taking coordinated operations."3 The National Security Strategy of the United States boldly stated, "The al-Qaida network has been significantly degraded."4 These arguments were regularly repeated after 2001. "Al Qaeda's Top Primed to Collapse, U.S. Says," read a Washington Post headline⁵ two weeks after Khalid Sheikh Mohammed, the mastermind behind the September 11 attacks, was arrested in March 2003.6

Our analysis suggests that these claims were overstated. A growing body of work supports our conclusion. For example, the 2008 Annual Threat Assessment of the Director of National Intelligence reported that, "Using the sanctuary in the border area of Pakistan, al-Qa'ida has been able to maintain a cadre of skilled lieutenants capable of directing the organization's operations around the world." It also noted that "Al-Qa'ida is improving the last key aspect of its ability to attack the US: the identification, training, and positioning of operatives for an attack in the Homeland."7 The 2007 national intelligence estimate, The Terrorist Threat to the US Homeland, similarly noted that the main threat to the U.S. homeland "comes from Islamic terrorist groups and cells, especially al-Qa'ida, driven by their undiminished intent to attack the Homeland and a continued effort by these terrorist groups to adapt and improve their capabilities."8 Bruce Riedel, who spent 29 years at the CIA, acknowledged that "Al Qaeda is a more dangerous enemy today than it has ever been before."9

³ Pervez Musharraf, In the Line of Fire: A Memoir, New York: Free Press, 2006, pp. 273-274.

⁴ George W. Bush, The National Security Strategy of the United States of America, Washington, D.C.: White House, 2006, p. 8.

⁵ Dana Priest and Susan Schmidt, "Al Qaeda's Top Primed to Collapse, U.S. Says: Mohammed's Arrest, Data Breed Optimism," Washington Post, March 16, 2003, p. A1.

⁶ Priest and Schmidt (2003).

J. Michael McConnell, Annual Threat Assessment of the Director of National Intelligence for the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, February 5, 2008, p. 6.

⁸ Office of the Director of National Intelligence and National Intelligence Council, *The* Terrorist Threat to the US Homeland, Washington, D.C., 2007, p. 5.

Bruce Riedel, "Al Qaeda Strikes Back," Foreign Affairs, Vol. 86, No. 3, May-June 2007, p. 24.