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These are four important built-in functions in GCC compiler:

1. _builtin_popcount(x): This function is used to count the number of one's(set bits) in an integer.

Example:

Output:

```
Count of 1s in binary of 5 is 2
```

Note: Similarly you can use $_$ builtin $_$ popcountl(x) & $_$ builtin $_$ popcountl(x) for long and long long data types.

2. **_builtin_parity(x):** This function is used to check the <u>parity</u> of a number. This function returns true(1) if the number has odd parity else it returns false(0) for even

parity.

Example:

Output:

```
Parity of 7 is 1
```

Note: Similarly you can use $_$ builtin $_$ parityl(x) & $_$ builtin $_$ parityll(x) for long and long long data types.

3. __builtin_clz(x): This function is used to count the leading zeros of the integer. Note: clz = count leading zero's

Example: It counts number of zeros before the first occurrence of one (set bit).

Output:

Count of leading zeros before 1 in 16 is 27

Note: __builtin_clz(x) This function only accept unsigned values **Note:** Similarly you can use __builtin_clzl(x) & __builtin_clzl(x) for long and long long data types.

4. __builtin_ctz(x): This function is used to count the trailing zeros of the given integer.

Note: ctz = count trailing zeros.

Example: Count no of zeros from last to first occurrence of one (set bit).

Output:

Count of zeros from last to first occurrence of one is 4

Note: Similarly you can use $_$ builtin $_$ ctzl(x) & $_$ builtin $_$ ctzl(x) for long and long long data types.

```
// C program to illustrate builtin functions of
// GCC compiler
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int num = 4;
    int clz = 0;
    int ctz = 0;
    int pop = 0;
    int parity = 0;
   pop = builtin popcount(num);
   printf("Number of one's in %d is %d\n", num, pop);
   parity = builtin parity(num);
   printf("Parity of %d is %d\n", num, parity);
   clz = builtin clz(num);
   printf("Number of leading zero's in %d is %d\n", num, clz);
   // It only works for unsigned values
    clz = builtin clz(-num);
   printf("Number of leading zero's in %d is %d\n", -num, clz);
   ctz = builtin ctz(num);
   printf("Number of trailing zero's in %d is %d\n", num, ctz);
   return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Number of one's in 4 is 1
Parity of 4 is 1
Number of leading zero's in 4 is 29
Number of leading zero's in -4 is 0
Number of trailing zero's in 4 is 2
```

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