# Comparing Soar and UM-PRS at the knowledge and symbol levels

Sayan Bhattacharyya University of Michigan

# Objective

To <u>experimentally</u> study the <u>tradeoffs</u> in the design space of architectures.

Architectures: Soar

**UM-PRS** 

Plan execution architectures in dynamic environment.

#### **UM-PRS** features

Knowledge areas: context

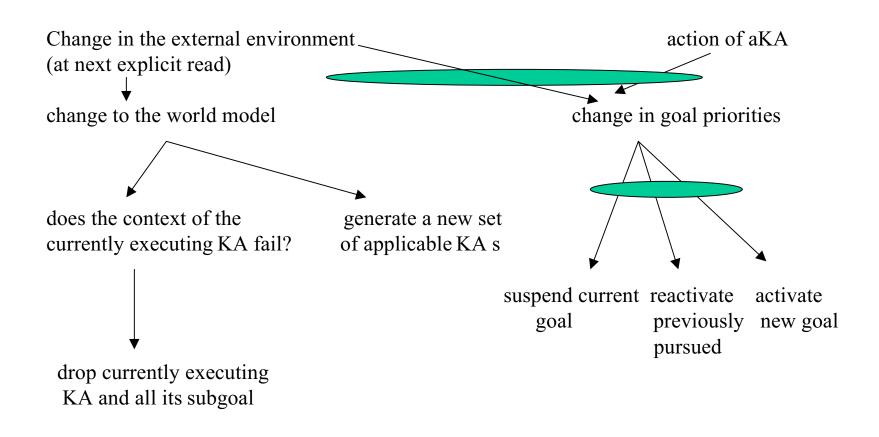
body

World model : working memory

Goals : system goals

non-system goals goals to achieve goals to maintain

# Decision-making in UM-PRS



# Experiment design

In each experiment, parameters to vary:

- 1) A specified behavior
- 2) One of the degrees of freedom afforded by Soar
- 3) One of the degrees of freedom afforded by UM-PRS
- 4) A task characteristic

#### Commitment strategy

Blind, closed-minded, open-minded

#### Plan execution in testbed

```
W H H H H H H
H H H H H
H H H H H
H H H H W
D = wood
H H H H H W H = hole
H H H H H W D D
W = wall
O = agent
W W W W W W
```

exogenous events allowed penalty depends critically on interval between successive environmental reads.

## A sample experiment

Behavioral characterization:

abandonment of current plan

when world changes

Degrees of freedom:

Soar -- none

UM-PRS -- KA can be redesigned

to incorporate Q as condition

interruptibility,

knowledge dependencies between

data structures

#### Soar

Task characteristics:

if 
$$(Q = \langle A \rangle)$$
 and  $() \dots ()$ 

**-**

do [something]

#### **UM-PRS**

**→** 

read Q

do [something]

or

if 
$$(Q = \)$$
 and () and ()

**-**

do [something]

#### **Tradeoffs**

What does this experiment illustrate?

Tradeoffs in sensitivity of plan execution to conditions of execution

- Architecture forces a finer level of control in Soar
- Forcing Q to be part of binding in UM-PRS can lead to an over-specific KA (Soar is least-commitment).

E.g. abundant food sparse food

- no need to check for -- may be good to

woods and holes check for woods and holes

Hypothesis: An architecture favoring more specific invocation condition will favor strategies with higher level of commitment.

## Further experiments

- Relationship of data reads and KA activation /
  operator proposal
  Degree of freedom: read once in how many cycles?
  Task parameter to vary: Frequency of exogenous events
- 2) Reactivation of suspended plansDegree of freedom: KA lengthTask parameter: Frequency of false alarms

### Nuggets and coal

- Nuggets: 1) improved understanding of tradeoffs between architectures
  - 2) maybe useful beyond Soar and UM-PRS

- Coal:
- 1) experiments not yet implemented, only preliminary forays so far
- 2) how generalizable are the experiments?