

get back to the
playground
...emotionally!

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Technical Evangelist



Microsoft



We all loved
playgrounds

... back then



... and still do!



[*3]



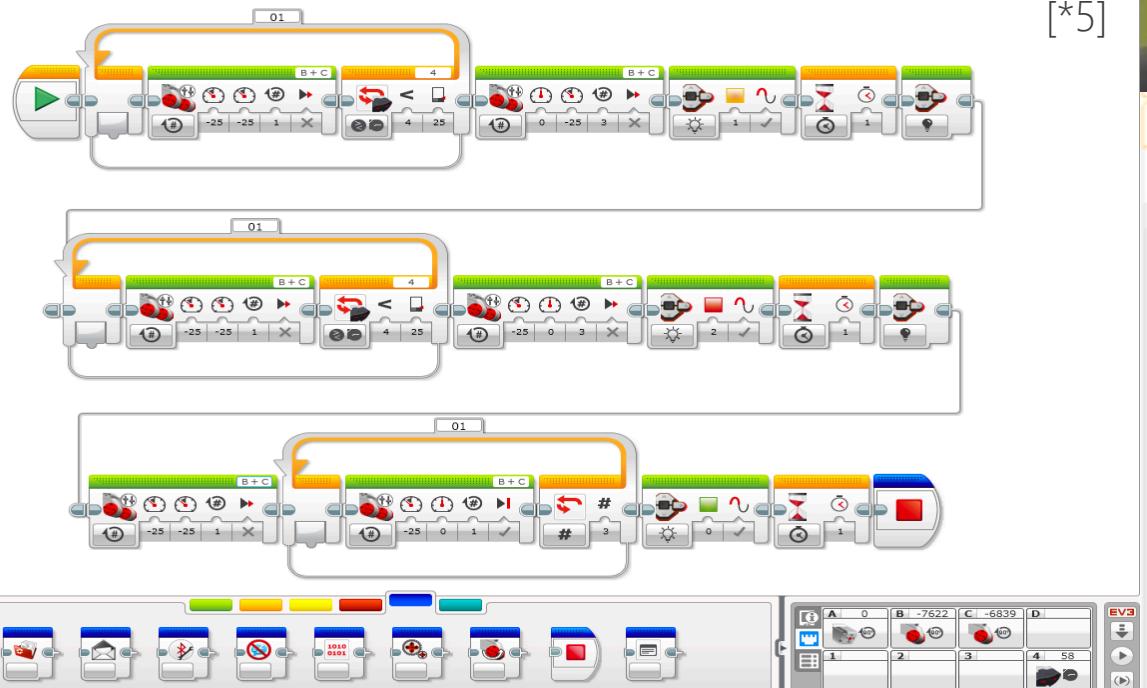
[*1]



[*2]

Coding is lot like playing.
exploring, failing, learning

with (mostly) a lot of excitement!



[*5]

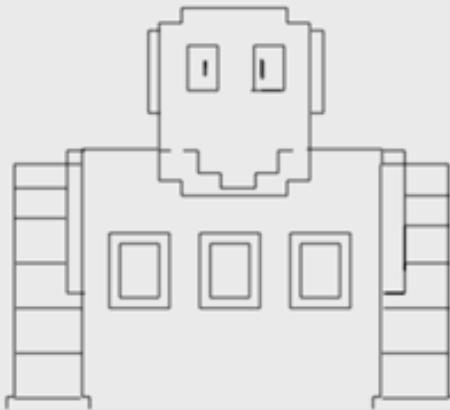
1. The Width of the Pen

Until now you have been using a pen that draws a black line the width of 1 point. The width of the line means how thick the line is. If we want to draw more beautiful things, sometimes we'll want to use a wider or narrower line, or choose a different color. The command to change the pens width is **setwidth** followed by a number. The number will represent the new width of the line, counting it in points.

Set the pen width to 5.

Solution

```
> seth 0  
> penup  
> fd 10  
> fd 10
```



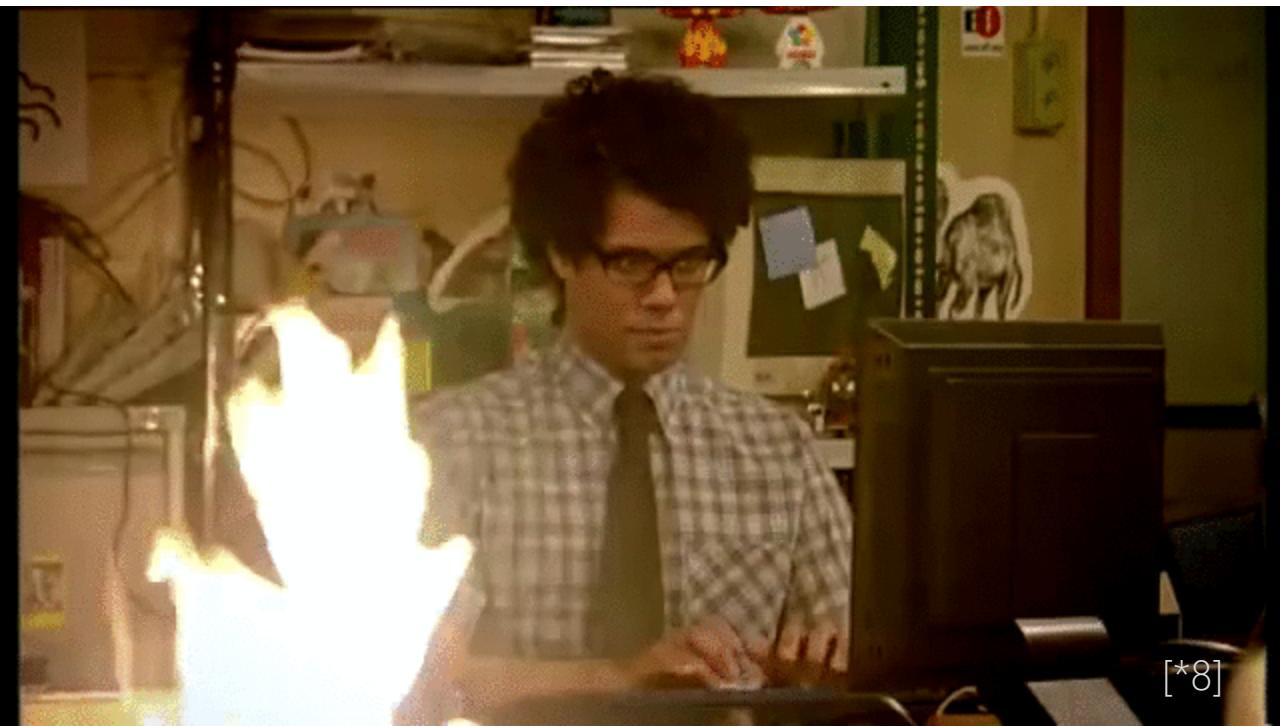
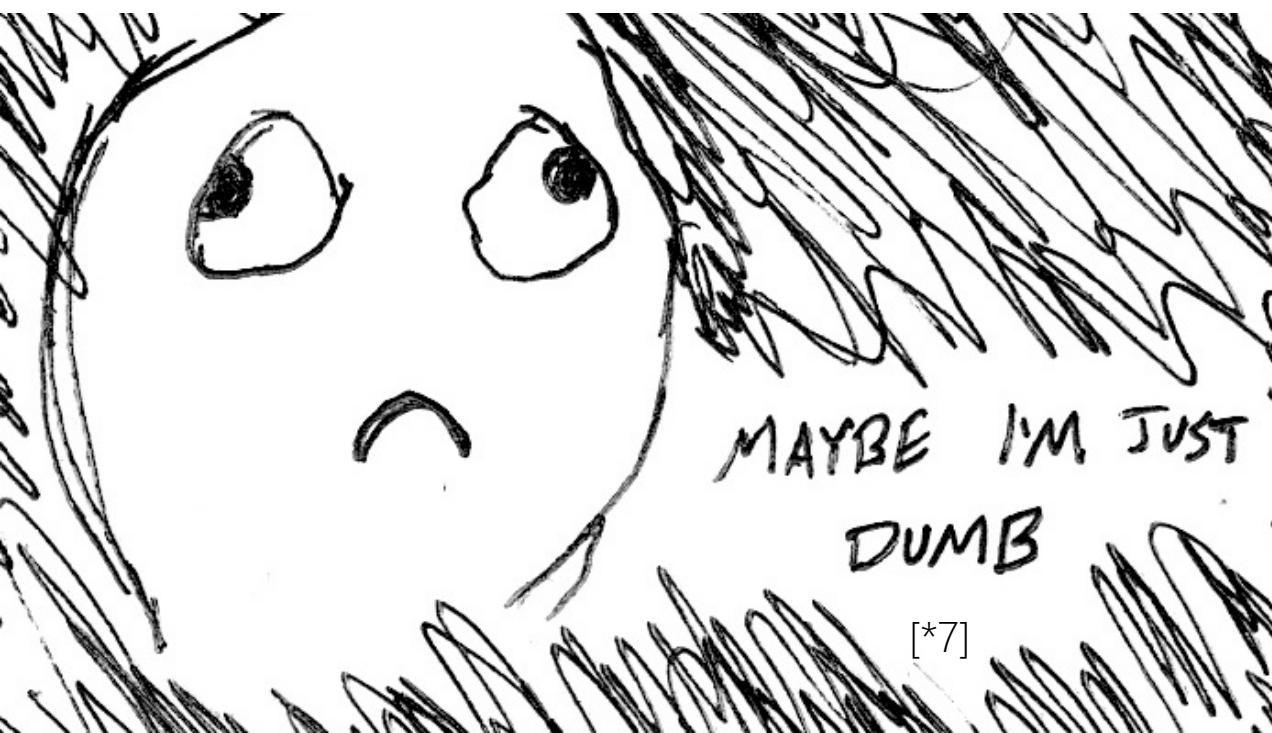
[*4]

[*6]

Learning new things in coding
mostly **lacks excitement** and
~~can be~~ is often **frustrating**.

"My Adventure lacks excitement - aka - my code is broken"

- codecademy.org



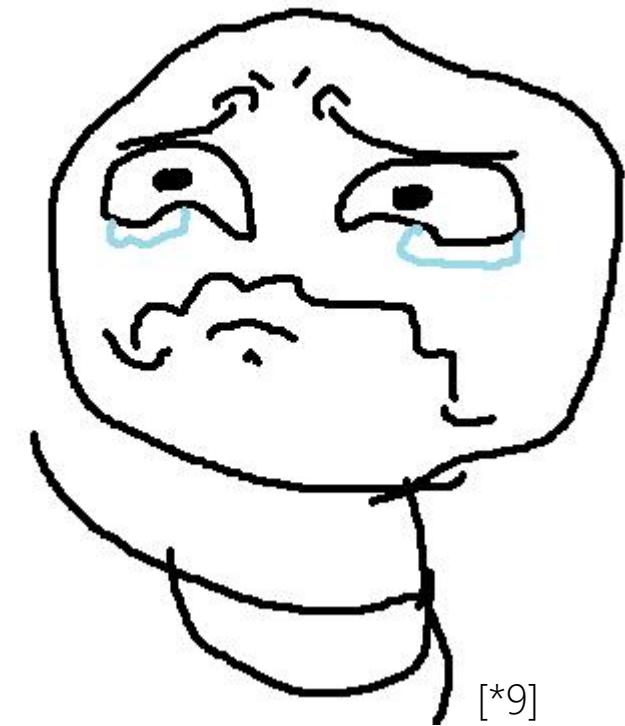
[*8]

missing
incomplete
outdated
wrong
absurd

]

documentation

==



[*9]

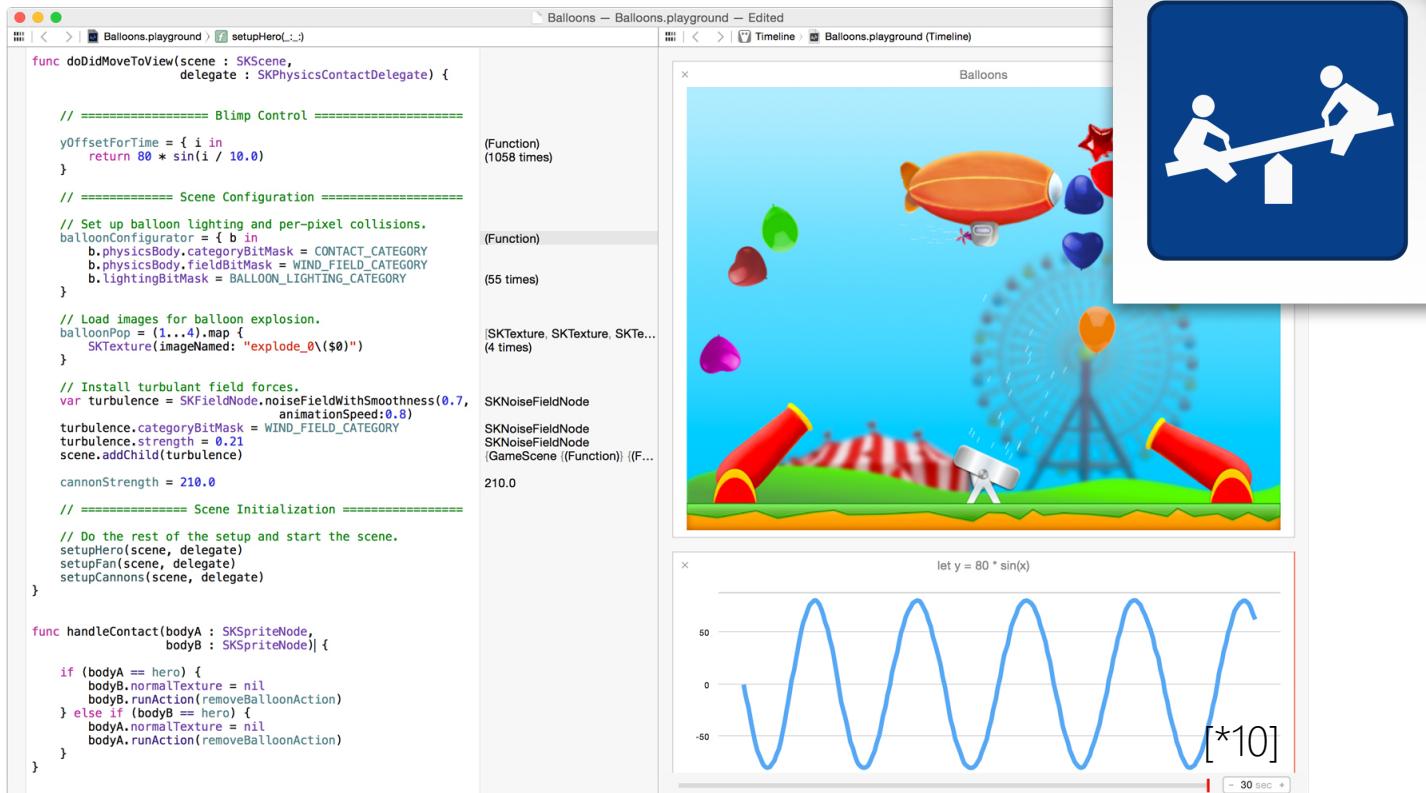


Playgrounds

for learning, documenting and exploring code

Learning and compreheding things
through immediate **exploration** !!

Literally get „hands-on“
by **touching** it!



since

iOS8



supports



with

iOS10

additionally



supports



and



A **Playground** is ...

... a super quick way for swift code experiments



Layout nicely with markdown-ish syntax

Extend source by using basically every SDK, framework and lib for development

Guide the user with links through navigation keywords

Hide code for focusing on one essential thing at a time

Interact with code through the „live view“

Easily edit code by using placeholders aka literals for color, images and files

Embedded result views inline

Choose OS for targeted execution



- ▼ Kick start Cognitive Services
- ▼ First steps
- ▼ Sources
 - justtext.txt
- ▼ Resources
 - keepcalm.png
- ▼ ComputerVision M
- ▼ Sources
- ▼ Resources
 - justtext.txt
- ▼ Emotions
- ▼ Sources
- ▼ Resources
- ▼ Faces
- ▼ Sources
- ▼ Resources
- ▼ Sources
- CognitiveServices.swift
- Ext.swift
- ▼ Resources
 - Aaron.jpg
 - beach.png
 - containers.png
 - Giugli.png
 - highway.png
 - Jan.png
 - Les.jpg
 - Nazuki.png
 - nightcity.png
 - Owen_Family.jpg
 - Tiffany.jpg
 - woman_blue.png
 - wood.png

```
34
35 let backgroundView = UIView(frame: CGRect(x: 0, y: myView.bounds.height-170, width: myView.bounds.width, height: 200))
36 backgroundView.backgroundColor = black
37 backgroundView.alpha = 0.7
38
39 myView.addSubview(preview)
40 myView.addSubview(backgroundView)
41 myView.addSubview(textLabel)
42
43 func showTagsForImage (_ photo : UIImageView, _ confidence : Double) {
44     let manager = CognitiveServices()
45     labelText.text = "... gimme a sec - getting your tags!"
46     manager.retrievePlausibleTagsForImage(photo.image!, confidence) { (result, error) -> (Void) in
47         DispatchQueue.main.async(execute: {
48             if let _ = error {
49                 print("omg something bad happened: \(error)")
50             } else {
51                 print("seems like all went well: \(result)")
52             }
53             setTagsAsDescription(result)
54         })
55     }
56 }
57
58 func setTagsAsDescription (_ tags : [String]?) {
59     if (tags?.count)! > 0 {
60         labelText.text = ""
61         for tag in tags! {
62             labelText.text = labelText.text! + "#" + tag + " "
63         }
64     } else {
65         labelText.text = "Uh noez! No tags could be found for this image :("
66     }
67 }
68
69 //##-end-hidden-code
70 /**
71 * experiment:
72 Every part of the description of the picture will be returned with a certain
    confidence. A good value is 0.85 for nice fitting results. But go a head
    and play around with this value and see, with what funky descriptions the
    "computer" may come along
    */
73
74         name = "cargo container";
75     },
76     {
77         confidence = "0.4507218599319458";
78         name = harbor;
79     }
80 );
81
82 ["sky", "outdoor", "cargo container", "harbor"]
83 seems like all went well: Optional(["sky", "outdoor", "cargo container", "harbor"])

```

```
UIView  
UIView  
UIView  
UIView  
UIView  
UIView  
Kick_start_Cognitive_Se...  
UILabel  
Kick_start_Cognitive_Se...  
)  
  
seems like all went well:...  
  
UILabel  
4 times)
```

A **P**l**a****y**g**r**o**u**n**d** b**o****o**k is ...

... a perfekt place for exploring and learning



Always-on live view with various styling possibilities

Organise content into chapters with pages

Use cut scenes as special pages for editorial freedom

Limit and control code completion suggestions

Style the appearance in the „store“

Reset the content of the book or single pages

... with way more complexity!

Play with Cognitive Services.playgroundbook

Contents

- Chapters
 - Computer Visi...groundchapter
 - Emotions.playgroundchapter
 - Faces.playgroundchapter
 - Get Started.playgroundchapter
 - Manifest.plist
- Pages
 - Intro.cutscenepage
 - Manifest.plist
 - Resources
 - cutscene.html
 - images
 - cutscenebg.png
- The elemen...groundpage
 - Contents.swift
 - LiveView.swift
 - Manifest.plist
 - Resources
 - background.png
 - Manifest.plist
- Resources
 - Aaron.jpg
 - background.png
 - beach.png
 - containers.png
 - group.png
 - highway.png
 - Jan.png
 - Les.jpg
 - Nazuki.png
 - nightcity.png
 - Owen_Family.jpg
 - playground_icon.png
 - Tiffany.jpg
 - woman_blue.png
 - wood.png

Sources

- CognitiveServices.swift
- Ext.swift
- LandmarkView.swift
- MyView.swift

```

8  public class MyView : UIViewController {
9
10 let preview = UIImageView()
11 let textLabel = UILabel()
12 let backgroundView = UIView()
13 let landmarkView = MyLandmarkView()
14
15 var confidence = 0.85
16
17 public override func viewDidLoad() {
18     super.viewDidLoad()
19
20     view.frame = CGRect(x: 0, y: 0, width: 520, height: 768)
21     let imageBGView = UIImageView(image: UIImage(named:"background.png")!)
22     view.addSubview(imageBGView)
23
24     preview.frame = view.bounds
25     preview.contentMode = .scaleAspectFit
26
27     textLabel.frame = CGRect(x: 30, y: view.bounds.height-200, width: 350, height:
28         110)
29     textLabel.lineBreakMode = .byWordWrapping
30     textLabel.numberOfLines = 5
31     textLabel.textColor = .white
32     textLabel.text = "This label makes place for your description :)"
33
34     backgroundView.frame = CGRect(x: 0, y: view.bounds.height-210, width: view.
35         bounds.width, height: 210)
36     backgroundView.backgroundColor = .black
37     backgroundView.alpha = 0.5
38
39     landmarkView.frame = view.bounds
40     landmarkView.backgroundColor = .clear
41
42     view.addSubview(preview)
43     view.addSubview(backgroundView)
44     view.addSubview(textLabel)
45     view.addSubview(landmarkView)
46     view.bringSubview(toFront: landmarkView)
47
48     makeLandmarkViewVisible(false)
49
50     public func setTheDescription(_ message: String) {
51         textLabel.text = message
52     }
53
54     public func setTheTextColor(_ color: UIColor) {
55         textLabel.textColor = color
56     }
57
58     public func setTheImage(_ image: UIImage) {
59         preview.image = image
60     }
61
62     public func reply(_ message: String) {
63         textLabel.text = message
64     }
65
66     public func makeLandmarkViewVisible(_ visible: Bool) {
67         landmarkView.alpha = visible ? 1.0 : 0.0
68     }
69
70     public func updateImage (_ image: UIImage) {
71         preview.image = image
72         view.setNeedsDisplay()
73         textLabel.text = "updated image ... wohooo \(image)"
74     }
75
76 /**
77 cognitive services functions
78 called from the LiveViewMessageHandler
79 */

```

Manual

```

1 /**
2 # First steps with Playgrounds
3
4 The first thing we want to try is to get hands on with what we know already - dealing
5 with our beloved UIKit. You can use all elements of UIKit as you are used to. In
6 this example we want to build our environment for our further examples. Let's warm
7 up, put your hands on the playground and get started!
8
9 * callout(What to do):
10 Just choose a picture you like, then enter a text you think fits to the image. To make
11 it nice looking, choose a color for your text.
12 */
13 // #-hidden-code
14 import PlaygroundSupport
15 import UIKit
16 import Foundation
17
18 guard #available(iOS 9, OSX 10.11, *) else {
19     fatalError("Life? Don't talk to me about life. Here I am, brain the size of a
20         planet, and they tell me to run a 'playground'. Call that job satisfaction? I
21         don't.")
22 }
23
24 func setDescription(_ message: String) {
25     let page = PlaygroundPage.current
26     if let proxy = page.liveView as? PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy {
27         proxy.send(.string(message))
28     }
29 }
30
31 func setMyTextColor(_ color: UIColor) {
32     let page = PlaygroundPage.current
33     if let proxy = page.liveView as? PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy {
34         let message : String = color.toHexString()
35         proxy.send(.string(message))
36     }
37 }
38
39 func chooseImage (_ imageData: Data) {
40     let page = PlaygroundPage.current
41     if let proxy = page.liveView as? PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy {
42         proxy.send(.data(imageData))
43     }
44 }
45
46 // #-end-hidden-code
47 let image = /*#-editable-code*//*#-end-editable-code*/
48 let dataImage = UIImagePNGRepresentation(image)
49 chooseImage(dataImage)
50 setDescription(/*#-editable-code */"Description goes here!"//*#-end-editable-code*/)
51 setMyTextColor(/*#-editable-code *//*#-end-editable-code*/)
52
53 /**
54 * callout(What did we learn?):
55 So we are done with the basics. We created a `UIImageView` with an embedded `UIImage`.
56 Our description area consists of an `UIView`, which background color and alpha is
57 adjustable. And above this background view we added a `UILabel`, which shows our
58 nice descriptive text for the picture.
59 */
60
61 //: Horray! Let's get to our [next adventure](@next)!
```

A Playground book is complex ...

No Preview in Xcode

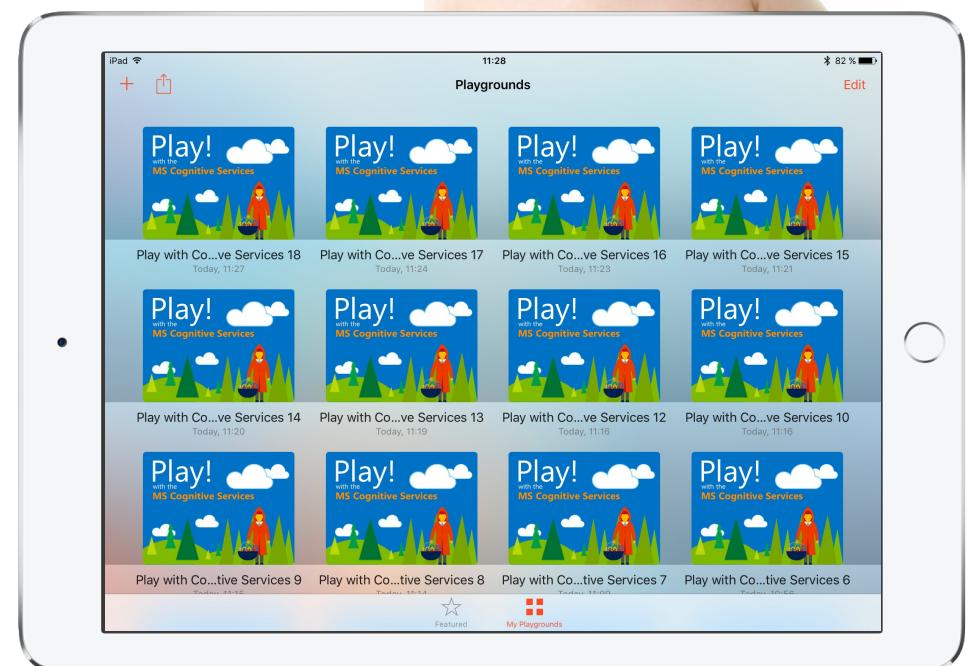
Executes solely in the iPad Swift Playgrounds app

Cumbersome structuring with plists

Content of chapters and pages needs to be defined in a bunch of plists

Separate communication for always-on live view

Fairly complex protocol for transferring data from the playground source to the live view



A Playground book structure is defined by various manifest.plist files



Ready | Today at 18:43

Play with Cognitive Services.playgroundbook > Manifest.plist > No Selection

Key	Type	Value
Root	Dictionary	(7 items)
Version	String	1.0
ContentVersion	String	1.0
Name	String	Play with Cognitive Services
ContentIdentifier	String	com.ms.demo.CSPlayground
DeploymentTarget	String	ios10.0
ImageReference	String	playground_icon.png
Chapters	Array	(4 items)
Item 0	String	Get Started.playgroundchapter
Item 1	String	Computer Vision.playgroundchapter
Item 2	String	Emotions.playgroundchapter
Item 3	String	Faces.playgroundchapter

Manifest.plist > No Selection

Key	Type	Value
Root	Dictionary	(3 items)
Version	String	1.0
Name	String	Get Started
Pages	Array	(2 items)
Item 0	String	Intro.cutscenepage
Item 1	String	The elements.playgroundpage

Manifest.plist > No Selection

Key	Type	Value
Root	Dictionary	(5 items)
Version	String	1.0
Name	String	The Elements
LiveViewMode	String	VisibleByDefault
LiveViewEdgeToEdge	String	YES
PosterReference	String	background.png

Manifest.plist

Resources

Sources

Filter

Playground book

Always-on live-view
specialities and utilities

```
Contents.swift → Live View Proxy → FaceViewController
```

```
public enum PlaygroundValue {  
    case array([PlaygroundValue])  
    case dictionary([String: PlaygroundValue])  
    case string(String)  
    case data(Data)  
    case date(Date)  
    case integer(Int)  
    case floatingPoint(Double)  
    case boolean(Bool)  
}
```

```
let store = PlaygroundPage.current.keyValueStore  
  
store["Greeting"] = .string("Hello, WWDC!")  
  
if case let .string(greeting)? = store["Greeting"] {  
    print(greeting) // "Hello, WWDC!"  
}
```

Playground book

Always-on live-view communication

between the Content.swift
and the instance of the live view

- 1 Send data of type PlaygroundValue from Content.swift to the live view by using the send function of the PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy

```
import PlaygroundSupport

func say(_ message: String) {
    let page = PlaygroundPage.current
    if let proxy = page.liveView as? PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy {
        proxy.send(.string(message))
    }
}

//##-end-hidden-code

say(/*##-editable-code*/"/##-end-editable-code*)
```

- 2 Implement the PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxyDelegate with its remoteLiveViewProxy(...) method and assign an instance of it to the proxy's delegate of the current PlaygroundPage

```
let page = PlaygroundPage.current
page.needsIndefiniteExecution = true
let proxy = page.liveView as? PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy
class MyClassThatListens: PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxyDelegate {
    func remoteLiveViewProxy(_ remoteLiveViewProxy: PlaygroundRemoteLiveViewProxy,
                           received message: PlaygroundValue) {
        if case let .string(text) = message {
            doSomethingWithString(text)
        }
    }
}
let listener = MyClassThatListens()
proxy?.delegate = listener
```



cognitive services

for making your apps more human

Let the API do the work for you...

Vision	Speech	Language	Knowledge	Search
Computer Vision	Bing Speech	Bing Spell Check	Academic	Bing Autosuggest
Emotion	Custom Recognition	Language	Entity Linking	Bing Image Search
Face	Speaker Recognition	Understanding	Knowledge	Bing News Search
Video		Linguistic Analysis	Exploration	Bing Video Search
		Text Analytics	Recommendations	Bing Web Search
		WebLM		

... what do YOU want to do?

computer vision API

[

Analyse
Describe
Thumbnail
OCR

computer vision API

Analyse an image

`https://api.projectoxford.ai/vision/v1.0/analyze[?visualFeatures][&details]`

URL parameters

Visual features

Categories, Tags, Description, Faces, ImageType, Color, Adult

Details

Currently just "Celebrities" is supported

Header

Content-Type

application/json, application/octet-stream, multipart/form-data

Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key

Get your key from "My account" at <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/>.

You might have to create an account first.

Documentation: <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/computer-vision-api/documentation>

API Reference <https://dev.projectoxford.ai/docs/services/56f91f2d778daf23d8ec6739/operations/56f91f2e778daf14a499e1fa>

computer vision API

JSON result for analyzed image

- Details "Celebrities"
- Visual features "Categories, Tags, Description, Adult"

```
"categories": [
    {
        "name": "abstract_",
        "score": 0.00390625
    },
    {
        "name": "people_",
        "score": 0.83984375,
        "detail": {
            "celebrities": [
                {
                    "name": "Satya Nadella",
                    "faceRectangle": {
                        "left": 597,
                        "top": 162,
                        "width": 248,
                        "height": 248
                    },
                    "confidence": 0.999028444
                }
            ]
        }
    },
    {
        "adult": {
            "isAdultContent": false,
            "isRacyContent": false,
            "adultScore": 0.0934349000453949,
            "racyScore": 0.068613491952419281
        }
    }
],
"tags": [
    {
        "name": "person",
        "confidence": 0.98979085683822632
    },
    {
        "name": "man",
        "confidence": 0.94493889808654785
    },
    {
        "name": "outdoor",
        "confidence": 0.938492476940155
    },
    {
        "name": "window",
        "confidence": 0.89513939619064331
    }
],
"description": {
    "tags": [
        "person",
        "man",
        "outdoor",
        "window",
        "glasses"
    ],
    "captions": [
        {
            "text": "Satya Nadella sitting on a bench",
            "confidence": 0.48293603002174407
        }
    ]
}
```

computer vision API 1.0

Describe an image

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/vision/v1.0/describe>[?maxCandidates]

URL parameters - maxCandidates

Header - see "Analyse"

Get Thumbnail

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/vision/v1.0/generateThumbnail>[?width][&height][&smartCropping]

URL parameters – width, height, smartCropping

Header - see "Analyse"

OCR

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/vision/v1.0/ocr>[?language][&detectOrientation]

URL parameters – language, detectOrientation

Header - see "Analyse"

computer vision API

On the left:
JSON result for OCR

On the right:
JSON result for Describe

```
{"language": "en",
"textAngle": -2.0000000000000338,
"orientation": "Up",
"regions": [
{
  "boundingBox": "462,379,497,258",
  "lines": [
    {
      "boundingBox": "462,379,497,74",
      "words": [
        {
          "boundingBox": "462,379,41,73",
          "text": "A"
        },
        {
          "boundingBox": "523,379,153,73",
          "text": "GOAL"
        },
        {
          "boundingBox": "694,379,265,74",
          "text": "WITHOUT"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
],
"description": {
  "tags": [
    "person",
    "man",
    "outdoor",
    "window",
    "glasses"
  ],
  "captions": [
    {
      "text": "Satya Nadella sitting on a bench",
      "confidence": 0.48293603002174407
    },
    {
      "text": "Satya Nadella is sitting on a bench",
      "confidence": 0.40037006815422832
    },
    {
      "text": "Satya Nadella sitting in front of a building",
      "confidence": 0.38035155997373377
    }
  ]
},
"requestId": "ed2de1c6-fb55-4686-b0da-4da6e05d283f",
"metadata": {
  "width": 1500,
  "height": 1000,
  "format": "Jpeg"
}
}
```

emotion API



- Recognition in images
- Recognition in videos
- Recognition with rectangles

emotion API beta

Emotion Recognition

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/emotion/v1.0/recognize>

Header

Content-Type

application/json, application/octet-stream, multipart/form-data

Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key

Get your key from "My account" at <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/>.

You might have to create an account first.

Documentation: <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/emotion-api/documentation>

API Reference <https://dev.projectoxford.ai/docs/services/56f91f2d778daf23d8ec6739/operations/56f91f2e778daf14a499e1fa>

emotion

API beta

JSON result for Emotion Recognition of an image.

For every detected face the API returns

- the face rectangle
- the list of emotions with scores

```
[  
  {  
    "faceRectangle": {  
      "left": 68,  
      "top": 97,  
      "width": 64,  
      "height": 97  
    },  
    "scores": {  
      "anger": 0.00300731952,  
      "contempt": 5.14648448E-08,  
      "disgust": 9.180124E-06,  
      "fear": 0.0001912825,  
      "happiness": 0.9875571,  
      "neutral": 0.0009861537,  
      "sadness": 1.889955E-05,  
      "surprise": 0.008229999  
    }  
  }  
]
```

emotion API beta

Emotion Recognition in videos

`https://api.projectoxford.ai/emotion/v1.0/recognizeinvideo[?outputStyle]`

URL parameters – outputStyle [aggregate, perFrame]

Header - see "Recognition"

Result on 202 - video operation status/result as URL

Emotion Recognition with Face Rectangles

`https://api.projectoxford.ai/emotion/v1.0/recognize?faceRectangles={faceRectangles}`

URL parameters – faceRectangles (left, top, width, height)

Header - see "Recognition"

Recognition in Video Operation Result

`https://api.projectoxford.ai/emotion/v1.0/operations/{oid}]`

URL parameters – oid (URL from Emotion Recognition in videos)

Header - see "Recognition"

Result: Status of recognition operation. On SUCCEEDED -> JSON can be retrieved from processingResult field.

<https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/emotion-api/documentation/howtocallemotionforvideo>

Fact API

[

Detect
Verify
Identify
Find Similar

Face API 1.0

Detect Faces

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/face/v1.0/detect>[?returnFacId][&returnFaceLandmarks][&returnFaceAttributes]

URL parameters

returnFacId

facId needed if face should later be attached to a person

returnFaceLandmarks

get position of e.g. eyes, pupils, nose, eyebrows,...

returnFaceAttributes

get attributes "age, gender, smile, facialHair, headPose, glasses" for a face

Header

Content-Type

application/json, application/octet-stream, multipart/form-data

Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key

Get your key from "My account" at <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/>.

You might have to create an account first.

Documentation: <https://www.microsoft.com/cognitive-services/en-us/face-api/documentation/overview>

API Reference <https://dev.projectoxford.ai/docs/services/563879b61984550e40cbbe8d/operations/563879b61984550f30395236>

Face API 1.0

JSON result for Face Detection of an image.

For every detected face the API returns

- the faceId
- the list of faceLandmarks
- requested attributes of the face

```
"faceId": "c5c24a82-6845-4031-9d5d-978df9175426",
"faceRectangle": {
    "width": 78,
    "height": 78,
    "left": 394,
    "top": 54
},
"faceLandmarks": {
    "pupilLeft": {
        "x": 412.7,
        "y": 78.4
    },
    "pupilRight": {
        "x": 446.8,
        "y": 74.2
    },
    "noseTip": {
        "x": 437.7,
        "y": 92.4
    },
    "mouthLeft": {
        "x": 417.8,
        "y": 114.4
    },
    "mouthRight": {
        "x": 451.3,
        "y": 109.3
    },
    "eyebrowLeftOuter": {
        "x": 397.9,
        "y": 78.5
    },
    "eyebrowLeftInner": {
        "x": 425.4,
        "y": 70.5
    },
    "eyeLeftOuter": {
        "x": 406.7,
        "y": 80.6
    },
    "eyeLeftTop": {
        "x": 412.2,
        "y": 76.2
    },
    "earLeft": {
        "x": 412.2,
        "y": 114.4
    }
},
"faceAttributes": {
    "age": 71.0,
    "gender": "male",
    "smile": 0.88,
    "facialHair": {
        "mustache": 0.8,
        "beard": 0.1,
        "sideburns": 0.02
    },
    "glasses": "sunglasses",
    "headPose": {
        "roll": 2.1,
        "yaw": 3,
        "pitch": 0
    }
}
```

Face API 1.0

Find Similar Faces

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/face/v1.0/findsimilar>

URL parameters – facelid, faceListId, facelids, maxNumOfCandidatesReturned, mode [matchPerson, matchFace]

Header - see "Detect"

Verify a face

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/face/v1.0/verify>

Request Body

Face2Face Verification: facelid1, facelid2

Face2Person Verification: facelid, personGroupId, personId

Header - see "Detect"

Identify a face

<https://api.projectoxford.ai/face/v1.0/identify>

Request Body – facelids, personGroupId, maxNumOfCandidatesReturned, confidenceThreshold

Header - see "Detect"

Face API 1.0

APIs for creating, populating, training and maintaining persons, person groups and face lists

▼ Person

POST Add a Person Face

POST Create a Person

DELETE Delete a Person

DELETE Delete a Person Face

GET Get a Person

GET Get a Person Face

GET List Persons in a Person Group

PATCH Update a Person

PATCH Update a Person Face

▼ Person Group

PUT Create a Person Group

DELETE Delete a Person Group

GET Get a Person Group

GET Get Person Group Training Status

GET List Person Groups

POST Train Person Group

PATCH Update a Person Group

▼ Face List

POST Add a Face to a Face List

PUT Create a Face List

DELETE Delete a Face from a Face List

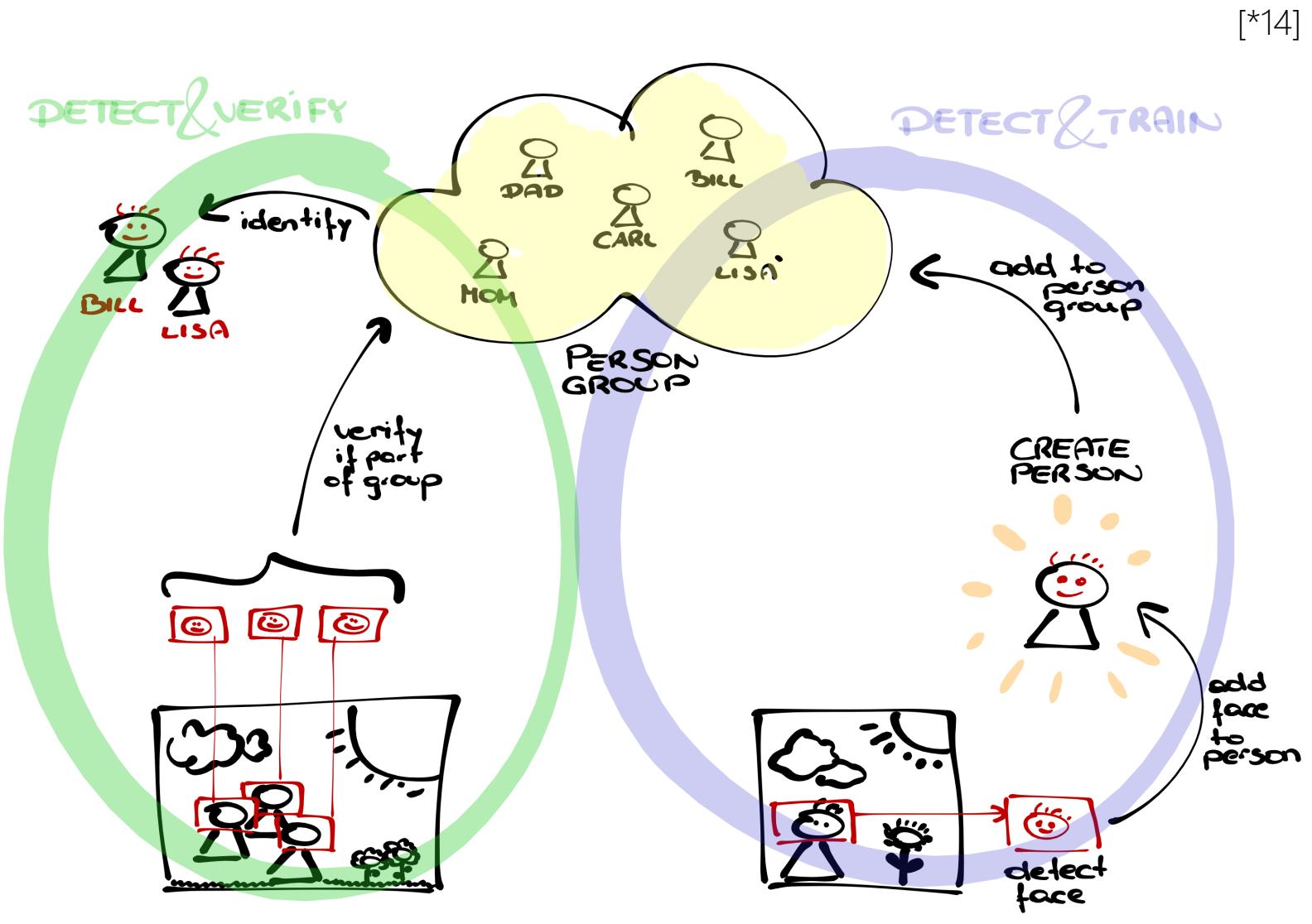
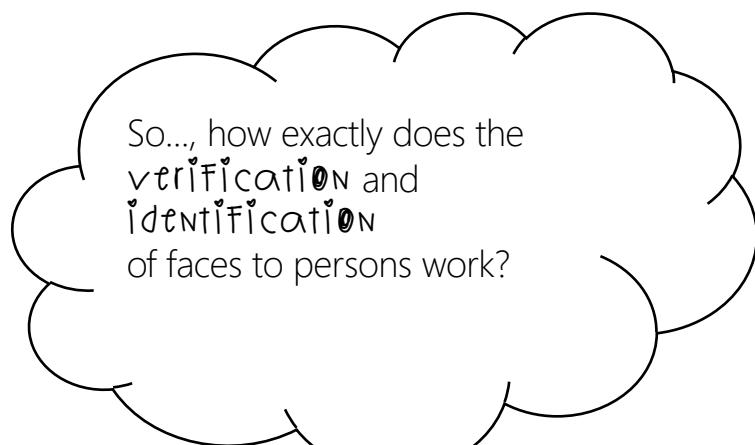
DELETE Delete a Face List

GET Get a Face List

GET List Face Lists

PATCH Update a Face List

Face API 1.0



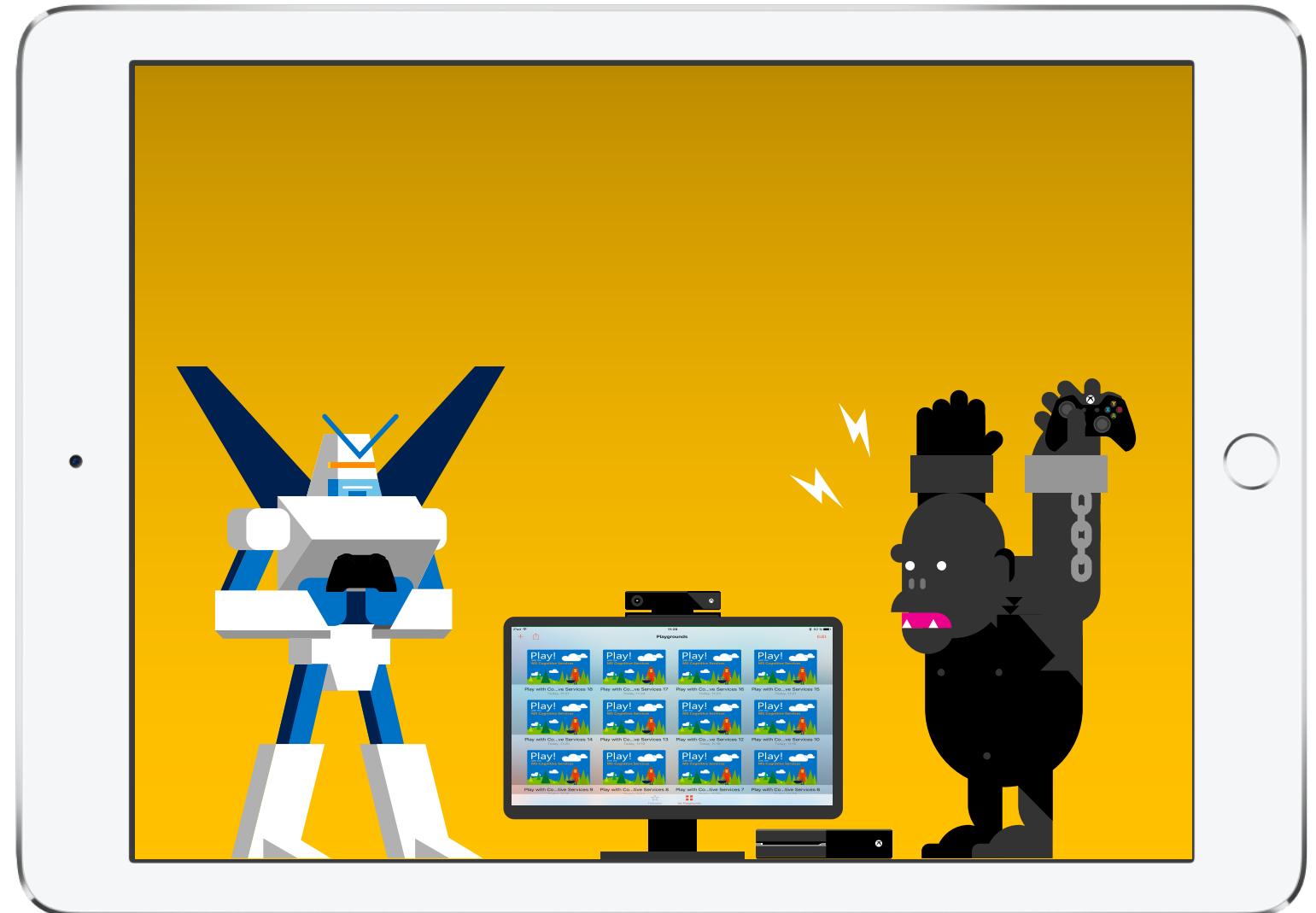


Bringing it all together

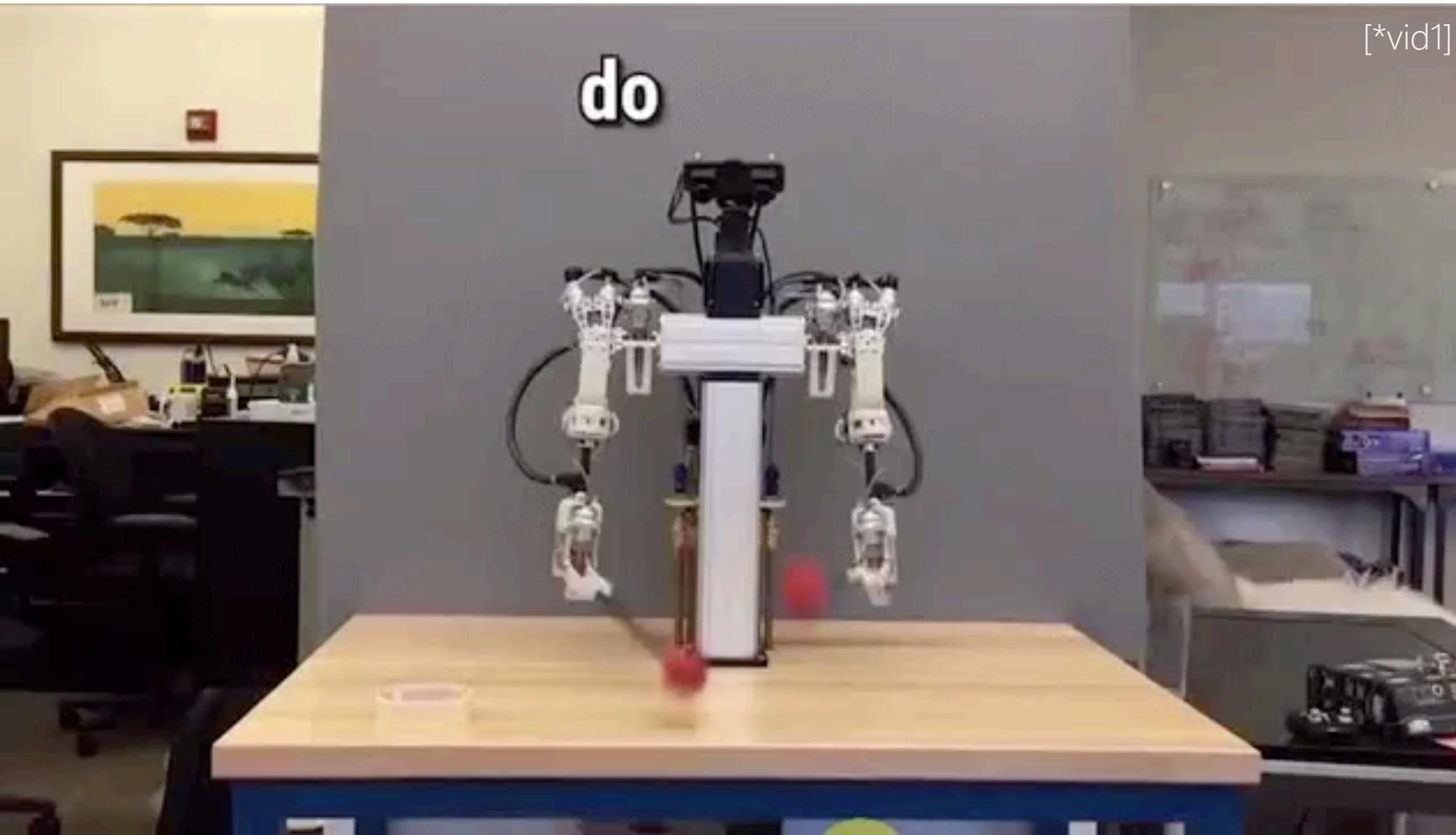


Cognitive
Services

demo



Let's get started
make our tech more human!



do

[*vid1]

Disney Research created a telepresence robot which feels human in his interactions.

Link to the paper:

<https://s3-us-west-1.amazonaws.com/disneyresearch/wp-content/uploads/20160503162533/A-Hybrid-Hydrostatic-Transmission-and-Human-Safe-Haptic-Telepresence-Robot-Paper.pdf>

The necessities...

Tech material links

- <https://github.com/codePrincess/playgrounds>
- <http://ericasadun.com>
- <https://itunes.apple.com/us/book/playground-secrets-power-tips/id982838034>
- https://developer.apple.com/library/prerelease/content/documentation/Xcode/Conceptual/swift_playgrounds_doc_format/
- https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Xcode/Reference/xcode_markup_formatting_ref/
- <https://github.com/ashfurrow/playgroundbook>

Fonts

- Segoe UI Light/Normal – MS Standard Font for Decks
- Child wish: <http://www.dafont.com/de/childswish.font>

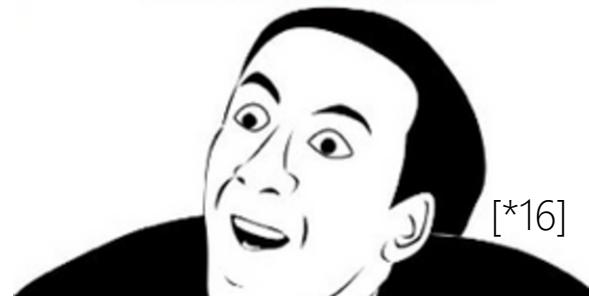
Images

- [*0] https://metrouk2.files.wordpress.com/2015/10/jl_picture_14.jpg
- [*1] http://xn--bllebad-und-mehr-vnb.de/images/product_images/original_images/Art1006088.jpg
- [*2] https://www.nycgovparks.org/photo_gallery/full_size/19014.jpg
- [*3] <http://www.shareable.net/sites/default/files/styles/blog-header-large/public/blog/top-image/PlaygroundHeader.jpg?itok=036ZlixY>
- [*4] <http://edtechtimes.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/kids-playing-games-880x440.jpg?resolution=1024.1>
- [*5] <http://blog.grunick.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/09/Mindstorms.png>
- [*6] <https://cdn.brainpop.com/games/turtleacademy/screenshot1.png>
- [*7] <https://techcrunch.com/2014/05/24/dont-believe-anyone-who-tells-you-learning-to-code-is-easy/>
- [*8] <https://media.giphy.com/media/13HgwGsXF0aiGY/giphy.gif>
- [*9] <http://memesvault.com/wp-content/uploads/Sad-Meme-04.jpg>
- [*10] http://swiftplayground.org/blog_images/playground-screenshot.jpg
- [*11] <https://img.buzzfeed.com/buzzfeed-static/static/2015-12/2/14/enhanced/webdr01/enhanced-17255-1449085183-9.jpg>
- [*12] http://media.tumblr.com/tumblr_m5cw224lps1qcwic6.jpg
- [*13] <http://www.vccoaching.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/12/meme-thinking-face-1920x1080.jpg>
- [*14] Copyright by Manuela Rink, @codePrincess
- [*15] http://documama.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/02/IMG_3614.jpg
- [*16] <http://i3.kym-cdn.com/photos/images/facebook/000/210/119/9b3.png>

Videos

- [vid1] <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=whqCf0onDWU>

YOU DON'T SAY?



[*16]

Merci :)



says

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@codeprincess

