Table 1: XDBS Catalog column descriptions

Column name	Units	Descriptions
Be_star		BeSS name
Type		BeSS Stellar spectral type
RA	\deg	Optical Right Ascension, decimal degree (J2000)
DEC	\deg	Optical Declination, decimal degree (J2000)
Xcat		Which X-ray catalog was used to determine fluxes ^a
Xidentifier		X-ray catalog source name or identifier ^b
$\operatorname{Gamma^{i}}$		X-ray spectral photon index
$\mathrm{Fb^{i}}$	${ m erg s^{-1} cm^{-2}}$	Broad-band X-ray flux (0.5–7 keV)
$\mathrm{Fs^{i}}$	$\mathrm{erg}\mathrm{s}^{-1}\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$	Soft-band X-ray flux (0.5–1.2 keV)
${ m Fm^i}$	${\rm erg}{\rm s}^{-1}{\rm cm}^{-2}$	Medium-band X-ray flux (1.2–2 keV)
$\mathrm{Fh^{i}}$	${\rm erg}{\rm s}^{-1}{\rm cm}^{-2}$	Hard-band X-ray flux (2–7 keV)
$\mathrm{HRms^{i}}$		Medium-Soft Hardness Ratio (Fm-Fs)/(Fm+Fs)
$\mathrm{HRhm^{i}}$		Hard-Medium Hardness Ratio (Fh-Fm)/(Fh+Fm)
DR3Name		Gaia DR3 Name
Plx	mas	Gaia DR3 Parallax
RPlx		Gaia DR3 Parallax divided by its standard error
PM^j	${ m masyr^{-1}}$	Gaia DR3 Proper motion
epsi	mas	Gaia DR3 Excess noise
sepsi		Gaia DR3 Significance of excess noise
RUWE		Gaia DR3 Renormalised unit weight error
G^{j}	mag	Gaia DR3 G band magnitude
$\mathrm{BP^{j}}$	mag	Gaia DR3 BP band magnitude
$\mathrm{RP^{j}}$	$_{ m mag}$	Gaia DR3 RP band magnitude
Teff	K	Gaia DR3 Effective temperature
$Gflux^{i}$	${\rm erg s^{-1} cm^{-2}}$	Optical (G band) flux ^c
$dist^{i}$	pc	Gaia eDR3 geometric distance ^d
J^{j}	mag	2MASS J band magnitude
$ m H^{j}$	mag	2MASS H band magnitude
K^{j}	mag	2MASS K band magnitude
$W1^{j}$	mag	WISE W1 band magnitude ^e
$ m W2^{j}$	mag	WISE W2 band magnitude ^e
$ m W3^{j}$	mag	WISE W3 band magnitude ^e
$W4^{j}$	mag	WISE W4 band magnitude ^e
Vsini	${\rm kms^{-1}}$	BeSS projected rotational velocity
$Vtran^{i}$	${\rm kms^{-1}}$	Transverse velocity ^f
$\mathrm{LX^{i}}$	${ m ergs^{-1}}$	X-ray broadband luminosity
$\rm fX2O^i$		(Broadband) X-ray to (G band) optical flux ratio
$\mathrm{match_flag}$		1–questionable matches; 2–no Gaia matches; 0–others
Class		Source class ^g
ref		Classification reference ^h

a CXO for CSCv2, XMM for 4XMM-DR11, and XRT for 2SXPS; $^{\rm b}$ 2CXO source name for CSCv2, 4XMM source name for 4XMM-DR11, and numerical unique source identifier for 2SXPS; $^{\rm c}$ The G band zero point $(2.5\times10^{-9}\,{\rm erg\,s^{-1}\,cm^{-2}\,\AA^{-1}})$ and the effective band width (4053 Å) are taken from the VO Filter Profile Service; $^{\rm d}$ Unreliable distances with RPlx< 5 are removed; $^{\rm e}$ For W1 and W2, we use all three WISE catalogs, prioritized in the order of the AllWISE, CatWISE2020 and unWISE catalogs. W3 and W4 are only available from the AllWISE catalog; $^{\rm f}$ Calculated from PM and dist; $^{\rm g}$ GCA for γ Cas analogs, HMGB for high-mass γ -ray binaries; $^{\rm h}$ 1–SIMBAD (Wenger et al.2000), 2–Smith et al.(2016), 3–Liu et al.(2006), 4–Nazé et al.(2020), 5–Nazé & Motch(2018), 6–Doroshenko et al.(2021), 7–Fortin et al.(2022); $^{\rm i}$ These columns have corresponding asymmetric uncertainty columns with positive uncertainty column names leading with "E_" and negative uncertainty column names leading with "e_"; $^{\rm j}$ These columns have corresponding symmetric uncertainty columns with their names leading with "e_".