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(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU, Approved by AICTE & ISO 9001:2008 Certified)

(Accredited by National Assessment & Accreditation Council (NAAC) with 'A' grade)



Date of test : 30/4/2022	Course Name	Max Marks : 50 M.
Day : Saturday	Computer Communication & Networks	Course Mentor : TI
Branch : ECE UG/PG-DEC/VLSI	Course Code : 19EC6DCCCN	Course Mentor Sign : I
Semester : 6	Internal Assessment Test	Staff i/c name : SAC
Section : A/B/C/D/	CIE (I) / II / III / Imp Test	Staffs i/c sign : S
Timings : 12.00 - 1.30 PM	Test Solutions & Scheme	HOD Name : Dr. TCM
Test Duration : 1 1/2 Hrs.		HOD's sign :

Q. No.	Test question paper solutions with steps & answers	Marks Allocation
1	<p>a) Jitter (iv)</p> <p>b) All of the above (iv)</p> <p>c) Virtual circuit identifier (ii)</p> <p>d) None (iv)</p> <p>e) Bits (i)</p> <p>f) $2^m - 1$ (i)</p> <p>g) 15 (ii)</p> <p>h) Data link & Transport layer (iv)</p> <p>i) Error Control (iii)</p> <p>j) Transport layer (ii)</p>	10M
2	<p>i) Size of o/p frame = $(20 \times 1) + 1 = 21$ bits</p> <p>ii) The output frame rate = 100,000 frames/s (Each frame carries 1 bit from each source)</p> <p>iii) Frame duration = $\frac{1}{\text{frame rate}} = \frac{1}{100,000} = 10 \mu\text{s}$</p> <p>iv) ^{o/p} Data rate = $100,000 \text{ frames/s} \times 21 \text{ bits}$ = 21Mbps.</p>	6M

Q. No.

Test question paper solutions with steps & answers

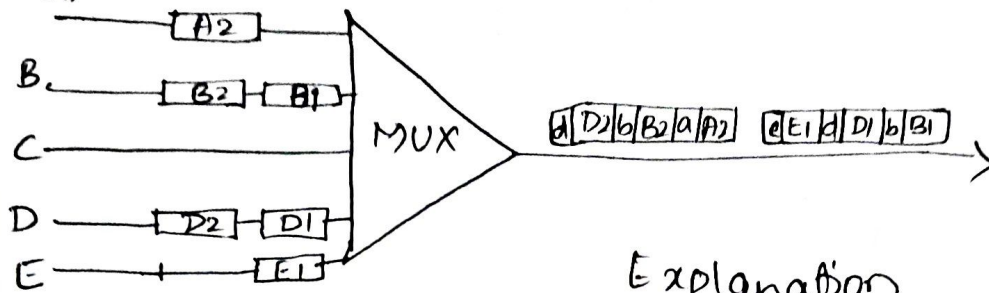
Marks Allocation

26.

Statistical TDM

4M)

Lines



Explanation

3
a

i)



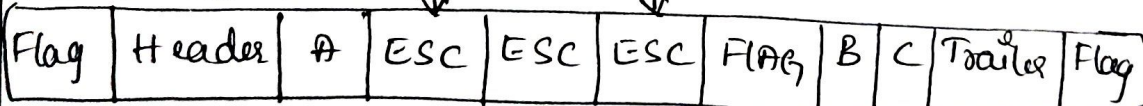
Frame sent

↓ stuffed

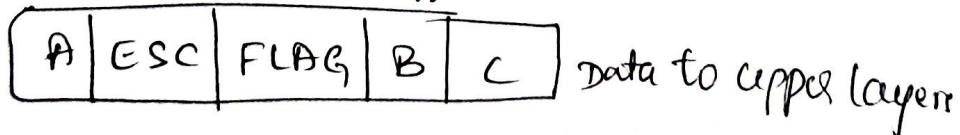


Frame received

Extra 2 bytes



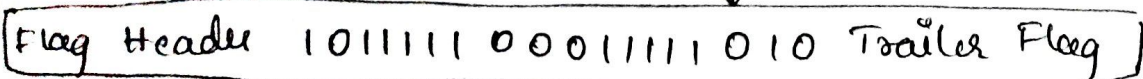
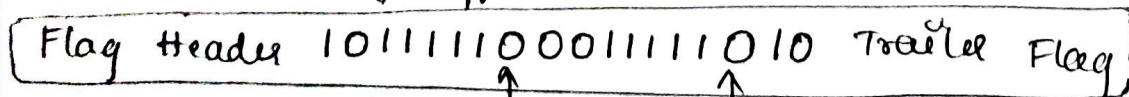
↓ Unstuffed



ii)

1011111001111110

↓ stuffed



↓

1011111001111110

3M)

36 i> Physical address →

Ex: 07:01:02:01:2C:4B - 6 byte

ii> Logical address

iii> Port address

Ex: 753 - 16 bit

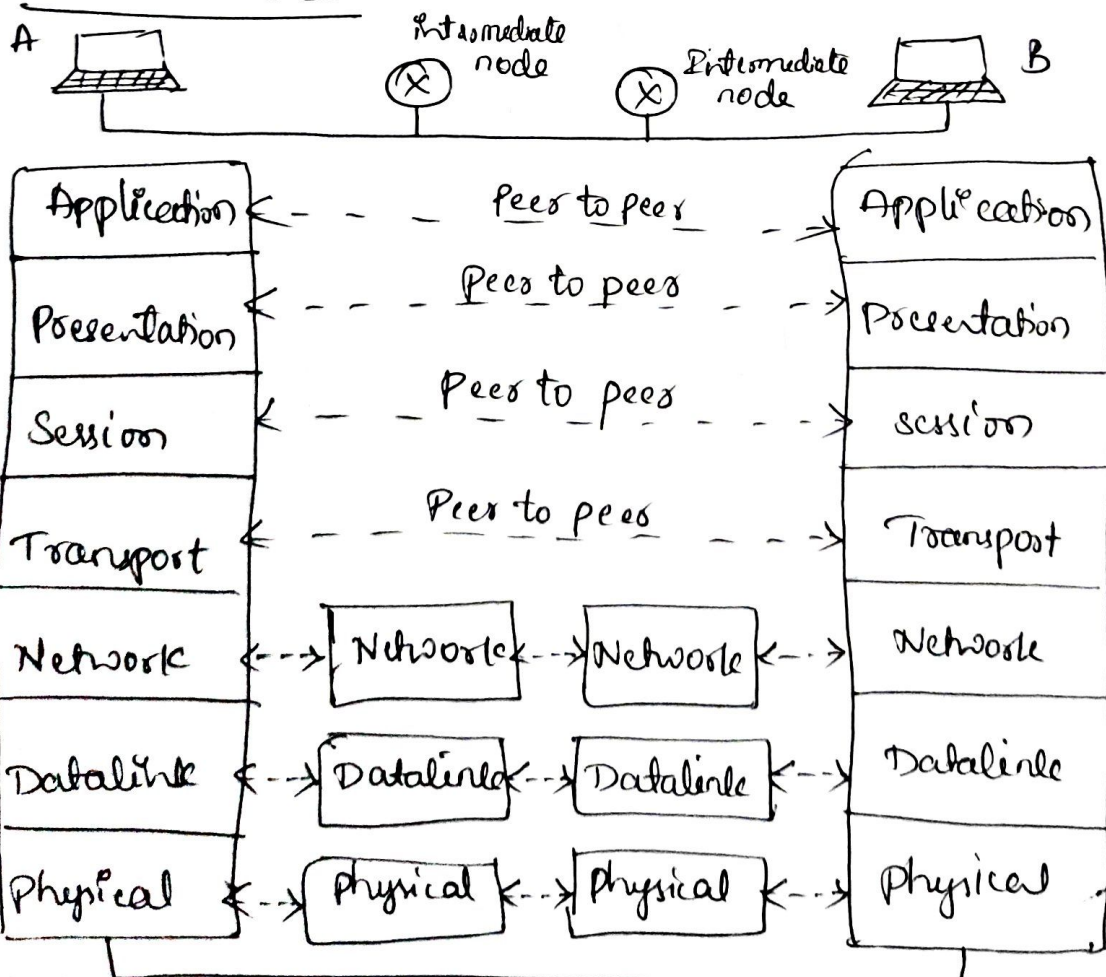
iv> Specific address

Ex: WWW.dayanandasagar.edu
email address

4M

4

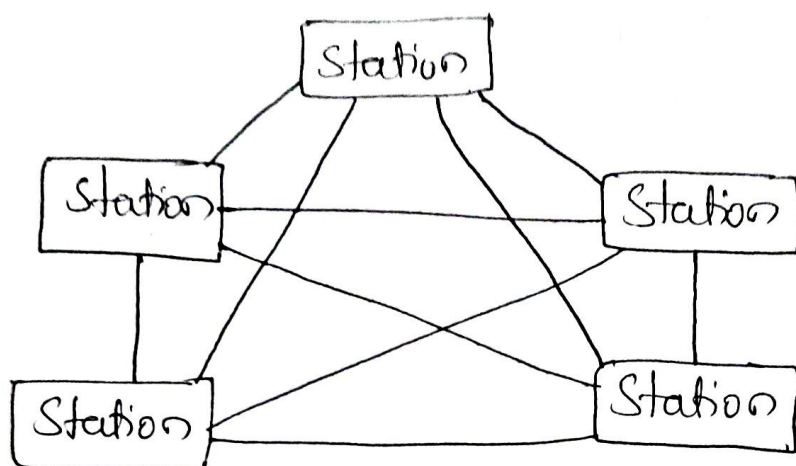
OSI model



10M

Any Four functions of each

5 a.

Mesh Topology

Explanation

$$\text{Physical Links} = n(n-1) = 5(5-1) = 20$$

$$\text{duplex links} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

$$\text{I/O ports} = (n-1) = (5-1) = 4$$

b.

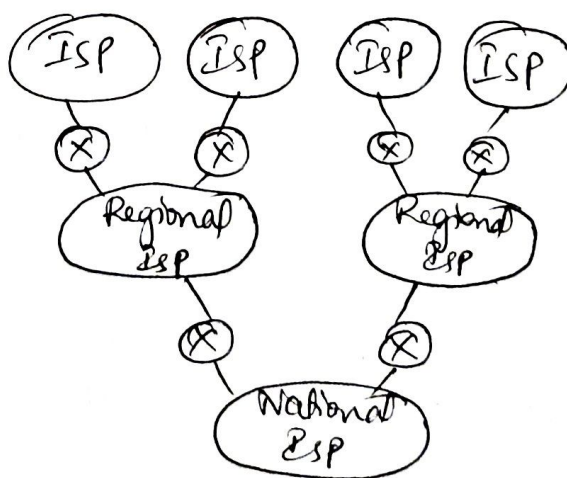
Role of ISPs

International ISP

National ISP

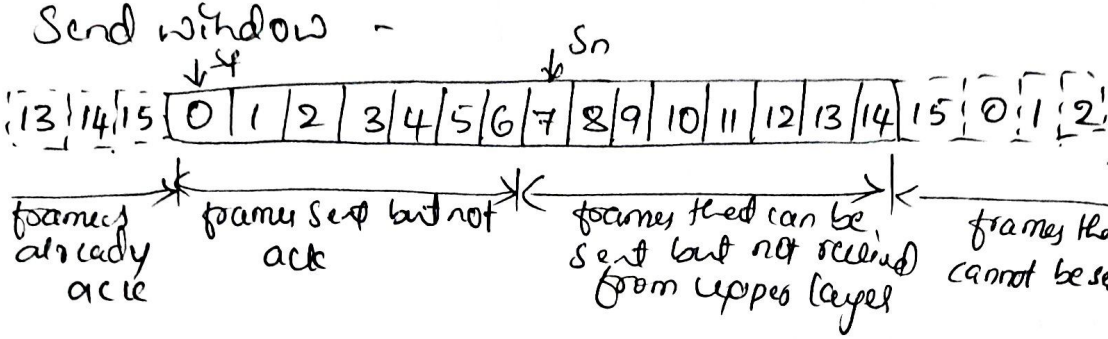
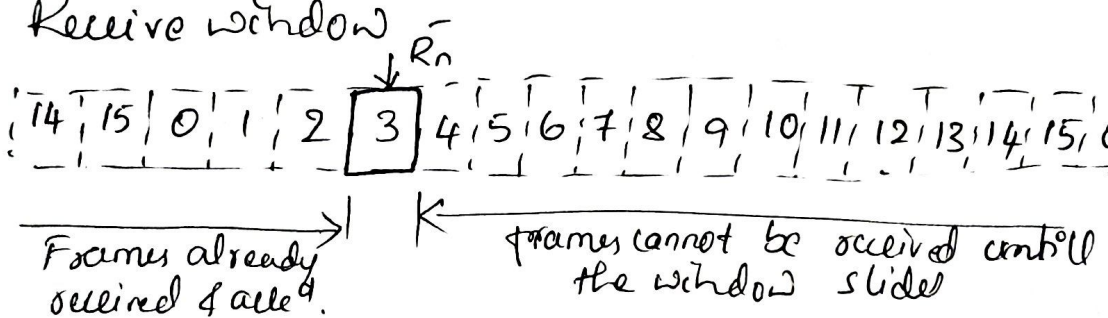
Regional ISP

Local ISP.

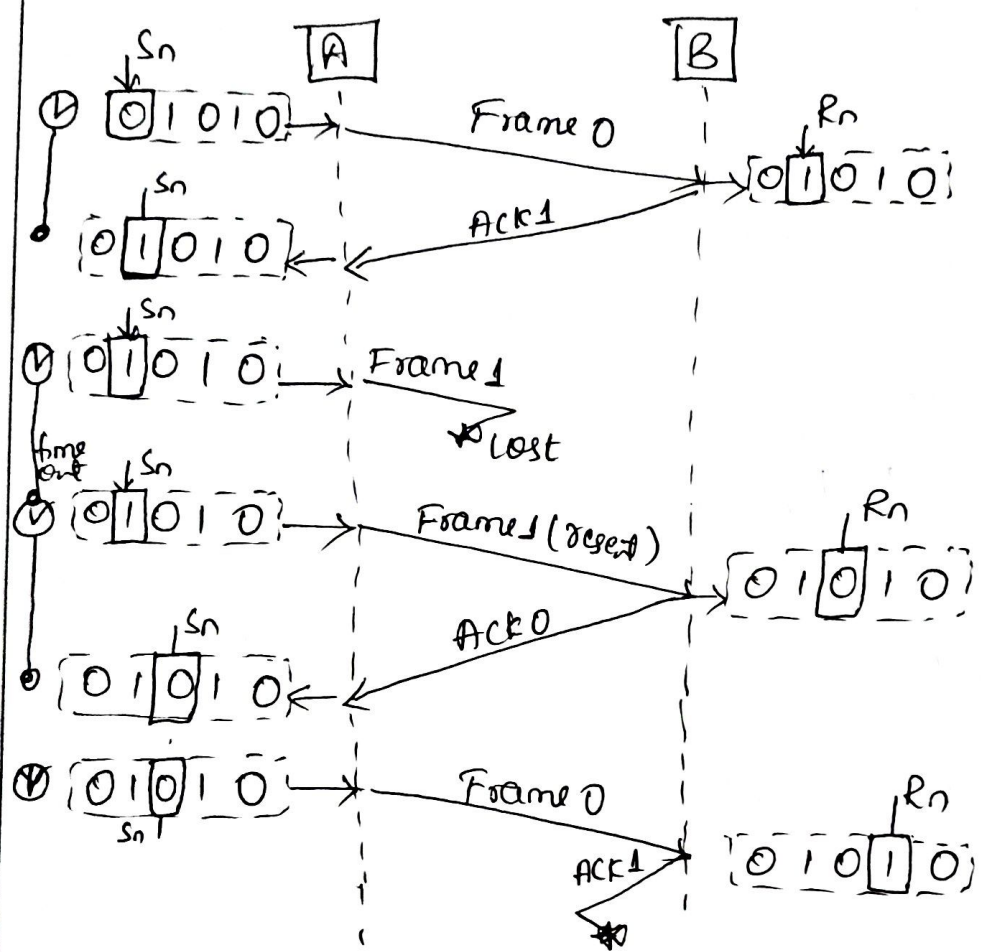


With Explanation

5

Q. No.	Test question paper solutions with steps & answers	Marks Allocation
6a.	<p><u>Go-Back N ARQ</u></p> <p><u>Sliding window</u></p> <p>Send window -</p>  <p>2</p> <p>Receive window</p>  <p>2</p> <p><u>Receiver side Algorithm</u></p> <pre> Rn = 0; while (true) { WaitForEvent (); if (Event (Arrival Notification)) { Receive(Frame); if (corrupted (Frame)) Sleep (); if (SeqNo == Rn) { DeliverData (); Rn = Rn + 1; SendACK(Rn); } } } </pre> <p>2</p>	
		6M)

66 Seq no. & Ack no. are based on modulo-2
 ↳ Stop & wait APO.



— 4

7a.

Circuit switching

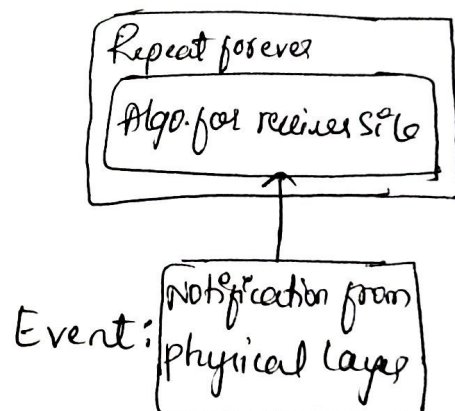
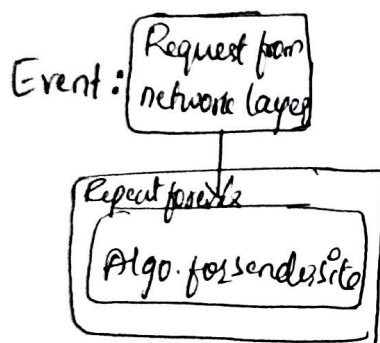
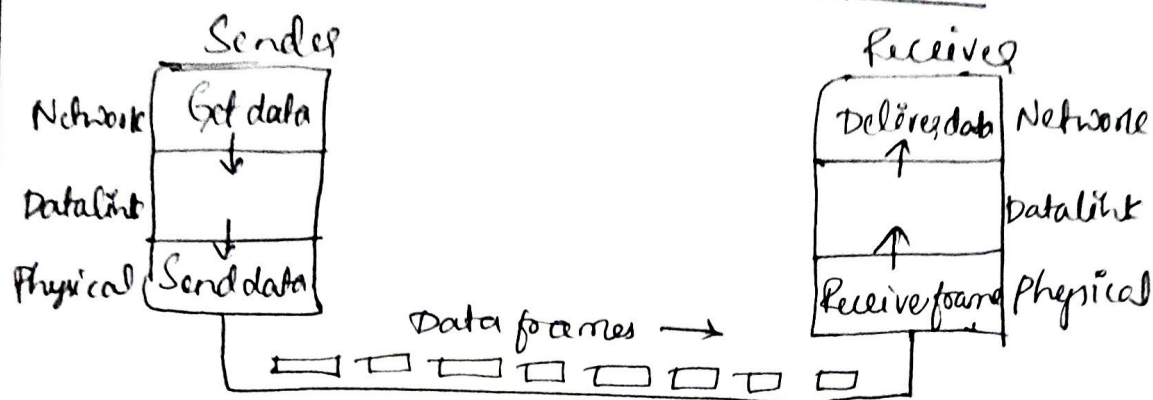
- i. Requires a dedicated path before sending data
- ii. It reserves the entire bandwidth in advance
- iii. Each packet follows the same route
- iv. Wastage of BW is more
- v. more reliable

Packet switching

- Does not require.
- It does not
- can follow any route
- less
- less reliable any (4)

4M

7b. Protocol with neither flow control nor error control - Simplest protocol.



5M

With Explanation