Soar Agents for a Driving Simulator

Soar Workshop XIX

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The Simulator Task

- DaimlerChrysler Programmable Packaging Simulator
- Ergonomics Task
- Interfacing to the Onyx

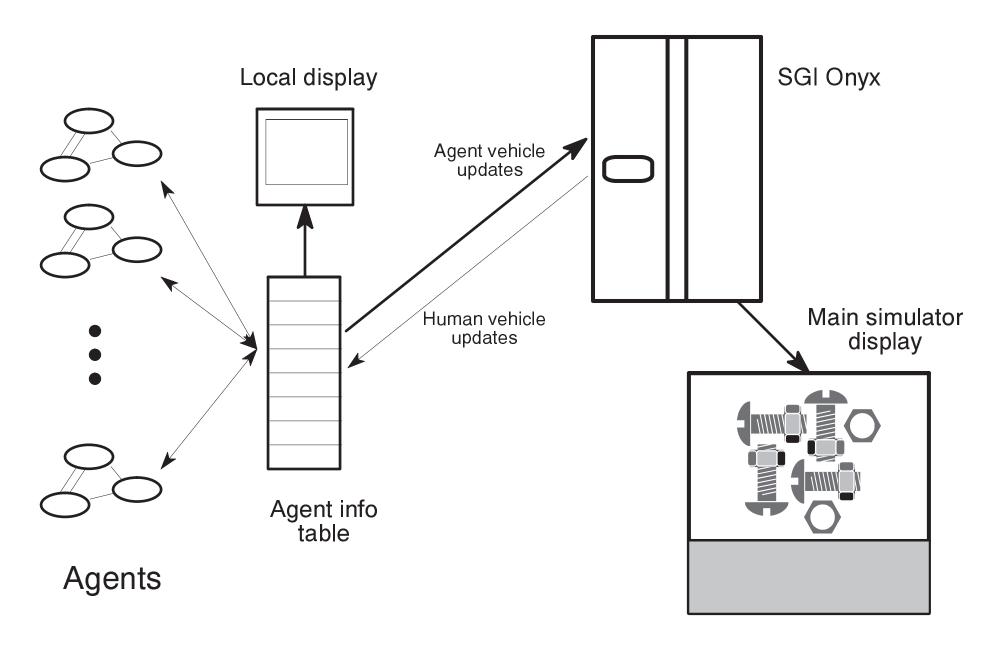
Similar Efforts

- Path-following vehicles
- Manually controlled vehicles
- U-lowa
- NAVLAB

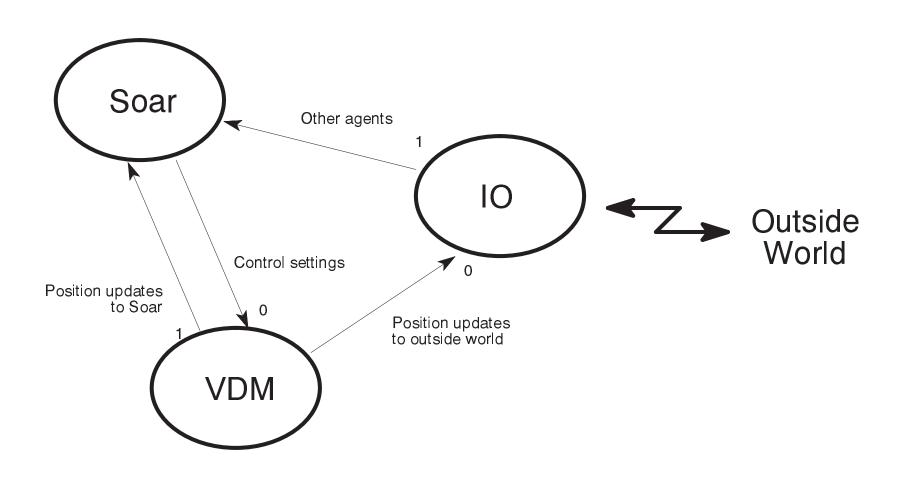
Advantages of Running Simulated Vehicles With Soar

- Possible to program agents with arbitrarily complicated behaviors and reasoning depth
- Easy to include agents exhibiting wide variety of behaviors in simulator
- It's never been done before!

Overall System Architecture



Agent Architecture



Current High-Level Operators

- cruise
 - normal-cruise
 - seek-slot
 - seek-left
 - seek-right
 - pullout

Current Atomic Operators

```
wheel {left|right|<number>}
wheel-tap {left|right}
thrust {plus|minus}
gas {plus|minus}
brake {plus|minus}
lane {left|right}
```

Snapshot of the Current Input Link

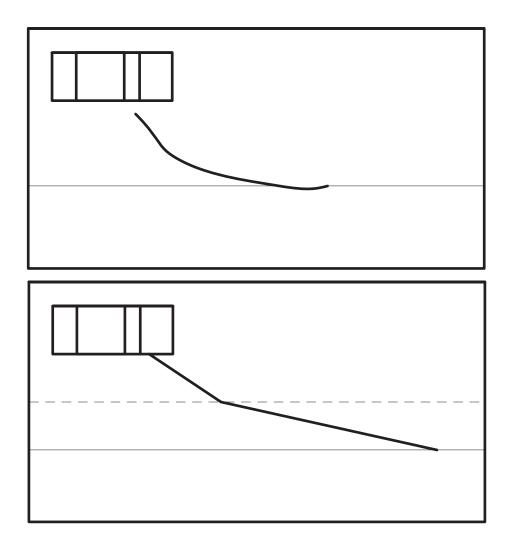
```
(I2 ^agents I354 ^current I356 ^events I353 ^me I355)
 (I356 ^approach-angle 45 ^drift left ^half-slot 1.5 ^is-lane-left true
         ^lane-error 2.81 ^lane-number 0 ^lane-width 4.5 ^min-pref 2.94693
         ^min-turn 2.94693 ^pullout-angle 14.2559 ^pullout-at 15.0254
         ^seg-speed 20. ^segment 6 ^steering-error -8.1 ^surface 5.
         ^turning-radius 424242)
 (I355 ^a_x -0.091181 ^a_y 0.031719 ^a_z 0. ^brake 60 ^d_t 0.169 ^gas 0
         ^pitch 0. ^roll 0. ^speed 12.0203 ^v angle -0.521973 ^wheel 0
         ^x 87.4105 ^y -44.4109 ^yaw -115.215 ^z 0.)
 (I354 ^agent A182)
    (A182 ^distance 0.00 ^x 0.00 ^y 0.00 ^z 0.00)
  (I353 ^event E173)
    (E173 ^type bend ^accel -886.682 ^accel-lead-distance 25.7607 ^bend 30.
         ^closetime 0.00949644 ^distance 13.611 ^half-slot 1.5
         ^max-radius 1.92749e-38 ^next-seq 7 ^turn-lead-distance 6.
         ^turn-speed 3.6 ^waypoint 6)
```

Partial Trace of an Agent Run

```
O: 0164 (seek-slot)
   42:
(New segment)
              ==>S: S7 (operator no-change)
   43:
                 O: 0167 (match-speed-gas)
   44:
   45:
                 ==>S: S8 (operator no-change)
                    ==>S: S9 (state no-change)
   46:
   47:
                 O: 0177 (match-speed-gas)
   48:
                 0: 0181 (match-speed-gas)
   49:
                 0: 0184 (seek-right)
   50:
                 0: 0189 (seek-right)
                 0: 0195 (match-speed-gas)
   51:
   52:
                 O: 0199 (match-speed-gas)
   53:
                 0: 0202 (seek-right)
                 0: 0207 (seek-right)
   54:
   55:
                 0: 0211 (seek-right)
   56:
                 0: 0216 (seek-right)
                 O: 0221 (match-speed-gas)
   57:
   58:
                 0: 0225 (match-speed-gas)
   59:
                 0: 0229 (match-speed-gas)
   60:
                 O: 0233 (match-speed-gas)
   61:
                 0: 0236 (seek-right)
   62:
                 O: 0241 (match-speed-gas)
   63:
                 0: 0245 (match-speed-gas)
                 0: 0248 (seek-right)
   64:
```

Conclusions

- Possible to get away with a range of behavior, given a decent vehicle model
- .1--.2-sec. d-cycle times required to keep vehicle on track
- Tcl not ideal for R-T applications!



Plans and To-Do List

- Integrate with DaimlerChrysler simulator
- Simplify; replace most agents with standard models to reduce load on machines running non-human vehicles
- Concentrate on higher-level operators in Soar, leaving simple control manipulations to C or Tcl routines