

ITP2200

Introduction to Software Testing

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Lecture 3

Graph Coverage

Logic Coverage

So, more programming this week?



What do we remember from last time?



We mentioned “Coverage”

```
5  public class TriangleClassifier {  
6      public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {  
7  
8          System.out.println("This program takes as input three integers and returns " +  
9              "the type of triangle that can be built with them.");  
10         System.out.println("-----");  
11  
12         if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {  
13             return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";  
14         }  
15  
16         if (a == b && b == c) {  
17             return "EQUILATERAL";  
18         }  
19  
20         int max = Math.max(a, Math.max(b, c));  
21  
22         if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||  
23             (max == b && max - a - c >= 0) ||  
24             (max == c && max - a - b >= 0)) {  
25             return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";  
26         }  
27  
28         if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {  
29             return "ISOSCELES";  
30         } else {  
31             return "SCALENE";  
32         }  
33     }
```

```
@Test  
public void testScalene() throws Exception {  
    int a = 5;  
    int b = 7;  
    int c = 9;  
  
    String result = TriangleClassifier.classify(a, b, c);  
    assertTrue(result.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "SCALENE"));  
}  
  
@Test  
public void testIsosceles() throws Exception{  
    int a = 5;  
    int b = 5;  
    int c = 7;  
  
    String result = TriangleClassifier.classify(a, b, c);  
    assertTrue(result.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "ISOSCELES"));  
    assertFalse(result.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "SCALENE"));  
}
```

Code is at

<https://github.com/bogdanmarculescu/itp2200>



We mentioned “Coverage”

The screenshot shows an IDE interface with two tabs: 'TriangleClassifier.java' and 'TriangleClassifierTest.java'. The code in 'TriangleClassifier.java' is as follows:

```
1 package ex03;
2
3 import ex03.TriangleType;
4
5 public class TriangleClassifier {
6     @
7         public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {
8
9             System.out.println("This program takes as input three +");
10            "the type of triangle that can be built with the";
11            System.out.println("-----");
12
13            if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {
14                return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
15            }
16
17            if (a == b && b == c) {
18                return "EQUILATERAL";
19            }
20
21            int max = Math.max(a, Math.max(b, c));
22
23            if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||
24                (max == b && max - a - c >= 0) ||
25                (max == c && max - a - b >= 0)) {
26                return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
27            }
28
29            if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {
30                return "ISOSCELES";
31            } else {
32                return "SCALENE";
33            }
34        }
35    }
```

The coverage analysis window on the right shows the following data:

Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
ExQueue	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)	0% (0/23)
Stats	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/17)
TriangleClassifier	100% (1/1)	100% (1/1)	75% (9/12)
TriangleType	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)

Interpreting Coverage:

What happens to code that is not executed?

How should we change our test to cover those lines as well?

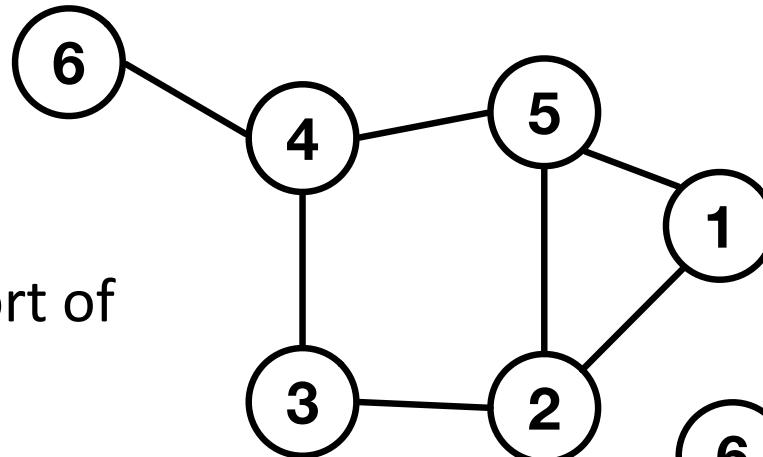
A (very brief) overview of graphs

A graph:

Structure

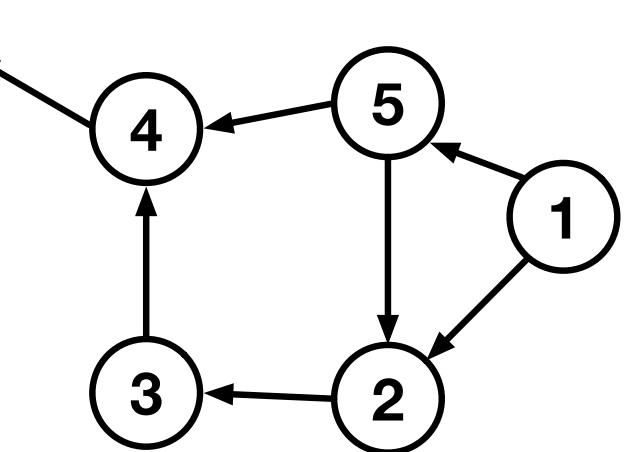
Nodes (Vertices, points)

- Objects that have some sort of connection



Edges

- Connection between them (can be directional or not)



Path

- A way of “moving” through the graph

Code as a Graph

Abstraction of code:

Nodes – lines of code

Edges - transitions between lines (i.e. what gets executed)

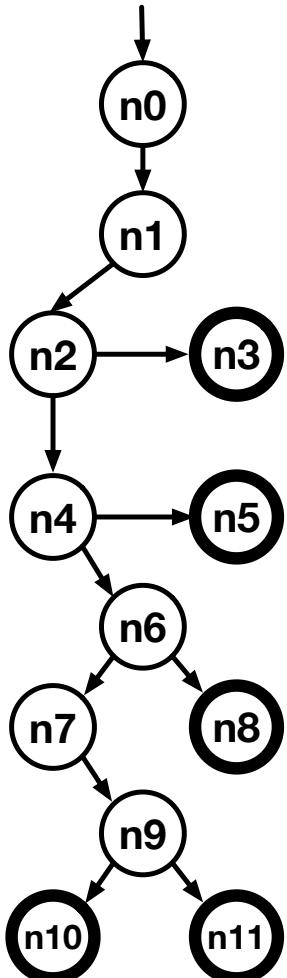
```
5  public class TriangleClassifier {  
6  @     public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {  
7  
8      System.out.println("This program takes as input three integers and returns " +  
9          "the type of triangle that can be built with them.");  
10     System.out.println("-----");  
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12     if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {  
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15  
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33 }
```

Code as a Graph

Abstraction of code:

Nodes – lines of code

Edges - transitions between lines (i.e. what gets executed)



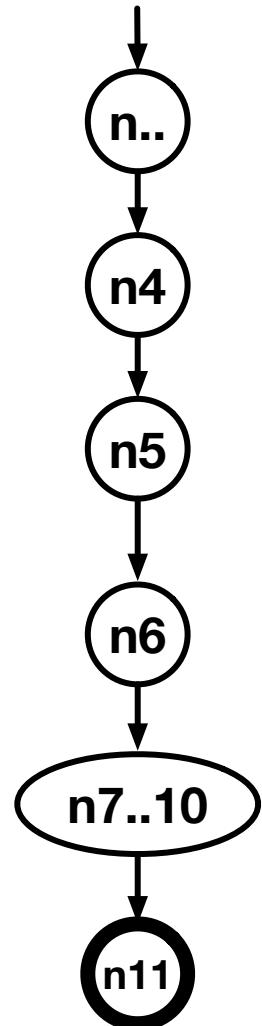
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5  public class TriangleClassifier {  
6      @  public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {  
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Code as a Graph

Abstraction of code:

Nodes – lines of code

Edges - transitions between lines (i.e. what gets executed)



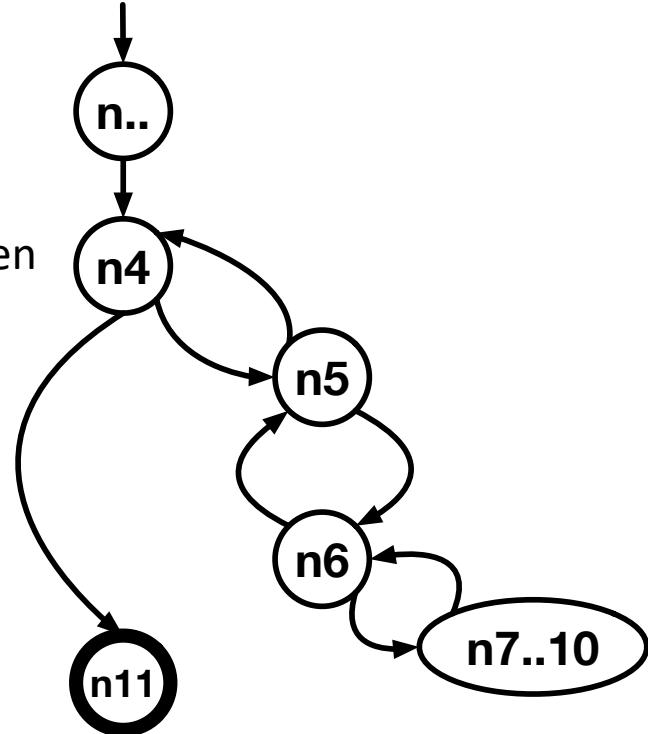
```
public class SortingHelper {  
    public static int[] sortArray(int[] array){  
        int n = array.length;  
        int[] result = array.clone();  
        int temp = 0;  
        for(int i=0; i < n; i++) // Looping through the array length  
        {  
            for(int j=1; j < (n-i); j++)  
            {  
                if(result[j-1] > result[j])  
                {  
                    //swap elements  
                    temp = result[j-1];  
                    result[j-1] = result[j];  
                    result[j] = temp;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
        return result;  
    }  
}
```

Code as a Graph

Abstraction of code:

Nodes – lines of code

Edges - transitions between lines (i.e. what gets executed)



```
public class SortingHelper {  
    public static int[] sortArray(int[] array){  
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                if(result[j-1] > result[j])  
                {  
                    //swap elements  
                    temp = result[j-1];  
                    result[j-1] = result[j];  
                    result[j] = temp;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
        return result;  
    }  
}
```

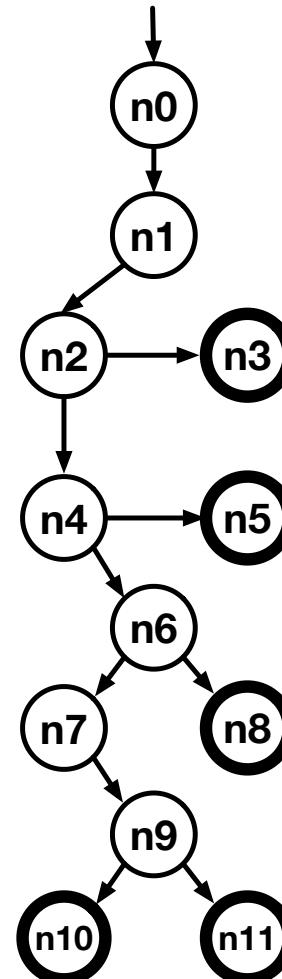
Back to our code

```
5  public class TriangleClassifier {  
6      @...     public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {  
7  
8          System.out.println("This program takes as input three integers and returns " +  
9              "the type of triangle that can be built with them.");  
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22         if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||  
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28         if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {  
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33     }  
34 }
```

```
@Test  
public void testScalene() throws Exception {  
    int a = 5;  
    int b = 7;  
    int c = 9;  
  
    String result = TriangleClassifier.classify(a, b, c);  
    assertTrue(result.equalsIgnoreCase( anotherString: "SCALENE"));  
}  
  
@Test  
public void testIsosceles() throws Exception{  
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```

Code as a Graph

```
5  public class TriangleClassifier {  
6      @  
7      public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {  
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@Test  
public void testScalene() throws Exception {  
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    String result = TriangleClassifier.classify(a, b, c);  
    assertTrue(result.equalsIgnoreCase("SCALENE"));  
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@Test  
public void testIsosceles() throws Exception{  
    int a = 5;  
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    String result = TriangleClassifier.classify(a, b, c);  
    assertTrue(result.equalsIgnoreCase("ISOSCELES"));  
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}
```



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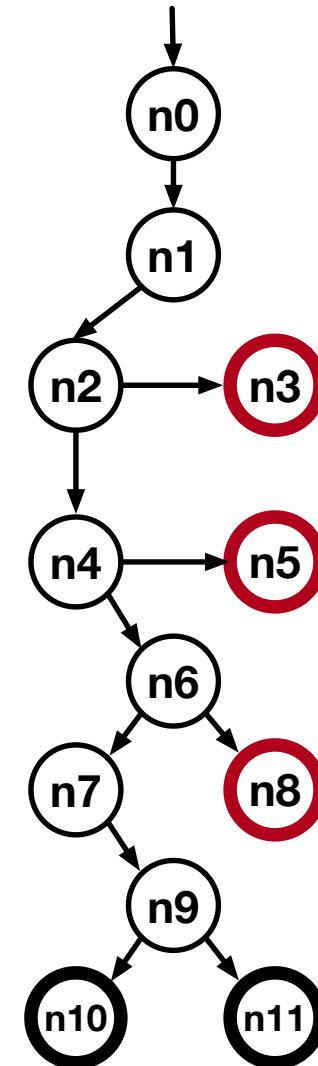
We mentioned “Coverage”

The screenshot shows an IDE interface with two tabs: 'TriangleClassifier.java' and 'TriangleClassifierTest.java'. The code editor displays Java code for a triangle classifier. The coverage tool panel on the right shows the following statistics:

Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
ExQueue	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)	0% (0/23)
Stats	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/17)
TriangleClassifier	100% (1/1)	100% (1/1)	75% (9/12)
TriangleType	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)

25% classes, 15% lines covered in package 'ex03'

```
1 package ex03;
2
3 import ex03.TriangleType;
4
5 public class TriangleClassifier {
6     public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {
7
8         System.out.println("This program takes as input three sides");
9         System.out.println("the type of triangle that can be built with these sides");
10        System.out.println("-----");
11
12        if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {
13            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
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22        if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||
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25            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
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28        if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {
29            return "ISOSCELES";
30        } else {
31            return "SCALENE";
32        }
33    }
}
```



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We mentioned “Coverage”

```
package ex03;

import ex03.TriangleType;

public class TriangleClassifier {
    public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {

        System.out.println("This program takes as input three numbers");
        System.out.println("the type of triangle that can be built with them");
        System.out.println("-----");

        if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {
            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
        }

        if (a == b && b == c) {
            return "EQUILATERAL";
        }

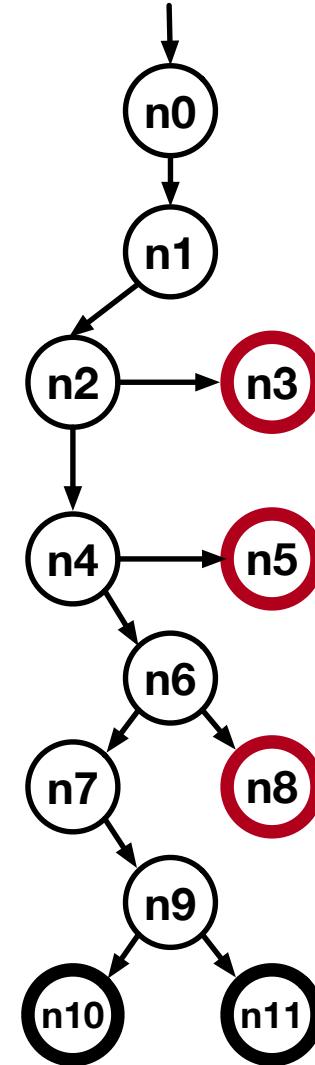
        int max = Math.max(a, Math.max(b, c));

        if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||
            (max == b && max - a - c >= 0) ||
            (max == c && max - a - b >= 0)) {
            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
        }

        if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {
            return "ISOSCELES";
        } else {
            return "SCALENE";
        }
    }
}
```

Coverage: TriangleClassifierTest.testScalene

Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
ExQueue	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)	0% (0/23)
Stats	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/17)
TriangleClassifier	100% (1/1)	100% (1/1)	75% (9/12)
TriangleType	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)



How can we cover
the remaining
nodes?

Are all nodes
reachable?

(Should we?
Is it worth doing?)

Code!!!

```
package ex03;

import ex03.TriangleType;

public class TriangleClassifier {
    public static String classify(int a, int b, int c) {

        System.out.println("This program takes as input three sides");
        System.out.println("the type of triangle that can be built with these sides");
        System.out.println("-----");

        if (a <= 0 || b <= 0 || c <= 0) {
            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
        }

        if (a == b && b == c) {
            return "EQUILATERAL";
        }

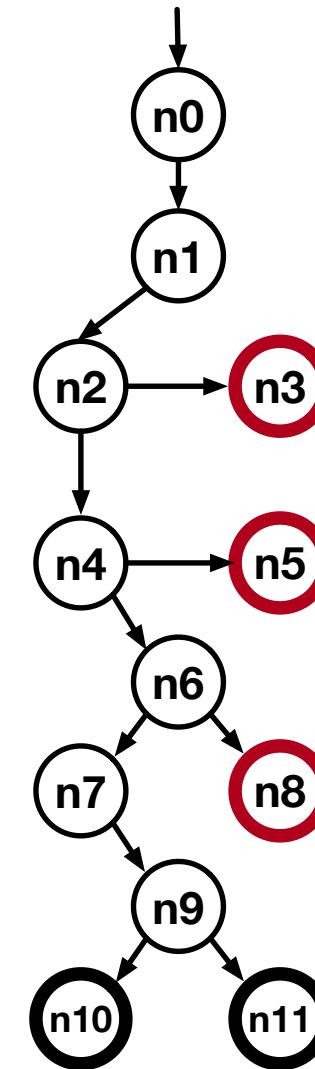
        int max = Math.max(a, Math.max(b, c));

        if ((max == a && max - b - c >= 0) ||
            (max == b && max - a - c >= 0) ||
            (max == c && max - a - b >= 0)) {
            return "NOT_A_TRIANGLE";
        }

        if (a == b || b == c || a == c) {
            return "ISOSCELES";
        } else {
            return "SCALENE";
        }
    }
}
```

Coverage: TriangleClassifierTest.testScalene

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ExQueue	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)	0% (0/23)
Stats	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/17)
TriangleClassifier	100% (1/1)	100% (1/1)	75% (9/12)
TriangleType	0% (0/1)	0% (0/1)	0% (0/5)



Let's add tests to cover the remaining nodes!



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Questions so far?

Exercise for the Seminar



Rooms:

A3-01

A4-03

A5-10

A5-18

Exercise for the Seminar



Self-organized.

In repo:

Stats.java - Contains code for some basic stats on a group of numbers.

tests/StatsTest.java - Contains scaffolding for tests.

SO:

Draw up the graph for Stats.java

Write up what paths you want to cover (ideally all nodes will be covered)

Write up the tests for those paths.

Run (with coverage)!

Exercise for the Seminar



When done

PatternMatcher.java - Contains code for some string pattern matching.

tests/PatTest.java - Contains scaffolding for tests.

SO:

Draw up the graph for PatternMatcher.java

Write up what paths you want to cover (ideally all nodes will be covered)

Write up the tests for those paths.

Run (with coverage)!