Debug C++ Without Running Anastasia Kazakova **JetBrains** @anastasiak2512 + + + + + + + C++Now 2018

Agenda

- 1. Tricky C++ language. Show samples!
- 2. Seems to help but it doesn't. Why?
 - Running / Debugging
 - Static / dynamic code analysis
- 3. Should help IDEs! How?

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- 1. Tricky C++ language. Show samples!
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Time for a quote

"C makes it easy to shoot yourself in the foot; C++ makes it harder, but when you do it blows your whole leg off"

- Bjarne Stroustrup

http://www.stroustrup.com/bs_faq.html#really-say-that

C++ difficulties: 42

```
template < class T, int ... X>
T pi(T(X...));
int main() {
   return pi < int, 42>;
}
```

```
C++ difficulties: 42
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                                                                          mov
                                                                          pop
                                                                           ret
                             8 pi<int, 42>:
                                                                           .long 42
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           # 0x2a
```

C++ difficulties: 42

```
template<class T, int ... X>
T pi(T(X...));
int main() {
                                                int main() {
    return pi<int, 42>;
                                                    return int(42);
          template<class T, int ... X>
          T pi = T(X...);
                                                           int main() {
                                                               return 42;
          int main() {
              return pi<int, 42>;
```

C++ difficulties: macro

```
#define X(a) myVal_##a,
enum myShinyEnum {
#include "xmacro.txt"
};
#undef X
void foo(myShinyEnum en) {
    switch (en) {
        case myVal_a:break;
        case myVal_b:break;
        case myVal_c:break;
        case myVal_d:break;
```

C++ difficulties: macro

C++ difficulties: context

```
//foo.h
#ifdef MAGIC
template<int>
struct x {
    x(int i) { }
};
#else
int x = 100;
#endif
```

```
//foo.cpp
#include "foo.h"
void test(int y) {
   const int a = 100;

auto k = x<a>(0);
}
```

C++ difficulties: compile-time generation

```
interface Shape {
                                                              int area() const;
                                                              void scale_by(double factor);
$class interface {
    constexpr {
       compiler_require($interface_variables()_empty(),
                        "interfaces may not contain data");
       for... (auto f : $interface.functions()) {
           compiler.require(!f.is_copy() && !f.is_move(),
               "interfaces may not copy or move; consider a"
               " virtual clone() instead");
           if (!f.has_access()) f.make_public();
           compiler.require(f.is_public(),
               "interface functions must be public");
           f.make_pure_virtual();
   virtual ~interface() noexcept { }
                                                          struct Shape {
};
                                                              virtual int area() const = 0;
                                                              virtual void scale_by(double factor) = 0;
                                                              virtual ~Shape() noexcept {
```

C++ difficulties: overloads

```
class Fraction {...};
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Fraction& f){...}</pre>
bool operator==(const Fraction& lhs, const Fraction& rhs){...}
bool operator!=(const Fraction& lhs, const Fraction& rhs){...}
Fraction operator*(Fraction lhs, const Fraction& rhs){...}
void fraction_sample()
    Fraction f1(3, 8), f2(1, 2);
    std::cout << f1 << " * " << f2 << " = " << f1 * f2 << '\n';
```

C++ difficulties: overloads

```
void foo() { std::cout << "1\n"; }</pre>
void foo(int) { std::cout << "2\n"; }</pre>
template<typename T> void foo(T) { std::cout << "3\n"; }</pre>
template<> void foo(int) { std::cout << "4\n"; }</pre>
template<typename T> void foo(T*) { std::cout << "5\n"; }</pre>
struct S {};
void foo(S) { std::cout << "6\n"; }</pre>
struct ConvertibleToInt {ConvertibleToInt(int); };
void foo(ConvertibleToInt) { std::cout << "7\n"; }</pre>
namespace N {
    namespace M { void foo(char) { std::cout << "8\n"; } }</pre>
    void foo(double) { std::cout << "9\n"; }</pre>
int main() {
    foo(1);
    using namespace N::M;
    foo(1);
```

C++ difficulties: even more

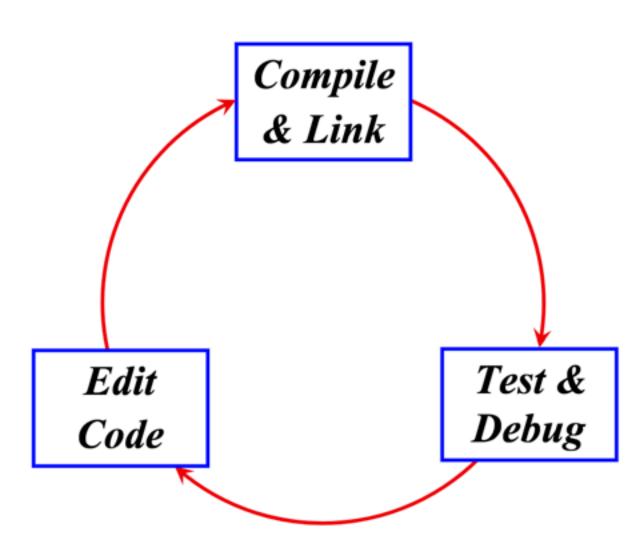
- Constexpr
- Injected code
- •

Agenda

- 1. Tricky C++ language. Show samples!
- 2. Seems to help but it doesn't. Why?
 - Run / Debug
 - Static / dynamic code analysis
- 3. Should help IDEs! How?

Do these help?

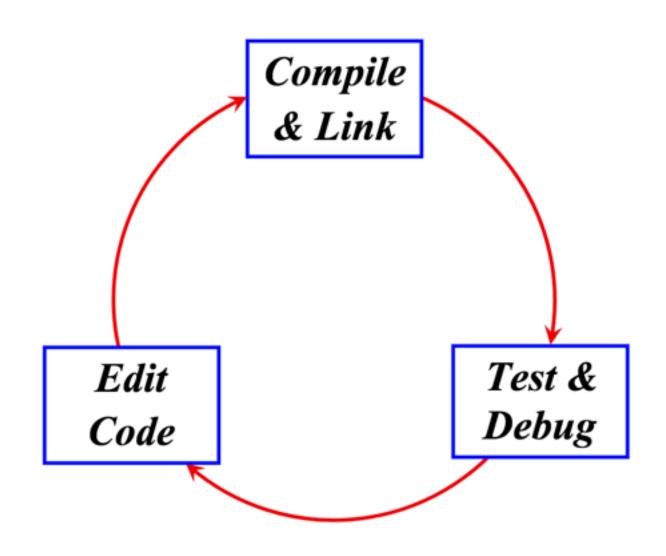
- Read-fix-run / read-fix-print-run and check results
- Debug
- Use static or dynamic code analysis



Do these help?

- Read-fix-run / read-fix-print-run and check results
- Debug
- Use static or dynamic code analysis

No!
(not always)



Herb Sutter's keynotes CppCon'17

Meta - Thoughts on Generative C++

- Abstractions are hiders
- Abstractions need tool support
- Good abstractions do need to be toolable

Herb Sutter's keynotes CppCon'17

⇒ Abstractions need tool support.

```
Variables: hide values \Rightarrow need watch windows (debug)
              Functions: hide code \Rightarrow need Go To Definition (IDE) / Step Into (debug)
                       Pointers: hide indirection \Rightarrow need visualizers (debug)
              #includes: hide dependencies \Rightarrow need file "touch"-aware build (build)
            Classes: hide code/data, encapsulate behavior \Rightarrow need most of the above
C++98
             Overloads: hide static polymorphism \Rightarrow need better warning/error msgs
              Virtuals: hide dynamic polymorphism \Rightarrow need dynamic debug support
               constexpr functions: hide computations \Rightarrow need compile-time debug
             if constexpr: hide whether code even has to compile \Rightarrow need colorizers
            Modules: hide dependencies \Rightarrow need module "touch"-aware build (build)
                 Compile-time variables: hide values ⇒ need compile-time watch
           Compile-time code/functions: hide computation \Rightarrow need compile-time debug
                Injection, metaclasses: generate entities \Rightarrow need to visualize them
```

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Goal – understand the substitution w/o running the preprocessor:

- Show final replacement
- Substitute next step
- Substitute all steps

Show final replacement

```
#define MAGIC 100
#define CALL_DEF(val, class_name) int call_##class_name() { return val; }
#define CLASS_DEF(class_name) class class_##class_name { \
                              public: \
                                  int count_##class_name; \
                                  CALL_DEF(MAGIC, class_name) \
                              };
CLASS_DEF(A)
     Declared In: MacroReplacement.cpp
CLAS
     Definition:
     #define CLASS_DEF(class_name) class class_##class_name {
                                    public:
                                        int count_##class_name;
                                        CALL_DEF(MAGIC, class_name)
                                    };
     Replacement:
     class class_A{public:int count_A;int call_A(){return 100;}};
```

Substitute next step

Substitute all steps

Substitute macro – practical sample

```
#define DECL(z, n, text) text ## n = n;
BOOST_PP_REPEAT(5, DECL, int x)
```

```
#define DECL(z, n, text) text ## n = n;
BOOST_PP_CAT(BOOST_PP_REPEAT_, BOOST_PP_AUTO_REC(BOOST_PP_REPEAT_P, 4))(5, DECL, int x)
```

#define DECL(z, n, text) text ## n = n;

int x0 = 0; int x1 = 1; int x2 = 2; int x3 = 3; int x4 = 4;

Be careful!
Code might be affected!

Be careful!

Code might be affected!

Macro debug requires all usages analysis!

```
void func(int i) {}
void func(double d) {}

#define FUNCM func

=void macro_definition_usage() {
    FUNCM(0);
    FUNCM(0.0);
    int func;
    FUNCM;
}
```

Macro debug requires all usages analysis!

```
void func(int i) {}
void func(double d) {}

#define FUNCM func

Pvoid macro_defin
FUNCM(0);
FUNCM(0.0);
FUNCM(0.0);
int func;
FUNCM;
}

int func;
FUNCM;
}
```

Goal – understand the final type

- Show inferred type
- Substitute typedef (one step)
- Substitute typedef and all nested (all steps)

Show inferred type

```
template<typename T, typename U>
auto doOperation(T t, U u) -> decltype(t + u) {
    return t + u;
}

void fun_type() {
    auto op = doOperation(3.0, 0);
    //...
}
```

Show inferred type

```
14 template<typename T, typename U>
15 auto doOperation(T t, U u) -> decltype(t + u) {
16    return t + u;
17 }
18

19 void fun_type() {
20    auto oo = doOperation(3.0, 0);
21    //...double op
22 }
23
24
```

```
template<typename ⊤, typename U>
auto doOperation(T t, U u) -> decltype(t + u) {
    return t + u;
v@d fun_type() {
    auto op = doOperation(3.0, 0);
   double op = doOperation(3.0, 0)
                                                  袋
template<typename T, typename U>
auto doOperation(T t, U u) -> decltype(t + u) {
    return t + u;
void fun_type() {
    auto op = doOperation(3.0, 0);
                 <anonymous>::op
                                                        X
            (local variable) double op
                                                     go to
```

Substitute typedef

```
#define MY_STRUCT(name) struct name {};

MY_STRUCT(A)
MY_STRUCT(B)
MY_STRUCT(C)
MY_STRUCT(D)
MY_STRUCT(E)

typedef boost::mpl::vector<A, B, C, D, E> myStructVec;
boost::mpl::at_c<myStructVec, 3>::type hi;
```

```
Substitute typedef
                               #define MY_STRUCT(name) struct name {};
                               MY_STRUCT(A)
                               MY_STRUCT(B)
                               MY_STRUCT(C)
                               MY_STRUCT(D)
                               MY_STRUCT(E)
                               typedef boost::mpl::vector<A, B, C, D, E> myStructVec;
                               boost::mpl::at_c<myStructVec, 3>::type hi;
boost::mpl::vector5<A, B, C, D, E>::item3 hi;
```

Debug the abstractions

- Instantiating templates
- Constexpr evaluator
- Injection evaluator

```
handle

class T1 = int
class... Types = float

template < class T1 = int, class... Types>
void handle(Tuple < T1, Types...&>)
{
    std::cout << "3\n";
}</pre>
```

```
template<class...> struct Tuple { };
///First overload
template<class... Types>
void handle(Tuple<Types ...>) { std::cout << "1\n"; }</pre>
///Second overload
template<class T1, class... Types>
void handle(Tuple<T1, Types ...>) { std::cout << "2\n"; }</pre>
///Third overload
template<class T1, class... Types>
void handle(Tuple<T1, Types& ...>) { std::cout << "3\n"; }</pre>
void check() {
                             // -> 1
    handle(Tuple<>());
    handle(Tuple<int, float>()); // -> 2
    handle(Tuple<int, float&>()); // -> 3
    ///Third overload
    template<class T1, class... Types>
    void handle(Tuple<T1, Types& ...>) { std::cout << "3\n"; }</pre>
                                                  Press 'F2' for focus
```

Constexpr evaluator + Template instantiation

```
template <typename T>
auto get_value(T t) {
    if constexpr (std::is_pointer<T>::value)
        return *t;
    else
        return t;
void test()
     auto pi = std::make_unique<int>(9);
     int i = 9;
     std::cout << get_value(pi.get()) << "\n";</pre>
     std::cout << get_value(i) << "\n";</pre>
```

The power of tools: Meta info debug

Templates intellisense (#MSBuild 2018)

```
template<typename ITER> <T>
            void kadane(
                 const ITER& input_begin,
                 const ITER& input_end,
                 std::pair<ITER, ITER>& output_range,
                 typename std::iterator_traits<ITER>::value_type& output_value)
      9
                 typedef typename std::iterator_traits<ITER>::value_type
     10
                     ValueType;
     11
     12
     13
                 ITER begin, begin_temp, end;
                ValueType max_so_far{};
     14
     15
                ValueType max_ending_here{};
     16
                 begin = input_begin;
                 begin_temp = input_begin;
     18
                 end = input_begin;
     19
     20
                 // Holds the frontier value of K[i-1].
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                                                 Col 5
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                                                                                INS

☐ Ready
```

Debug functions and operators overloads:

- Distinguish overloaded operators
- Explain overload resolution
- Navigate to similar functions

Distinguish overloaded operators

```
class Fraction {...};
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& out, const Fraction& f)</pre>
    return out << f.num() << '/' << f.den() ;</pre>
bool operator==(const Fraction& lhs, const Fraction& rhs)
\{\ldots\}
bool operator!=(const Fraction& lhs, const Fraction& rhs)
\{\ldots\}
Fraction operator*(Fraction lhs, const Fraction& rhs)
\{\ldots\}
void fraction_sample()
    Fraction f1(3, 8), f2(1, 2);
    std::cout << f1 << " * " << f2 << " = " << f1 * f2 << '\n';
```

Overload resolution:

- 1. Do name lookup
- 2. Do template argument deduction
- 3. Pick the candidate
- 4. Check access control

Show candidates set – parameter info

- 1. One-by-one or all together
- 2. Parameters or full signature

```
void foo() { std::cout << "1\n"; }</pre>
void foo(int) { std::cout << "2\n"; }</pre>
template<typename T> void foo(T) { std::cout << "3\n"; }</pre>
template<> void foo(int) { std::cout << "4\n"; }</pre>
struct S {};
void foo(S) { std::cout << "5\n"; }</pre>
struct ConvertibleToInt {ConvertibleToInt(int) {} };
int foo(ConvertibleToInt) { std::cout << "6\n"; return 0; }</pre>
namespace N {
     namespace M { void foo(char) { std::cout << "7\n"; } }</pre>
     void foo(double) { std::cout << "8\n"; }</pre>
void foo (int a, int b);
void foo (int a, double b);
void foo (int a, ConvertibleToInt b);
<no parameters>
int
ConvertibleToInt
int a, int b
int a, double b
int a, ConvertibleToInt b
int main / {
     foo(1);
```

Show candidates set – parameter info

- 1. One-by-one or all together
- 2. Parameters or full signature

- 1. Show candidates set
- 2. Show explanations



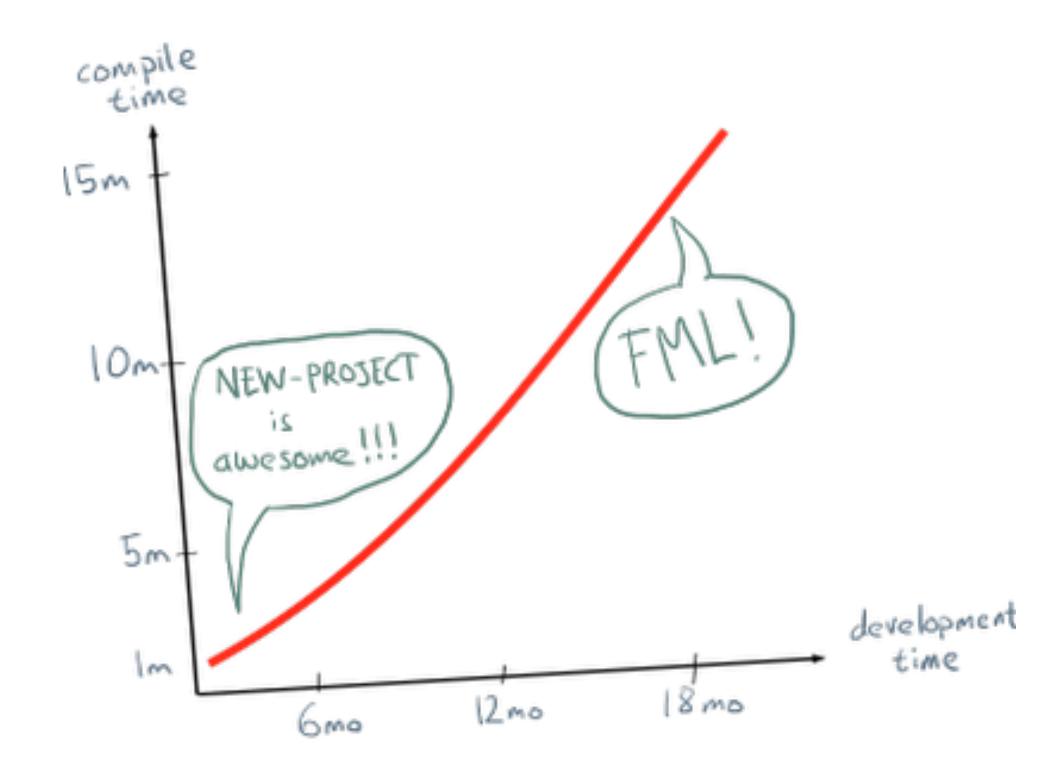
- 1. Show candidates set
- 2. Show explanations
- 3. Navigate to similar functions/ operators



```
struct S {
            void foo() const;
            void bar(int i);
            void bar(int i, int j);
            void bar(int i, int j, int k);
        };
        void S::foo() const {
        void S::bar(int i) {
13
14
15
16
        void S::bar(int i, int j) {
18
20
        void S::bar(int i, int j, int k) {
22
```

"Once an #include has been added, it stays" (http://bitsquid.blogspot.co.uk/2011/10/ caring-by-sharing-header-hero.html)

Blowup factor = total lines / total lines parsed

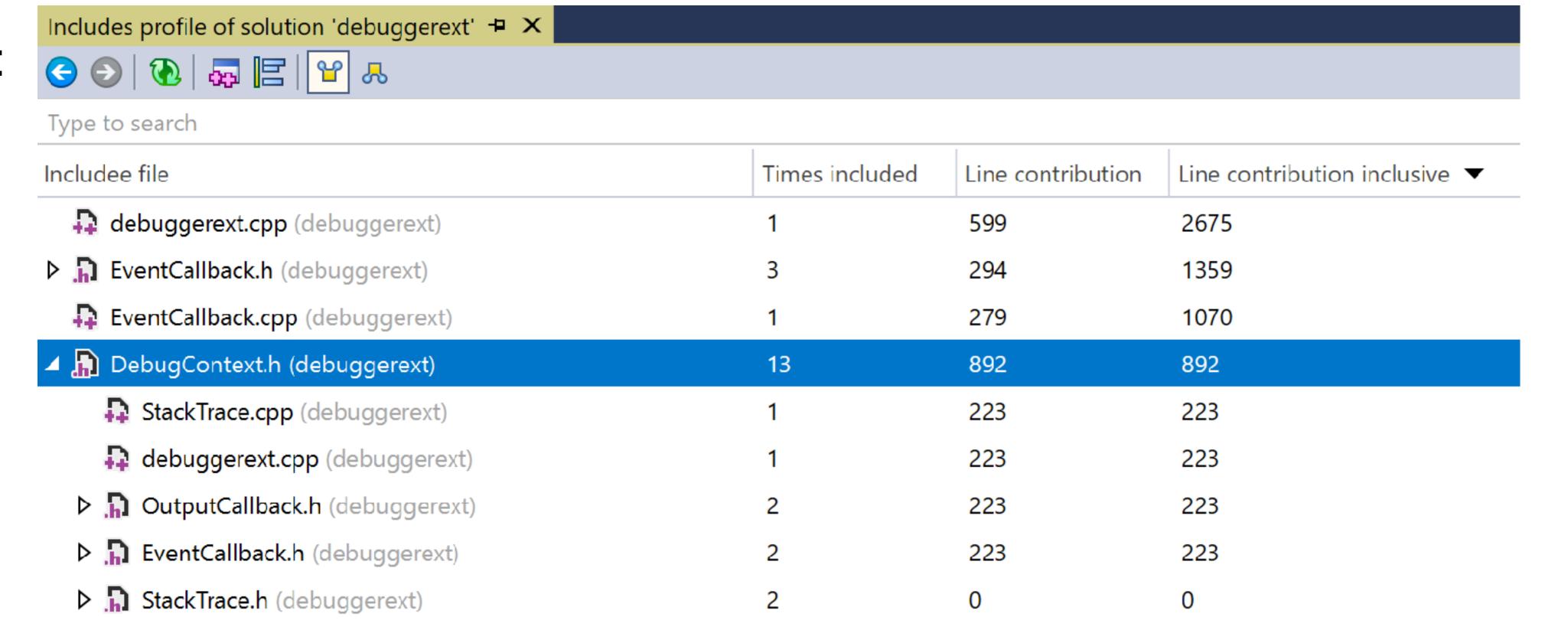


Header heros:

PCH

Header heros:

- PCH
- Profilers



Header heros:

- PCH
- Profilers
- Optimizers
 - Unused include check
 - Include what you use (and don't include what you don't use)
 - Includator

References

- Herb Sutter, Meta Thoughts on Generative C++
 - [CppCon 2017] https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4AfRAVcThyA
- Niklas, bitsquid blog, Caring by Sharing: Header Hero
 - http://bitsquid.blogspot.co.uk/2011/10/caring-by-sharing-header-hero.html

Thank you for your attention

Questions?