## Array

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Master Informatique

Array 2018 - 2019 1 / 9

# Array

- A collection of items stored at contiguous memory locations
- Data structure to store multiple items of the same type

## In Python

$$arr = [1, 2, 3]$$

### In R

$$arr < -c(1, 2, 3)$$

#### In C

int[] arr = 
$$\{1, 2, 3\}$$
;

#### In Java

int[] arr = 
$$\{1, 2, 3\}$$
;

#### Statement

Given two numbers A and B, count the number of occurrences of each digit in the range between A and B included

### Representation

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Array

#### Example

Input:

10 15

Output:

Case 1: 0:1 1:7 2:1 3:1 4:1 5:1 6:0 7:0 8:0 9:0

2018 - 2019 3 / 9

#### Statement

Given two numbers A and B, count the number of occurrences of each digit in the range between A and B included

### What problems can arise?

- What do we know of A and B?
- Can A > B?
- Can A = B?
- How great can A and B be?
- How great can the number of occurrences be?
  - ⇒ Are integers big enough for the solution?
  - → What type of array for the solution?

Array 2018 - 2019 3 / 9

```
Solution 1: Brut force

read A and B on the standard input

if A > B then
        exchange their value

initialize the solution array with 0

foreach page between A and B
    foreach digit in page
        increment the corresponding cell

print the result
```

Array 2018 - 2019 4 / 9

### Solution 2: Arithmetic

```
read A and B on the standard input
if A > B then exchange their value
diff \leftarrow B - A + 1
initialize the solution array with |diff/10|
if diff mod 10 \neq 0 then
     deal with the unity
A \leftarrow \lfloor A/10 \rfloor
B \leftarrow |B/10|
deal with the ten
print the result
```

Array 2018 - 2019 5 / 9

#### More test cases

## Input:

10 15

15 104

220 202

912 912

900 999

0

### Output:

Case 1: 0:1 1:7 2:1 3:1 4:1 5:1 6:0 7:0 8:0 9:0

Case 2: 0:14 1:19 2:19 3:19 4:19 5:19 6:19 7:19 8:19 9:19

Case 3: 0:10 1:11 2:22 3:2 4:2 5:2 6:2 7:2 8:2 9:2

Case 4: 0:0 1:1 2:1 3:0 4:0 5:0 6:0 7:0 8:0 9:1

Case 5: 0:20 1:20 2:20 3:20 4:20 5:20 6:20 7:20 8:20 9:120

Array 2018 - 2019 6 / 9

#### Statement

Given an array of integers, for each number sum the previous strictly smaller numbers

#### Representation

### Example

Input: Output:

1 15

5

15364

Array 2018 - 2019 7 / 9

#### Statement

Given an array of integers, for each number sum the previous strictly smaller numbers

### What problems can arise?

- What do we know of the data?
  - → Are integers big enough for the solution?
  - ⇒ What type for the solution?

Array 2018 - 2019 7 / 9

```
Solution: Brut force
read the array tab on standard input

result ← 0

foreach value in tab
    result ← result + sum of previous values strictly smaller
    than value

print result
```

Array 2018 - 2019 8 / 9

```
More test cases
Input:
2
5
15364
1352674
Output:
15
40
```

Array 2018 - 2019 9 / 9