The ebproofx package ebproof extended

Jay Lee*

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1 Introduction

The ebproofx package provides an ergonomic and scalable interface for typesetting proof trees. However, it has been a long-standing issue to stack hypotheses using ebproof.

This is an extended work of ebproof that allows users to stack multiple hypotheses vertically¹. It generalizes \infer to accept a comma-separated list of integers, and a single integer works as well. Moreover, I believe this will reduce, if not resolve, a need to make ebproof compatible with the mathpartir environment².

In addition, it provides a wrapper environment InfRule that typesets the rule names more space-efficiently. Here is an example³:

```
\label{eq:local_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_cont
```

The web page of the project is at https://github.com/Zeta611/ebproofx.

^{*}E-mail: jaeho.lee@snu.ac.kr

¹https://framagit.org/manu/ebproof/issues/7, https://tex.stackexchange.com/q/530939

³This example is taken from *Types and Programming Languages* by Benjamin C. Pierce.

2 Environments

Here we only explain the newly introduced environment InfRule. Consult the documentation of ebproof for other environments.

This typesets the rule described by the $\langle statements \rangle$. The $\langle alignment \rangle$ provides an alignment specifier for the rule name $\langle name \rangle - 1$ for left, r for right, and c for center are available. 1 is the default alignment specifier.

```
 \begin{array}{c} \text{\label{local_continuity}} & \text{\local_continuity} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1: T_{11} \rightarrow T_{12} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2: T_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1: t_2: T_{12}} & \text{\local_continuity} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1: T_{11} \rightarrow T_{12} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_2: T_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1: T_{12}: T_{12}} & \text{\local_continuity} \\ \text{\local_continuity} & \text{\local_continuity} \\ \text{\\local_continuity} & \text{\local_continuity} \\ \text{\\loc
```

3 Statements

Here we only explain the extended statement \infer. Consult the documentation of ebproof for other statements.

```
\label{label} $$ \inf { \sigma(\sigma)} {\langle arities \rangle}[{\langle abel \rangle}]{\langle text \rangle} $$
```

The statement \infer builds an inference step by taking some proof trees from the top of the stack, assembling them with a rule joining their conclusions and putting a new conclusion below. The $\langle arities \rangle$ are the comma-separated list of sub-proofs, it may be a list of any number including 0 (in this case there will be a line above the conclusion but no sub-proof). A single number is also accepted, as the original \infer command from the ebproof package. If $\langle label \rangle$ is present, it is used as the label on the right of the inference line; it is equivalent to using the right label option.⁴

```
\begin{prooftree}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 1}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 2}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 3}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 4}
                           \inf\{3,1\}{\Gamma\{0\}}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 5}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 6}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 7}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 8}
\Gamma + 12345678910
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 9}
                           \inf\{2,1,2\}\{\operatorname{Samma} \ \ 56789\}
                           \hypo{\Gamma \vdash 10}
                           \infer{2,1}{\Gamma \vdash 12345678910}
                         \end{prooftree}
```

 $^{^4}$ This paragraph is largely taken from the original ebproof package documentation word-by-word.

A Implementation

A.1 Parameters

We first declare all options.

```
9 \bool_new:N \l__ebproofx_updown_bool
10 \keys_define:nn { ebproofx } {
center .bool_set:N = \l__ebproofx_center_bool,
proof~style .choice: ,
proof~style / upwards .code:n = \bool_set_false:N \l__ebproofx_uprown_bool,
proof~style / downwards .code:n = \bool_set_true:N \l__ebproofx_updown_bool,
15 separation .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_separation_dim,
rule~margin .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_margin_dim,
rule~thickness .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_thickness_dim,
_{18} rule~separation .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_separation_dim,
rule~dash~length .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_dash_length_dim,
20 rule~dash~space .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_dash_space_dim,
rule~code .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_rule_code_tl,
22 rule~style .choice:,
23 template .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_template_tl,
24 left~template .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_left_template_tl,
25 right~template .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_right_template_tl,
26 left~label .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_left_label_tl,
27 right~label .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_right_label_tl,
28 left~label~template .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_left_label_template_tl,
29 right~label~template .tl_set:N = \l__ebproofx_right_label_template_tl,
30 label~separation .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_label_separation_dim,
31 label~axis .dim_set:N = \l__ebproofx_label_axis_dim,
32 }
```

\ebproofxnewrulestyle

We then define the document-level macro \ebproofxnewrulestyle and use it to define the default styles. This simply consists in defining a meta-key.

```
33 \NewDocumentCommand \ebproofxnewrulestyle { mm } {
34  \keys_define:nn { ebproofx } {
35    rule~style / #1 .meta:nn = { ebproofx } { #2 }
36  }
37 }
```

 $(\textit{End of definition for } \verb|\ensuremath{'}| \texttt{ebproofxnewrulestyle}. \textit{ This function is documented on page \ref{eq:constraints}.)$

The styles simple, no rule and double are defined in a straightforward way.

```
38 \ebproofxnewrulestyle { simple } {
39    rule~code = { \tex_hrule:D height \l__ebproofx_rule_thickness_dim }
40 }
41 \ebproofxnewrulestyle { no~rule } {
42    rule~code =
```

```
43 }
44 \ebproofxnewrulestyle { double } {
55    rule~code = {
66        \tex_hrule:D height \l__ebproofx_rule_thickness_dim
67        \skip_vertical:N \l__ebproofx_rule_separation_dim
68        \tex_hrule:D height \l__ebproofx_rule_thickness_dim
69    }
60 }
```

The dashed style uses leaders and filling for repeating a single dash. We use TeX primitives that have no LTeX3 counterpart for this.

```
51 \ebproofxnewrulestyle { dashed } {
    rule~code = {
53
      \hbox_to_wd:nn { \tex_hsize:D } {
54
        \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim { \l__ebproofx_rule_dash_space_dim / 2 }
55
        \skip_horizontal:n { -\l_tmpa_dim }
        \tex_cleaders:D \hbox:n {
          \skip_horizontal:N \l_tmpa_dim
          \tex_vrule:D
            height \l__ebproofx_rule_thickness_dim
            width \l__ebproofx_rule_dash_length_dim
          \skip_horizontal:N \l_tmpa_dim
        } \tex_hfill:D
        \skip_horizontal:n { -\l_tmpa_dim }
64
    }
65
66 }
```

Now we can define the default values, including the default rule style.

```
67 \keys_set:nn { ebproofx } {
    center = true,
    proof~style = upwards,
   separation = 1.5em,
  rule~margin = .7ex,
  rule~thickness = .4pt,
   rule~separation = 2pt,
   rule^{dash^{length}} = .2em,
   rule~dash~space = .3em,
   rule~style = simple,
    template = $\inserttext$,
    left~template = $\inserttext\mathrel{}$,
    right~template = $\mathrel{}\inserttext$,
    left^{label} = ,
    right^{label} = ,
    left~label~template = \inserttext,
    right^{label^{template}} = \inserttext,
    label~separation = 0.5em,
    label~axis = 0.5ex
85
86 }
```

\ebproofxnewstyle Defining a style simply means defining a meta-key.

```
% NewDocumentCommand \ebproofxnewstyle { mm } {
% \keys_define:nn { ebproofx } { #1 .meta:n = { #2 } }
% }
```

A.2 Proof boxes

TeX does not actually provide data structures, so we have to encode things. We provide an allocator for "registers" holding boxes with attributes. Such a register consists in a box register and a property list for marks, which maps mark names to values as explicit dimensions with units.

__ebproofx_new:N

Using only public interfaces forces a convoluted approach to allocation: we use a global counter \g_ebproofx_register_int to number registers, then each allocation creates registers named \S_ebproofx_K_N where S is the scope of the register (local or global, deduced from the argument), K is the kind of component (box or marks) and N is the identifier of the register. The proof box register itself only contains the identifier used for indirection.

```
90 \int_new:N \g__ebproofx_register_int
91 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_box:N {
    \t \t item:nn { #1 } { 2 } \_ebproofx\_ \tl\_use:N #1 \_box
92
93 }
94 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_marks:N {
    \str_item:nn { #1 } { 2 } __ebproofx_ \tl_use:N #1 _prop
96 }
97 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_new:N {
    \tl new:N #1
    \int_gincr:N \g__ebproofx_register_int
    \str_if_eq:eeTF { \str_item:nn { #1 } { 2 } } { g }
      { \tl_gset:Nx #1 { \int_to_arabic:n { \g_ebproofx_register_int } } }
101
      { \tl_set:Nx #1 { \int_to_arabic:n { \g__ebproofx_register_int } } }
102
    \box_new:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 }
103
    \prop_new:c { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 }
(End\ of\ definition\ for\ \_ebproofx_new:N.)
```

__ebproofx_clear:N

The box is cleared by setting it to an empty hbox. Using \box_clear: N instead would not work because trying to push this box on the stack would not actually append any box.

```
106 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_clear:N {
107    \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {}
108    \prop_clear:c { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 }
109    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { left } { 0pt }
110    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { right } { 0pt }
111    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { axis } { 0pt }
112 }
```

A.2.1 Mark operations

(End of definition for __ebproofx_clear:N.)

__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn

Setting the value of a mark uses a temporary register to evaluate the dimension expression because values are stored textually in a property list.

```
\dim_new:N \l__ebproofx_transit_dim
\cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn {
\dim_set:Nn \l__ebproofx_transit_dim { #3 }
\prop_put:cnV { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 } { #2 }
```

_ebproofx_enlarge_conclusion:NN This function mo

This function moves the left and right marks of the first tree so that they are at least as far from the axis as they are in the second tree. For instance we get the following:

The contents of the trees are unchanged.

(End of definition for __ebproofx_enlarge_conclusion:NN.)

A.2.2 Building blocks

__ebproofx_make_simple:Nn

Make a tree with explicit material in horizontal mode. Set the left and right marks to extremal positions and set the axis in the middle.

```
137 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_make_simple:Nn {
138     \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } { #2 }
139     \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { left } { 0pt }
140     \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { axis } { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } / 2 }
141     \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { right } { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
142 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_make_simple:Nn.)

__ebproofx_make_split:Nnn

Make a tree with explicit material in horizontal mode, split in two parts. Set the left and right marks to extremal positions and set the axis between the two parts.

```
143 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_make_split:Nnn {
144  \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { left } { 0pt }
145  \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } { #2 }
146  \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { axis } { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
147  \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } { \hbox_unpack:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } #3 }
148  \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { right } { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
149 }
(End of definition for \__ebproofx_make_split:Nnn.)
```

\ ebproofx make vertical:Nnnn

Make a tree with explicit material in vertical mode, using an explicit width and axis.

```
150 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_make_vertical:Nnnn {
151    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { left } { 0pt }
152    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { axis } { #2 }
153    \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn #1 { right } { #3 }
154    \vbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {
155         \dim_set:Nn \tex_hsize:D { \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #1 {right} }
156         #4
157    }
158    \box_set_wd:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } { \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #1 {right} }
159 }
```

 $(\textit{End of definition for } \verb|_-ebproofx_make_vertical:Nnnn.|)$

A.2.3 Assembling boxes

__ebproofx_extend:Nnnnn

Extend a tree box. The marks are shifted so that alignment is preserved. The arguments are dimensions for the left, top, right and bottom sides respectively.

```
160 \cs_new:\Nn \__ebproofx_extend:\Nnnnn {
161    \dim_compare:\nNnF { #2 } = { 0pt } {
162         \hbox_set:\cn { \__ebproofx_box:\N #1 } {
163         \skip_horizontal:\n { #2 }
164         \box_use:\c { \__ebproofx_box:\N #1 }
165         }
166    \__ebproofx_shift_x:\nn #1 { #2 }
167    }
168    \box_set_ht:\nn #1 { \box_ht:\c { \__ebproofx_box:\N #1 } + #3 }
169    \box_set_wd:\nn #1 { \box_wd:\c { \__ebproofx_box:\N #1 } + #4 }
170    \box_set_dp:\nn #1 { \box_dp:\c { \__ebproofx_box:\N #1 } + #5 }
171 }

(End of definition for \__ebproofx_extend:\nnnn.)
```

__ebproofx_append_right:NnN

Append the contents of the second tree to the first one on the right, with matching baselines. The marks of both trees are preserved. The middle argument specifies the space to insert between boxes.

```
(\textit{End of definition for } \verb|\_-ebproofx_append_right:NnN.)
```

__ebproofx_append_left:NnN

Append the contents of the second tree to the first one on the left, with matching baselines. The marks of the first tree are shifted accordingly. The middle argument specifies the space to insert between boxes.

```
179 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_append_left:NnN {
180    \__ebproofx_shift_x:Nn #1 { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #3 } + #2 }
181    \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {
182    \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #3 }
183    \dim_compare:nNnF { #2 } = { 0pt } { \skip_horizontal:n { #2 } }
184    \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 }
185    }
186 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_append_left:NnN.)

__ebproofx_align:NN

Shift one of two trees to the right so that their axes match. The marks of the one that is shifted are updated accordingly.

(End of definition for __ebproofx_align:NN.)

__ebproofx_append_above:NN

Append the contents of the second tree above the first one, with matching axes. The marks of the first tree are preserved.

```
196 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_append_above:NN {
197     \__ebproofx_align:NN #1 #2
198     \vbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {
199         \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #2 }
200         \tex_prevdepth:D -1000pt
201         \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 }
202     }
203 }
```

($End\ of\ definition\ for\ _ebproofx_append_above:NN.$)

__ebproofx_append_below:NN

Append the contents of the second tree below the first one, with matching axes. The marks of the first tree are preserved.

```
204 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_append_below:NN {
205    \__ebproofx_align:NN #1 #2
206    \vbox_set_top:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {
207    \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 }
208    \tex_prevdepth:D -1000pt
209    \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #2 }
210    }
211 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_append_below: NN.)

__ebproofx_overlay:NN Append the second tree as an overlay over the first one, so that the baselines and axes match. The bounding box of the result adjusts to contain both trees.

```
212 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_overlay:NN {
     \__ebproofx_align:NN #1 #2
     \hbox_set:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } {
214
       \hbox_overlap_right:n { \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
       \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #2 }
216
       \dim_compare:nNnT
        { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #2 } } < { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }</pre>
218
         { \skip_horizontal:n
          { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } - \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #2 } } }
220
221
222 }
(End of definition for \__ebproofx_overlay:NN.)
```

__ebproofx_vcenter:N

Shift the material in a tree vertically so that the height and depth are equal (like TEX's \vcenter but around the baseline).

A.3 Making inferences

(End of definition for __ebproofx_vcenter: N.)

The following commands use the parameters defined at the beginning of the package for actually building proof trees using the commands defined above.

__ebproofx_append_vertical:NN

Append the contents of the second tree above or below the first one, depending on current settings. Axes are aligned and the marks of the first tree are preserved.

235 \cs_new:Nn __ebproofx_make_rule_for:NNN {

\ ebproofx make rule for:NNN

Make a box containing an inference rule with labels, using the current settings. The width and axis position are taken as those of the conclusion of another tree box. The third argument is used as a temporary register for building labels.

```
Build the rule.

236 \__ebproofx_make_vertical:Nnnn #1

237 { \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #2 {axis} - \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #2 {left} }

238 { \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #2 {right} - \__ebproofx_mark:Nn #2 {left} }

240 \_skip_vertical:N \l__ebproofx_rule_margin_dim
```

```
\tl_if_empty:NF { \l__ebproofx_rule_code_tl } {
                              \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_rule_code_tl
242
                               \skip_vertical:N \l__ebproofx_rule_margin_dim
243
                        }
244
                  }
245
                   _ebproofx_vcenter:N #1
Append the left label.
             \tl_if_blank:VF \l__ebproofx_left_label_tl {
                   \__ebproofx_make_simple:Nn #3 {
248
                         \box_move_down:nn { \l__ebproofx_label_axis_dim } { \hbox:n {
249
                              \cs_set_eq:NN \inserttext \l__ebproofx_left_label_tl
250
                              \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_left_label_template_tl
                        } }
                   \box_set_ht:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #3 } { Opt }
                   \box_set_dp:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #3 } { Opt }
                   \__ebproofx_append_left:NnN
256
                        \verb|\l_ebproofx_c_box|| 1_ebproofx_label_separation_dim | 1_ebproofx_d_box||
257
             }
258
Append the right label.
             \tl_if_blank:VF \l__ebproofx_right_label_tl {
                   \__ebproofx_make_simple:Nn #3 {
                         \box_move\_down:nn { \l_ebproofx_label_axis_dim } { \hbox:n { \l_ebproofx_label_axis_dim } } \\
261
                               \cs_set_eq:NN \inserttext \l__ebproofx_right_label_tl
262
                               \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_right_label_template_tl
263
                        } }
264
265
                   \box_set_ht:cn { \__ebproofx_box:N #3 } { Opt }
                   \box_set_dp:cn { \ \_ebproofx_box:N #3 } { Opt }
                   \__ebproofx_append_right:NnN
                        \verb|\lower| l_ebproofx_cbox | l_ebproofx_label_separation_dim | l_ebproofx_d_box | l_ebpr
269
             }
270
271 }
```

 $(\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|__ebproofx_make_rule_for:NNN.|)$

A.4 Stack-based interface

A.4.1 The stack

Logically, box structures are stored on a stack. However, TEX does not provide data structures for that and the grouping mechanism is not flexible enough, so we encode them using what we actually have. A stack for boxes is implemented using a global hbox \g__ebproofx_stack_box that contains all the boxes successively. A sequence \g__ebproofx_stack_seq is used to store the dimensions property lists textually. We maintain a counter \g__ebproofx_level_int with the number of elements on the stack, for consistency checks.

```
272 \int_new:N \g__ebproofx_level_int
273 \box_new:N \g__ebproofx_stack_box
274 \seq_new:N \g__ebproofx_stack_seq

\__ebproofx_clear_stack: Clear the stack.
275 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_clear_stack: {
```

```
\int_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_level_int { 0 }
                          \hbox_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_stack_box { }
                          \seq_gclear:N \g__ebproofx_stack_seq
                     278
                     279 }
                     (\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__ebproofx_clear\_stack:.)
\__ebproofx_push:N
                    Push the contents of a register on the stack.
                     280 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_push:N {
                          \int_gincr:N \g__ebproofx_level_int
                     281
                          \hbox_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_stack_box
                     282
                            { \hbox_unpack:N \g__ebproofx_stack_box \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
                     283
                          \seq_gput_left:Nv \g__ebproofx_stack_seq
                            { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 }
                     (End of definition for \__ebproofx_push:N.)
 \__ebproofx_pop:N Pop the value from the top of the stack into a register.
                     287 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_pop:N {
                          \int_compare:nNnTF { \g__ebproofx_level_int } > { 0 } {
                            \int_gdecr:N \g__ebproofx_level_int
                     289
                            290
                              \hbox_unpack:N \g__ebproofx_stack_box
                     291
                              \box_gset_to_last:N \g_tmpa_box
                     292
                     293
                            \box_set_eq_drop:cN { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } \g_tmpa_box
                            \seq_gpop_left:NN \g__ebproofx_stack_seq \l_tmpa_tl
                            \tl_set_eq:cN { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 } \l_tmpa_tl
                         } {
                            \PackageError{ebproofx}{Missing~premiss~in~a~proof~tree}{}
                            \__ebproofx_clear:N #1
                     299
                          }
                     300
                     301 }
                     (End of definition for \__ebproofx_pop:N.)
                     A.4.2 Assembling trees
                     302 \__ebproofx_new:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                     303 \__ebproofx_new:N \l__ebproofx_b_box
                     304 \__ebproofx_new:N \l__ebproofx_c_box
                     305 \__ebproofx_new:N \l__ebproofx_d_box
```

\ ebproofx join horizontal:n

Join horizontally a number of elements at the top of the stack. If several trees are joined, use the left mark of the left tree, the right mark of the right tree and set the axis in the middle of these marks.

```
306 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_join_horizontal:n {
    \int_case:nnF { #1 } {
307
    { 0 } {
308
       \group_begin:
309
       \__ebproofx_clear:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
310
       \__ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
311
       \group_end:
    }
```

```
\group_begin:
                                                          316
                                                                        \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          317
                                                                        \prg_replicate:nn { #1 - 1 } {
                                                          318
                                                                            \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_b_box
                                                                            \__ebproofx_append_left:NnN
                                                          320
                                                                                \l_{ebproofx_a_box} \l_{ebproofx_separation_dim} \l_{ebproofx_b_box}
                                                          321
                                                                        \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn \l__ebproofx_a_box { left }
                                                                            324
                                                                        \__ebproofx_set_mark:Nnn \l__ebproofx_a_box { axis }
                                                                            { ( \_ebproofx_mark:Nn \_ebproofx_a_box { left }
                                                          326
                                                                                + \__ebproofx_mark: Nn \l__ebproofx_a_box { right } ) / 2 }
                                                          327
                                                                             _ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          328
                                                                        \group_end:
                                                          329
                                                          330
                                                          331 }
                                                          (End of definition for \__ebproofx_join_horizontal:n.)
                                                          Join vertically the two elements at the top of the stack, with a horizontal rule of the appropriate
\__ebproofx_join_vertical:
                                                          size.
                                                          332 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_join_vertical: {
                                                                    \group_begin:
                                                                    \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          334
                                                                    \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}\_ebproofx\_b\_box}}
                                                                   \verb|\colored| $$ \colored| $$ \
                                                                    \__ebproofx_make_rule_for:NNN \l__ebproofx_c_box \l__ebproofx_b_box
                                                                        \l__ebproofx_d_box
                                                          338
                                                                   339
                                                                    \__ebproofx_append_vertical:NN \l__ebproofx_a_box \l__ebproofx_b_box
                                                          340
                                                                    \__ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          341
                                                                    \group_end:
                                                          342
                                                          343 }
                                                          (End of definition for \__ebproofx_join_vertical:.)
                                                          A.4.3 High-level commands
                                                          An auxiliary function for parsing the argument in \__ebproofx_push_statement:n.
           \ ebproofx statement parse:w
                                                               \cs_new:Npn \__ebproofx_statement_parse:w #1 & #2 & #3 \q_stop {
                                                                    \tl_if_empty:nTF { #3 } {
                                                          345
                                                                        \__ebproofx_make_simple:Nn \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          346
                                                                            { \cs_set:Npn \inserttext { #1 } \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_template_tl }
                                                          347
                                                                    } {
                                                          348
                                                                            __ebproofx_make_split:Nnn \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                                            { \cs_set:Npn \inserttext { #1 } \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_left_template_tl }
                                                          350
                                                                            { \cs_set:Npn \inserttext { #2 } \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_right_template_tl }
                                                          351
                                                          352
                                                                         _ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                                                          354 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_statement_parse:w.)

{ 1 } { }

} {

314

_ebproofx_push_statement:n Push a box with default formatting, using explicit alignment if the code contains a & character

```
\cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_push_statement:n {
    \__ebproofx_statement_parse:w #1 & & \q_stop
357 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_push_statement:n.)

A.5 Document interface

A.5.1 Functions to define statements

The \g__ebproofx_statements_seq variable contains the list of all defined statements. For each statement X, there is a document command \ebproofxX and the alias \X is defined when entering a prooftree environment.

```
\seq_new:N \g__ebproofx_statements_seq
```

__ebproofx_setup_statements:

Install the aliases for statements, saving the original value of the control sequences.

```
\cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_setup_statements: {
    \seq_map_inline:Nn \g__ebproofx_statements_seq {
      \cs_set_eq:cc { ebproofx_saved_ ##1 } { ##1 }
      \cs_set_eq:cc { ##1 } { ebproofx ##1 }
362
    }
363
364 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_setup_statements:.)

\ ebproofx restore statements:

Restore the saved meanings of the control sequences. This is useful when interpreting userprovided code in statement arguments. The meanings are automatically restored when leaving a prooftree environment because of grouping.

```
365 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_restore_statements: {
    \seq_map_inline:Nn \g__ebproofx_statements_seq {
      \cs_set_eq:cc { ##1 } { ebproofx_saved_ ##1 }
    }
368
369 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_restore_statements:.)

\ ebproofx new statement:nnn

Define a new statement. The first argument is the name, the second one is an argument specifier as used by xparse and the third one is the body of the command.

```
370 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn {
    \exp_args:Nc \NewDocumentCommand { ebproofx#1 }{ #2 } { #3 }
    \seq_gput_right:Nn \g__ebproofx_statements_seq { #1 }
372
373 }
```

(End of definition for __ebproofx_new_statement:nnn.)

ebproofx new deprecated statement:nnnn

Define a deprecated statement. The syntax is the same as above except that an extra argument in third position indicates what should be used instead. The effect is the same except that a warning message is issued the first time the statement is used.

```
\cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn {
    \cs_new:cpn { ebproofx_#1_warning: } {
      \PackageWarning { ebproofx } { \token_to_str:c{#1}~is~deprecated,~#3 }
376
      \cs_gset:cn { ebproofx_#1_warning: } { }
377
    }
378
```

```
\__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { #1 } { #2 }
                      { \use:c { ebproofx_#1_warning: } #4 }
               381 }
               (End of definition for \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn.)
               A.5.2 Basic commands
\ebproofxset This is a simple wrapper around \keys_set:nn.
               382 \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { set } { m } {
                   \keys_set:nn { ebproofx } { #1 }
               384 }
               (End of definition for \ebproofxset and \set. These functions are documented on page ??.)
              This is mostly a wrapper around \ebproofx_push_statement:n, with material to handle op-
               tions and the statements macros.
               385 \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { hypo } { O{} m } {
                    \group_begin:
                    \__ebproofx_restore_statements:
               387
                   \keys_set:nn { ebproofx } { #1 }
                  \__ebproofx_push_statement:n { #2 }
                   \group_end:
               391 }
               (End of definition for \hypo. This function is documented on page ??.)
      \infer This is a bit more involved than \hypo because we have to handle rule style options and joining.
               _{392} \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { infer } { O{} m O{} m } {
                   \group_begin:
                    \__ebproofx_restore_statements:
               394
                    \keys_set_known:nnN { ebproofx / rule~style } { #1 } \l_tmpa_tl
                   \keys_set:nV { ebproofx } \l_tmpa_tl
                  \tl_set:Nn \l__ebproofx_right_label_tl { #3 }
                  \__ebproofx_join_horizontal:n { #2 }
                    \__ebproofx_push_statement:n { #4 }
                    \__ebproofx_join_vertical:
                    \group_end:
               402 }
               (End of definition for \infer. This function is documented on page 2.)
   \ellipsis An ellipsis is made by hand using vertical leaders to render the dots after rendering the label.
               403 \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { ellipsis } { m m } {
                    \group_begin:
               404
                    \__ebproofx_restore_statements:
               405
                    \tl_clear:N \l__ebproofx_rule_code_tl
                    \__ebproofx_make_split:Nnn \l__ebproofx_a_box { } {
                      \vbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box {
                        \skip_vertical:n { 1.2ex }
                        \hbox:n { \tex_ignorespaces:D #1 }
               410
                        \skip_vertical:n { 1.2ex }
               411
               412
                      \vbox_to_ht:nn { \box_ht:N \l_tmpa_box } {
               413
```

\tex_xleaders:D \vbox_to_ht:nn { .8ex }

414

```
{ \tex_vss:D \hbox:n { . } \tex_vss:D }
         \tex_vfill:D
416
       }
417
       \hbox_overlap_right:n { ~ \box_use:N \l_tmpa_box }
418
     }
419
     \__ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
420
     \__ebproofx_join_vertical:
421
     \__ebproofx_push_statement:n {#2}
422
     \__ebproofx_join_vertical:
     \group_end:
425 }
```

(End of definition for \ellipsis. This function is documented on page ??.)

A.5.3 Modifying trees

\rewrite Rewrite the box at the top of the stack while preserving its dimensions an marks. The code is typeset in horizontal mode, with control sequences to access the original box and its marks.

```
\__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { rewrite } { m } {
                 \group_begin:
427
                 \__ebproofx_restore_statements:
428
                 \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                 \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpb_box {
                        \cs_set_eq:NN \treebox \l_tmpa_box
432
                        \cs_set:Npn \treemark { \__ebproofx_mark:Nn \l__ebproofx_a_box }
433
                       { #1 }
434
                }
435
                \label{local_set_wd:Nn l_tmpb_box { box_wd:c { \_ebproofx_box:N \l_ebproofx_a_box } } \\
436
                 \box_set_ht:Nn \l_tmpb_box { \box_ht:c { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box } }
437
                 \begin{cases} 
                 \box_set_eq:cN { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box } \l_tmpb_box
                 \__ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                 \group_end:
441
442 }
```

(End of definition for \rewrite. This function is documented on page ??.)

\delims Insert \left and \right delimiters without changing the alignment.

```
443 \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { delims } { m m } {
                   \group_begin:
                   \__ebproofx_restore_statements:
445
                   \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
                   \hbox_set:Nn \l_tmpa_box
                          \dim_set:Nn \l_tmpa_dim
                           { \cdot box_ht:N \cdot l_tmpa_box - \cdot box_ht:c { \cdot __ebproofx_box:N \cdot l__ebproofx_a_box } }
                   \begin{tabular}{ll} $$ \begin{tabular}{ll} 
                            $ #1 \tex_vrule:D
453
                                    height \box_ht:N \l_tmpa_box depth \box_dp:N \l_tmpa_box width 0pt
                            \tex_right:D . $
454
455
                   }
                            _ebproofx_shift_x:Nn \l__ebproofx_a_box
456
                            { \box_wd:c { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box } }
457
```

(End of definition for \delims. This function is documented on page ??.)

Noverlay Pop two trees and append the second tree as an overlay over the first one, so that the baselines and axes match. The bounding box of the result adjusts to contain both trees.

```
468 \__ebproofx_new_statement:nnn { overlay } { } {
469    \group_begin:
470    \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
471    \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_b_box
472    \__ebproofx_overlay:NN \l__ebproofx_a_box \l__ebproofx_bbox
473    \__ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
474    \group_end:
475 }
```

(End of definition for \overlay. This function is documented on page ??.)

A.5.4 The extension

```
476 \int_new:N \g__ebproofx_sublevel_int
477 \box_new:N \g__ebproofx_substack_box
478 \seq_new:N \g__ebproofx_substack_seq
479
  \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_clear_substack:
480
481
       \int_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_sublevel_int { 0 }
482
       \hbox_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_substack_box { }
483
       \seq_gclear:N \g__ebproofx_substack_seq
484
  \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_subpush:N
487
       \int_gincr:N \g__ebproofx_sublevel_int
       \hbox_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_substack_box
       { \hbox_unpack:N \g__ebproofx_substack_box \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } }
491
       \seq_gput_left:Nv \g__ebproofx_substack_seq
492
         { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 }
493
    }
494
496 \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_subpop:N
497
       \int_compare:nNnTF { \g__ebproofx_sublevel_int } > { 0 }
498
499
           \int_gdecr:N \g__ebproofx_sublevel_int
500
           \hbox_gset:Nn \g__ebproofx_substack_box {
501
             \hbox_unpack:N \g__ebproofx_substack_box
502
```

```
\verb|\box_gset_to_last:N \g_tmpa_box|
          }
          \box_set_eq_drop:cN { \__ebproofx_box:N #1 } \g_tmpa_box
          \tl_set_eq:cN { \__ebproofx_marks:N #1 } \l_tmpa_tl
      { \PackageError{ebproofx}{Missing~premiss~in~a~proof~tree}{} \__ebproofx_clear:N #1 }
510
  \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_append_subvertical:NN
513
      \bool_if:NTF \l__ebproofx_updown_bool
514
        { \__ebproofx_append_above:NN #1 #2 }
        { \__ebproofx_append_below:NN #1 #2 }
516
518
  \cs_new:Nn \__ebproofx_join_subvertical:n
519
520
    {
      \group_begin:
521
      \__ebproofx_subpop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
      \project{prg_replicate:nn { #1 - 1 }}
          \__ebproofx_subpop:N \l__ebproofx_b_box
          \__ebproofx_enlarge_conclusion:NN \l__ebproofx_b_box \l__ebproofx_a_box
          \__ebproofx_make_vertical:Nnnn \l__ebproofx_c_box
              \__ebproofx_mark:Nn \l__ebproofx_b_box {axis}
              - \__ebproofx_mark:Nn \l__ebproofx_b_box {left}
            }
              - \__ebproofx_mark:Nn \l__ebproofx_b_box {left}
            }
            { \skip_vertical:N \l__ebproofx_rule_margin_dim }
          \__ebproofx_vcenter:N \l__ebproofx_b_box
          539
          _ebproofx_push:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
      \group_end:
545
  \verb|\cs_new:Nn \  \   | \_ebproofx\_renew\_statement:nnn|
547
      \exp_args:Nc \RenewDocumentCommand { ebproofx#1 }{ #2 } { #3 }
      \ensuremath{\mbox{ seq\_gput\_right:Nn \g\_ebproofx\_statements\_seq { #1 }}
550
551
  \cs_generate_variant:Nn \clist_map_inline:nn { xn }
  \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{--ebproofx\_renew\_statement:nnn } \{ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{of}} \} } \{ \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{of}} \} \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{m}} } \} 
555
    {
      \group_begin:
```

```
\__ebproofx_restore_statements:
      558
      \keys_set:nV { ebproofx } \l_tmpa_tl
      \tl_set:Nn \l__ebproofx_right_label_tl { #3 }
      \__ebproofx_clear_substack:
562
      \clist_map_inline:xn { \clist_reverse:n { #2 } }
563
        {
          \__ebproofx_join_horizontal:n { ##1 }
          \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
          \__ebproofx_subpush:N \1__ebproofx_a_box
        }
568
      \__ebproofx_join_subvertical:n { \clist_count:n { #2 } }
569
      \__ebproofx_push_statement:n { #4 }
      \__ebproofx_join_vertical:
      \group_end:
574
575 % \end{macrocode}
576 %
577 %
578 % \subsubsection{Deprecated statements}
579 %
580 % These statements were defined in versions 1.x of the package, they are
_{581} % preserved for temporary upwards compatibility and will be removed in a
582 % future version.
       \begin{macrocode}
584 \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn { Alter } { m }
   { use~\token_to_str:c{rewrite}~instead } { \ebproofxrewrite{ #1 \box\treebox } }
586 \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn { Delims } { }
   { use~\token_to_str:c{delims}~instead } { \ebproofxdelims }
588 \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn { Ellipsis } { }
   { use~\token_to_str:c{ellipsis}~instead } { \ebproofxellipsis }
590 \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn { Hypo } { }
    { use~\token_to_str:c{hypo}~instead } { \ebproofxhypo }
592 \__ebproofx_new_deprecated_statement:nnnn { Infer } { }
    { use~\token_to_str:c{infer}~instead } { \ebproofxinfer }
```

A.5.5 Environment interface

The stack is initialised globally. The prooftree environment does not clear the stack, instead it saves the initial level in order to check that statements are properly balanced. This allows for nested uses of the environment, if it ever happens to be useful.

```
594 \__ebproofx_clear_stack:
595 \tl_new:N \l__ebproofx_start_level_tl

prooftree

The prooftree environment.

prooftree*
596 \NewDocumentEnvironment { prooftree } { s O{} } {
597     \group_align_safe_begin:
598     \keys_set_known:nnN { ebproofx / proof~style } { #2 } \l_tmpa_tl
599     \keys_set:nV { ebproofx } \l_tmpa_tl
590     \tl_set:Nx \l__ebproofx_start_level_tl { \int_use:N \g__ebproofx_level_int }
601     \vbox_set:Nw \l_tmpa_box
602     \__ebproofx_setup_statements:
```

```
603 } {
              \vbox_set_end:
               \__ebproofx_pop:N \l__ebproofx_a_box
              \int_compare:nNnF { \g__ebproofx_level_int } = { \tl_use:N \l__ebproofx_start_level_tl } {
                 \PackageError{ebproofx}{Malformed~proof~tree}{
                   Some~hypotheses~were~declared~but~not~used~in~this~tree.}
               \IfBooleanTF { #1 } {
                 \[ \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box } \]
                 \ignorespacesafterend
          612
          613
               } {
                 \hbox_unpack:N \c_empty_box
          614
                 \bool_if:NTF \l__ebproofx_center_bool {
          615
                 \hbox:n { $ \tex_vcenter:D { \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box } } $ }
          616
                 } {
          617
                   \box_use:c { \__ebproofx_box:N \l__ebproofx_a_box }
          618
          619
          620
               \group_align_safe_end:
          621
          622 }
          A trick for the starred version:
          623 \cs_new:cpn { prooftree* } { \prooftree* }
          624 \cs_new:cpn { endprooftree* } { \endprooftree }
         (End of definition for prooftree and prooftree*. These functions are documented on page ??.)
InfRule The InfRule environment.
          625 \NewTblrEnviron{@ruleenv}
          \SetTblrInner[@ruleenv]{belowsep=0pt,stretch=0}
          627 \SetTblrOuter[@ruleenv]{baseline=b}
            \NewDocumentEnvironment { InfRule } { m O{1} +b }
                 \begin{@ruleenv}{#2}
          630
                   \smaller{\textsc{#1}} \\
                   \begin{prooftree} #3 \end{prooftree}
         632
                 \end{@ruleenv}
               }
          634
              {}
          635
          (End of definition for InfRule. This function is documented on page 2.)
          636 (/package)
```