

DTA Simulation Model

Project Experience:

TRPC - Smart Corridors Project

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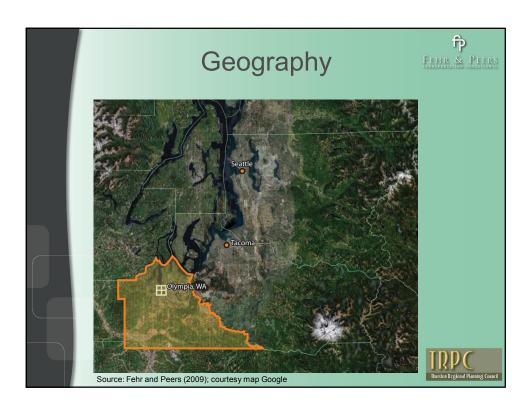


Overview



- Thurston Regional Planning Council (TRPC) is an intergovernmental board made up of local government jurisdictions within Thurston County in Washington State
- County has an area of 727 sq miles and a population of 245,300
- The county is the home of the State's Capitol, City of Olympia
- The county's population is expected to be 373,000 in 2030



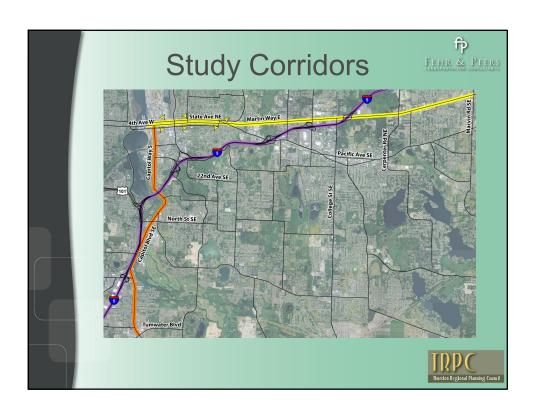


Project Background



- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) grant
- TRPC policy makers decided to focus on two strategic corridors
- Best options to reduce PM10 in support of their ITS architecture
 - coordinated signal timing and optimization
 - transit signal priority (TSP)
- Two strategic corridors were chosen from the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) that are problematic for Intercity Transit's on-time performance goals





Project Objectives



- To improve multi-modal transportation operations on the two corridors
- To evaluate signal coordination and optimization
- To evaluate transit signal priority
- To integrate arterial/freeway management
- To reduce PM10 (particulate matter) emissions in the corridors.



Why DTA Model?



- TRPC's Travel Demand Model has limitations as any other 4-step model
- TRPC wants a tool that will help them evaluate ITS options and study operational characteristics
- Regional concept of traffic operations and to develop a model for the county with DTA for the benefit of jurisdictions



DTA Model Development



- **NETWORK**
- TRIP TABLES
- INTERSECTION CONTROLS
- INTERSECTION GEOMETRY
- VALIDATION & CALIBRATION





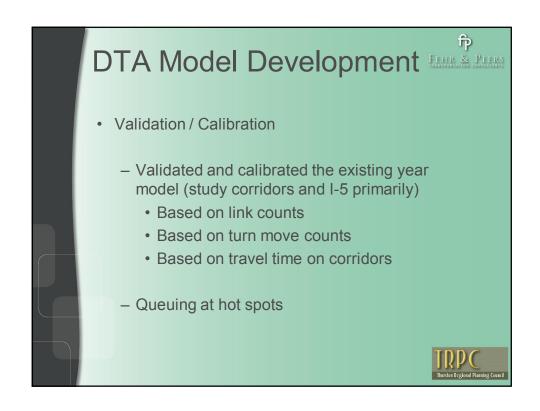
- **NETWORK**
 - Entire network brought into DTA model from Travel Demand
 - Refined the network to add missing intersections on the
 - Modified all centroid connectors for the zones around two corridors to reflect field conditions
 - Verified link attributes
 - Network properties in DTA model:
 - 800 centroids
 - 2500 regular nodes
 - 8000 links
 - 20 transit lines (study corridors only)
- TRIP TABLES
 - Trip tables brought from Travel Demand Model
 - The modes are SOV, HOV & Truck

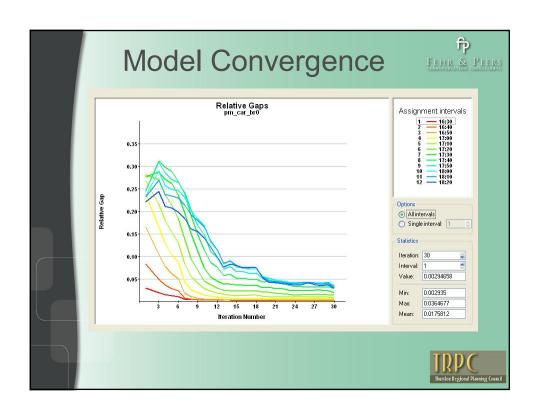


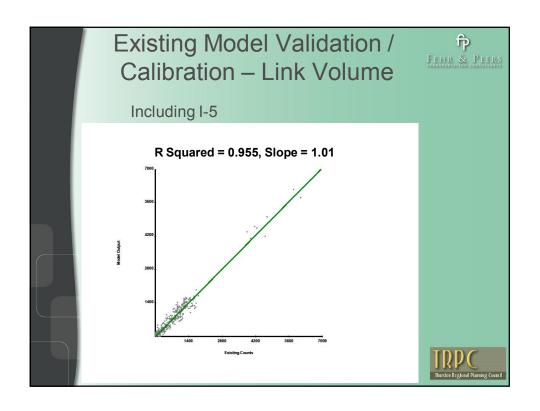


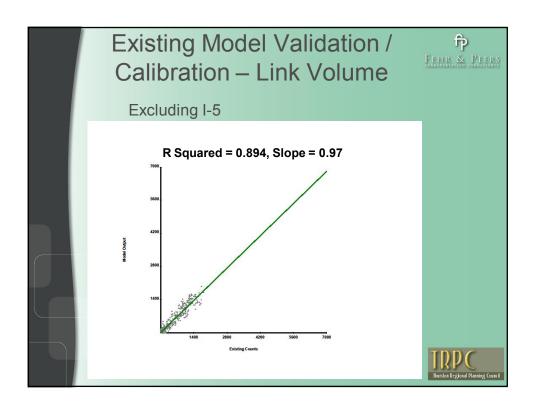
- INTERSECTION CONTROLS
 - Coded on two study corridors first
 - For all the intersections within the buffer zone of a few blocks from the corridors
 - 81 signals & 67 stopped controls
- INTERSECTION GEOMETRY
 - Approaches to the intersections were modified to reflect field conditions
 - Added right and left turn lane pockets where needed

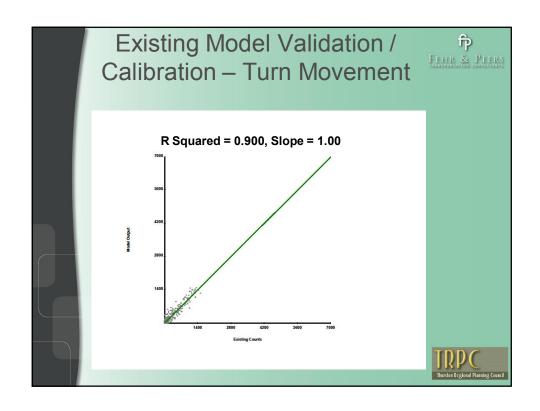


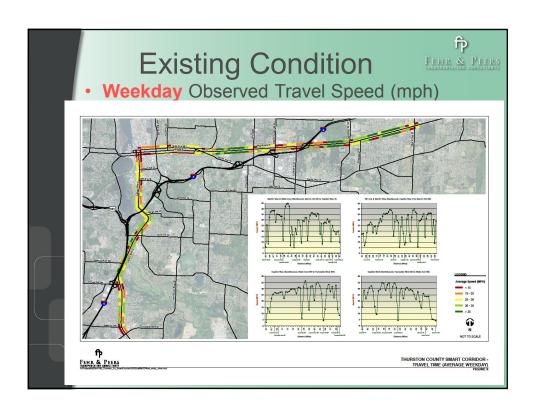


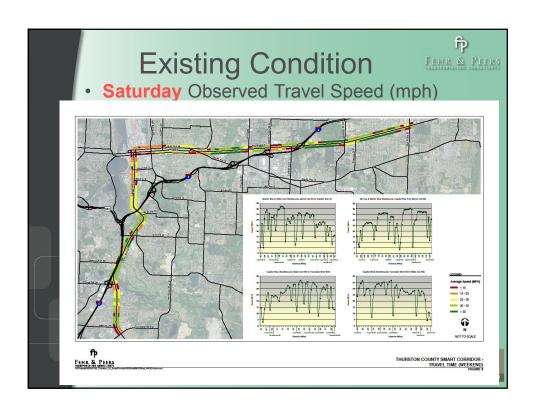


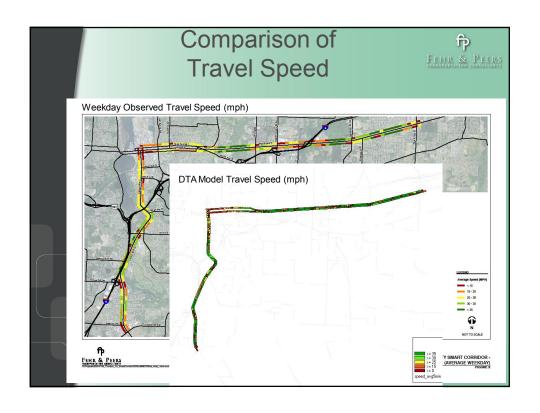


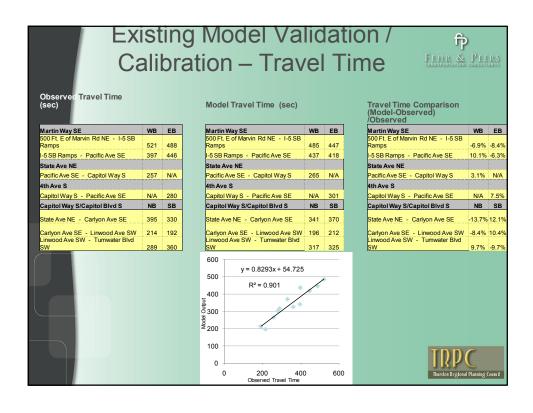


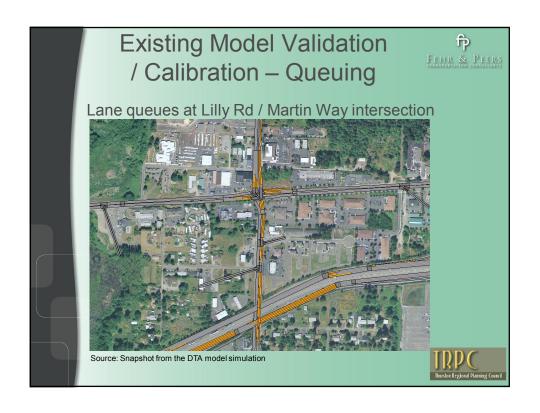












Why DTA Model??



- More realistic traffic simulation
 - Lane based simulation
 - Traffic congestion / queuing
 - Intersection delays
- Region-wide traffic operation model
- Hot spot identification
- Corridor analysis
- Incident management
- · Work zone analysis
- Evacuation plan



Comparison of FEHR & PEERS **Speed Output DTA Model Travel Demand Model** Total Link Volume Total Link Volume per hour Link Congested Speed (mph) Link Congested Speed (mph) Total (One Hour) Speed<=5 5,450 Speed<=5 5<Speed<=10 20,719 5<Speed<=10 10<Speed<=15 18,250 10<Speed<=15 1,711 15<Speed<=20 15,858 15<Speed<=20 20<Speed<=25 17,720 67,544 20<Speed<=25 25<Speed<=30 65,538 30<Speed<=35 16,089 30<Speed<=35 94,199 35<Speed 85,330 35<Speed

