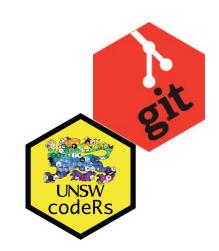


Name	Date modified	Type
analysis_script.R	17/01/2020 16:21	R File
analysis_script_v2.R	17/01/2020 16:21	R File
analysis_script_v3.R	17/01/2020 16:21	R File
analysis_script_final.R	17/01/2020 16:21	R File
analysis_script_final_v2.R	17/01/2020 16:22	R File
analysis_script_definitely_final.R	17/01/2020 16:22	R File
analysis_script_final_for_real.R	17/01/2020 16:22	R File



Assoc. Prof. Daniel Falster Fiona Robinson Dr. Fonti Kar







Workshop overview

1. What's awesome about git and github (10mins)

- 2. Key concepts (10 mins)
- 3. Have a go (20mins)

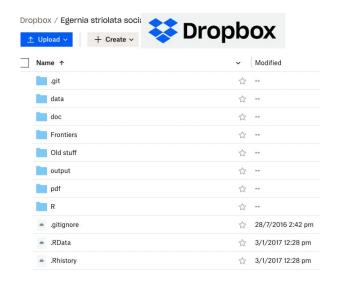
4. Where next

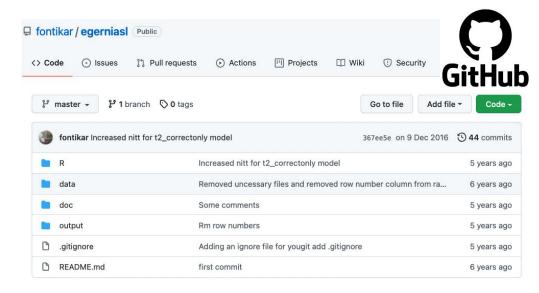


Why use version control with git?

An extra backup

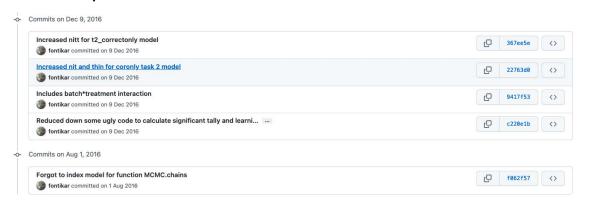






A better backup - Changes are meaningful

Time stamped with notes for **future self**/collaborators





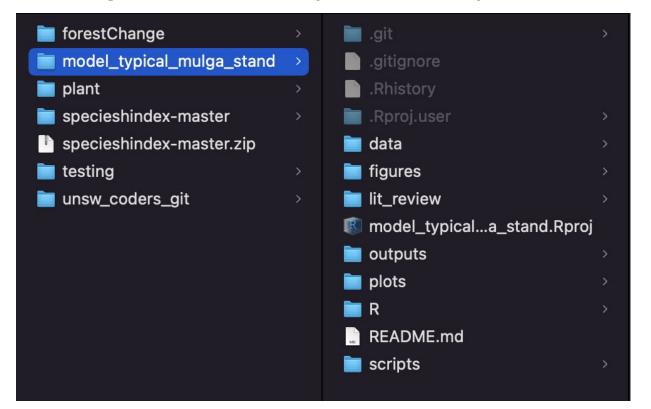
Changes are super easy to spot!

```
Showing 1 changed file with 3 additions and 13 deletions.
                                                                                                                                                                 Unified

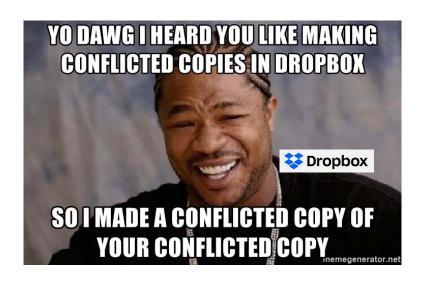
√ 16 ■■■■ R/t2 mcmc.R 「□
               @@ -32,29 +32,19 @@ saveRDS(probcor.1, file="output/t2 probcormod.1")
   32
                 correctonly.1 <- list()
   33
                 for(i in 1:3){
   34
          34
                   set.seed(chains[i])
   35
                   correctonly.1[ii]] <- MCMCqlmm(Choose.only.correct.dish ~ Treatment*Trial+Batch, random = ~us(1+Trial):LizardID, family = "categorical", nitt = 11000
                   correctonly.1[[i]] <- MCMCqlmm(Choose.only.correct.dish ~ Treatment*Trial+Batch, random = ~us(1+Trial):LizardID, family = "categorical", nitt = 50100
          36
   36
   37
          37
```

A better backup - keep current workspace tidy

Code hoarding is allowed, in a very controlled way



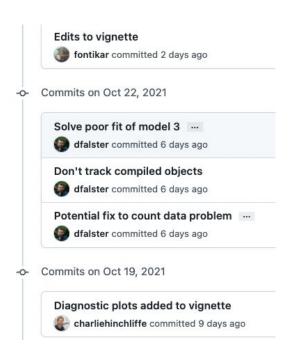
Collaboration -- makes working together easier





Collaboration -- easily combine files

Can see WHAT is changed by WHO and WHEN





Collaboration -- easily reconcile differences

Files have a **conflict?** Git says **fix it now, not later**

```
$ git status
> # On branch main
> # Your branch and 'origin/main' have diverged,
> # and have 1 and 2 different commits each, respectively.
> # (use "git pull" to merge the remote branch into yours)
> # You have unmerged paths.
> # (fix conflicts and run "git commit")
> #
```

git will tell you **where** the conflict is

```
If you have questions, please
<<<<< HEAD
open an issue
======
ask your question in IRC.
>>>>> branch-a
```

Make your work reproducible



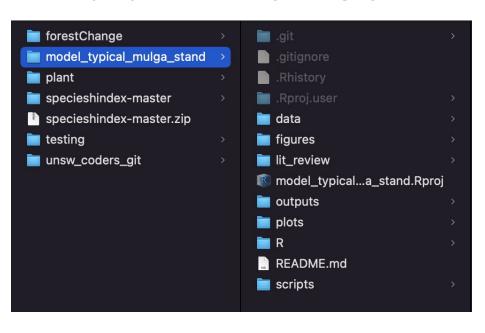
- Hub to openly store + share your code
- Full trail from start to finish.
- Instills confidence in readers/reviewers
- Enforces good habits

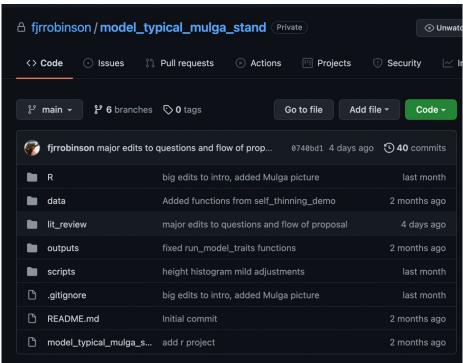
noise-phenomena compendium unch binder build passing DOI 10.5281/zenodo.1219780 A compendium of code, data, and author's manuscript accompanying the publication: Carl Boettiger 6. From noise to knowledge: how randomness generates novel phenomena and reveals information. Published in Ecology Letters, 22 May 2018 https://doi.org/10.1111/ele.13085 Overview This repository is organized as a reproducible research compendium. Click the launch binder button above to explore in an interactive RStudio session. Binder uses rocker-project.org Docker images to ensure a consistent and reproducible computational environment. These Docker images can also be used locally. An Rmd notebook and associated pdf for Appendix A can be found in appendix A. This notebook includes explanations and code necessary for all of the numerical examples discussed in the paper. It should also provide a useful starting point for extending and exploring these models with other parameters Or to explore the code locally, clone or download this repository into RStudio or your preferred environment and install the compendium by running devtools::install(). To install additional dependencies used only in formatting the figures, use devtools::install(dep=TRUE) This compendium is checked by Travis-CI continuous integration. Click the build passing button for details. https://github.com/cboettig/noise-phenomena

Key concepts in git

repository

Your project directory/filing system

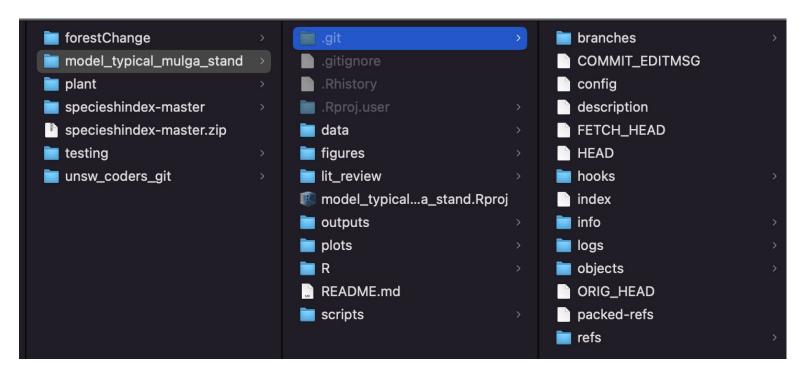




Local copy

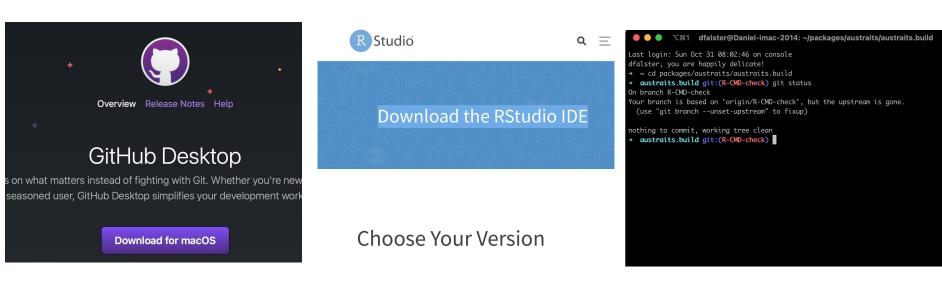
Github

git -> .git folder



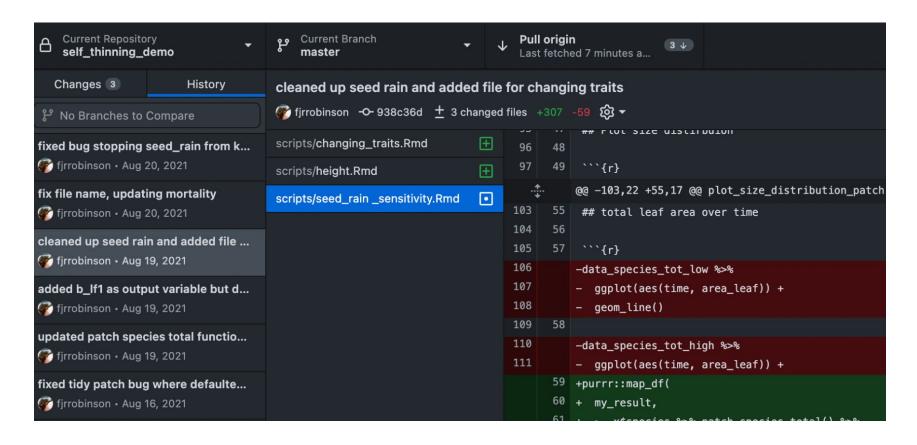
Multiple interfaces to git

All looks different, but the concepts are the same! Usability and number of functions available do vary

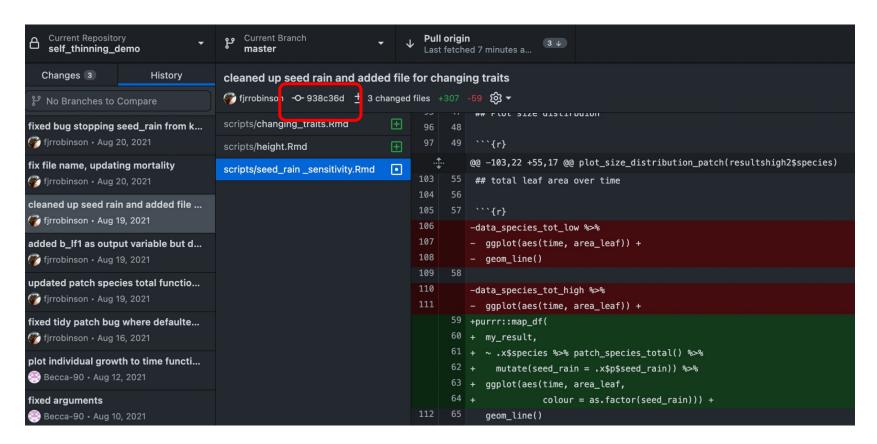


We will use this one today!

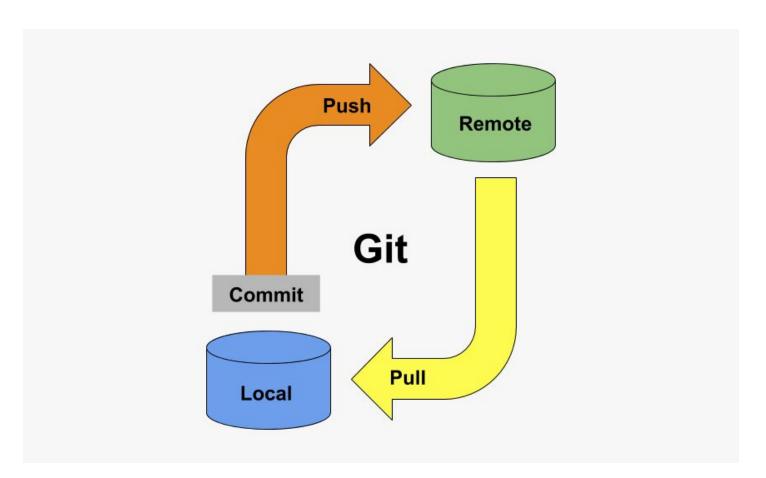
Commits → tree



hash



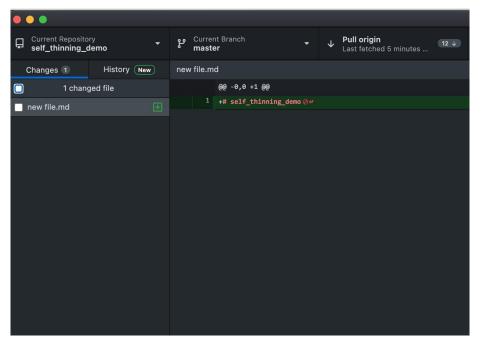
Push and Pull



What to track and ignore?

You need to actively add files

You can ignore files with .gitignore



```
gitignore
# History files
.Rhistory
.Rapp.history
# Session Data files
.RData
# User-specific files
.Ruserdata
# Example code in package build process
*-Ex.R
# Output files from R CMD build
/*.tar.gz
# Output files from R CMD check
/*.Rcheck/
# RStudio files
 .Rproj.user/
```

Ready to git with it?

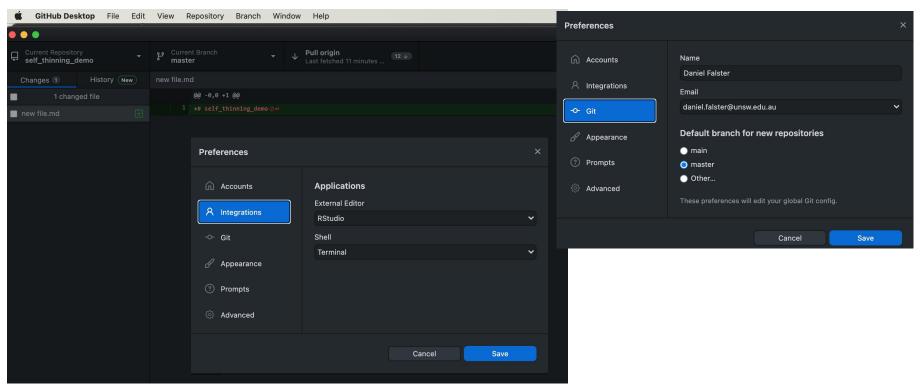
Our slightly ambitious plan

- 1. Sign into github & github desktop
- 2. Create a new local repo
- 3. Push to github
- 4. Collaborate
- 5. Where to from here?

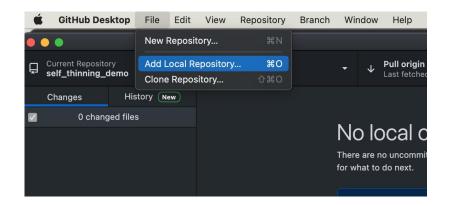


Sign into Github Desktop

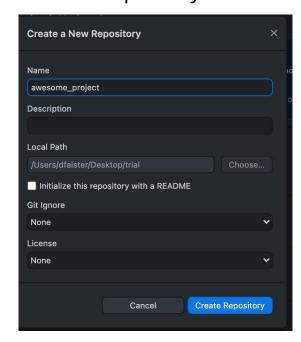
Check preferences



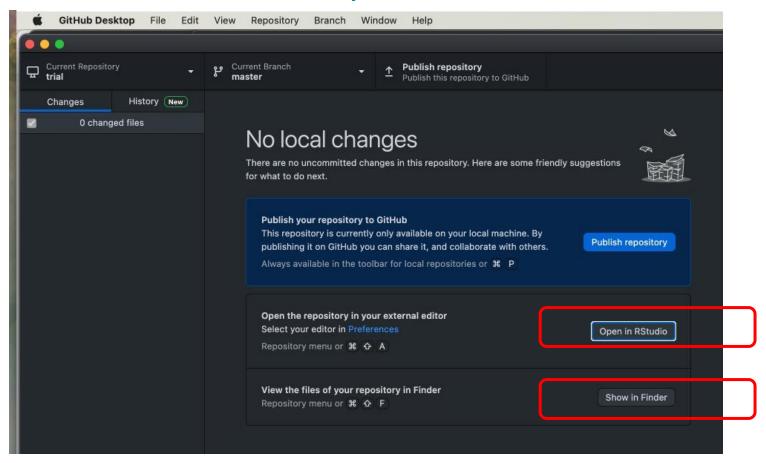
Create a new local repo



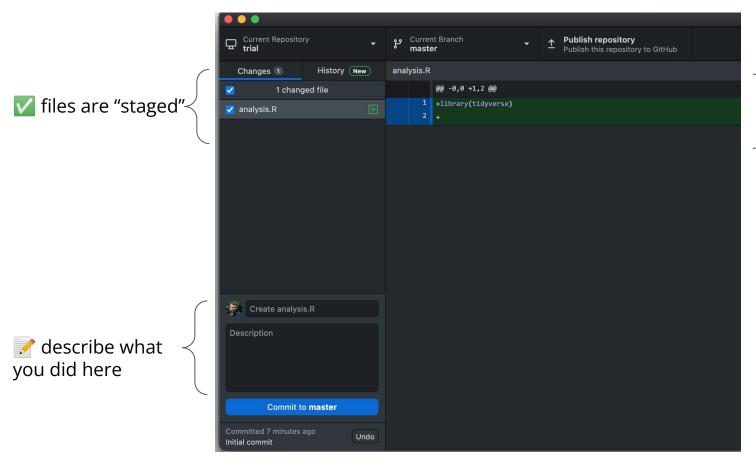
Creates repo on your machine



Open in Rstudio



Add (edit) file, commit, repeat

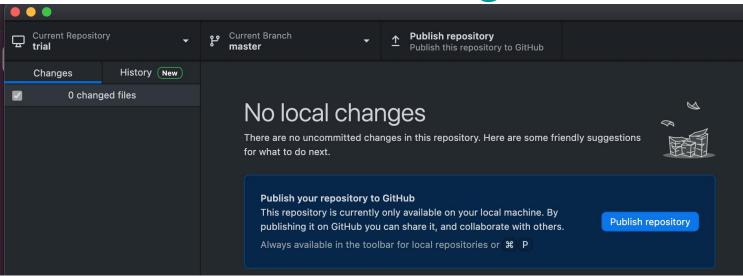


See what part of your file is changed*

*only works for plain text files. (.txt, .R, .RMD) - not .docx

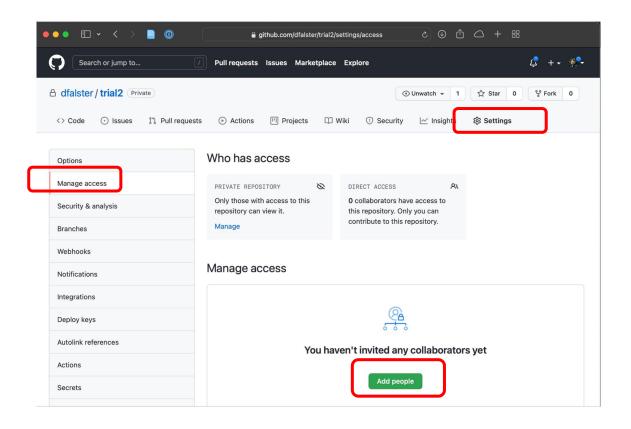
Ready to collaborate?

Push to github

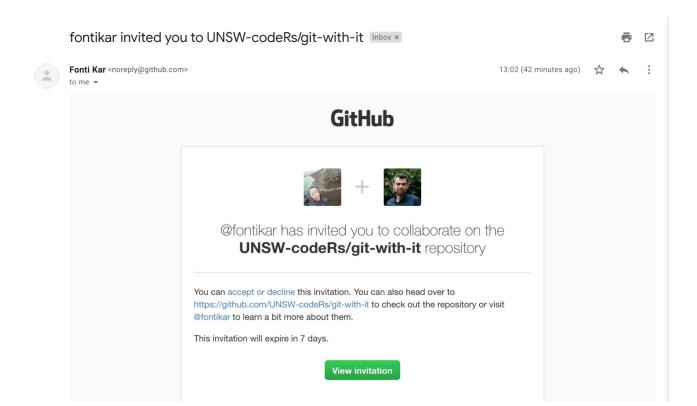


Repository	Branch	Window
Push		
Pull		企業 P
Remove		∺≪
View on GitH	ub	企業 G
Open in Term	ninal	
Show in Find	er	ΰЖF
Open in RStu	dio	☆器 A
Create Issue	on GitHub	
Repository S	ettings	

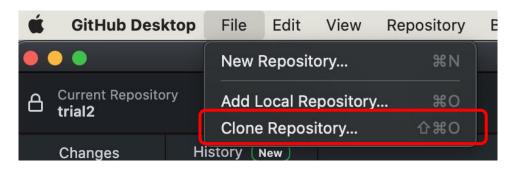
Invite someone to edit your repo

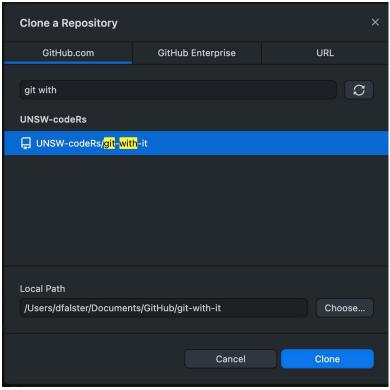


Accept invite



Now clone



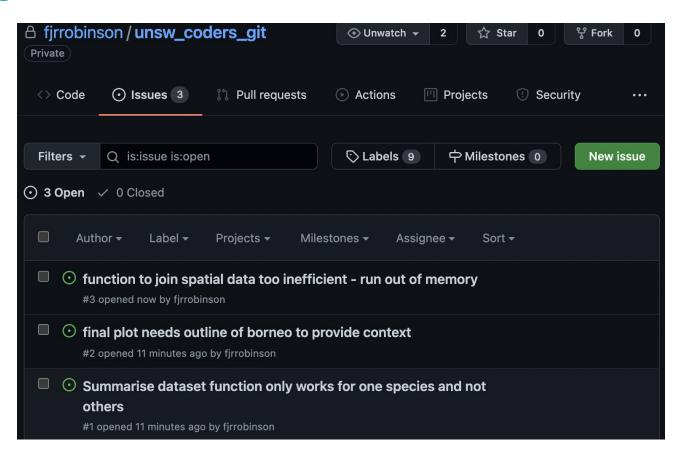


Where to next?

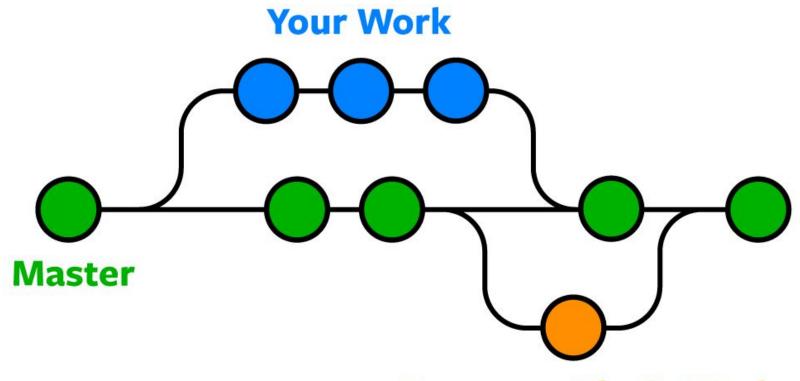
In case of fire

- **- ○-** 1. git commit
- 2. git push
- 3. leave building

Issues



Branches



Someone Else's Work

Resources

- Official git documentation:: https://git-scm.com
- Github desktop: https://docs.github.com/en/desktop
- Git via Rstudio: <u>https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/200532077-Version-C</u> ontrol-with-Git-and-SVN
- https://jennybc.github.io/2014-05-12-ubc/ubc-r/session03_git.html

Using Git with RStudio

Git allows groups of people to work on the same documents (often code) at the same time, and without stepping on each other's toes. It's a distributed version control system.

(cribbed from tryGit)

Intro to practical version control for scientists

These slides are courtesy of Bernhard Konrad.

https://happygitwithr.com/install-intro.html#install-intro

