$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = W(x, \theta) = \pi \left( k \left( R_{\theta} x + t_{\theta} \right) \right)$$

Rodrigue's Formula: 
$$\theta = |r|$$
  $\bar{r} = |r|$ 

$$\min_{\theta} \frac{1}{2} \lesssim \left\| \mathbb{I}(w(x,\theta)) - \mathbb{I}_{\bullet}(u,v) \right\|_{2}^{2} = \min_{\theta} \frac{1}{2} \lesssim \left\| f(\theta) \right\|_{2}^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{I}(w(x,\theta')) \approx \mathbb{I}(w(x,\theta)) + \nabla \mathbb{I} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \theta} (\theta' - \theta), \ \theta' = \theta + \delta\theta$$

$$= w(x,\theta)) + \mathcal{J}_{\theta} \delta\theta$$

$$J_{\theta}J_{\theta}^{\mathsf{T}}\Delta\theta = -J_{\theta}f(x)$$

$$=-J_{0}\left(I(u(x,\theta))-I_{0}(u,v)\right)$$

$$J_0 = \frac{\partial J(W(x,\theta))}{\partial W(x,\theta)} - \frac{\partial W(x,\theta)}{\partial \theta} = VI - \frac{\partial W}{\partial \theta}$$

$$e(T) = I_1(P_1) - I_2(N) \frac{\partial e}{\partial T} = -\frac{\partial I_2}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial sg},$$

grayscale gradient
$$9 = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial 9} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{f_x}{z} & 0 & -\frac{f_x x}{z^2} \\ 0 & \frac{f_y}{z} & -\frac{f_y y}{z^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{39}{385} = \begin{bmatrix} I_3 & -9^{1} \end{bmatrix} \\
\frac{31}{385} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{fx}{2} & 0 - \frac{fx}{2^{1}} \\ 0 & \frac{fy}{2} - \frac{fy}{2^{1}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_3 & -2 & 0 & x \\ I_3 & -2 & 0 & x \\ -x & -x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{fx}{2} & 0 & -\frac{fx}{2^{1}} \\ \frac{fy}{2} & -\frac{fy}{2^{1}} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{fx}{2^{1}} + \frac{fx}{2^{1}} + \frac{fx}{2^{1}} + \frac{fx}{2^{1}} \end{bmatrix}$$

2 X b