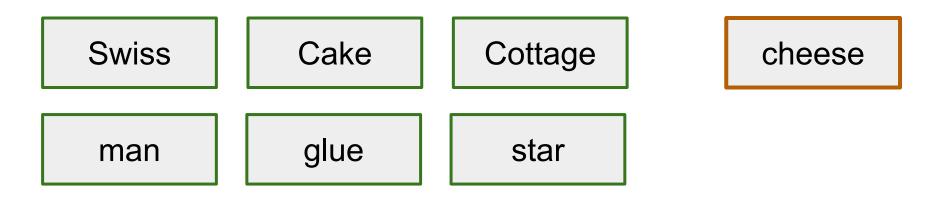
cheese

Mednick, S. (1962). The associative basis of the creative process. *Psychological Review*, 69(3), 220-232.

Bowden, E. M., & Jung-Beeman, M. (2003). Normative data for 144 compound remote associate problems. *Behavior Research Methods, Instruments, & Computers*, 35 (4), 634–639.

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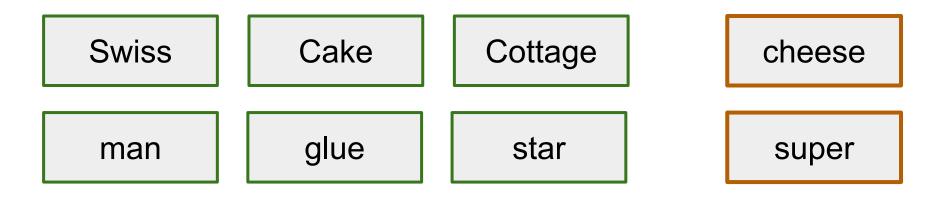


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# **Cognitive Process Models**

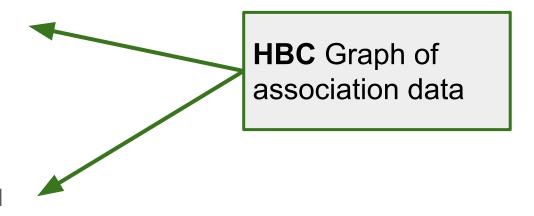
#### **Knowledge Base**

#### **Cued Retrieval Model**

Relies on queries with hard constraints

#### Free Recall Model

Relies on spreading activation. AKA fan and association strength



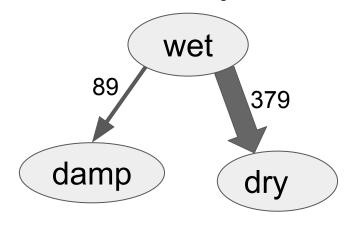
#### Human Brain Cloud (HBC) Knowledge Base

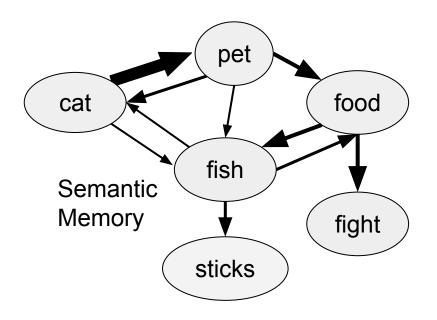
- 231,851 unique words
- 2,403,203 associations between words

#### **Data from HBC**

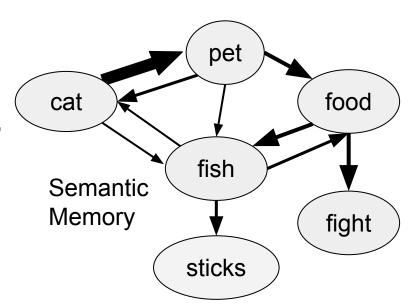
word1	word2	Association count
dry	wet	379
damp	wet	89

#### **Semantic Memory**

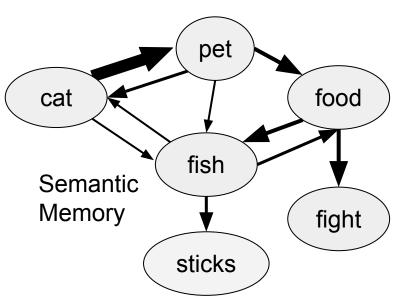




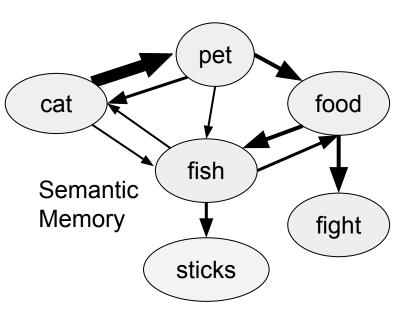
 Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"



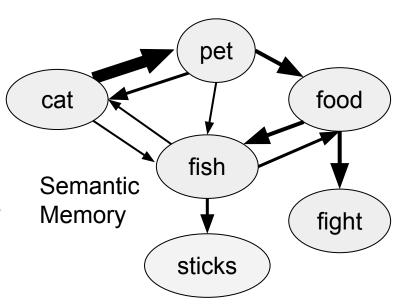
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- Model queries its memory for a word directly associated with all 3 given RAT items



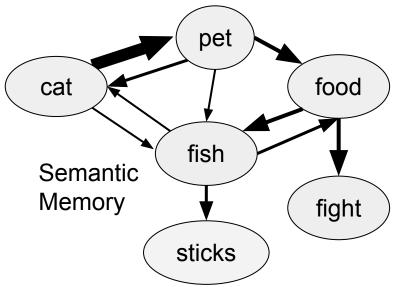
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  - a. Receives "fish"



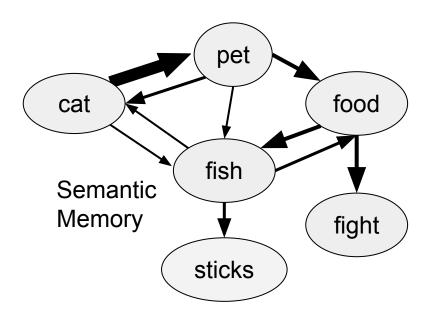
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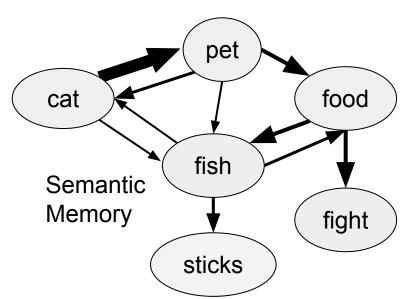
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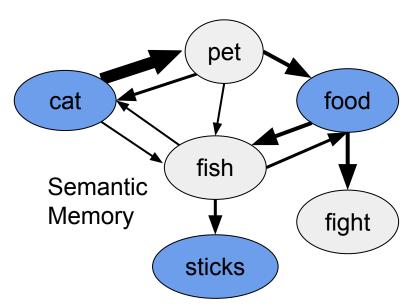
Relies only on connections existing



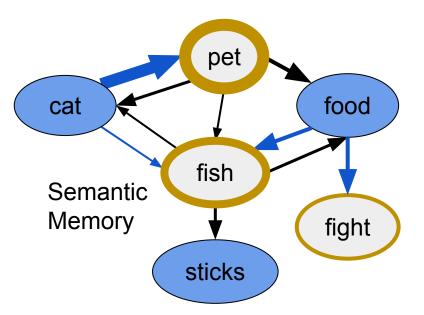
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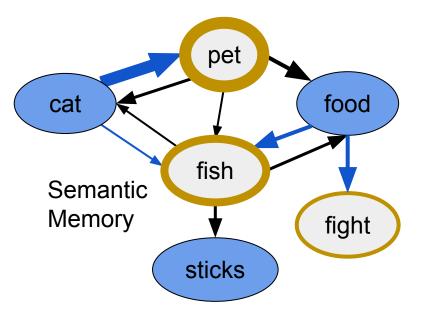
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- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory



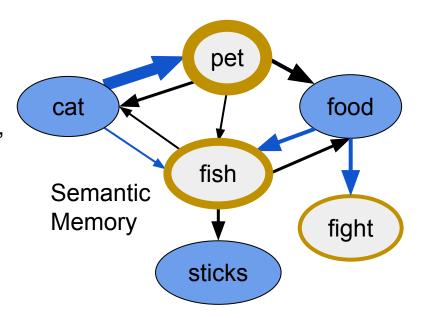
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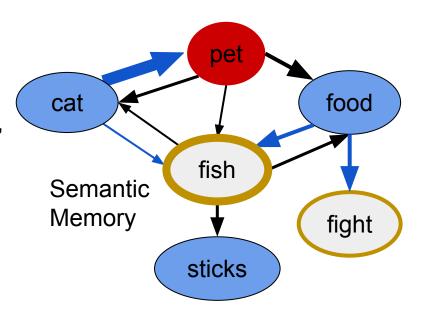
- Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"
- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory
- Model asks for a word
  - a. Receives "Pet"



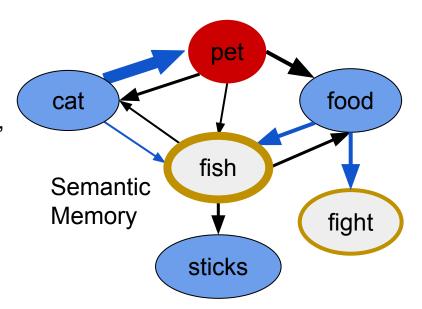
- Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"
- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory
- Model asks for a word
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- 4. Evaluates "Pet" as relating to 2 words



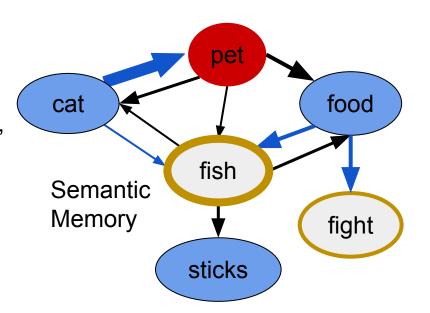
- Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"
- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory
- 3. Model asks for a word
  - a. Receives "Pet"
- 4. Evaluates "Pet" as relating to 2 words
- Model asks for a word and inhibits "pet"
  - Receives "fish"



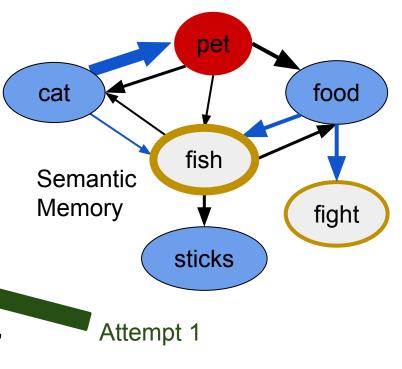
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- 3. Model asks for a word
  - a. Receives "Pet"
- 4. Evaluates "Pet" as relating to 2 words
- Model asks for a word and inhibits "pet"
  - a. Receives "fish"
- 6. Evaluates "fish" as relating to 3 words



- Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"
- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory
- 3. Model asks for a word
  - a. Receives "Pet"
- 4. Evaluates "Pet" as relating to 2 words
- Model asks for a word and inhibits "pet"
  - a. Receives "fish"
- 6. Evaluates "fish" as relating to 3 words
- Returns "fish"

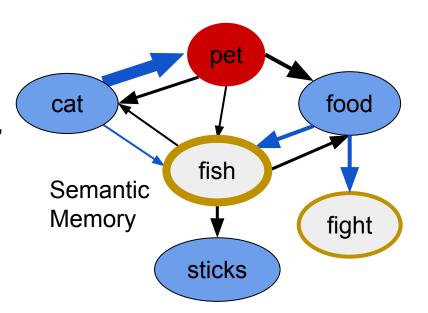


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  - a. Receives "fish"
- 6. Evaluates "fish" as relating to 3 words
- Returns "fish"



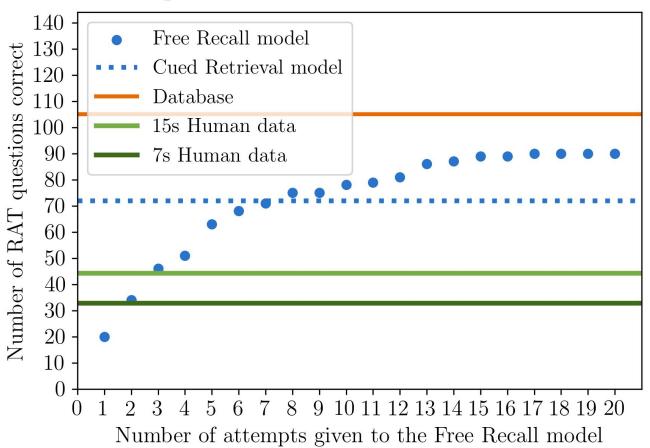
Attempt 2

- Model is given RAT items "cat", "food", "sticks"
- Model retrieves the words from semantic memory
- Model asks for a word
  - a. Receives "Pet"
- 4. Evaluates "Pet" as relating to 2 words
- 5. Model asks for a word and inhibits "pet"
  - a. Receives "fish"
- 6. Evaluates "fish" as relating to 3 words
- Returns "fish"

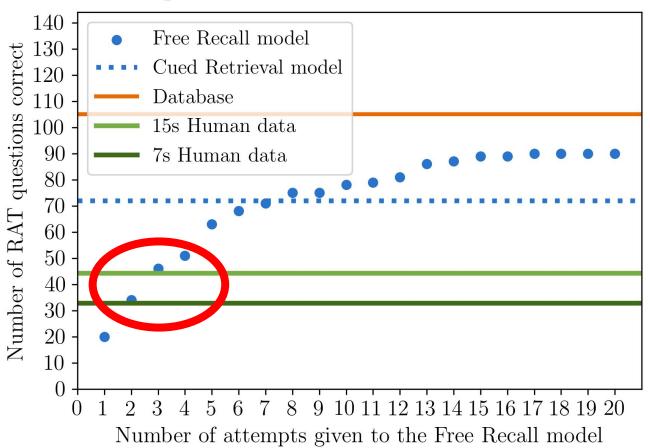


Relies on association strength and fan

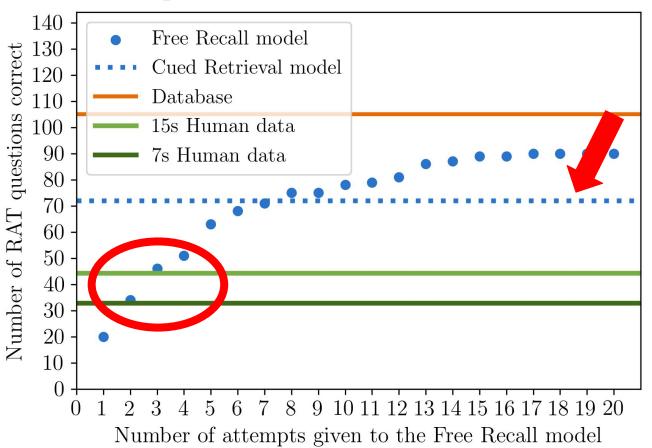
#### RAT questions correct with the HBC database



#### RAT questions correct with the HBC database



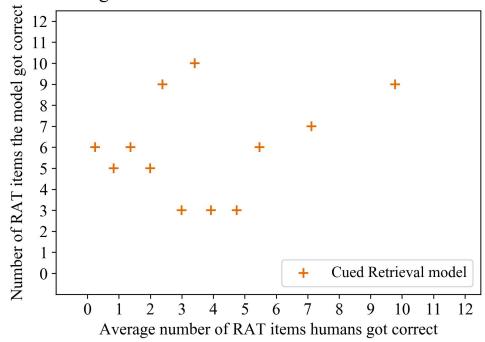
#### RAT questions correct with the HBC database



 144 questions into 12 bins based on human % correct

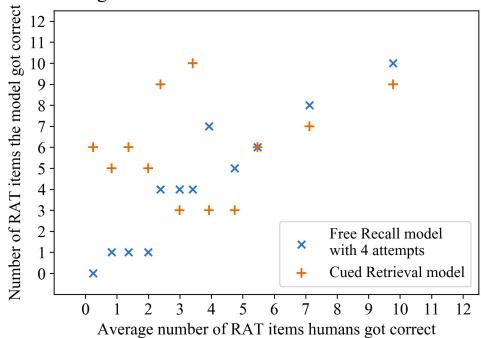
- 144 questions into 12 bins based on human % correct
- Compared each bin with model correctness

Comparing models with binned human difficulty data. Using the HBC database and 15 second human data



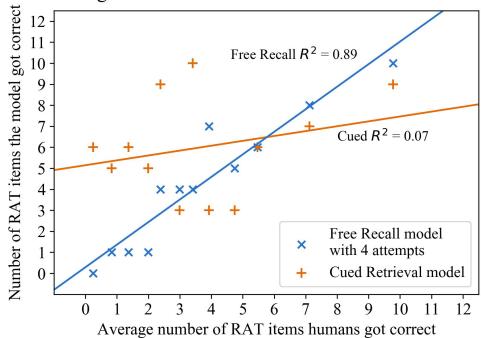
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# Which model provides a better explanation of human difficulty on the RAT?

#### **Cued Retrieval Model**

Relies on queries with hard constraints

$$R^2 = 0.07$$

#### Free Recall Model

Relies on spreading activation. AKA fan and association strength

$$R^2 = 0.89$$

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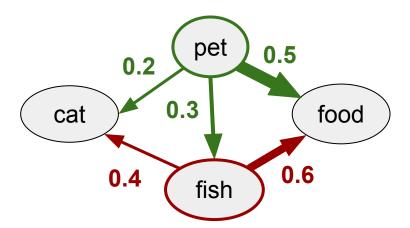
 $R^2 = 0.07$ 

#### Free Recall Model

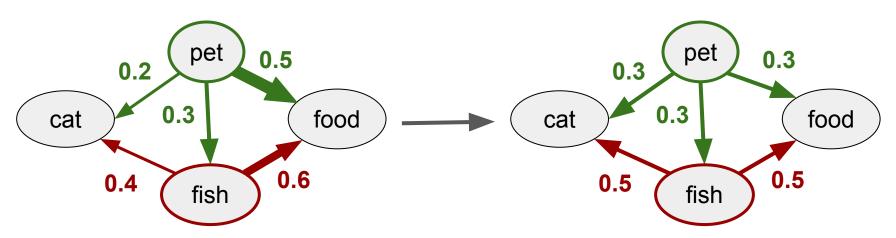
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$$R^2 = 0.89$$

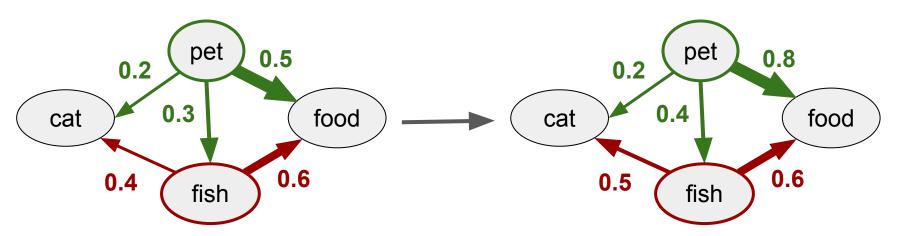
- Removing the effect from association strength
- Removing the effect from fan
- Reversing direction of spreading
- Initializing base-level activation with word frequency data



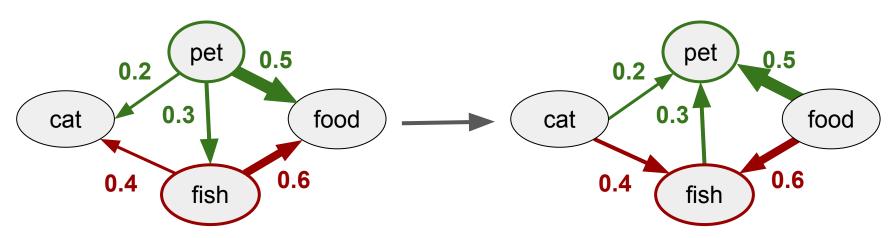
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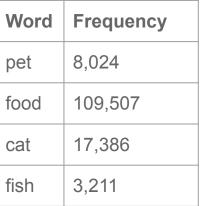


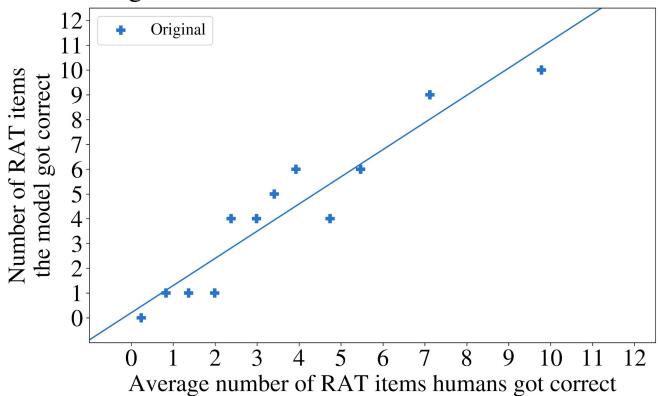
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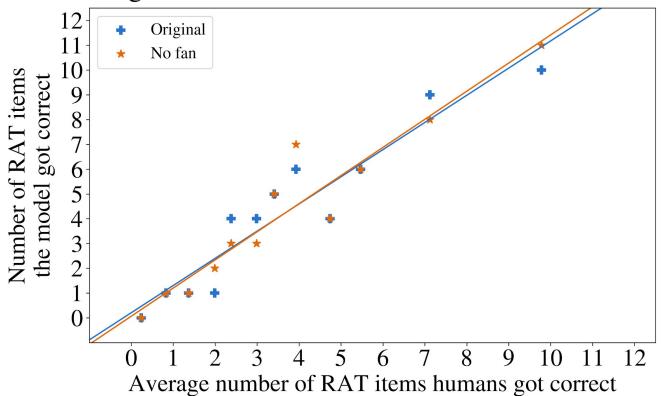
Initializing base-level activation with word frequency data 8,024 pet pet 0.5 0.5 109,507 0.2 0.2 17,386 0.3 0.3 food cat cat food 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.4 fish fish 3,211 17





#### R^2 Values

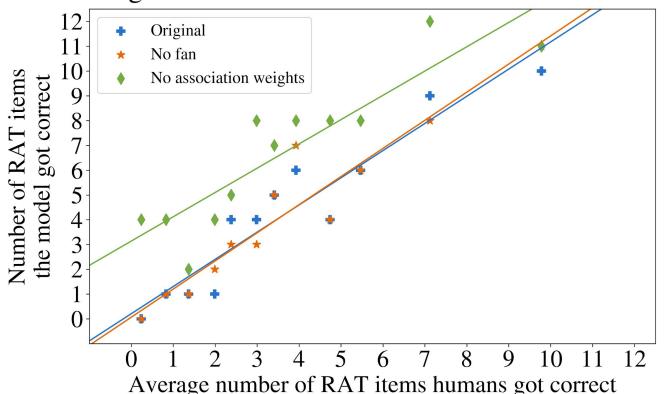
Orignal: 0.92



#### R^2 Values

Orignal: 0.92

No Fan: 0.89

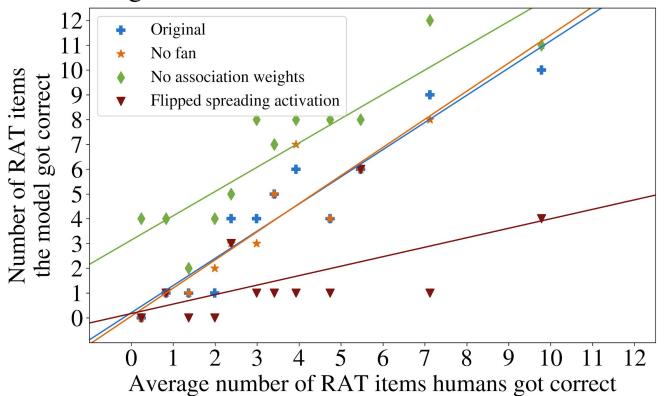


#### R<sup>2</sup> Values

Orignal: 0.92

No Fan: 0.89

No Weights: 0.83



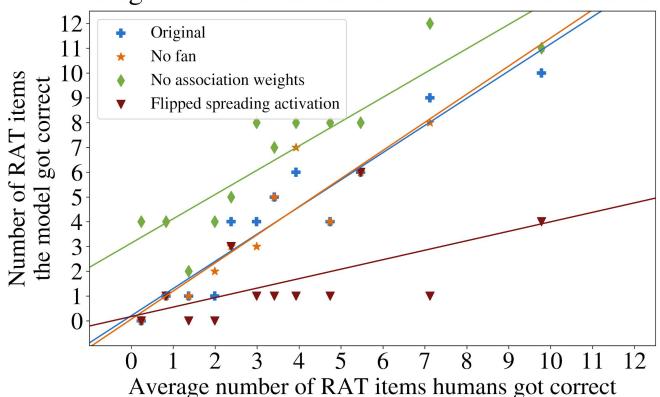
#### R<sup>2</sup> Values

Orignal: 0.92

No Fan: 0.89

No Weights: 0.83

Flipped Spread: 0.19



#### R<sup>2</sup> Values

Orignal: 0.92

No Fan: 0.89

No Weights: 0.68

Flipped Spread: 0.19

Word Frequency

Initialization: 0.92

#### **Questions or Comments?**

**Gold Nugget** 

Coal

Consistent results with spreading activation

Removing fan doesn't impact results