[2021 Network System Programming Homework 2]

- 1. Please use <u>C language</u> for this homework and make sure it can run correctly on <u>Ubuntu 20.04</u>.
- 2. Please provide Makefile to compile your homework.
- 3. Do not copy the others homework definitely.
- 4. If you have any question, please send email to sp_ta@net.nsysu.edu.tw or drop by Room EC5018. However, TA will not help you to debug program.
- 5. Please write your homework with functions that have appeared in course slides (within course progress), or the textbook file provided in the homework file. This homework is meant to let you practice system functions, not simply write a program that meets the requirement. Only if the requirement can't be done by those system functions, you are allowed to use other functions.

Turn in your homework:

- 1. Please compress your homework into zip file.
- 2. Naming rules: "SP_HW2.zip".
- 3. Upload your homework (zip file) to NSYSU Cyber University (網路大學).
- 4. <u>Deadline: 2021/10/19 14:10.</u> You cannot get any credit if you do not turn in your homework before the deadline.

Homework description:

Part 1

- 1. Edit the parse.c file to use *strtok()* and *realloc()* to implement the *parse()* and *free_argv()* functions.
- 2. Files provided: shell.h shell.c parse.c
- 3. Example:

```
myshell -> system program
[0] : system
[1] : program
myshell -> homework one is vary easy
[0] : homework
[1] : one
[2] : is
[3] : vary
[4] : easy
```

Part 2

- 1. Add code to the builtin.c stub to recognize the echo, quit, exit, logout and bye commands. Write functions implementing these commands, and add a new line for each command to table inbuilts[] just above the line {NULL, NULL}.
- 2. File provided:

Builtin.c

3. echo example:

echo print all strings echo -n N: print the specified string

```
yshell -> echo -n 1 one two three
                                   myshell -> echo -n 3 one two three
0] : echo
                                    [0] : echo
                                          -n
2]:1
                                          3
3] : one
                                          one
4] : two
                                          two
[5] : three
                                       : three
myshell -> echo -n 2 one two three
[0] : echo
                                    myshell -> echo one two three
1]: -n
2]: 2
3] : one
[4] : two
                                          three
[5] : three
                                   one two three
```

4. quit example: exit, quit, logout and bye terminate the program.

```
vacha@sun2:~/hw1$ ./myshell
myshell -> exit
[0] : exit
vacha@sun2:~/hw1$
```

Part 3

1. Edit the run_command.c file so a child process is created to run the command, and the parent waits for the child process to terminate. Check for builtin commands first, create a new process only for commands which are not built in. Use the parser from pervious labs to create from the command line the argy array passed to the child.

Hint: You can use *exec()/execvp()* function, *waitpid()* function and the *fork()* system call.

File provided: run_command.c

3. Example:

```
myshell -> ls -l
[0] : ls
[1]:-1
total 772
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                          2450 Jul 31 15:13 builtin.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                          1956 Jul 31 16:40 builtin.o
                           355 Jul 31 10:48 is_background.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                          306 Jul 31 16:40 makefile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
-rwxrwxr-x 1 vacha vacha 12387 Jul 31 16:40 myshell
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha 2012 Jul 31 15:44 parse.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                          1908 Jul 31 16:40 parse.o
                           971 Jul 31 16:38 run_command.c
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                          1308 Jul 31 16:40 run_command.o
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                            779 Jul 31 16:31 shell.c
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
                           430 Jul 31 10:58 shell.h
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha 725248 Jul 31 16:40 shell.h.gch
                          1552 Jul 31 16:40 shell.o
rw-rw-r-- 1 vacha vacha
nyshell ->
```

Part 4

- 1. Edit the is_background.c file to detect an "&". Alter the run_command.c file so that if a task is running in the background, the parent does not wait. Do not worry about background processes becoming zombies at this point; this will be addressed later.
- File provided:is_background.c
- 3. Example:

```
myshell -> sleep 100 &
[0] : sleep
[1]: 100
[2]: &
myshell -> ps
[0] : ps
 PID TTY
                   TIME CMD
 3721 pts/1
               00:00:01 bash
 9392 pts/1
               00:00:00 pico
 9408 pts/1
               00:00:00 pico
15364 pts/1
               00:00:00 myshell
15365 pts/1
               00:00:00 sleep
               00:00:00 ps
15366 pts/1
myshell -> sleep 100 &
[0] : sleep
[1]: 100
[2]: &
myshell -> ps
[0] : ps
 PID TTY
                   TIME CMD
 3721 pts/1
               00:00:01 bash
 9392 pts/1
               00:00:00 pico
 9408 pts/1
               00:00:00 pico
               00:00:00 myshell
15364 pts/1
15365 pts/1
               00:00:00 sleep
15367 pts/1
               00:00:00 sleep
15368 pts/1
               00:00:00 ps
myshell ->
```