

CS 320 Midterm (10%) - Fall 2021

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Instructor: Tyler Caraza-Harter

First/Given Name: _____ Last/Surname: _____

Net ID: _____ pwisc.edu

Fill in these fields (left to right) form (use pencil):



1. LAST NAME (surname) and Given name), fill in bubbles
2. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER and ID number, fill in bubbles
3. Under A of SPECIAL CODES, write your lecture number, fill in bubbles. 1=8:50am, 2=11am
4. Under B of SPECIAL CODES, tell us about the nearest person (if any) to your left. 0=no person to the left in your row, 1=somebody you do not know is there, 2=somebody you do know is there.
5. Under C of SPECIAL CODES, do the same as B, but for the person to your right
6. **Under D of SPECIAL CODES, write 2 and fill in bubble 2.** This is very important!

Make sure you fill all the special codes above accurately in order to get graded.

You have 40 minutes to take the exam. Use a #2 pencil to mark all answers. When you're done, please hand in these sheets in addition to your filled-in scantron. You may not sit adjacent to your friends or other people you know in the class (having only one empty seat is considered "adjacent"). You may only reference your notesheet. You may not use books, your neighbors, calculators, or other electronic devices on this exam. Please place your student ID face up on your desk. Turn off and put away portable electronics now.

WeChat: estutores

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutorcs@163.com

QQ: 749389476

<https://tutorcs.com>

(Black Page for You to Do Scratch Work)

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



WeChat: cstutorcs

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutorcs@163.com

QQ: 749389476

<https://tutorcs.com>

Q1. What type does `check_output` return?

- (A) int (B) bytes (C) bool (D) str (E) utf8

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Q2. What is printed?

```
items = []
for item in [0.5, -1, 2]:
    heapq.heappush(items, item)
print(heapq.heappop(items))
```

- (A) 0.5 (B) -1 (C) 2



Q3. What is the complexity of the following code, if N is the length of the list `L`? Choose the best answer.

```
for num in L:
    avg = sum(L) / len(L)
    if num > 2 * avg:
        print("outlier!")
```

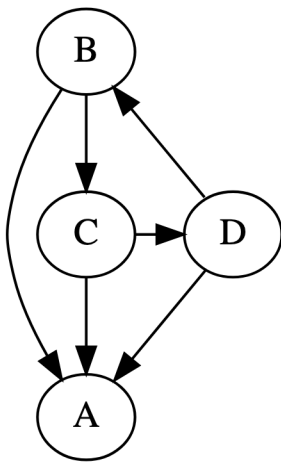
- (A) $O(1)$ (B) $O(N)$ (C) $O(N^2)$ (D) $O(N^2 + 1)$ (E) $O(N^3)$

WeChat: cstutores

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutorcs@163.com

Q4. What can be said about the following graph?



QQ: 749389476

<https://tutorcs.com>

- (A) it is not acyclic and not connected
 (B) it is connected but not acyclic
 (C) it is acyclic but not connected
 (D) it is both connected and acyclic

Q5. Where is a `deque` most useful in BFS code?

- (A) to track which nodes have been visited
- (B) to track nodes to be visited in the future
- (C) to store the path from source to destination



Q6. What is the complexity of the following code, if N is the length of the list `L`? Choose the best answer.

```
for i in range(len(L)):
    for j in range(len(L)):
        if i+j < len(L):
            print(L[i+j])
```

- (A) $O(1)$
- (B) $O(N)$
- (C) $O(N^2)$
- (D) $O(N^2 + 1)$
- (E) $O(N^3)$

Q7. If `L` is a list with 100 items, what index should replace `????` to make the code probably run SLOWEST?

```
L.insert(????, "new entry")
```

- (A) -1
- (B) 0
- (C) 50
- (D) 99
- (E) 100

Q8. Suppose the following runs without error.

```
# code hidden
X.next = Y
Y.next = X
Z.next = Y
```

Which of the following refers to the same object as `X`?

- (A) `X.next`
- (B) `Z.next`
- (C) `X.next.next.next`
- (D) `Y.next.next.next`
- (E) `Z.next.next.next`

Q9. What is `x`?

```
class Thing:
    def __init__(self, vals):
        self.vals = vals

    def __len__(self):
        return 3

    def __getitem__(self, lookup):
        return 4
```

```
obj = Thing([2, 1, 5])
x = len(obj) # careful!
```

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4
- (E) 5

Q10. What will the length of `Y` be equal to after the following runs?

```
with open("coords.txt") as f:
    X = f.read()
    Y = f.read()
```

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- (A) 0
- (B) `len(X)`
- (C) total length of the file
- (D) whatever the length of the file is



Q11. Each function can have only one local variable on the stack at a time.

- (A) True
- (B) False

Q12. What is something `http` shows?

WeChat: cstutorcs

- (A) how large a zip file is
- (B) how much memory is being used
- (C) how much storage space is being used
- (D) what the largest compressed file is inside of a zip file

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutores@163.com

Q13. What error might we get when running the following code?

```
dog.fetch("A", "B")
```

QQ: 749389476

- (A) `TypeError: fetch() takes 1 positional argument but 3 were given`
- (B) `TypeError: fetch() takes 2 positional arguments but 2 were given`
- (C) `TypeError: fetch() takes 3 positional arguments but 2 were given`
- (D) `TypeError: fetch() takes 4 positional arguments but 4 were given`

https://tutorcs.com

Q14. If a Flask app has the following handlers, what does it print when a user visits the home page in a browser?

```
@app.route("/")
def home():
    print("X")
    return '<html><body></body></html>'
```

```
@app.route("/plot.p
def f():
    print("Y")
    return "TODO"
```

```
@app.route("/plot.s
def handler2():
    print("Z")
    return "TODO"
```



程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

WeChat: cstutorcs

(A) X only (B) X and Y (C) X and Z (D) X, Y, and Z

Q15. For git, "headless" means:

- (A) there is no branch named HEAD
- (B) there is no tag named HEAD
- (C) the HEAD branch does not point to the main commit
- (D) the latest commit in untagged
- (E) HEAD does not point to any branch

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutores@163.com

QQ: 749389476

Q16. Which algorithm is recursive?

- (A) DFS (B) BFS

https://tutorcs.com

Q17. If a BST is constructed using the algorithm we learned in class, and the insert order is [10, 13, 9, 12], where will 12 be?

- (A) root.left.left (B) root.left.right (C) root.right.left (D) root.right.right

Q18. Does the regular expression `r"b.+a"` match anything in the string `"Bb1dac."` ?

- (A) yes (B) no

Q19. What does `nums` contain after the following runs?

```
nums = []  
def count(z):  
    if z < 4:  
        count(z+1)  
    nums.append(z)  
count(1)  
print(nums)
```

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



- (A) `[4, 3, 2]` (B) `[1, 2, 3, 4]` (D) `[2, 3, 4]` (E) `[4, 3, 2, 1]`

Q20. The DOM (Document Object Model) web page is a BST (Binary Search Tree).

- (A) True (B) False

WeChat: cstutorcs

Assignment Project Exam Help

Email: tutorcs@163.com

QQ: 749389476

<https://tutorcs.com>