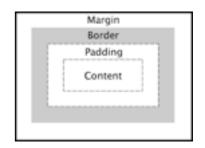


LAYOUT CSS:

clear	left, right, both, none	
float	left, right, none	
display	in line, in line-block, block, none	

BOX MODEL:



DISPLAY:

inline	Make a block-level element act like an inline element.
inline-block	Make a block-level element flow like an inline element, while retaining width, height, padding, and margin.
block	Make an inline element act like a block-level element
none	Hide an element from the page.

HTML5 SECTIONING ELEMENTS

<header></header>	Defines a header for a section or page
<nav></nav>	Defines navigation links
<article></article>	Defines an article
<aside></aside>	Defines content away from the page content
<footer></footer>	Defines a footer for a section or page

CSS:

top right bottom left
margin: 10px 15px 20px 5px;
px value
margin-top 20px;
top right bottom left
padding: 10px 15px 20px 5px;
px value
padding-top: 20px;

border	horder:	<pre>width style color 2px solid black;</pre>
	50. 46.	
border-top		width style color
border-right border-bottom border-left	border-top:	1px solid black;
height		px value
		height: 20px;
width		px value
		width: 200px;

STEPS TO ACHIEVE A MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT:

☐ Make sure each column has a wrapper around it in your HTML
☐ Give a width to each column (preferably in %)
☐ Float each column to left
\square Clear anything underneath your columns i.e. a footer using the CSS clear property (clear: both;)
☐ Add clearfix class to the parent of any floated elements.
☐ Use padding to add space between columns
☐ Add box-sizing: border-box; to everything (use the * CSS selector)

SELECTORS:

ТУРЕ	a {}
DESCENDANT	p a {}
UNIVERSAL	* {}
MULTIPLE	h1, h2 {}
DIRECT CHILD	p > a {}
ADJACENT SIBLING	p + a {}
GENERAL SIBLING	p ~ a {}

CLASSES AND IDS:

```
IDs: IDs are unique
```

Classes: Classes group elements