

Worksheet 4

To accompany Chapter 3.1 Laplace Transform

Colophon

This worksheet can be downloaded as a [PDF file \(https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook/worksheets/worksheet4.pdf\)](https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook/worksheets/worksheet4.pdf). We will step through this worksheet in class.

A printout of this worksheet will be distributed before the second class meeting in the **Week 2: Classroom Activities** section of the Canvas site. I will also distribute a copy to your personal **Worksheets** section of the **OneNote Class Notebook** so that you can add your own notes using OneNote.

You are expected to have at least watched the video presentation of [Chapter 3.1 \(https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook/laplace_transform/1/laplace\)](https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook/laplace_transform/1/laplace) of the [notes \(https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook\)](https://cpjobling.github.io/eg-247-textbook) before coming to class. If you haven't watch it afterwards!

After class, the lecture recording and the annotated version of this worksheet will be made available to you via OneNote and through Canvas.

Pingo

We will be using a web-based audience response system called **Pingo** for in-class quizzes and informal surveys.

Setup

Browse to: pingo.coactum.de (<https://pingo.coactum.de>).



When prompted: enter the **session ID**

The Session ID for this Course

194851

Icebreaker Questions

-> **Launch Poll**

End of setup

Plan B

If TurningPoint doesn't work, use this Google form instead

<https://goo.gl/forms/EuyH6G7za2knqt862>
(<https://goo.gl/forms/EuyH6G7za2knqt862>)



First hour quiz: The Laplace and inverse Laplace transforms

TO DO: Move Questions 1-5 into a Canvas pre-class quiz

Question 1: The Laplace Transform

Without conferring or looking it up, which of these integrals represents the Laplace transform?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{A. } \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\omega}^{\sigma+j\omega} F(s) e^{st} ds & \text{B. } \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ \text{C. } \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau & \text{D. } \int_{-j\omega}^{+j\omega} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{array}$$

-> Launch Poll

Discuss: The Laplace transform

Now discuss with your neighbours

Which of these integrals represents the Laplace transform?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{A. } \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\omega}^{\sigma+j\omega} F(s) e^{st} ds & \text{B. } \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ \text{C. } \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau & \text{D. } \int_{-j\omega}^{+j\omega} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{array}$$

-> Launch Poll

Question 2: The inverse Laplace transform

Having discussed the question, which of these integrals represents the inverse Laplace transform?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{A. } \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\omega}^{\sigma+j\omega} F(s) e^{st} ds & \text{B. } \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ \text{C. } \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau & \text{D. } \int_{-j\omega}^{+j\omega} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{array}$$

-> Launch Poll

Discuss: The inverse Laplace transform

Now discuss with your neighbours

Which of these integrals represents the inverse Laplace transform?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{A. } \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\omega}^{\sigma+j\omega} F(s) e^{st} ds & \text{B. } \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ \text{C. } \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau & \text{D. } \int_{-j\omega}^{+j\omega} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \end{array}$$

-> Launch Poll

Question 3: Laplace transforms

Match the transform to the time-domain operator

Please confer

$$\begin{array}{ll} 1. \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) d\tau & \text{A. } \frac{F(s)}{s} + \frac{f(0^-)}{s} \\ 2. \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} f(t) & \text{B. } sF(s) - f(0^-) \\ 3. \int_0^t f_1(\tau) f_2(t-\tau) d\tau & \text{C. } \frac{\int_0^T f(t) e^{-sT}}{1 - e^{-sT}} \\ 4. \frac{d}{dt} f(t) & \text{D. } F_1(s) F_2(s) \\ 5. f(t + nT) & \text{E. } \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s) \end{array}$$

Question 4: Properties of Laplace transforms

Match each of these mathematical properties to the associated Laplace transform property.

You should confer

- | | | | |
|----|-----------------|----|---|
| 1. | Linearity | A. | $f(t - a) u_0(t - a) \Leftrightarrow e^{-as} F(s)$ |
| 2. | Time Scaling | B. | $c_1 f_1(t) + c_2 f_2(t) + \dots + c_n f_n(t) \Leftrightarrow c_1 F_1(s) + c_2 F_2(s) + \dots + c_n F_n(s)$ |
| 3. | Time-shift | C. | $e^{-at} f(t) \Leftrightarrow F(s + a)$ |
| 4. | Frequency Shift | D. | $f(at) \Leftrightarrow (1/a) F(s/a)$ |

Question 5: Name that property

What property is this?

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) \Leftrightarrow \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s)$$

- A. Convolution in the time domain
- B. Initial value theorem
- C. Final value theorem
- D. Differentiation in the time domain
- E. Integration in the time domain

-> Launch Poll

Question 6: Elementary signals

Match the elementary signal to it's Laplace transform

You may confer

1.	Dirac delta (unit impulse)	$\delta(t)$	A.	e^{-as}
2.	Unit step	$u_0(t)$	B.	$\frac{1 - e^{-as}}{s}$
3.	Unit ramp	$u_1(t) = tu_0(t)$	C.	$\frac{1}{s}$
4.	Exponential decay	$e^{-at} u_0(t)$	D.	1
5.	Damped sinusoid	$e^{-at} \sin(\omega t) u_0(t)$	E.	$\frac{1}{s^2}$
6.	Sampling function	$\delta(t - a)$	F.	$\frac{1}{s + a}$
7.	Gating function	$u_0(t) - u_0(t - a)$	G.	$\frac{\omega}{(s + a)^2 + \omega^2}$

End of first hour quiz

Is there anything in this quiz that you think we should go over in more detail in class?

-> Launch Poll

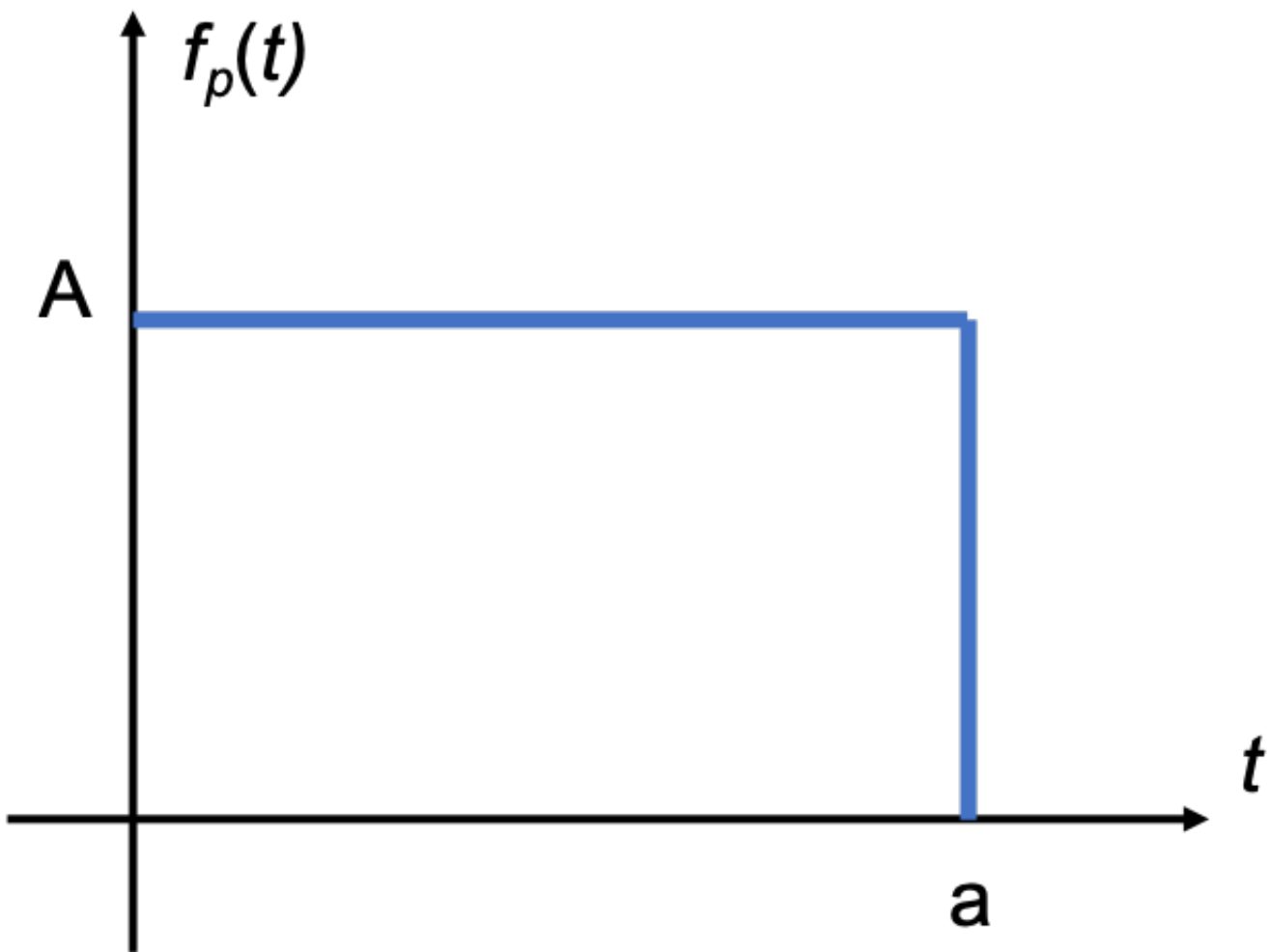
Laplace transforms of common waveforms

We will work through a few of the following on the board in class

- Pulse
- Linear segment
- Triangular waveform
- Rectangular periodic waveform (square wave)
- Half rectified sine wave

Pulse

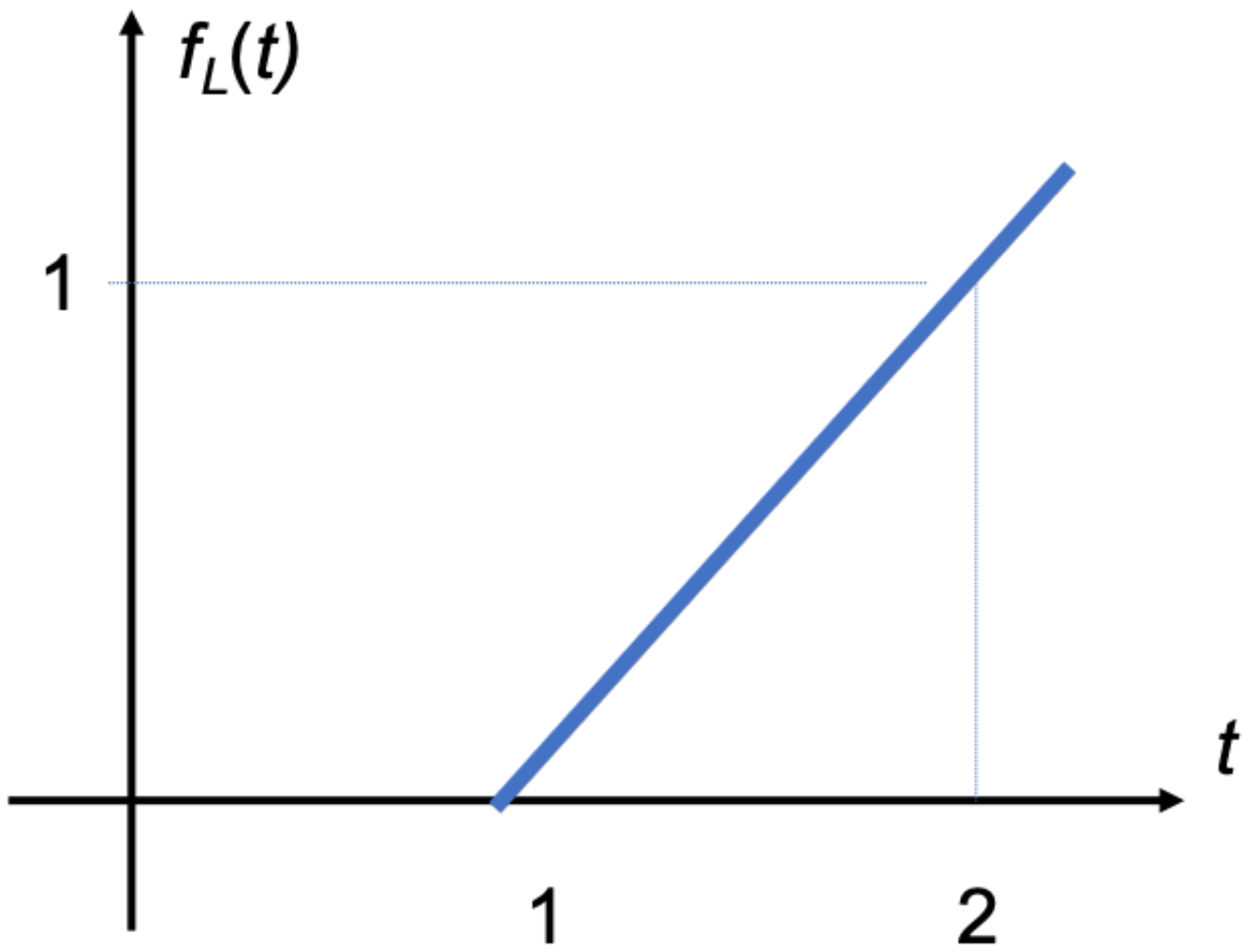
Compute the Laplace transform of the pulse shown in the figure.





Line segment

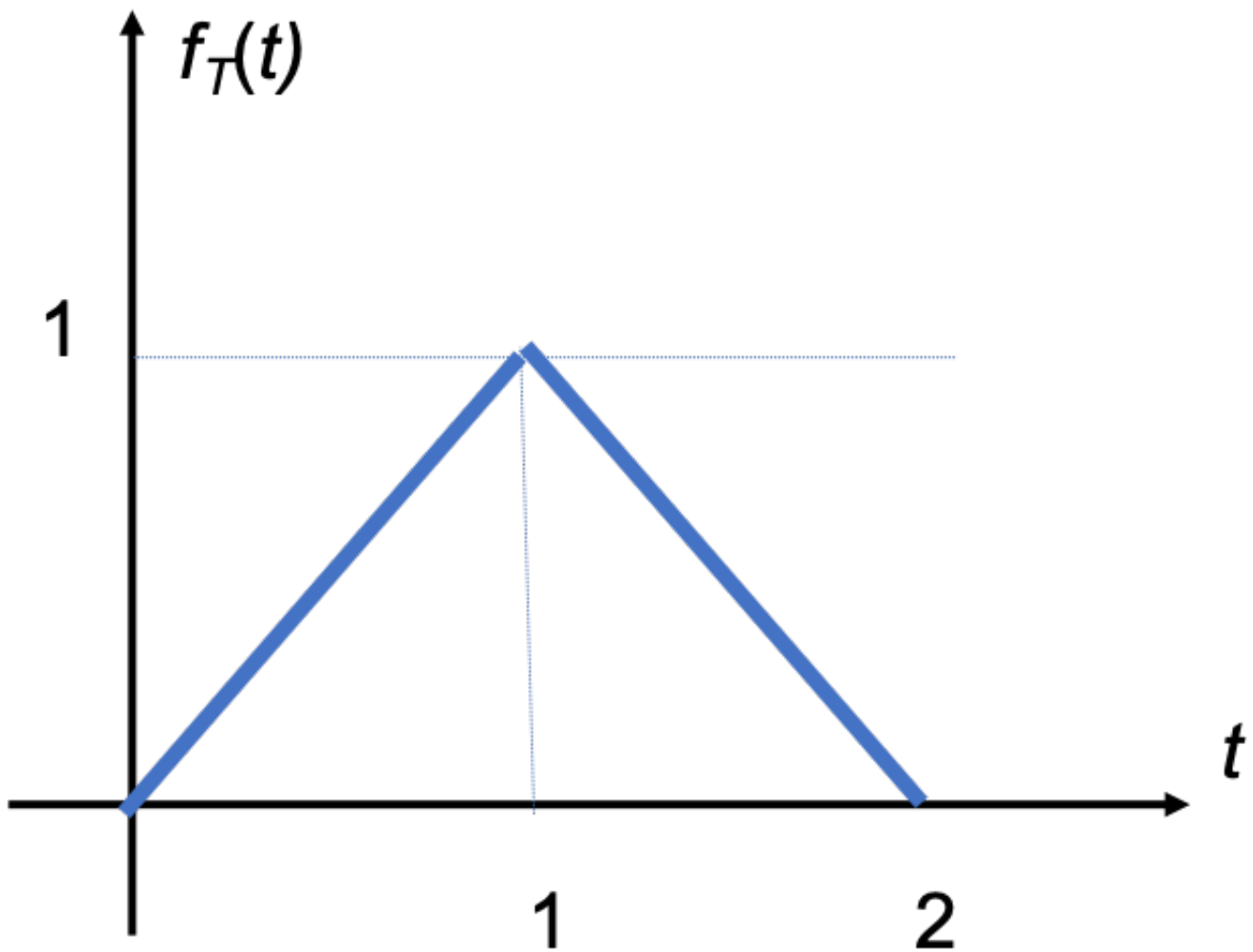
Compute the Laplace transform of the line segment shown below.



</pre>

Triangular Pulse

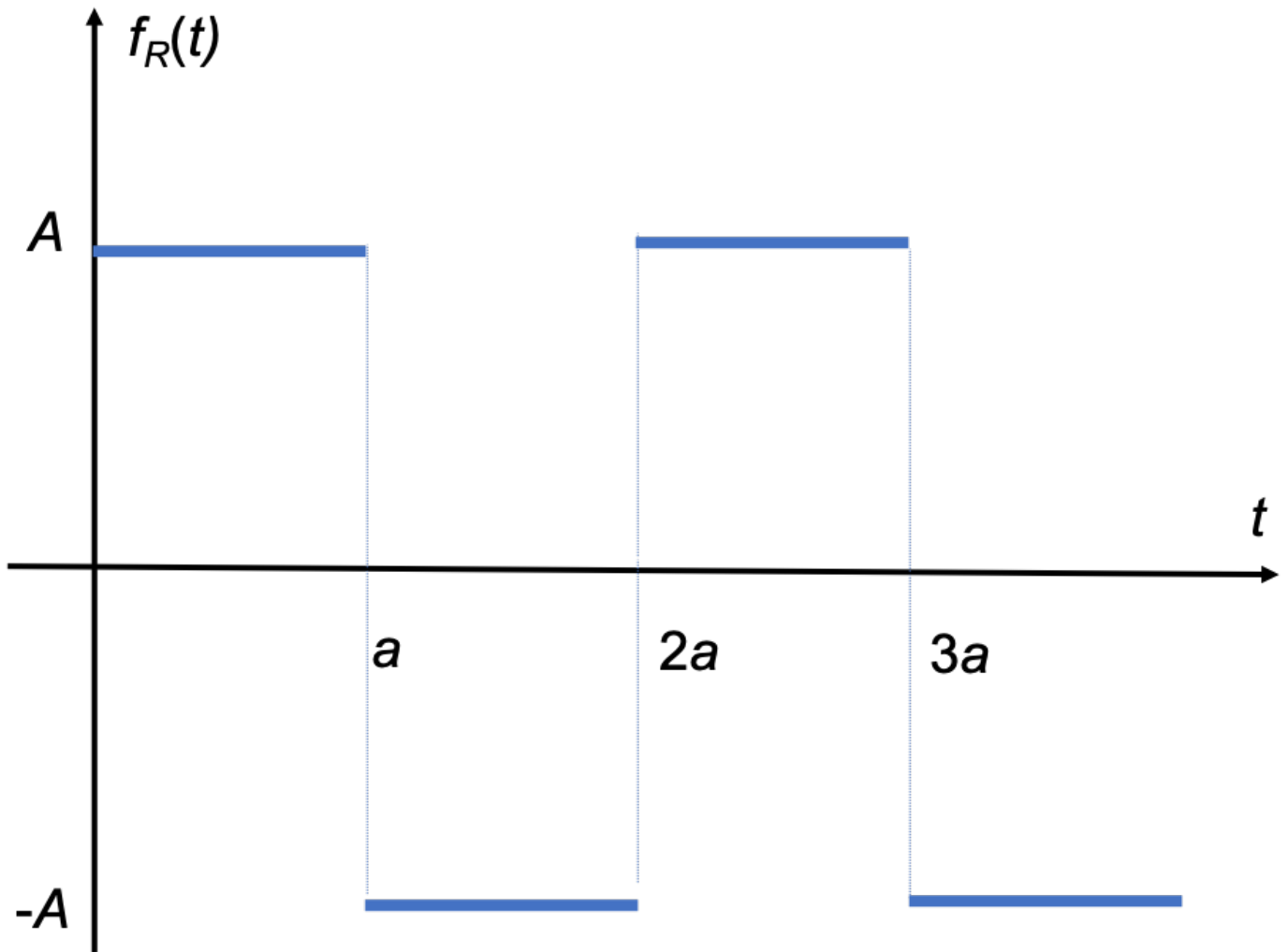
Compute the Laplace transform of the triangular pulse shown below





Square Wave

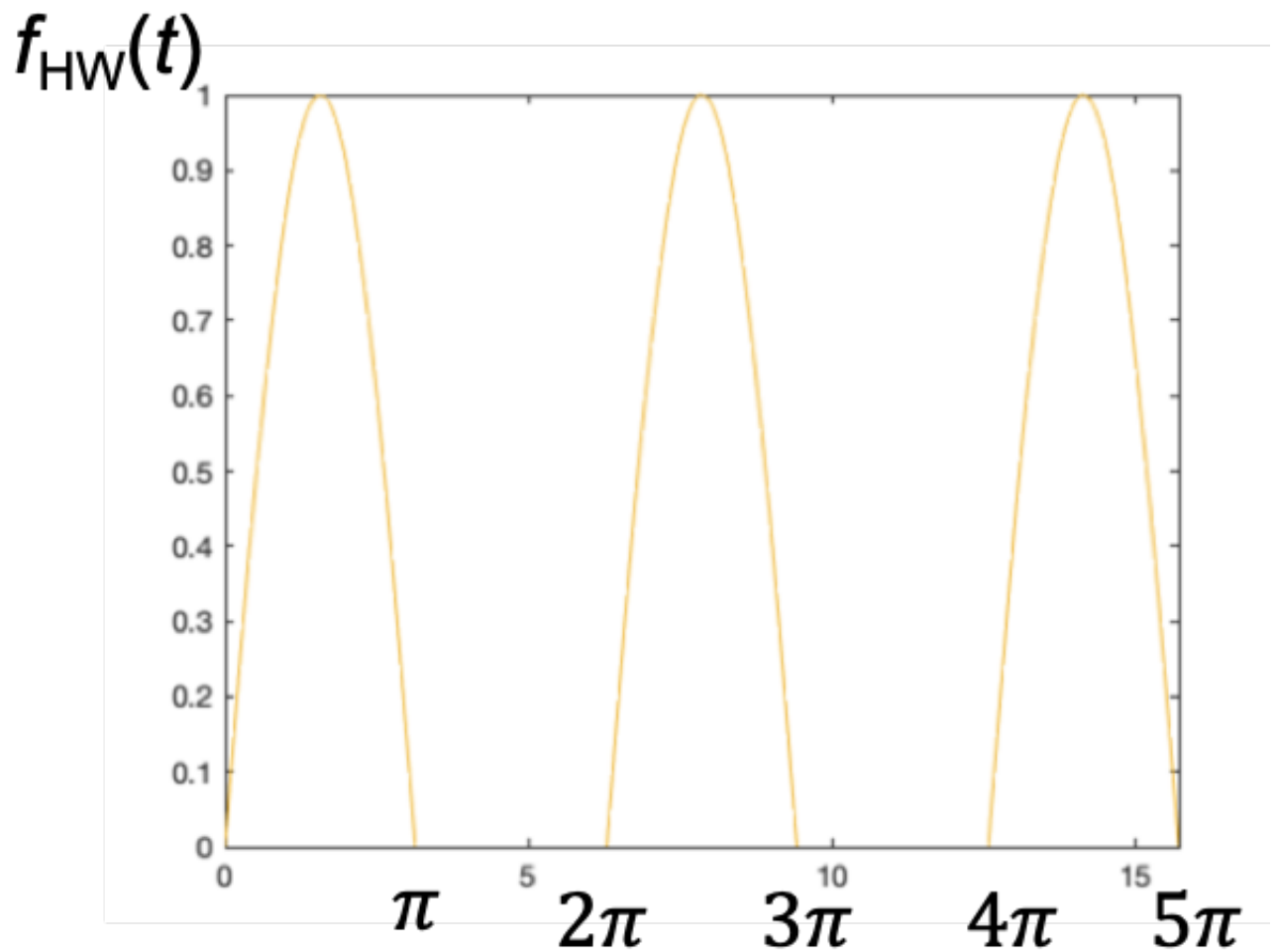
Compute the Laplace transform of the periodic function shown below.





Half-rectified Sinewave

Compute the Laplace Transform of the half-rectified sine wave shown below.





Homework

Attempt at least one of the end-of-chapter exercises from each question 1-7 of [Section 2.7](#) (<https://ebookcentral.proquest.com/lib/swansea-ebooks/reader.action?docID=3384197&ppg=75#ppg=71>) of {cite} karris . Don't look at the answers until you have attempted the problems.

If we have time, I will work through one or two of these in class.

References

See [Bibliography \(/zbib\)](#).

Answers to in-class problems

1. $Au_0(t) - Au_0(t - a) \Leftrightarrow \frac{A(1 - e^{-as})}{s}.$
2. $(t - 1)u_0(t - 1) \Leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2}.$
3. $f_T(t) \Leftrightarrow \frac{(1 - e^{-s})^2}{s^2}.$
4. $f_R(t) \Leftrightarrow \frac{A \tanh(\frac{As}{2})}{s}.$
5. $f_{HW}(t) \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{(s^2 + 1)(1 - e^{\pi s})}.$