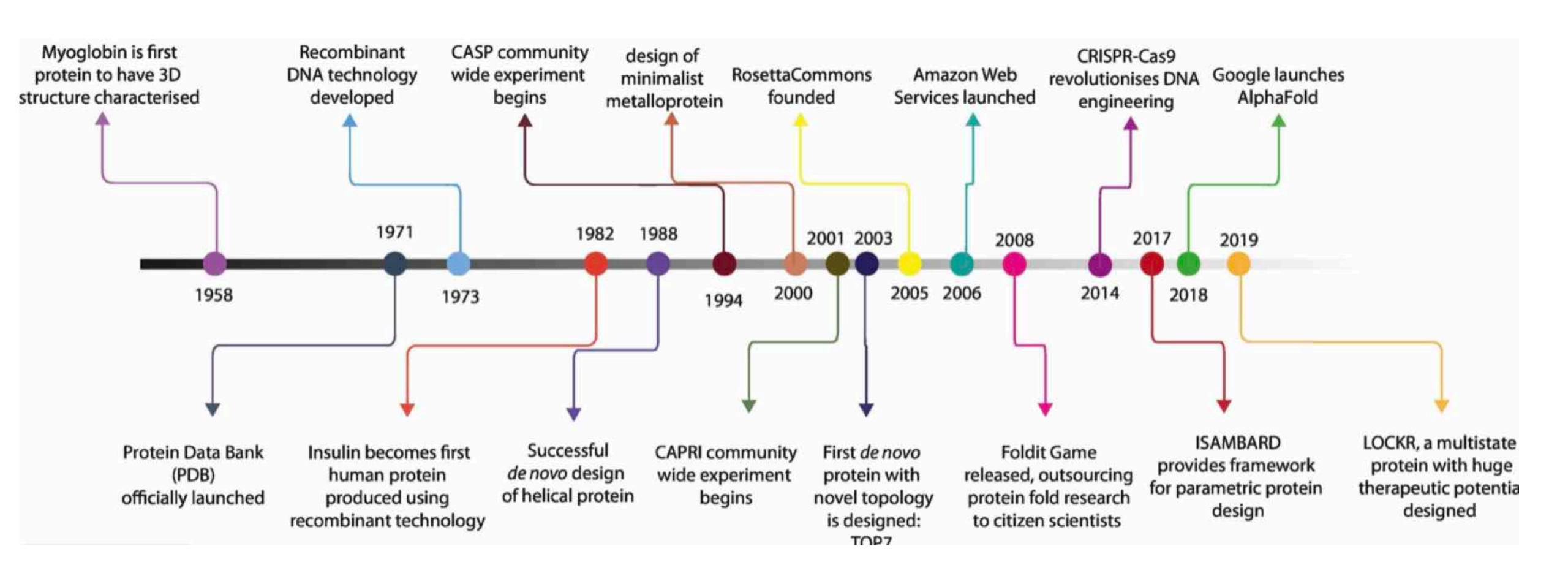
# AlphaFold, RoseTTAFold, OmegaFold for Protein Structure Prediction

#### **CCATS** Group

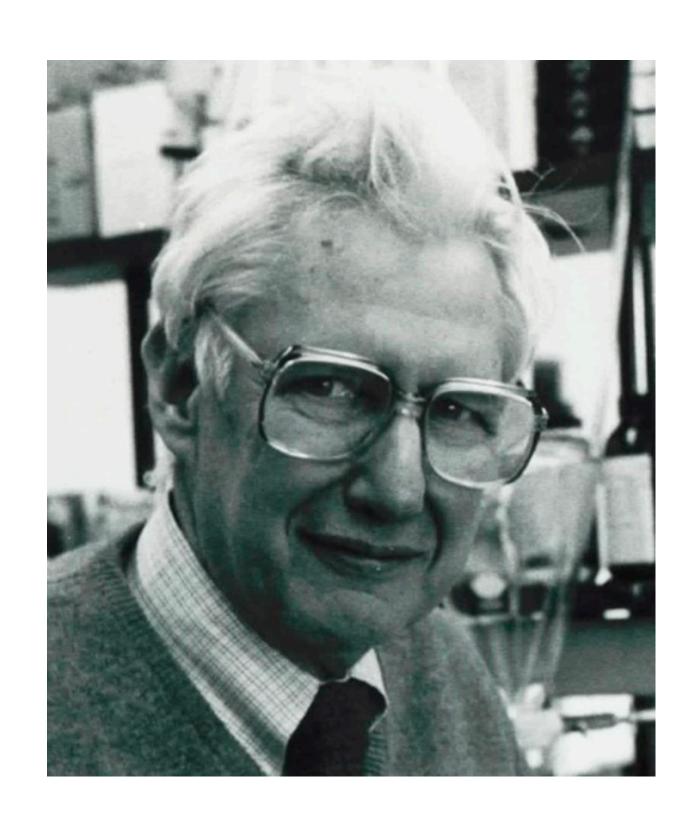


#### **Timeline**

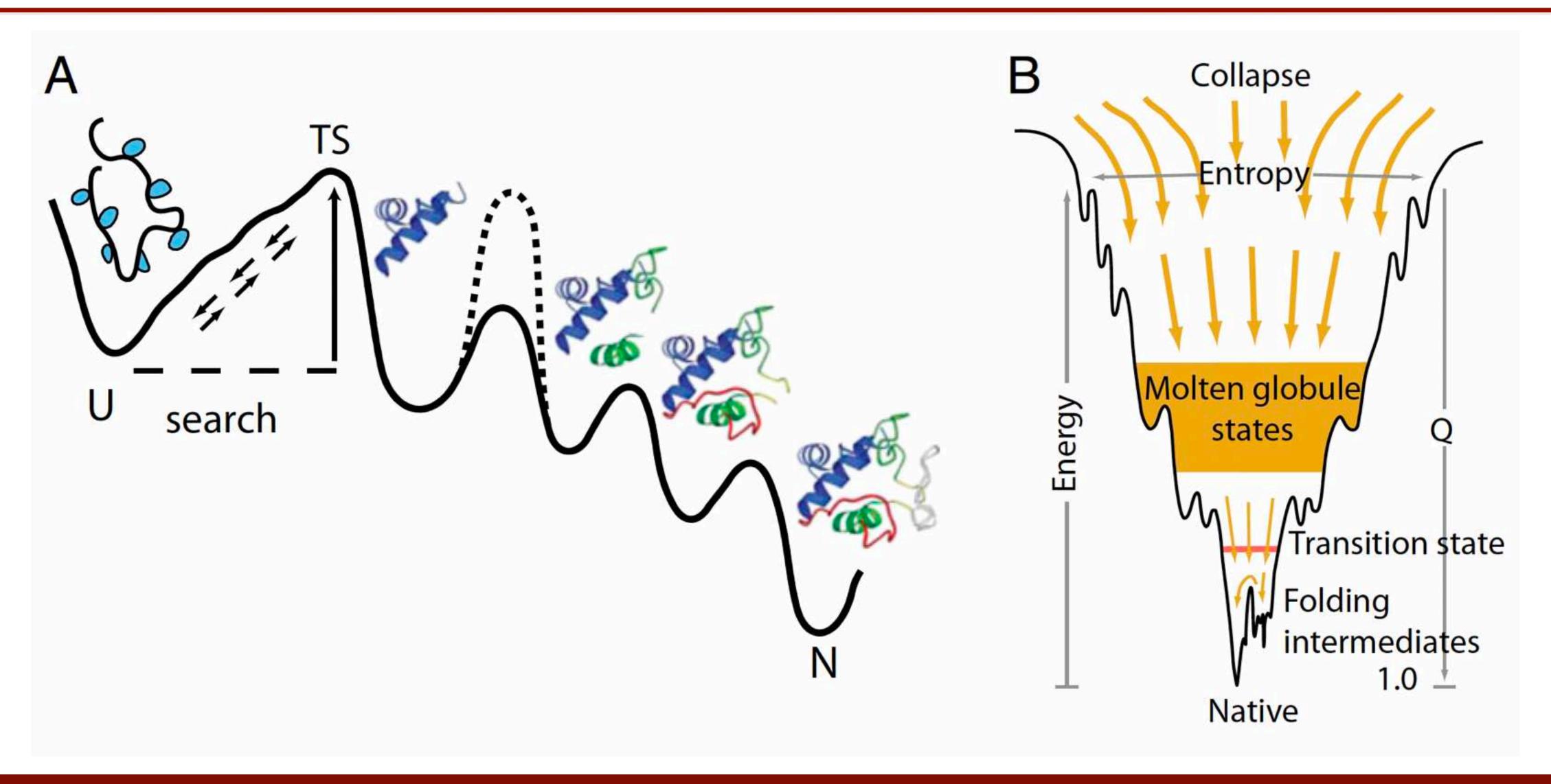


## Protein Structure Prediction vs Protein Folding

- It is a much harder task to identify the protein folding pathway
- Cyrus Levinthal's Paradox
  - · A protein with 150 amino acids, 298 dihedral angles
  - If each angle can adopt one of three stable conformations, there are 3<sup>298</sup>~10<sup>149</sup> possible configurations
  - If the protein randomly samples the configurations at a rate of 10<sup>12</sup> configurations per second, it would take the age of the universe for this protein to fold
- God does not play dice with the universe



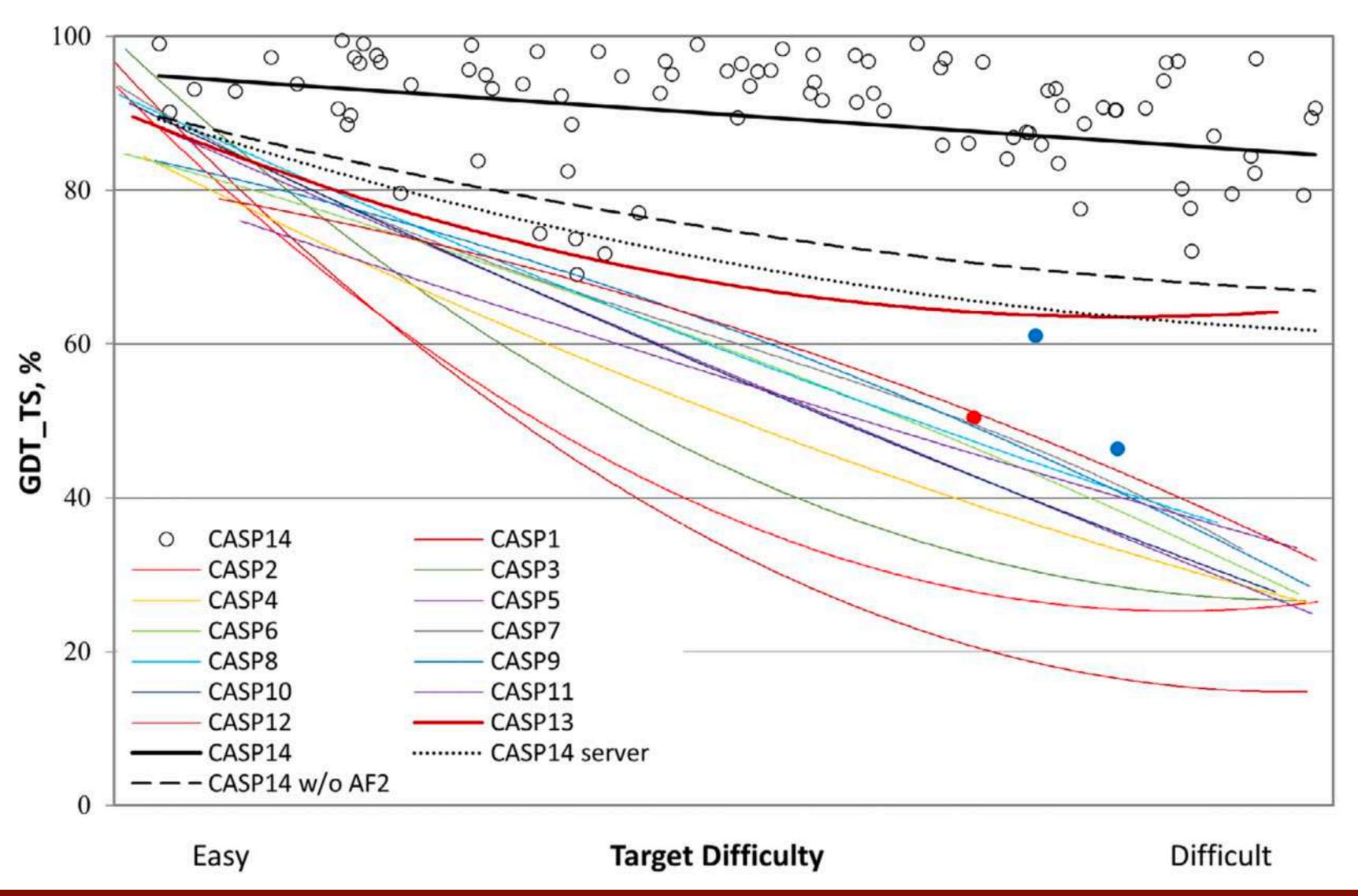
## **Protein Folding Pathway**



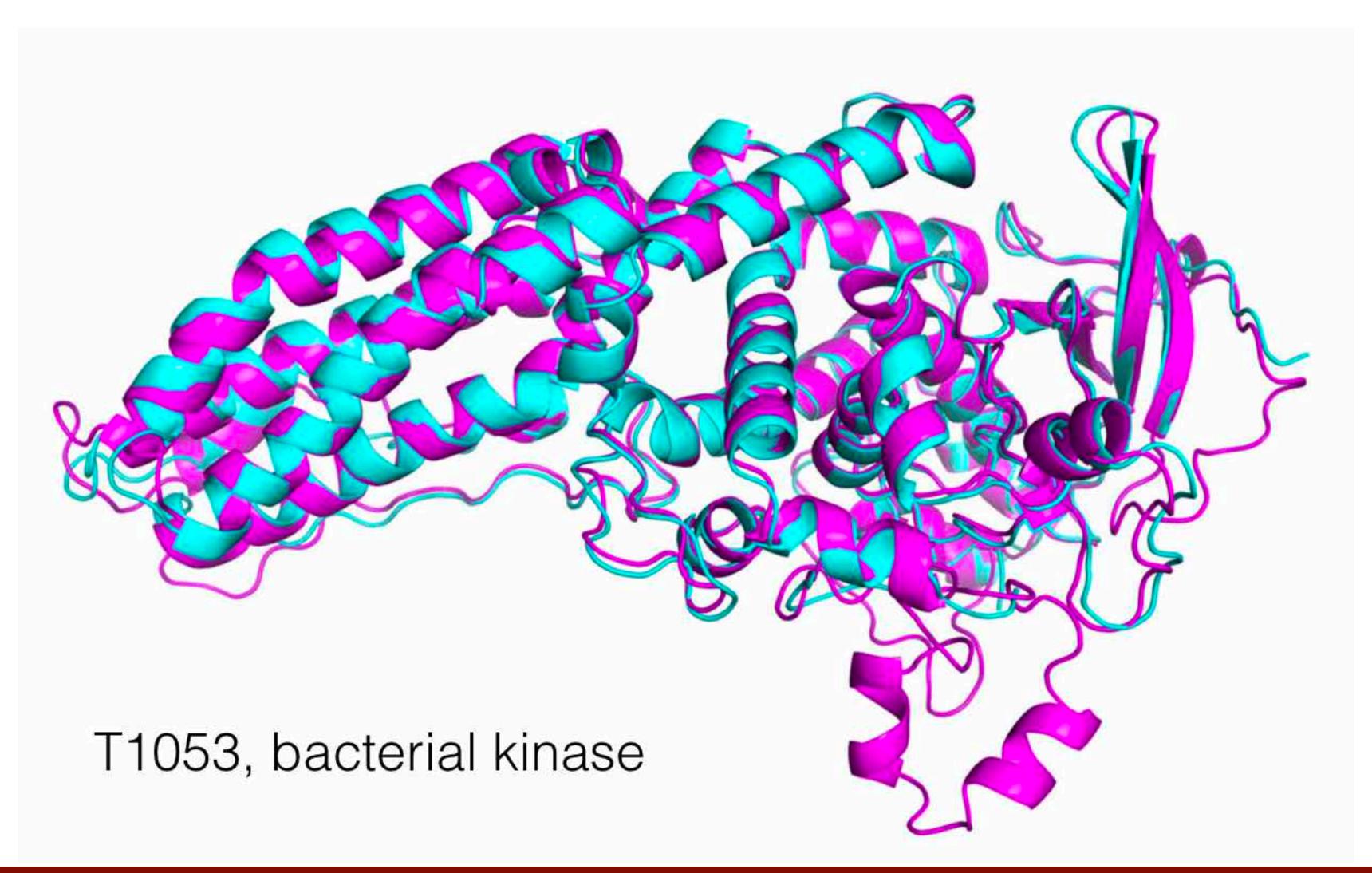
## CASP14

- Critical Assessment of Structure Prediction (CASP)
- Test systems: 52 proteins or protein complexes. 42 (x-ray), 7 (cryo-EM), 3 (NMR)
- Participants: 97 research groups (19 countries), 215 modeling methods
- Global Distance Test Total Score (GDT\_TS) through Local-Global Alignment
  - Zelma, Nuc. Acids Res. 2003, 31, 3370
  - Measures the similarity between structures of the same protein

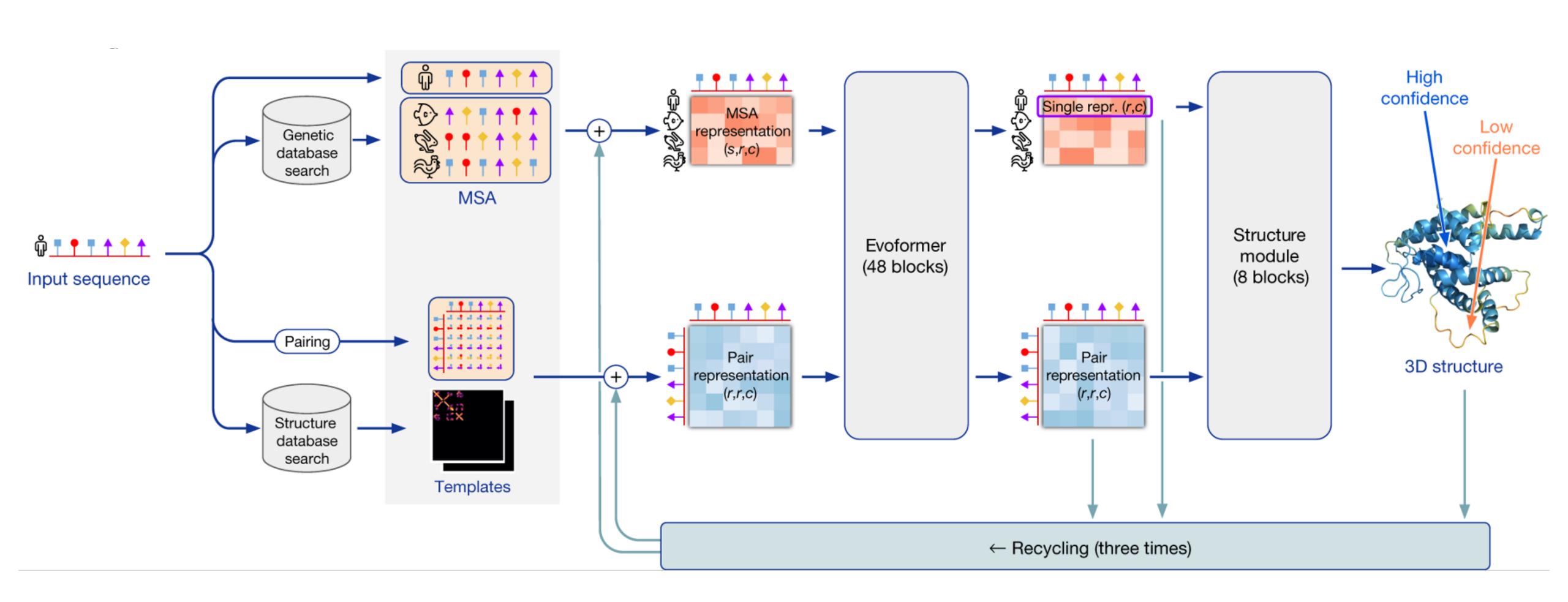
## CASP14



## AlphaFold2 Results From CASP14



## AlphaFold Workflow



#### What is ColabFold?



## BRIEF COMMUNICATION

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41592-022-01488-1



#### **OPEN**

## ColabFold: making protein folding accessible to all

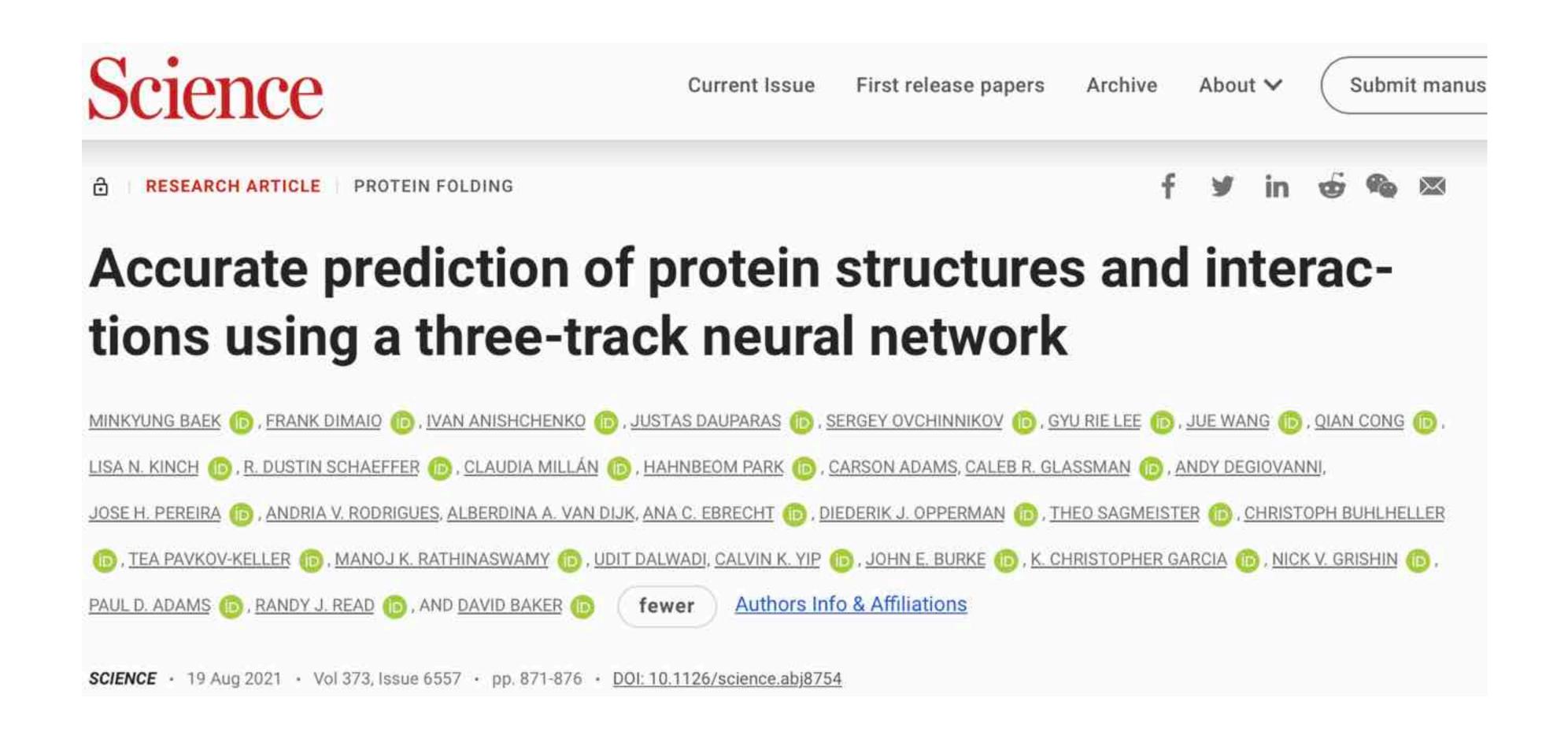
Milot Mirdita <sup>1,10</sup> <sup>1,10</sup>, Konstantin Schütze <sup>2</sup>, Yoshitaka Moriwaki <sup>3,4</sup>, Lim Heo <sup>5</sup>, Sergey Ovchinnikov <sup>6,7,10</sup> and Martin Steinegger <sup>2,8,9,10</sup> <sup>1</sup>

https://github.com/sokrypton/ColabFold

#### What is ColabFold?

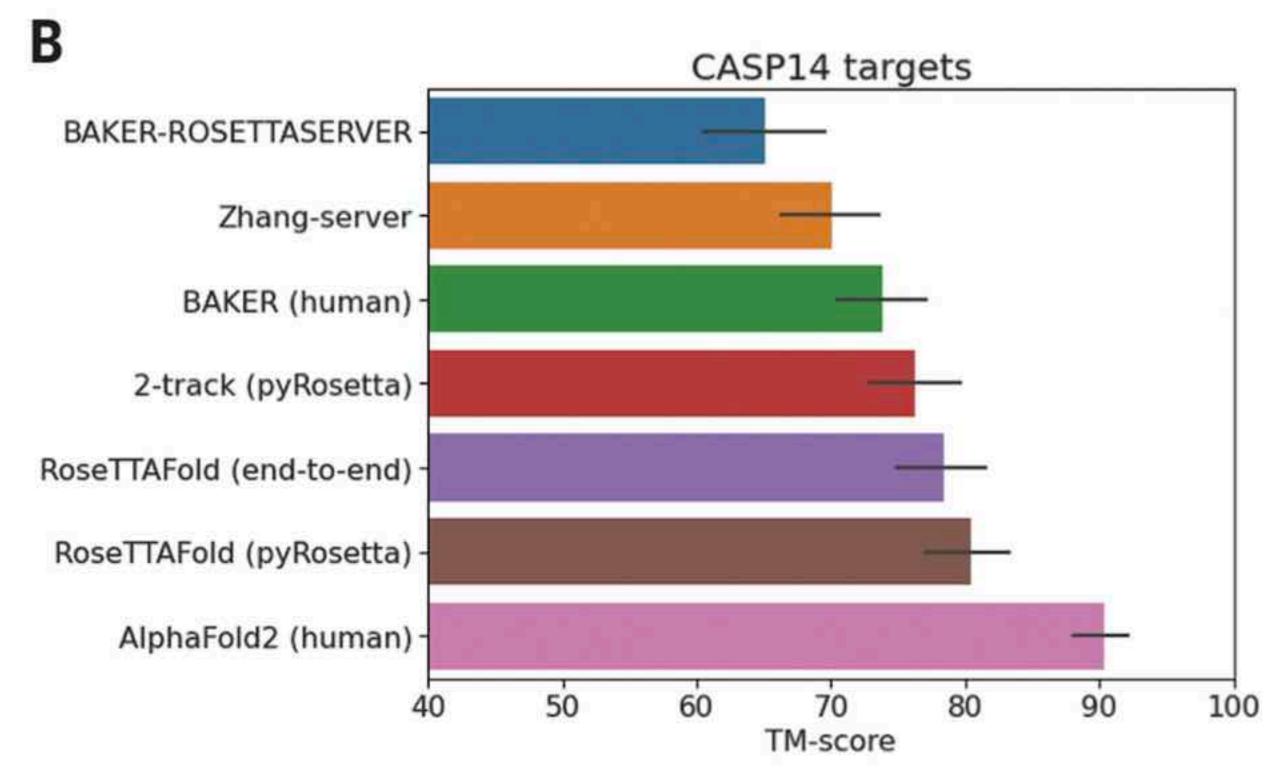
- Accelerated and fast prediction of protein structure and complexes with AlphaFold or RoseTTAFold
  - Predicts up to ~1000 structures/day
  - Notebook is coupled to Google Colab, so results can be visualized within notebook
  - Fast homology search (MMseqs2 UniRef100, BFD/Mgnify, PDB70, and environmental sequences)
    - HMMer and HHsuite are replaced
    - Goal: Fast MSA search, Diverse MSA, and Small MSA for limited resources
  - Python library to generate input features for structure inference

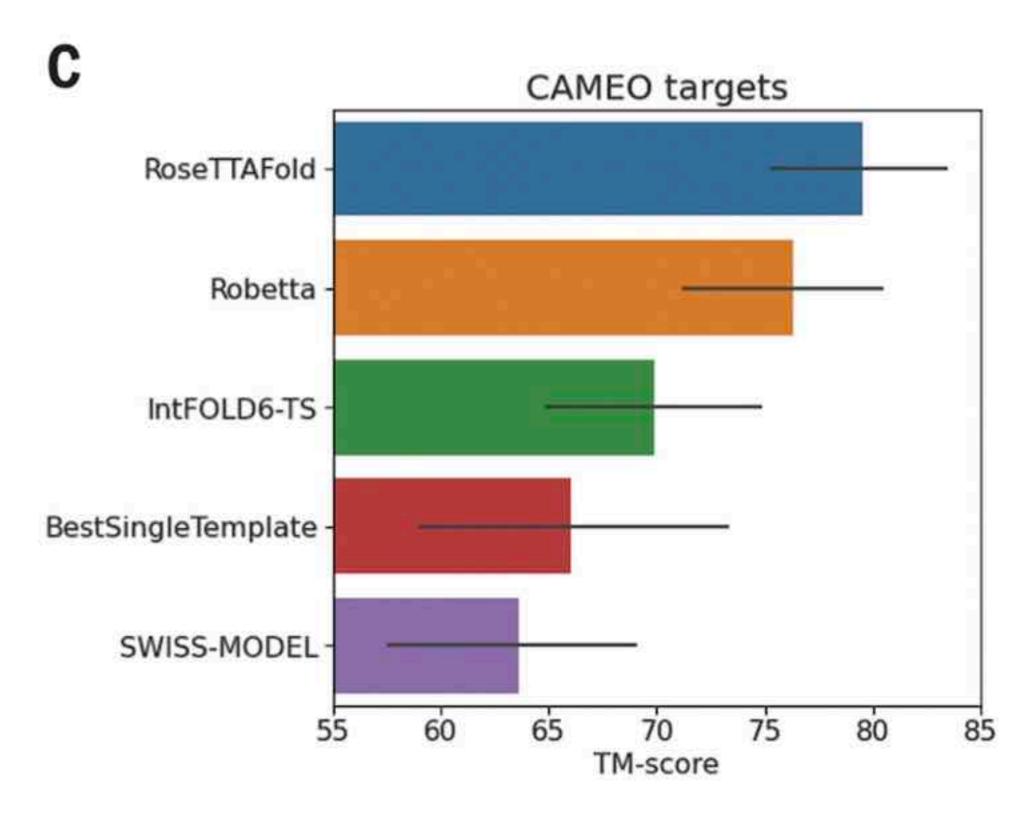
#### RoseTTAFold



https://github.com/RosettaCommons/RoseTTAFold

## **RoseTTAFold Comparison**



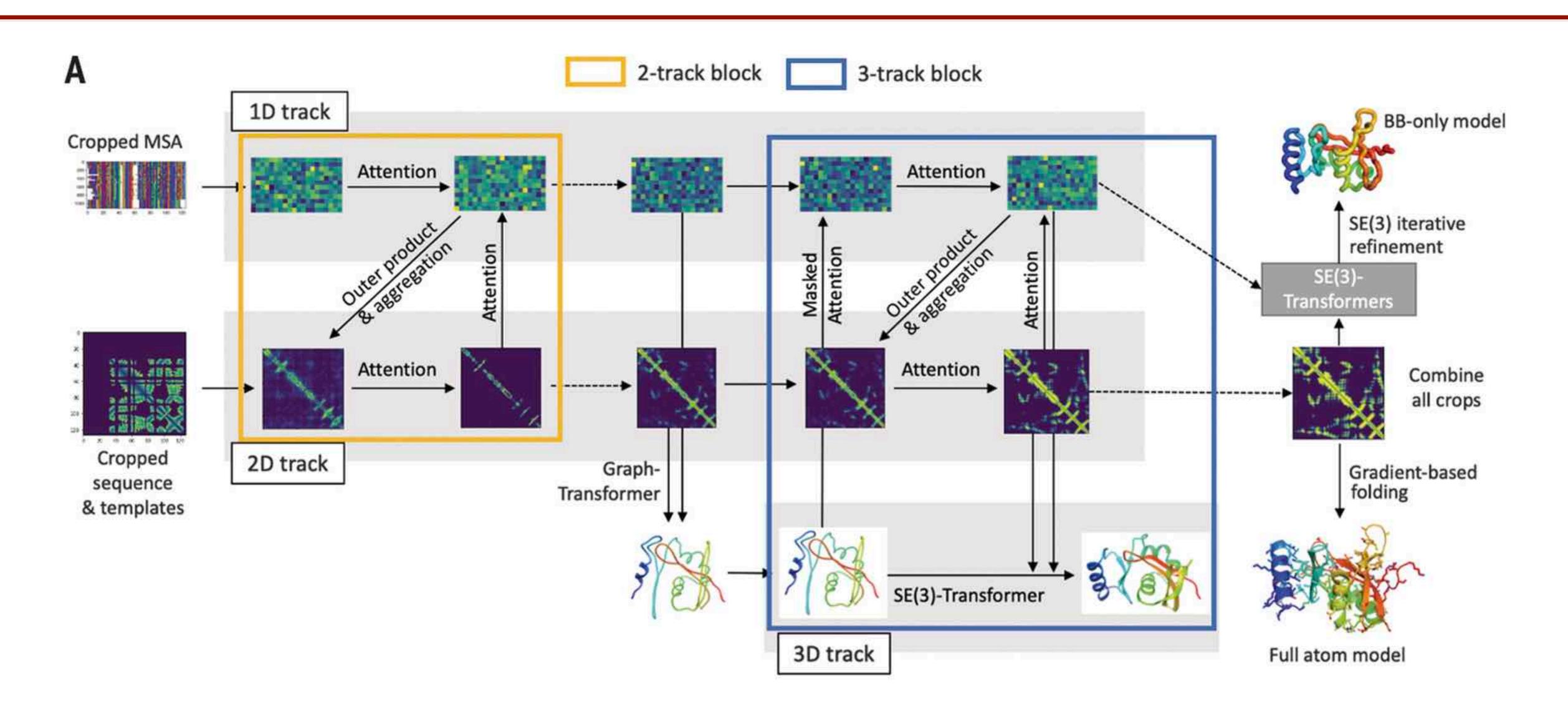


TM-score (Template Modelling)

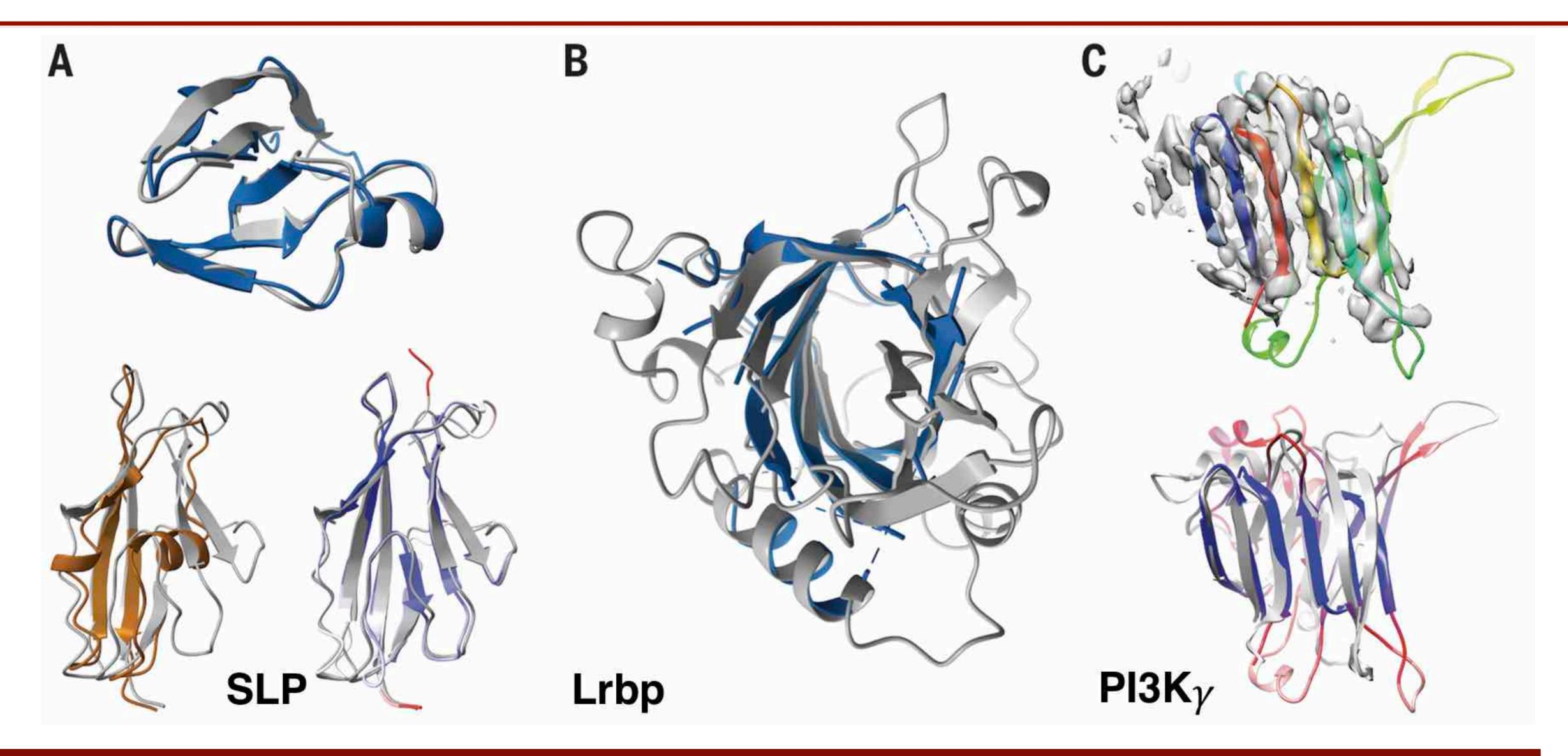
$$ext{TM-score} = ext{max} \left[ rac{1}{L_{ ext{target}}} \sum_{i}^{L_{ ext{common}}} rac{1}{1 + \left(rac{d_i}{d_0(L_{ ext{target}})}
ight)^2} 
ight]$$

$$d_0(L_{
m target}) = 1.24 \sqrt[3]{L_{
m target} - 15} - 1.8$$

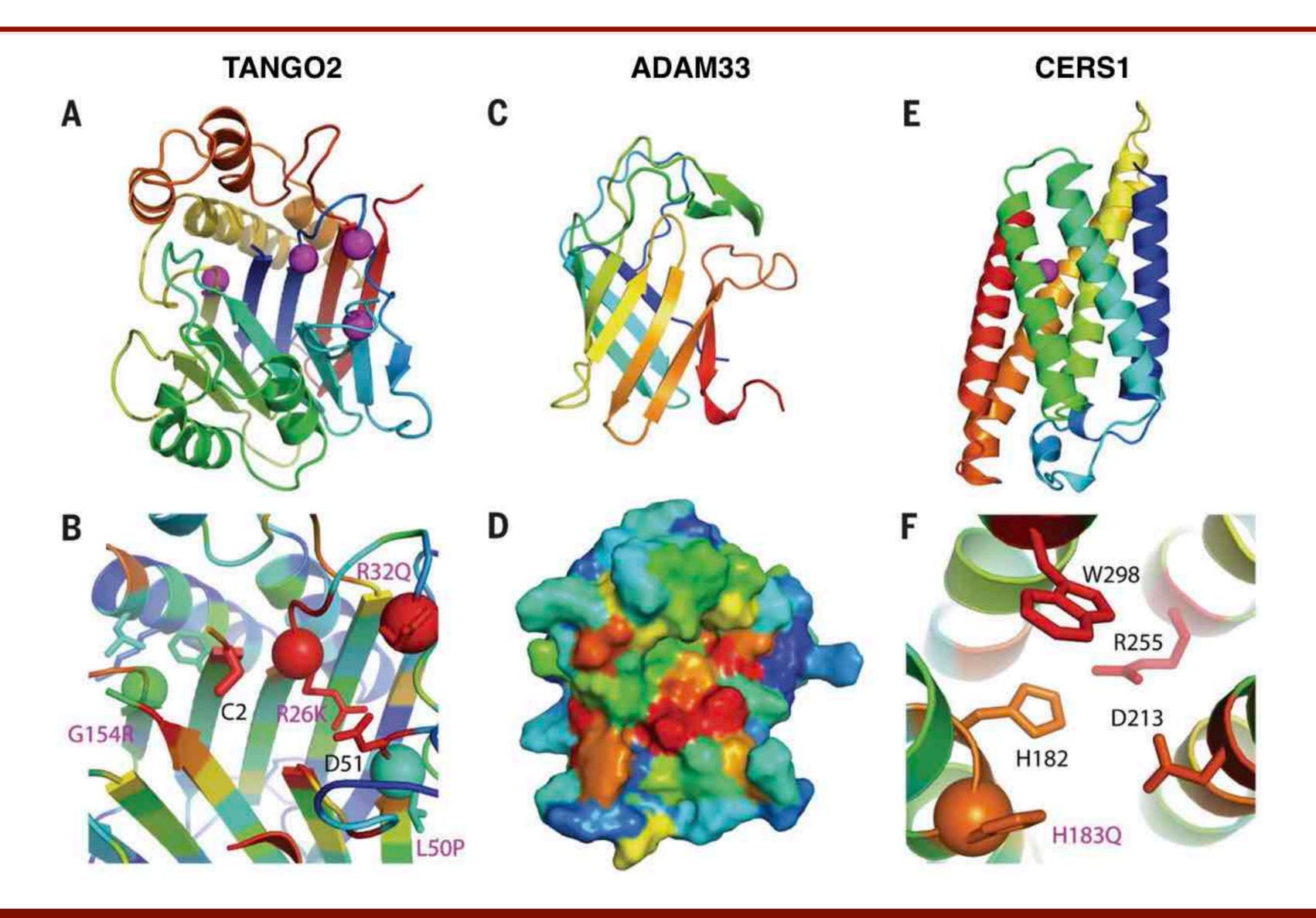
#### **RoseTTAFold Schematic**



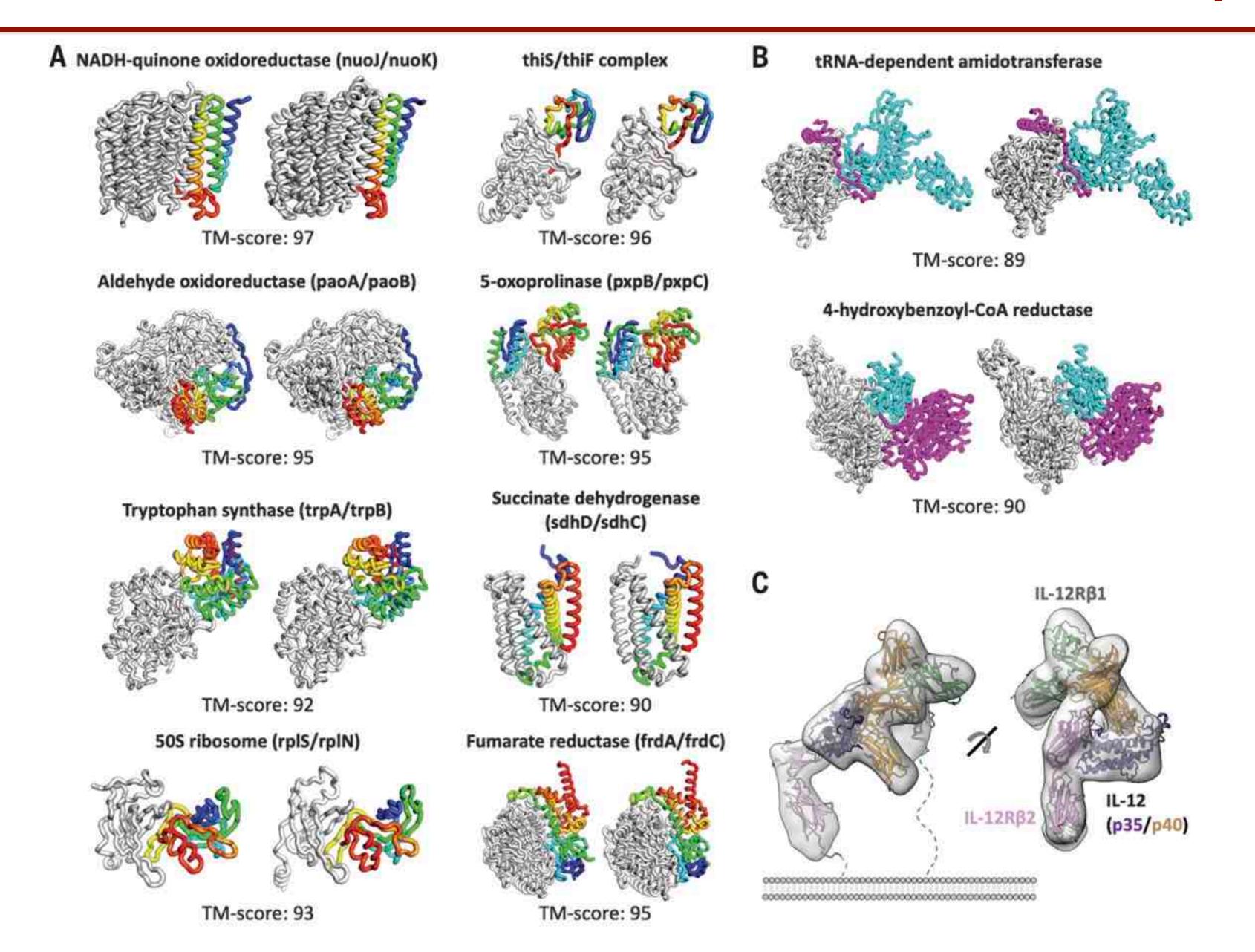
## **RoseTTAFold Predictions of Protein Structures**



## **RoseTTAFold-Predicted Protein Functions**



## RoseTTAFold-Predicted Structure of Protein Complexes



#### **RoseTTAFold Workflow**

- 1. Input sequence
  - Amino Acid Sequence in FASTA format (.fa)
- 2. RoseTTAFold Program
  - · Conda Environments (GPU, Folding; ~3.8 Gb)
  - RoseTTAFold Software (~6.9 Gb)
  - PyRoseTTA License (https://els2.comotion.uw.edu/product/pyrosetta)
- 3. RoseTTAFold Databases (~460 Gb)
  - Uniref30, Reduced BFD/Mgnify, Structure Templates (RCSB)

If all goes well, you get 5 predicted monomer structures

## OmegaFold

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July 20<sup>th</sup>, 2022

#### Title: High-resolution de novo structure prediction from primary sequence

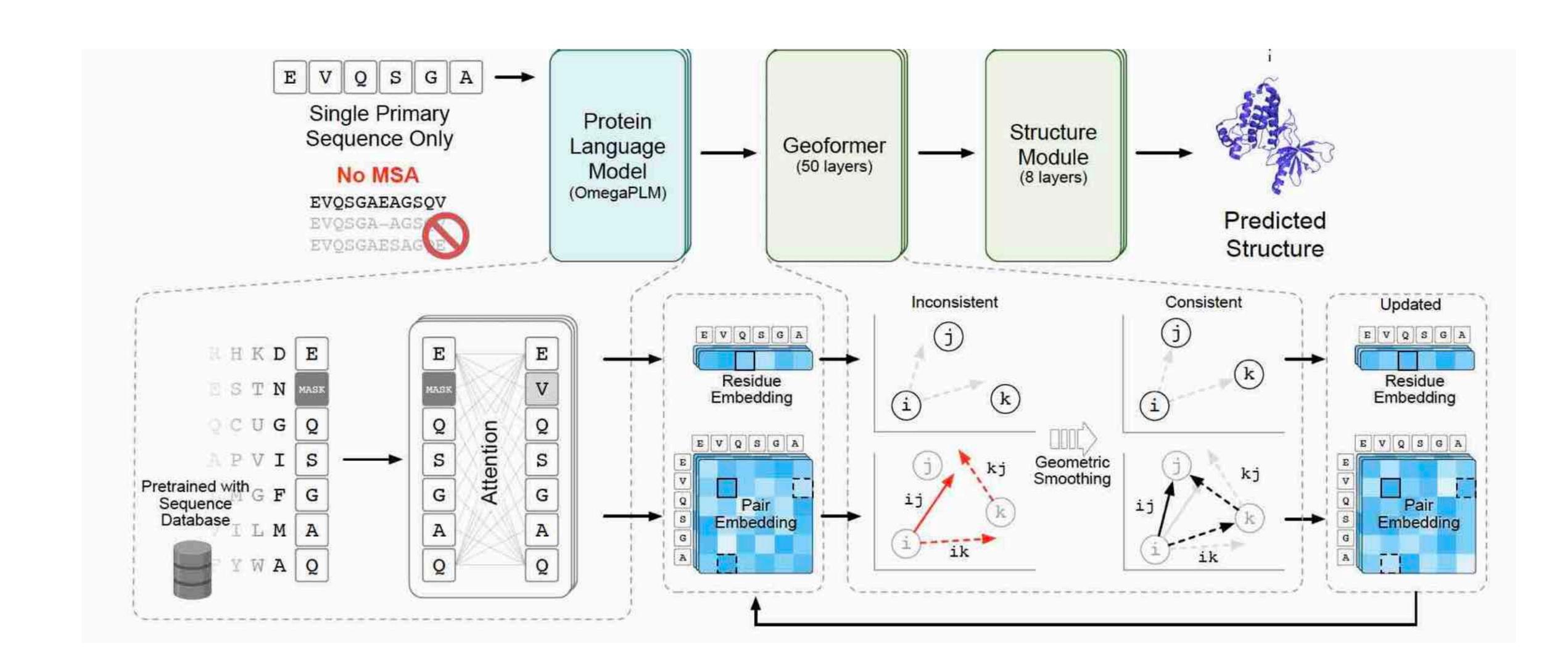
**Authors:** Ruidong Wu<sup>a,1</sup>, Fan Ding<sup>a,1</sup>, Rui Wang<sup>a,1</sup>, Rui Shen<sup>a,1</sup>, Xiwen Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Shitong Luo<sup>a</sup>, Chenpeng Su<sup>a</sup>, Zuofan Wu<sup>a</sup>, Qi Xie<sup>b</sup>, Bonnie Berger<sup>c,2</sup>, Jianzhu Ma<sup>a,2</sup>, Jian Peng<sup>a,2</sup>

**Affiliations:** <sup>a</sup>Helixon US Inc, USA; <sup>b</sup>Westlake Laboratory of Life Sciences and Biomedicine, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China; <sup>c</sup>Computer Science & Artificial Intelligence Laboratory, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139

## How is OmegaFold Different?

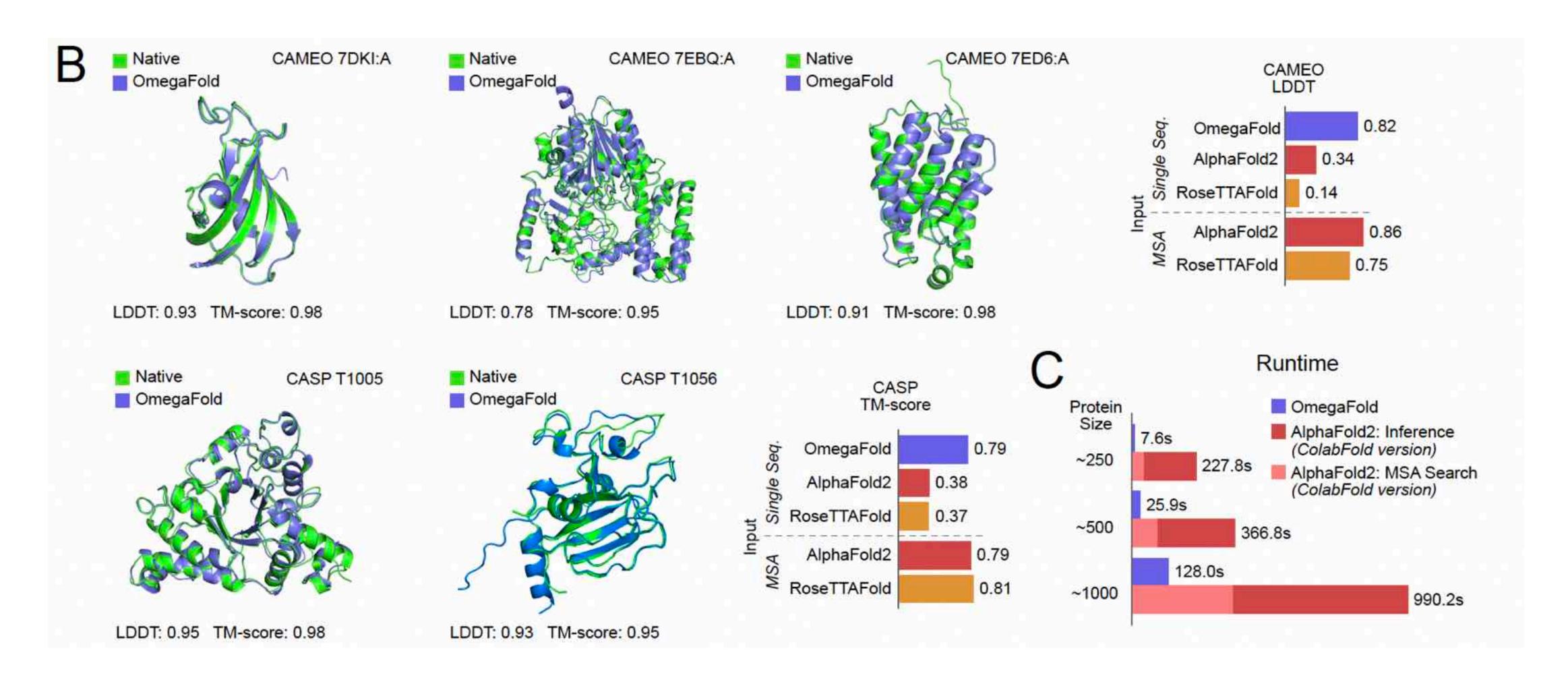
- Based on the understanding that
  - 1. MSA does not always work, especially for fast-evolving antibodies, and orphan proteins.
  - 2. Protein folds in a natural setting without exploiting evolutionary information.
- · OmegaFold predicts protein structure from a single primary sequence alone, i.e. alignment-free
- It uses a pre-trained protein language model (PLM) to generate single- and pair-wise embeddings (i.e. representations)
  - training on a large collection of unaligned and unlabelled protein sequences
  - fed into Geoformer, which will further distill structural/physical pairwise relationships

## Workflow

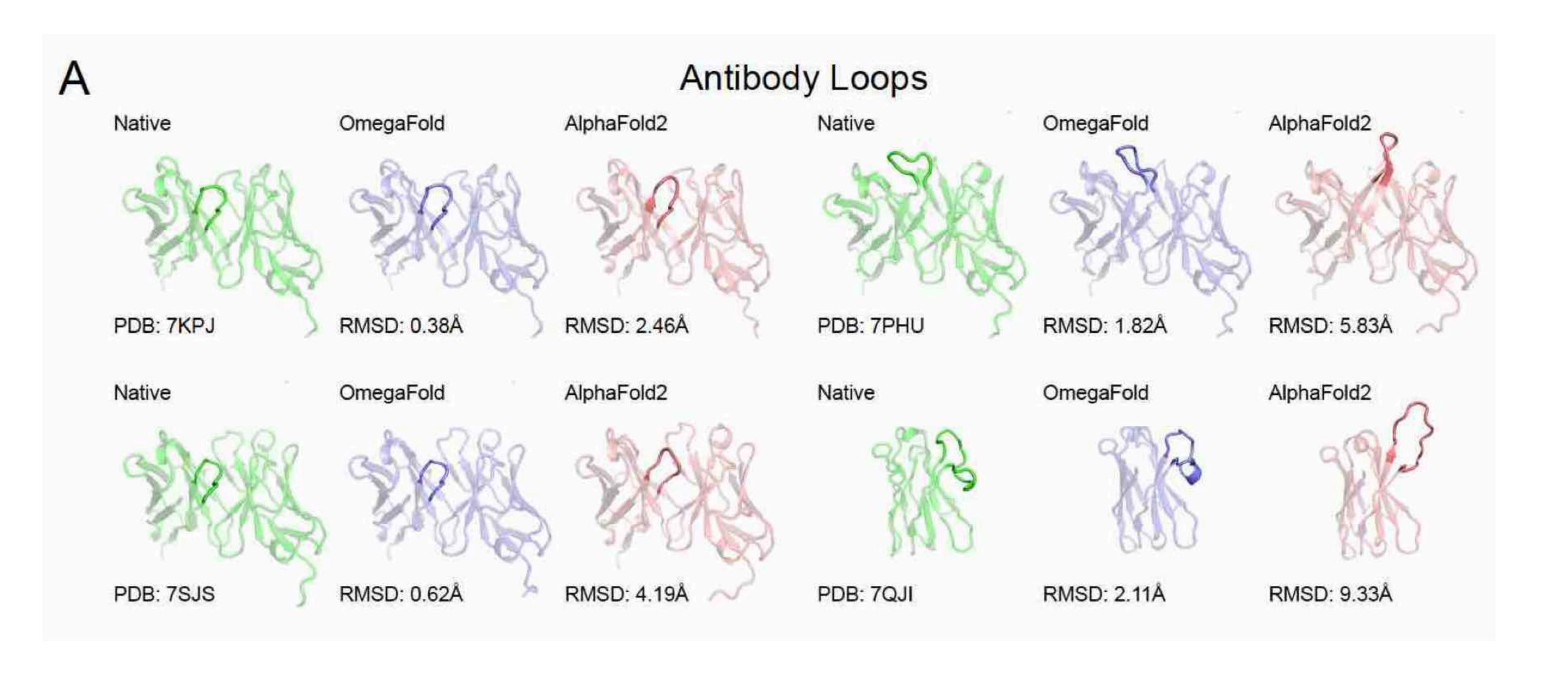


#### **Prediction Results**

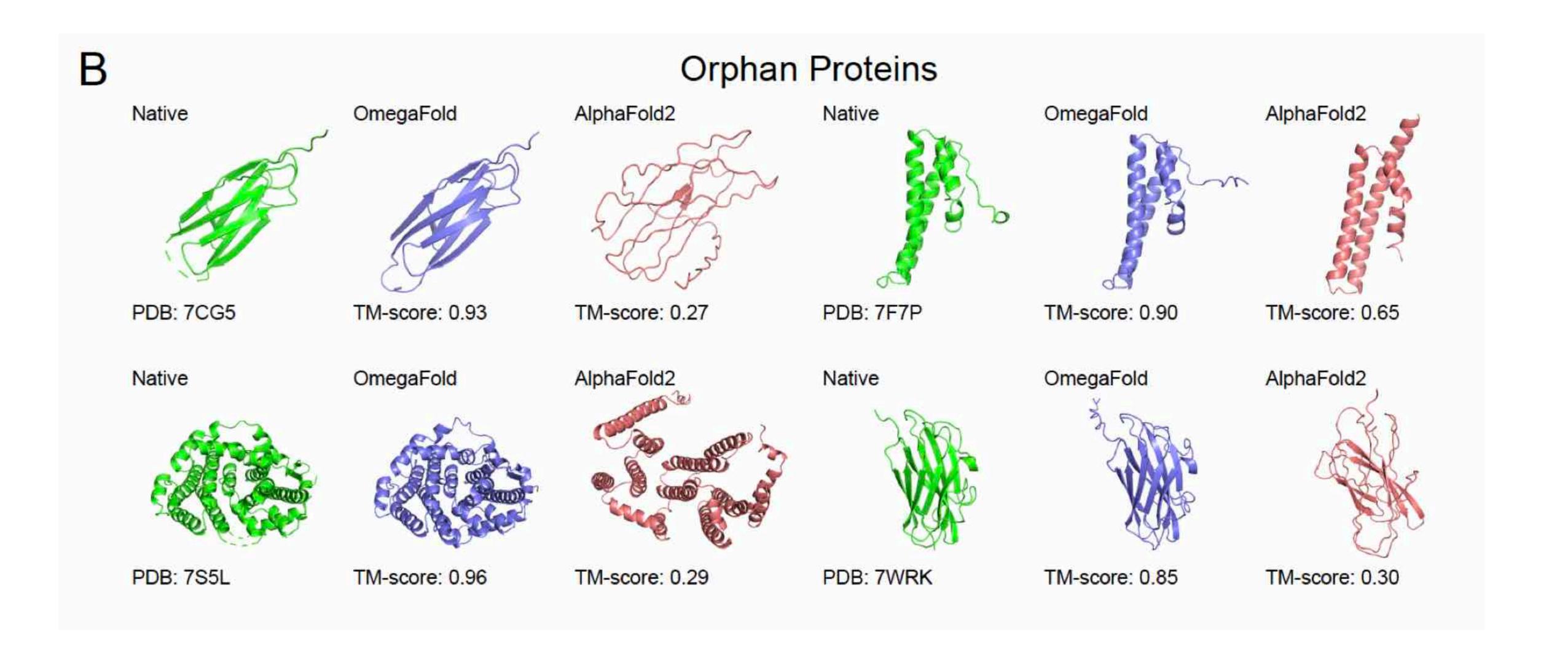
- For CASP and CAMEO proteins, OmegaFold is as accurate as AlphaFold2 and RoseTTAFold.
- OmegaFold is much faster.



## **Prediction of Antibody Loops**



## **Prediction of Orphan Proteins**



### Geoformer

