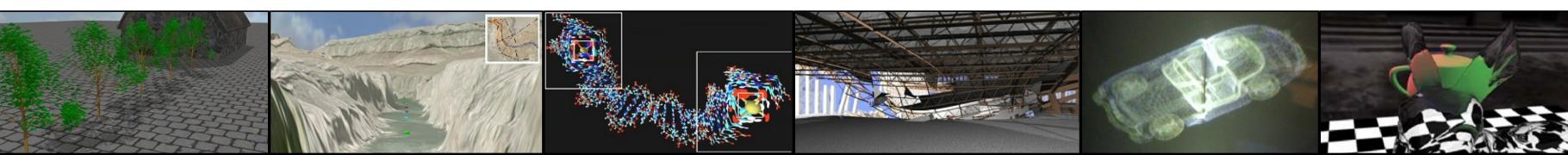
CIS 4930/6930-002 DATA VISUALIZATION



Histograms & Correlation

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HISTOGRAMS

Bar chart-based visualization that allows evaluating distribution of values.



Given: $X = \{x_0, ..., x_n\}$ Select: k bins

 $bin_i=k * (x_i - min X) / (max X - min X)$



$$X=\{1,2.5,3,4\}$$

k = 3



$$X=\{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

 $k=3$



$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$bin_i = floor(k*(x_i - min X) / (max X - min X))$$



$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$bin_i = floor(3 * (x_i - 1) / (4 - 1))$$

1 2 3 4 | J



$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$I \rightarrow floor(3*(I-I)/(4-I)) = Bin 0$$





$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

2.5 -> floor(
$$3*(2.5-1)/(4-1)$$
) = Bin I





$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$3 \rightarrow floor(3 * (3 - 1) / (4 - 1)) = Bin 2$$





$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$4 \rightarrow floor(3 * (4 - 1) / (4 - 1)) = Bin 3?$$





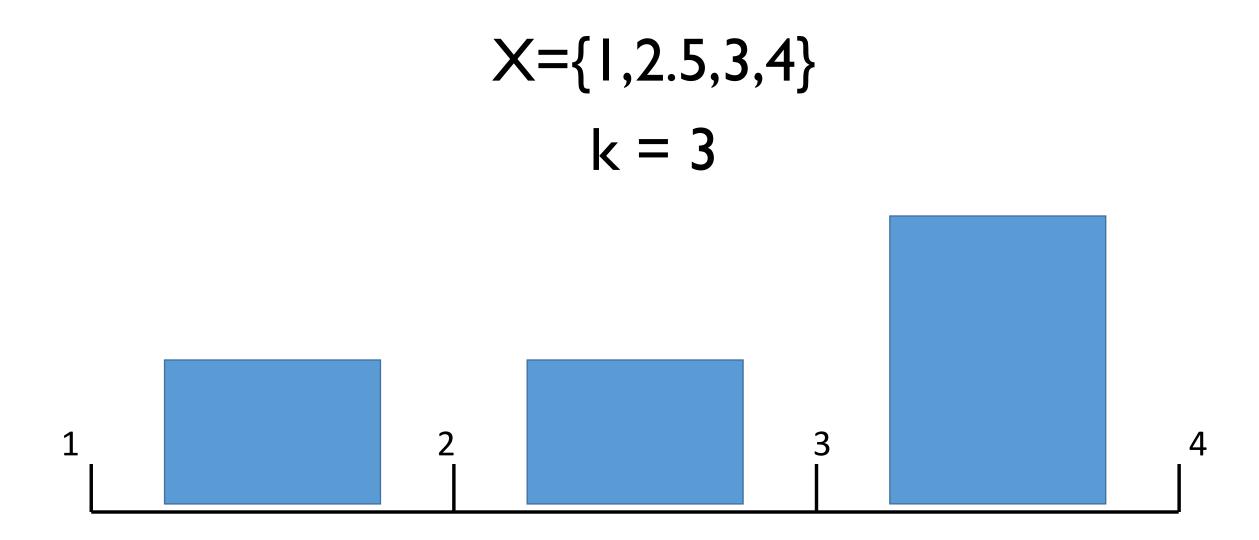
$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4\}$$

k = 3

$$4 \rightarrow floor(3 * (4 - 1) / (4 - 1)) = Bin 2$$





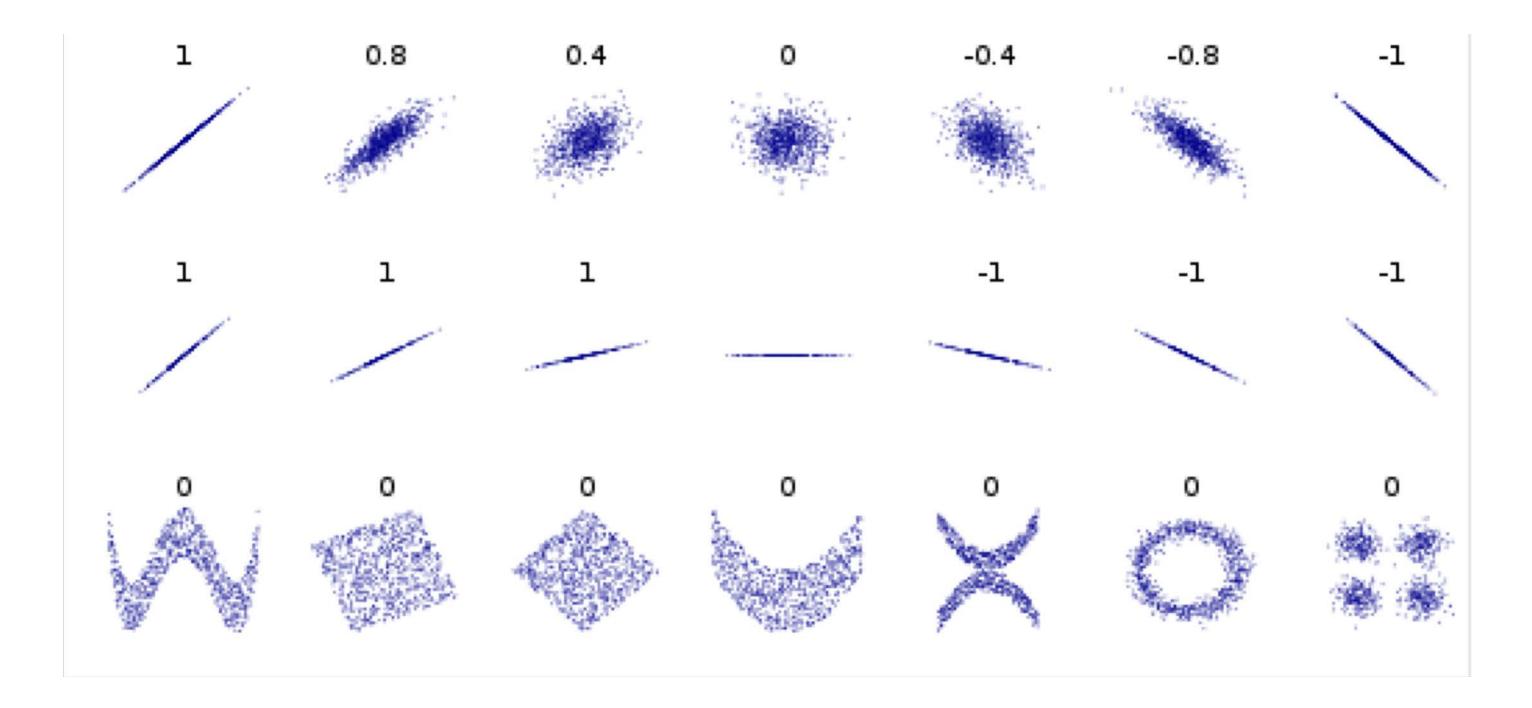




PEARSON CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

A measure of the linearity between 2 sets







$$ho_{X,Y} = rac{\mathrm{cov}(X,Y)}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y}$$

where:

- cov is the covariance
- ullet σ_X is the standard deviation of X
- ullet σ_Y is the standard deviation of Y



$$r = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i - ar{x})(y_i - ar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(x_i - ar{x})^2}\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n}(y_i - ar{y})^2}}$$

where:

- ullet n, x_i, y_i are defined as above
- $oldsymbol{ar{x}} = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ (the sample mean); and analogously for $ar{y}$



Given:
$$X = \{x_0, ..., x_n\}, Y = \{y_0, ..., y_n\}$$

Calculate mean(X), mean(Y), stdev(X), stdev(Y)

$$mean(X) = \bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$$

$$stdev(X) = \sigma_X = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}\sum_{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}}$$

$$r = rac{1}{n} rac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - ar{x})(y_i - ar{y})}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y}$$



$$X = \{1,2.5,3,4.5\}$$

 $Y = \{2,2.5,3.5,4\}$

$$mean(X) = 2.75, mean(Y) = 3$$

stdev(X)= sqrt(
$$(1-2.75)^2 + (2.5-2.75)^2 + (3-2.75)^2 + (4.5-2.75)^2 / 4$$
) = 1.25
stdev(Y)= sqrt($(2-3)^2 + (2.5-3)^2 + (3.5-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 / 4$) = 0.79



$$X = \{1,2.5,3,4.5\}$$

 $Y = \{2,2.5,3.5,4\}$

mean(X) =
$$2.75$$
, mean(Y) = 3
stdev(X)= 1.25 , stdev(Y)= 0.79

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (1 - 2.75)(2 - 3) + (2.5 - 2.75)(2.5 - 3) + (3 - 2.75)(3.5 - 3) + (4.5 - 2.75)(4 - 3)$$

$$= \frac{3.75}{4} = 0.94$$



$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4.5\}$$

 $Y = \{2, 2.5, 3.5, 4\}$

mean(X) = 2.75, mean(Y) = 3
stdev(X)= 1.25, stdev(Y)= 0.79
$$Cov(X,Y)= 0.94$$

$$r = 0.94 / (1.25 * 0.79) = 0.95$$



Spearman Rank Correlation

$$X = \{1, 2.5, 3, 4.5\}$$

 $Y = \{2, 3.5, 2.5, 4\}$

$$X' = rank(X)$$

$$Y' = rank(Y)$$

$$SRC = PCC(X', Y')$$



$$X' = rank(X)$$

 $X' = \{ rank(I), rank(2.5), rank(3), rank(4.5) \}$
 $X' = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$





