



# Application Monitoring using Datadog

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# WhiteHedge Technologies

Started 2003 | Focused Agile  
Product Development

Envision Products |  
Convert into businesses

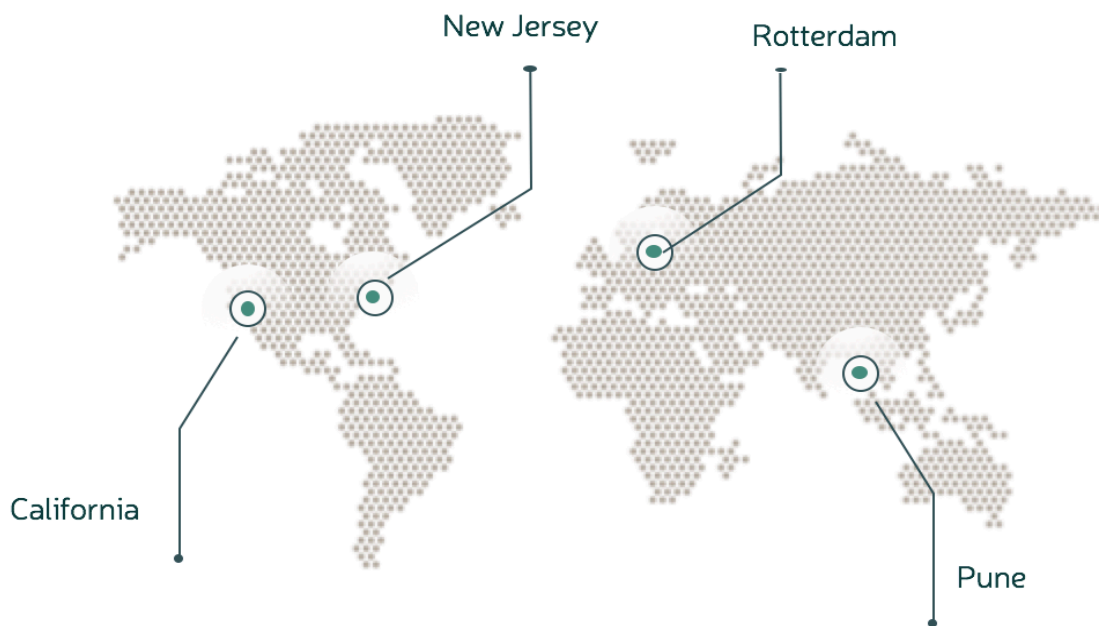
100+ employees | 50+ live  
products world-wide

The best of the Talent and  
Infrastructure

Self funded | Well funded |  
Profitable



## Global Presence



## More about us ...

What defines us ?

- Agile + Flexible
- Thorough + Quick Learner
- Competitive + Comprehensive
- Honest + Transparent
- Young + Mature
- Innovative + Creative

# Application Monitoring

- Ensure that a software application processes and performs in an expected manner and scope

APM

Runtime Metrics

Health of the  
application

Health of  
infrastructure

Provide  
system/application  
feedback

Continuous  
Improvement

# Datadog

- Monitoring as a Service
- Agent Based
- Python
- Integrations
- Dashboards
- Tagging
- Alerts
- Checks



# Environment



redis



docker



Jenkins



mongoDB



ubuntu

# Challenge

- Monitor System Health
- Monitor Redis, MongoDB
- Application (API Server) runs as docker container
- Monitor application performance
- Logging slowed down performance
- Rapid development, No feedback mechanism
- Insight in application needed by management
- Insight needed by support, devops and developers

# Integration Dashboards

## Integration Dashboards

Add Integration +



Name ↑



Amazon – ElastiCache



Amazon SNS



Amazon SQS



AWS



AWS – EBS



Docker



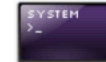
MongoDB – Overview



New Relic – Overview



Redis – Overview



System – Disk I/O

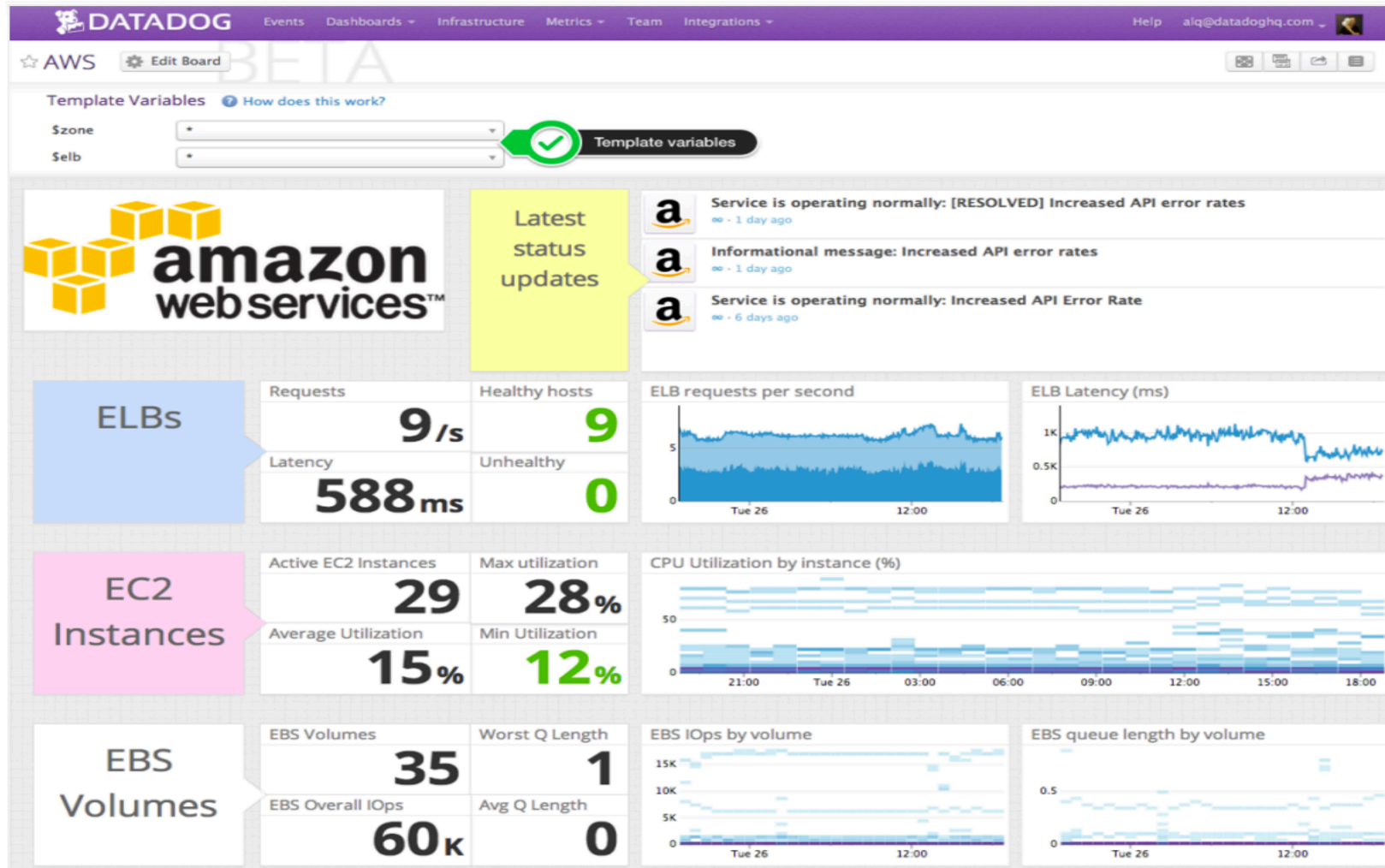


System – Networking



System – Overview

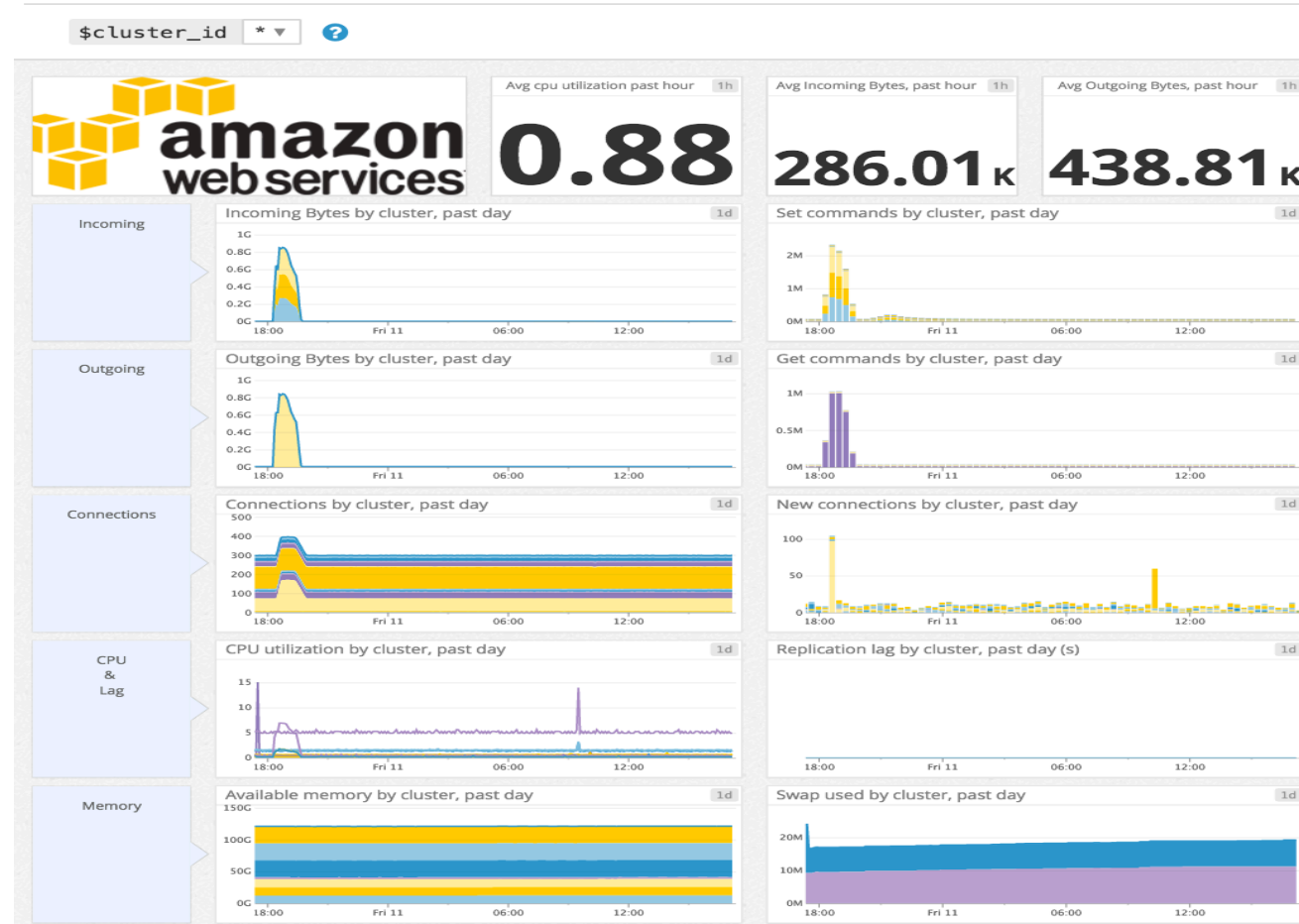
# AWS





# Amazon - ElastiCache

☆ Amazon - ElastiCache



# System Overview

☆ System - Overview



\$scope \* ?

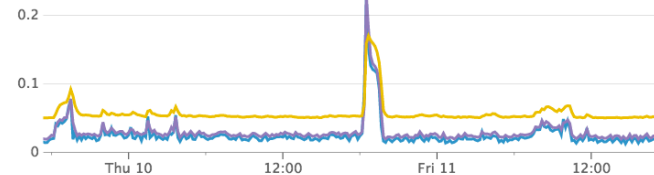
Q \$scope



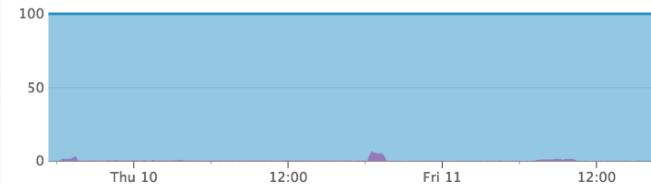
Show 2d The Past 2 Days



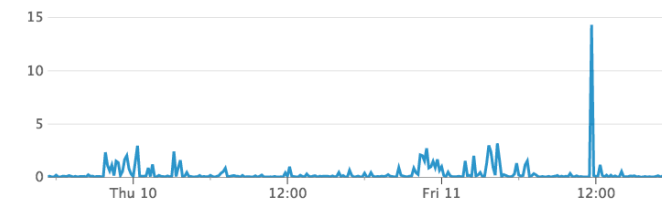
System load



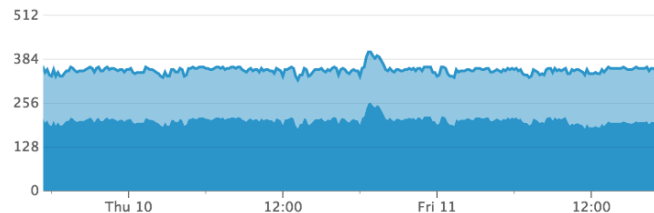
CPU usage (%)



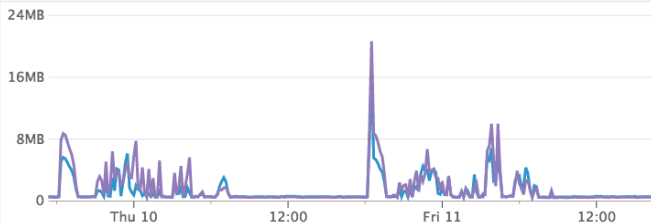
I/O wait (%)



System memory



Network traffic (kb/s)



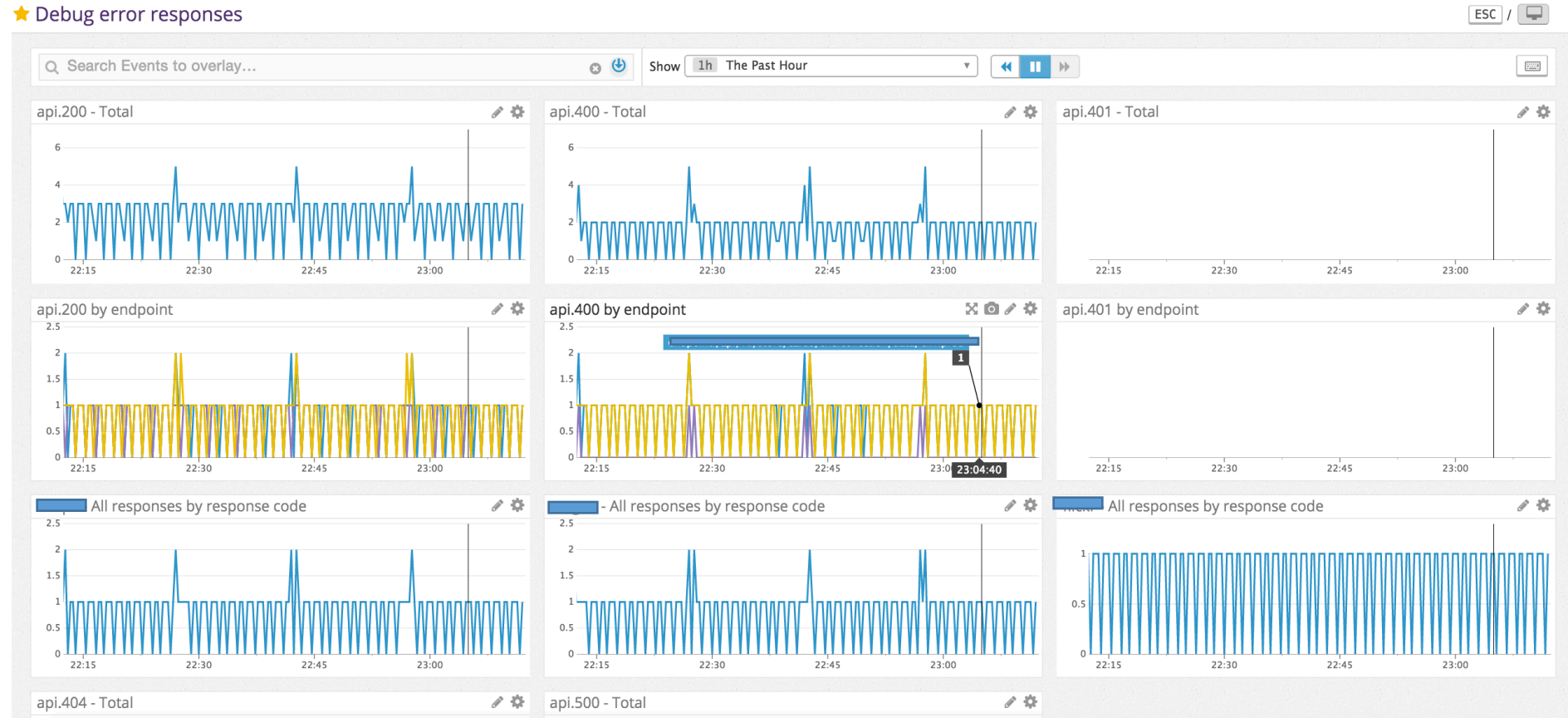
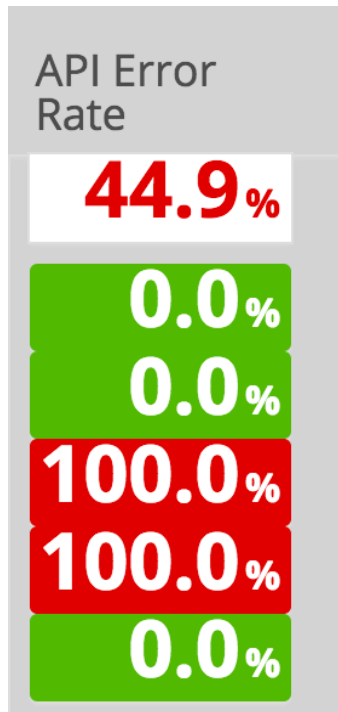
# But...

- How to impress the management?! 😊
- How to deal with X environments and Y versions?
- How to measure performance, without affecting performance?

# Overview Dashboard

	API Response Times (ms)	API Error Rate	Request Count	API Smoke Test	3rd Party Health	3rd Party Rate Limit
Avg	6.9	46.7 %				
Dummy	6.3	0.0 %	8	0	0 <sub>NA</sub>	0.0 %
Dummy	10.1	0.0 %	8	1	1	0.0 %
Dummy	0.0	100.0 %	10	0	0 <sub>NA</sub>	0 <sub>NA</sub>
Dummy	0.0	100.0 %	11	0	0 <sub>NA</sub>	0 <sub>NA</sub>
Dummy	4.6	0.0 %	8	0	0 <sub>NA</sub>	0.0 %
0.12	Requests/Sec	681	Requests Last Hour	17529	Requests Today	
100.0 %	Cache Hits					
<p>*All stats above are based on past 5 min sliding window. 3rd party health stats are based on 1 hour sliding window.</p> <p>*Avg Response times are global avg for all 200 response code</p> <p>*Avg HTTP error rate is the global avg for all requests to the server</p>						

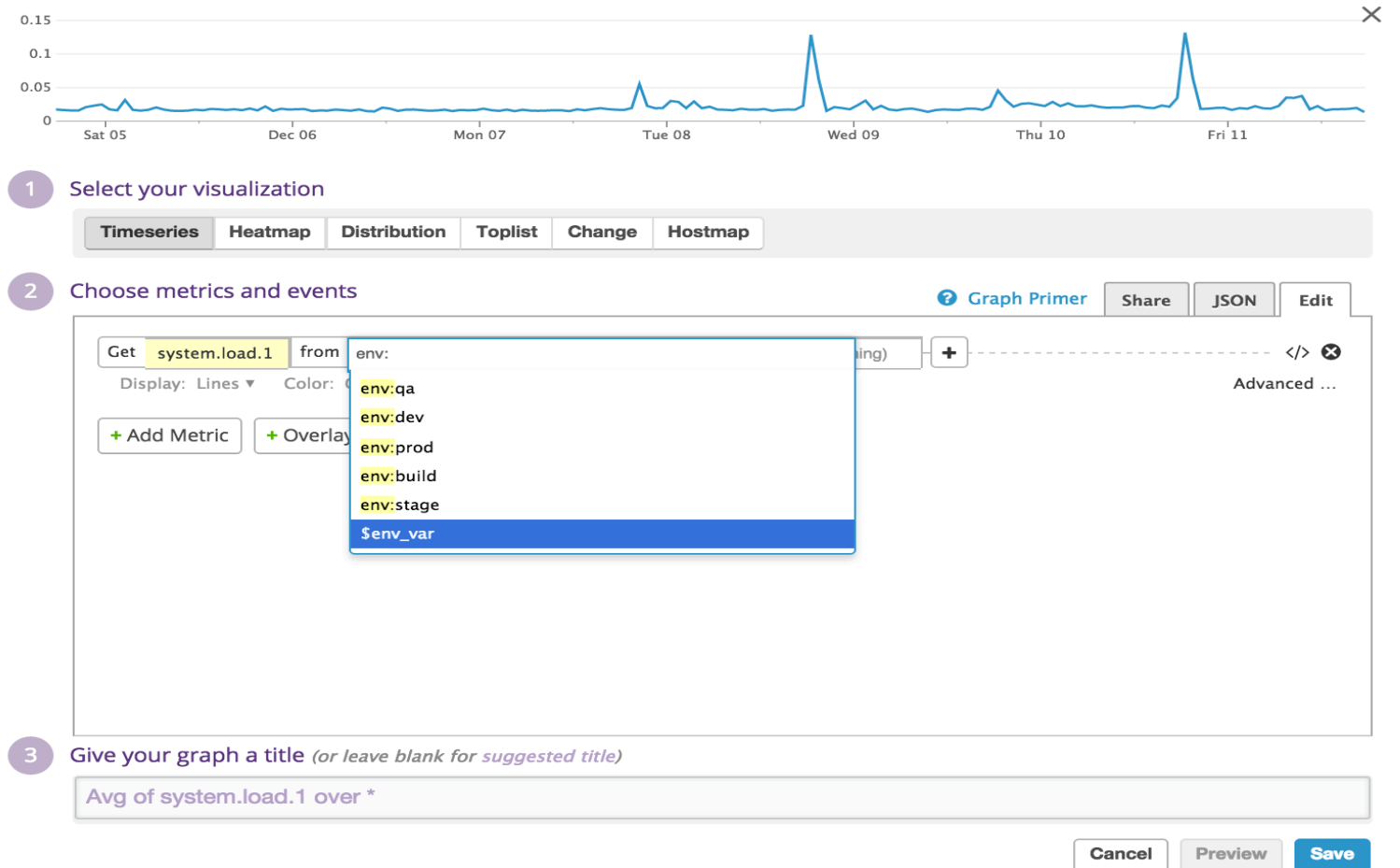
# Debug: API Error Rate



Which endpoint is having more errors? Which error codes are being thrown? Search logs in Loggly if needed.

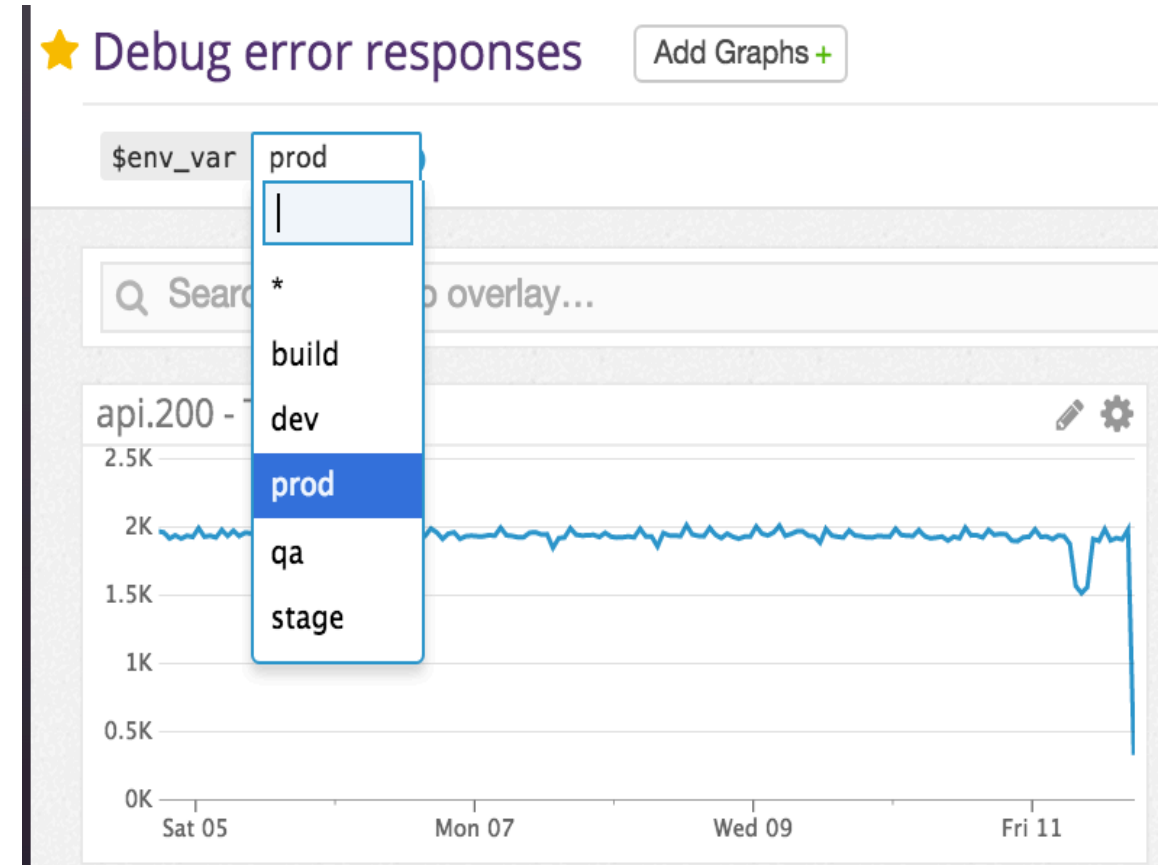
# Datadog Tags

- Inherited from Integrations
- Custom tags



# Templated Dashboards

- Dashboard **variables**
- Dynamically explore metrics



# Datadog API

- We can code:
  - Instance configuration
  - Infrastructure
  - Deployments
- Why not monitoring?!
- Datadog has great API



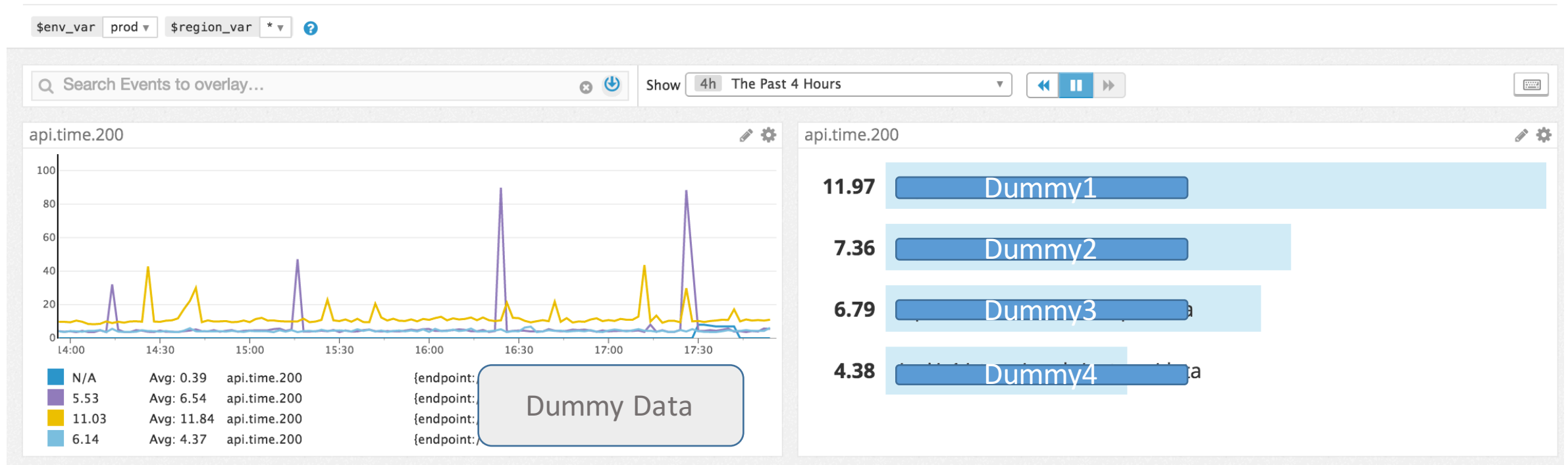
# Datadog module for nodejs

```
1  var StatsD = require('node-dogstatsd').StatsD;  
2  var dogstatsd = new StatsD();  
3  
4  var tag1 = "env:" + process.env.NODE_ENV;  
5  var tag2 = "endpoint:dummy";  
6  
7  dogstatsd.increment("task.hits", 1, [ tag1, tag2 ]);
```

# Measuring http response times from application code

```
1  if (!(api.config.env.isLocal || api.config.env.isTest)) {  
2      var tag1 = "response_code:" + raw.responseHttpCode;  
3      var tag2 = "env:" + process.env.NODE_ENV;  
4      var tag3 = "endpoint:" + raw.parsedURL.pathname;  
5  
6      var metric = raw.parsedURL.pathname;  
7  
8      // Send API metrics (count)  
9      metric = "api." + raw.responseHttpCode;  
10     dogstatsd.increment(metric, 1, [ tag3, tag2 ]);  
11  
12     // Send response times  
13     metric = "api.time." + raw.responseHttpCode;  
14     dogstatsd.gauge(metric, data.duration, [ tag2, tag3 ]);  
15 }
```

# Plot it!



# What about performance while tracking performance?

- Metrics from code are sent to local datadog agent using UDP
- Local datadog agent syncs the metrics to the datadog server
- Datadog dashboard reflects the metrics with some delay
- Application performance does not get affected

# Alerts

API Server is responding very slowly on PROD env on {{host.name}}

Edit

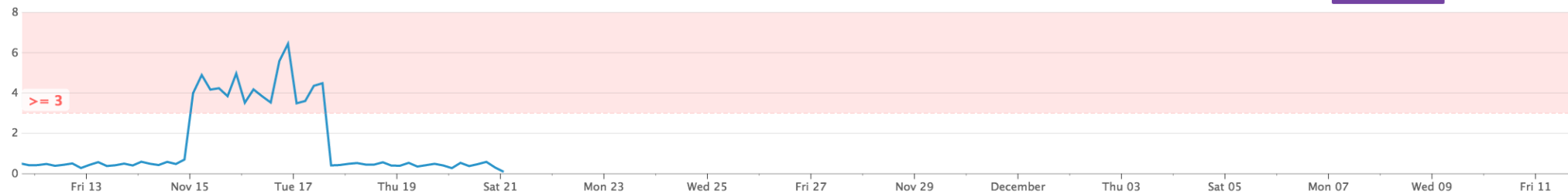
Status

1m The Past Month



Original Data

Monitor View



## 1 Define the metric

Source

Edit

Define the monitor's query.

```
(avg:api.time.400{prod} + sum:api.time.401{prod} + avg:api.time.402{prod} + avg:api.time.409{prod} + avg:api.time.200{prod} + avg:api.time.500{prod} + 0) / 1000
```

## 2 Set alert conditions

Threshold Alert

Change Alert

An alert is triggered whenever a metric crosses a threshold.

Trigger when the metric is  the threshold  during the last

Alert threshold:  (3)

# Datadog Checks

- Collect metrics from datadog agent check
- Out of the box agent checks
- Custom agent checks in Python
- Interesting use cases:
  - Keep alive check (Service is up)
  - Network Check (HTTP, TCP)
  - Validate response for expected data

# Using Datadog we could...

- Monitor dynamic infrastructure
- Monitor system health
- Monitor application availability
- Monitor application performance
- Show application & infra health graphically
- Provide feedback about health of system

# Thank You!

Questions?

We are Authorized Datadog Partners!

You can write to me at:

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Twitter: @muktaa