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% 初始化工作区
clc;
clear;

% 以下7个晶系均按照6行代码实现，具体功能如下：
% 1 - 晶体类型标记
% 2 - 调用函数建立晶系
% 3 - 设定并划分作图区
% 4 - 作图
% 5 - 添加标题
% 6 - 立方化作图坐标
%

% Triclinic Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Triclinic', 5, 'a', 4.0, 'b', 3.0, 'c', 5.0, 'alpha', 1.2 * pi, 'beta', 0.7 * pi, 'gamma', 0.9 * pi);
subplot(2, 4, 1);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Triclinic Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Triclinic Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Monoclinic Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Monoclinic', 5, 'a', 5.0, 'b', 2.0, 'c', 8.0, 'beta', 0.7 * pi);
subplot(2, 4, 2);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Monoclinic Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Monoclinic Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Trigonal Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Trigonal', 5, 'a', 5.0, 'alpha', 0.4 * pi);
subplot(2, 4, 3);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Trigonal Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Trigonal Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Orthorhombic Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Orthorhombic', 5, 'a', 7.0, 'b', 5.0, 'c', 10.0);
subplot(2, 4, 4);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Orthorhombic Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Orthorhombic Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Tetragonal Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Tetragonal', 5, 'a', 5.0, 'c', 8.0);
subplot(2, 4, 5);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Tetragonal Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Tetragonal Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Cubic Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Cubic', 5, 'a', 5.0);
subplot(2, 4, 6);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Cubic Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Cubic Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Hexagonal Lattice
lattice = build_lattice('Hexagonal', 5, 'a', 5.0);
subplot(2, 4, 7);
plot3(lattice(:, 1), lattice(:, 2), lattice(:, 3), 'o', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'g', 'MarkerSize', 10);
title('Hexagonal Lattice');
axis square;
damp_to_rasmol('Hexagonal Lattice.pdb', lattice, 'Cu');

% Function Definition

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% 晶系构造函数
function [lattice] = build_lattice(lattice_name, enlarge_limit, varargin) % MATLAB中varargin标记表明函数接受可变长度形参元胞
% 校验扩增限制
if enlarge_limit < 0
    % 扩增限制为负抛出异常
    error('Invalid enlarge limitation');
end
% 分支不同类型晶系
switch lattice_name
    % 以三斜晶系为例标注代码解释
    case 'Triclinic'
        % 获取主要参数
        try
            a = get_parameter('a');
            b = get_parameter('b');
            c = get_parameter('c');
            alpha = get_parameter('alpha');
            beta = get_parameter('beta');
            gamma = get_parameter('gamma');
        catch
            % 获取失败抛出异常
            error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
        end
        % 初始化主要参数
        % 晶胞原子
        atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
        % 基矢量
        ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
        uy = [b * cos(gamma), b * sin(gamma), 0.0];
        uz = [c * sin(beta), c * sin(alpha), c * cos(beta) * cos(alpha)];
        % 扩增法建立晶系结构
        id = 1;
        for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                    % 确定本次扩增的移动矢量
                    vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                    % 添加原子
                    lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                    id = id + 1;
                end
            end
        end

    case 'Monoclinic'
        try
            a = get_parameter('a');
            b = get_parameter('b');
            c = get_parameter('c');
            beta = 0.7*pi;
        catch
            error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
        end
        atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
        ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
        uy = [0.0, b, 0.0];
        uz = [c * cos(beta), 0.0, c * sin(beta)];
        id = 1;
        for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                    vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                    lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                    id = id + 1;
                end
            end
        end

    case 'Trigonal'
        try
            a = get_parameter('a');

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        alpha = get_parameter('alpha');
    catch
        error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
    end
    atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
    ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
    uy = [a * cos(alpha), a * sin(alpha), 0.0];
    uz = [a * sin(alpha), a * sin(alpha), a * cos(alpha) * cos(alpha)];
    id = 1;
    for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
        for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
            end
        end
    end

case 'Orthorhombic'
    try
        a = get_parameter('a');
        b = get_parameter('b');
        c = get_parameter('c');
    catch
        error('Parameters invalid or not enough')
    end
    atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
    ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
    uy = [0.0, b, 0.0];
    uz = [0.0, 0.0, c];
    id = 1;
    for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
        for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
            end
        end
    end

case 'Tetragonal'
    try
        a = get_parameter('a');
        c = get_parameter('c');
    catch
        error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
    end
    atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
    ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
    uy = [0.0, a, 0.0];
    uz = [0.0, 0.0, c];
    id = 1;
    for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
        for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
            end
        end
    end

case 'Cubic'
    try
        a = get_parameter('a');
    catch
        error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
    end
    atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];

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ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
uy = [0.0, a, 0.0];
uz = [0.0, 0.0, a];
id = 1;
for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
    for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
        for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
            lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
            id = id + 1;
        end
    end
end

case 'Hexagonal'
    try
        a = get_parameter('a');
        try
            c = get_parameter('c');
        catch
            c = a * 1.633;
        end
    catch
        error('Parameters invalid or not enough');
    end
    atom1 = [0.0, 0.0, 0.0];
    atom2 = [0.5 * a, sqrt(3) / 2 * a, 0.0];
    atom3 = [0.0, 2. / sqrt(3) * a, 0.5 * c];
    atom4 = [-0.5 * a, -a / sqrt(3) / 2, 0.5 * c];
    ux = [a, 0.0, 0.0];
    uy = [0.0, sqrt(3) * a, 0.0];
    uz = [0.0, 0.0, c];
    id = 1;
    for i = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
        for j = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
            for k = -enlarge_limit:enlarge_limit
                vector = ux * i + uy * j + uz * k;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom1 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom2 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom3 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
                lattice(id, 1:3) = atom4 + vector;
                id = id + 1;
            end
        end
    end

otherwise
    % 晶格名称错误抛出异常
    error('Invalid lattice name');
end

% 参数获取函数
function result = get_parameter(parameter_name)
    % 参数组中查找并返回指定参数
    result = varargin{find(strcmp(parameter_name, varargin)) + 1};
end

% PDB文件输出函数
function damp_to_rasmol(file_name, lattice, element)
    % 打开文件并存储文件句柄
    file_ID = fopen(file_name, 'w');
    % 定义rasmol可接受的文件格式范例
    rasmol_format_spec = '%-6s%-5d %-4s%-1s%-3s  %-4d%-1s  %-8.3f%-8.3f%-8.3f\n';
    % 遍历输出各个原子
    num = 0;
    for id = 1:length(lattice)
        num = num + 1;
    end

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    fprintf(file_ID, rasmol_format_spec, 'ATOM', num, element, ' ', ' ', 1, ' ', lattice(id, 1), lattice(id, 2), lattice(id, 3));
end
% 关闭文件
fclose(file_ID);
end

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