### Performance visualisations

Anita Kurm 5/21/2020

# Set-up, data import

```
pacman::p_load(tidyverse, rjson, extrafont)
font import(prompt = FALSE, pattern = "Raleway") #you need to download the font for that
## Scanning ttf files in /Library/Fonts/, /System/Library/Fonts, ~/Library/Fonts/ ...
## Extracting .afm files from .ttf files...
## /Users/anitakurm/Library/Fonts/Raleway-Regular.ttf : Raleway-Regular already registered in fonts database
## /Users/anitakurm/Library/Fonts/Raleway-Thin.ttf : Raleway-Thin already registered in fonts database. Skip
## Found FontName for 0 fonts.
## Scanning afm files in /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/library/extrafontdb/metrics
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grep1("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
```

```
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grep1("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
## Warning in grepl("^FamilyName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FontName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^FullName", text): input string 4 is invalid in this
## locale
## Warning in grepl("^Weight", text): input string 4 is invalid in this locale
df <- read_csv("twitterQA_berts.csv")</pre>
```

## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X1' [1]

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## X1 = col_double(),
   Question = col_character(),
##
## Answer = col_character(),
## Tweet = col_character(),
## qid = col character(),
## L_BERT_answer = col_character(),
## L_BERT_time = col_double(),
## DistilBERT_answer = col_character(),
## DistilBERT_time = col_double()
##)
tok_times <- fromJSON(file = "tokenizer_loading.txt")</pre>
mod_times <- fromJSON(file = "model_loading.txt")</pre>
# Define color palette
cp <- c("aquamarine3", "grey19")</pre>
# See available fonts
```

## Initial dataset stats

#fonts()

```
init <- read csv("initial11778.csv")</pre>
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X1' [1]
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
## X1 = col_double(),
    Answer = col_character(),
##
    Gold_1 = col_character(),
    Gold_2 = col_character(),
   Question = col_character(),
##
   Tweet = col_character(),
##
   qid = col_character()
##
##)
init %>%
 mutate(Gold1_length = sapply(strsplit(Gold_1, " "), length),
        Gold2_length = ifelse(is.na(Gold_2), 0, sapply(strsplit(Gold_2, " "), length)),
        Gold max_length = ifelse(Gold1_length>Gold2_length, Gold1_length, Gold2_length),
        Question_length = sapply(strsplit(Question, " "), length)) %>%
 \verb|summarise(n(), mean(Gold_max_length), mean(Question_length))| \\
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
## `n()` `mean(Gold_max_length)` `mean(Question_length)`
## <int>
                            <dbl>
## 1 11778
                              2.50
                                                      6.97
```

## Data pre-processing

```
# Reshape data by creating two separate dfs and binding together
l bert <- df %>%
 select(qid,
        Х1.
         'Answer_pred' = L_BERT_answer,
         'Time' = L_BERT_time) %>%
 mutate(A_len = str_length(Answer_pred),
        Model = "BERT",
        Tok_time = tok_times$L_BERT,
        Load_time = mod_times$L_BERT)
d bert <- df %>%
 select(qid,
         'Answer_pred' = DistilBERT_answer,
         'Time' = DistilBERT_time) %>%
 mutate(A_len = str_length(Answer_pred),
        Model = "DistilBERT",
         Tok time = tok times$DistilBERT,
         Load_time = mod_times$DistilBERT)
data <- rbind(l_bert, d_bert)</pre>
```

Get a dataframe with both answers present:

```
df_present <- df %>%
   filter(!is.na(L_BERT_answer) & !is.na(DistilBERT_answer))
#write_csv(df_present, "tweetQA_bothpresent.csv")

d_present <- data %>%
   filter(!is.na(data$Answer_pred))
```

# Evaluate data loss and processing time

Processing time summary (full dataset):

```
# Summarise
time summary <- data %>%
 mutate(Tok_time = as.numeric(Tok_time),
       Load time = as.numeric(Load_time)) %>%
 group by (Model) %>%
 summarise(Missing = sum(is.na(Answer pred)),
           Answered = sum(!is.na(Answer pred)),
           Mean_time = mean(Time),
            'Max time' = max(Time),
            'Min time' = min(Time),
            'Total time' = sum(Time),
            'Tokenizer loading time' = max(Tok time),
            'Model loading time' = max(Load_time),
            'Total time with loading' = sum(Time) + max(Tok_time) + max(Load_time)) %>%
 mutate_if(is.numeric, round, 3)
time_summary
```

Processing time summary (all present dataset):

```
# Summarise
time summary <- d present %>%
 filter(Time<10) %>%
 mutate(Tok_time = as.numeric(Tok_time),
        Load time = as.numeric(Load time)) %>%
 group_by(Model) %>%
 summarise(Missing = sum(is.na(Answer pred)),
           Answered = sum(!is.na(Answer_pred)),
           Mean_time = mean(Time),
            "sd time" = sd(Time),
            'Max time' = max(Time),
            'Min time' = min(Time),
            'Total time' = sum(Time),
            'Tokenizer loading time' = max(Tok_time),
            'Model loading time' = max(Load_time),
            'Total time with loading' = sum(Time) + max(Tok_time) + max(Load_time)) %>%
 mutate_if(is.numeric, round, 3)
time_summary
```

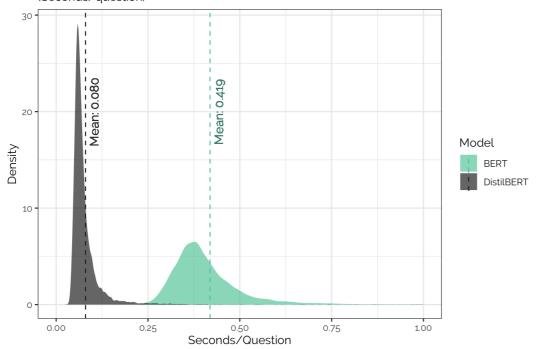
### Visualisations

Time by model

```
d_present <- d_present %>%
 filter(Time<10)
# Density plot
density <- ggplot(d_present, aes(Time, fill = Model))+</pre>
 geom_vline(data=time_summary, aes(xintercept=Mean_time, color=Model),
            linetype="dashed")+
 geom_text(aes(x=0.080, label="\nMean: 0.080", y=20), colour="grey23", angle=90, size=4, family = "Raleway"
) +
 geom_text(aes(x=0.419, label="\nMean: 0.419", y=20), colour="aquamarine4", angle=90, size=4, family = "Ral
eway")+
 geom_density(col = NA, alpha = 0.7) +
 theme bw()+
 scale_colour_manual(values=cp) +
 scale_fill_manual(values=cp)+
 labs( x = "Seconds/Question",
       y = "Density",
      title = "Distribution of inference time in DistilBERT and large BERT",
      subtitle = "(Seconds/question)") +
 theme(text = element_text(family ="Raleway"))+
 xlim(0,1)
density
```

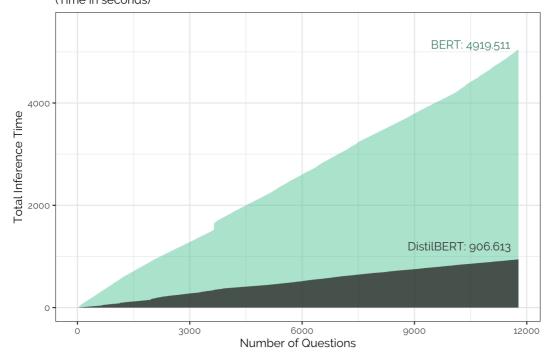
```
## Warning: Removed 117 rows containing non-finite values (stat_density).
```

# Distribution of inference time in DistilBERT and large BERT (Seconds/question)



```
#Cumulative processing time plot
cumsum_l <- cumsum(l_bert$Time)</pre>
cumsum_d <- cumsum(d_bert$Time)</pre>
cumulative <- ggplot()+</pre>
 geom_area(aes(1:length(cumsum_1), cumsum_1), fill = "aquamarine3", alpha = 0.5)+
 geom_text(aes(x=10500, label="BERT: 4919.511", y=5150), colour="aquamarine4", family = "Raleway", hjust="c
enter") +
 geom_text(aes(x=10200, label="DistilBERT: 906.613", y=1200), colour="grey23", family = "Raleway", hjust="c
 geom_area(aes(1:length(cumsum_d), cumsum_d), fill = "grey23", alpha = 0.8)+
 theme_bw()+
 labs(x = "Number of Questions",
     y = "Total Inference Time",
      title = "Accumulated inference time by the length of the dataset",
      subtitle = "(Time in seconds)")+
 theme(text = element_text(family = "Raleway"), legend.title=element_blank())+
 ylim(0, 5500)
cumulative
```

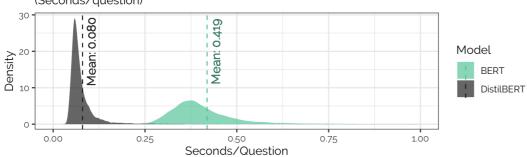
# Accumulated inference time by the length of the dataset (Time in seconds)



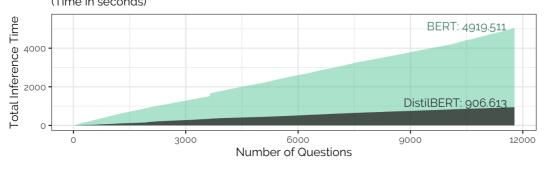
```
time_plots <- gridExtra::grid.arrange(density,cumulative, nrow=2)</pre>
```

## Warning: Removed 117 rows containing non-finite values (stat\_density).

# Distribution of inference time in DistilBERT and large BERT (Seconds/question)



# Accumulated inference time by the length of the dataset (Time in seconds)



```
ggsave("timeplots.png", time_plots, width = 8, height = 6)
```

### Linear models for stats

```
# Predict time by model
time_by_model <- lm(Time ~ Model, d_present)
summary(time_by_model)</pre>
```

```
t.test(Time~Model, d_present)
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: Time by Model
## t = 183.91, df = 18776, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3351542 0.3423754
## sample estimates:
## mean in group BERT mean in group DistilBERT
## 0.41876947 0.08000467</pre>
```

# Manual evaliation of performance metrics GLEU and METEOR

```
d100 <- read_csv2("/Users/anitakurm/Downloads/df_samples_scores100_judged.csv")

## Using ',' as decimal and '.' as grouping mark. Use read_delim() for more control.

## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X1' [1], 'X11' [11]</pre>
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
  X1 = col double(),
##
##
   BERT = col character(),
   DistilBERT = col character(),
   Gold_1 = col_character(),
##
   Gold_2 = col_character(),
##
   BERT_METEOR = col_double(),
##
   DistilBERT_METEOR = col_double(),
##
    BERT GLEU = col double(),
##
    DistilBERT GLEU = col double(),
    JUDGE = col double(),
##
    X11 = col_character()
##)
```

```
d100 <- d100 %>%
 mutate(Gold1 length = sapply(strsplit(Gold 1, " "), length),
        Gold2_length = ifelse(is.na(Gold_2), 0, sapply(strsplit(Gold_2, " "), length)),
        Gold_max_length = ifelse(Gold1_length>Gold2_length, Gold1_length, Gold2_length),
        Meteor correct = ifelse(JUDGE == 0, 1, 0),
        length_cat = ifelse(Gold_max_length <= 2, " up to 2 (incl)", "greater than 2"),</pre>
        length_cat2 = ifelse(Gold_max_length <= 3, " up to 3 (incl)", "greater than 3"))</pre>
d100 %>%
 group_by(X11) %>%
 summarise(n())
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
## X11 `n()`
## <chr> <int>
## 1 C 6
## 2 F
            11
## 3 <NA> 83
d100 compare <- d100 %>%
 filter(!is.na(JUDGE))
d100 compare %>%
 summarise('GLEU correct' = sum(JUDGE),
          'METEOR correct' = sum(Meteor_correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## `GLEU correct` `METEOR correct`
     <dbl>
##
                   <dbl>
## 1
             48
                             34
d100_compare %>%
 group_by('Gold Standard Length' = length_cat) %>%
 summarise('GLEU correct' = sum(JUDGE),
          'METEOR correct' = sum(Meteor_correct))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## `Gold Standard Length` `GLEU correct` `METEOR correct`
                                 <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 " up to 2 (incl)"
                                   39
                                                   21
## 2 greater than 2
                                     9
                                                     13
d100 compare %>%
 group by('Gold Standard Length' = length cat2) %>%
 summarise('GLEU correct' = sum(JUDGE),
          'METEOR correct' = sum(Meteor_correct))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## `Gold Standard Length` `GLEU correct` `METEOR correct`
                       <dbl> <dbl>
## <chr>
                                  42
## 1 " up to 3 (incl)"
                                                   26
## 2 greater than 3
                                      6
d100 compare %>%
 group_by('Gold Standard Length' = Gold_max_length) %>%
 summarise('GLEU correct' = sum(JUDGE),
           'METEOR correct' = sum(Meteor_correct))
```

```
## # A tibble: 7 x 3
   `Gold Standard Length` `GLEU correct` `METEOR correct`
##
                          <dbl>
##
                   <dbl>
## 1
                                 19
                     1
## 2
                                  20
                                                  15
## 3
                                   3
## 4
## 5
## 6
                                   0
## 7
                                    1
```

# Applying METEOR for long answers dataset and GLEU for short answers dataset

```
# Read in the data
long = read.csv("df_long_answers.csv")
short = read.csv("df_short_answers.csv")
# Take only necessary columns
long = select(long,7:10)
short = select(short,7:10)

# re-define color palette so it's consistent across plots
cp <- c("aquamarine3", "grey19")</pre>
```

#### Long

```
bert = select(long,1,3)
bert['Model'] = 'BERT'
names(bert)[1] <- "METEOR"
names(bert)[2] <- "GLEU"
distil = select(long, 2,4)
distil['Model'] = 'DistilBERT'
names(distil)[1] <- "METEOR"
names(distil)[2] <- "GLEU"
data = rbind(bert, distil)
mu <- plyr::ddply(data, "Model", summarise, grp.mean=mean(METEOR))
mu</pre>
```

```
## Model grp.mean
## 1 BERT 0.4334346
## 2 DistilBERT 0.3874651
```

```
meteor <- ggplot(data, aes(x=METEOR, fill=Model)) +</pre>
 geom density(col = NA, alpha=0.6, position="identity") +
  geom_vline(data=mu, aes(xintercept=grp.mean, color=Model),
             linetype="dashed") +
  \texttt{geom\_text}(\texttt{aes}(\texttt{x=0.387}, \texttt{label="\nMean: 0.387"}, \texttt{y=2.5}), \texttt{colour="grey23"}, \texttt{angle=90}, \texttt{size=4}, \texttt{family = "Raleway = 1.50"})
") +
  geom_text(aes(x=0.433 , label="\nMean: 0.433 ", y=2.5), colour="aquamarine4", angle=90, size=4, family =
"Raleway")+
  theme_bw() +
  ylim(0, 3.5) +
  theme(text = element_text(family = "Raleway"))+
  scale_colour_manual(values=cp)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=cp)+
  labs(x = "METEOR score",
      y = "Density")
meteor by model <- lm(METEOR ~ Model, data)
summary(meteor_by_model)
```

```
##
## lm(formula = METEOR ~ Model, data = data)
##
## Residuals:
## Min
              1Q Median
                               3Q
## -0.43343 -0.32549 -0.01586 0.27816 0.61253
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.433435 0.005289 81.945 < 2e-16 ***
## ModelDistilBERT -0.045970 0.007480 -6.145 8.37e-10 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.3269 on 7638 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00492, Adjusted R-squared: 0.00479
\mbox{\#\#} F-statistic: 37.77 on 1 and 7638 DF, p-value: 8.374e-10
```

```
t.test(METEOR ~ Model, data)
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: METEOR by Model
## t = 6.1454, df = 7637.8, p-value = 8.374e-10
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.03130618 0.06063291
## sample estimates:
## mean in group BERT mean in group DistilBERT
## 0.4334346 0.3874651
```

#### Short

```
bert = select(short,1,3)
bert['Model'] = 'BERT'
names(bert)[1] <- "METEOR"
names(bert)[2] <- "GLEU"
distil = select(short, 2,4)
distil['Model'] = 'DistilBERT'
names(distil)[1] <- "METEOR"
names(distil)[2] <- "GLEU"
data = rbind(bert, distil)
mu <- plyr::ddply(data, "Model", summarise, grp.mean=mean(GLEU))
mu</pre>
```

```
## Model grp.mean
## 1 BERT 0.6143202
## 2 DistilBERT 0.5349806
```

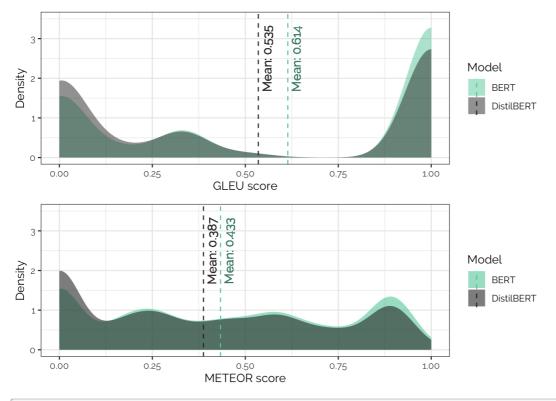
```
gleu <- ggplot(data, aes(x=GLEU, fill=Model)) +</pre>
 geom density(col = NA, alpha=0.5, position="identity") +
 geom_vline(data=mu, aes(xintercept=grp.mean, color=Model),
            linetype="dashed") +
 geom_text(aes(x=0.535, label="\nMean: 0.535", y=2.5), colour="grey23", angle=90, size=4, family = "Raleway
 geom text(aes(x=0.614 , label="\nMean: 0.614 ", y=2.5), colour="aquamarine4", angle=90, size=4, family =
"Raleway")+
 theme_bw() +
 xlim(0,1) +
 ylim(0, 3.5) +
 theme(text = element_text(family = "Raleway"))+
 scale_colour_manual(values=cp)+
 scale fill manual(values=cp)+
 labs(x = "GLEU score",
      y = "Density")
gleu_by_model <- lm(GLEU ~ Model, data)</pre>
summary(gleu_by_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = GLEU ~ Model, data = data)
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q
                                 Max
## -0.6143 -0.5350 0.3857 0.3857 0.4650
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 ## ModelDistilBERT -0.079340 0.007537 -10.53 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4536 on 14488 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00759, Adjusted R-squared: 0.007522
## F-statistic: 110.8 on 1 and 14488 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
t.test(GLEU ~ Model, data)
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: GLEU by Model
## t = 10.526, df = 14477, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.06456574 0.09411336
## sample estimates:
## mean in group BERT mean in group DistilBERT
## 0.6143202 0.5349806</pre>
```

```
met_gl <- gridExtra::grid.arrange(gleu, meteor, nrow = 2)</pre>
```



```
ggsave("meteor_gleu.png", met_gl,width = 9, height = 8)
```

### **Gather citations**

```
citation()
```

```
## To cite R in publications use:
##
##
     R Core Team (2019). R: A language and environment for
     statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing,
##
    Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/.
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
##
     @Manual{,
##
      title = {R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing},
##
       author = {{R Core Team}},
      organization = {R Foundation for Statistical Computing},
##
##
      address = {Vienna, Austria},
##
      year = \{2019\},
       url = {https://www.R-project.org/},
##
##
\#\# We have invested a lot of time and effort in creating R, please
\ensuremath{\#\#} cite it when using it for data analysis. See also
## 'citation("pkgname")' for citing R packages.
```

```
citation("tidyverse")
```

```
## To cite package 'tidyverse' in publications use:
\# \#
    Hadley Wickham (2017). tidyverse: Easily Install and Load the
##
    'Tidyverse'. R package version 1.2.1.
##
##
    https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=tidyverse
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
\#\,\#
    @Manual{,
     title = {tidyverse: Easily Install and Load the 'Tidyverse'},
##
     author = {Hadley Wickham},
##
##
     year = {2017},
##
      note = {R package version 1.2.1},
##
      url = {https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=tidyverse},
##
```

#### citation("rjson")

```
##
## To cite package 'rjson' in publications use:
##
    Alex Couture-Beil (2018). rjson: JSON for R. R package version
    0.2.20. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=rjson
##
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
##
    @Manual{,
##
     title = {rjson: JSON for R},
\#\,\#
     author = {Alex Couture-Beil},
##
     year = {2018},
##
     note = {R package version 0.2.20},
     url = {https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=rjson},
##
##
    }
## ATTENTION: This citation information has been auto-generated from
## the package DESCRIPTION file and may need manual editing, see
## 'help("citation")'.
```

#### citation("extrafont")

```
## To cite package 'extrafont' in publications use:
##
    Winston Chang, (2014). extrafont: Tools for using fonts. R
##
##
    package version 0.17.
##
    https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=extrafont
##
## A BibTeX entry for LaTeX users is
##
##
    @Manual{,
     title = {extrafont: Tools for using fonts},
##
##
     author = {Winston Chang,},
##
     year = {2014},
##
      note = {R package version 0.17},
      url = {https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=extrafont},
##
##
\# \#
\ensuremath{\mbox{\#\#}} ATTENTION: This citation information has been auto-generated from
\ensuremath{\mbox{\#\#}} the package DESCRIPTION file and may need manual editing, see
## 'help("citation")'.
```