

# Package ‘SeuratObject’

December 11, 2025

**Title** Data Structures for Single Cell Data

**Version** 5.3.0

**Description** Defines S4 classes for single-cell genomic data and associated information, such as dimensionality reduction embeddings, nearest-neighbor graphs, and spatially-resolved coordinates. Provides data access methods and R-native hooks to ensure the Seurat object is familiar to other R users. See Satija R, Farrell J, Gennert D, et al (2015) <[doi:10.1038/nbt.3192](https://doi.org/10.1038/nbt.3192)>, Macosko E, Basu A, Satija R, et al (2015) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002)>, and Stuart T, Butler A, et al (2019) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031)>, Hao Y, Hao S, et al (2021) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2021.04.048](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2021.04.048)> and Hao Y, et al (2023) <[doi:10.1101/2022.02.24.481684](https://doi.org/10.1101/2022.02.24.481684)> for more details.

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**URL** <https://satijalab.github.io/seurat-object/>,  
<https://github.com/satijalab/seurat-object>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/satijalab/seurat-object/issues>

**Additional\_repositories** <https://bnprks.r-universe.dev>

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0),  
sp (>= 1.5.0)

**Imports** future,  
future.apply,  
generics,  
grDevices,  
grid,  
lifecycle,  
Matrix (>= 1.6.4),  
methods,  
progressr,  
Rcpp (>= 1.0.5),  
rlang (>= 0.4.7),  
spam,  
stats,

```

tools,
utils

Suggests BPCells,
DelayedArray,
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'zzz.R'
'generics.R'
'key mixin.R'
'graph.R'
'default.R'
'assay.R'
'logmap.R'
'layers.R'
'assay5.R'
'centroids.R'
'command.R'
'compliance.R'
'data.R'
'jackstraw.R'
'dimreduc.R'
'segmentation.R'
'molecules.R'
'spatial.R'
'fov.R'
'neighbor.R'
'seurat.R'
'sparse.R'
'utils.R'

```

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**SeuratObject-package** *SeuratObject: Data Structures for Single Cell Data*

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## Description

Defines S4 classes for single-cell genomic data and associated information, such as dimensionality reduction embeddings, nearest-neighbor graphs, and spatially-resolved coordinates. Provides data access methods and R-native hooks to ensure the Seurat object is familiar to other R users. See Satija R, Farrell J, Gennert D, et al (2015) [doi:10.1038/nbt.3192](#), Macosko E, Basu A, Satija R, et al (2015) [doi:10.1016/j.cell.2015.05.002](#), and Stuart T, Butler A, et al (2019) [doi:10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.031](#), Hao Y, Hao S, et al (2021) [doi:10.1016/j.cell.2021.04.048](#) and Hao Y, et al (2023) [doi:10.1101/2022.02.24.481684](#) for more details.

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## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://satijalab.github.io/seurat-object/>
- <https://github.com/satijalab/seurat-object>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/satijalab/seurat-object/issues>

---

.DollarNames.SeuratCommand  
*Dollar-sign Autocompletion*

---

## Description

Autocompletion for \$ access on a [SeuratCommand](#) object

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'  
.DollarNames(x, pattern = "")
```

## Arguments

x	A <a href="#">SeuratCommand</a> object
pattern	A regular expression. Only matching names are returned.

## Value

The parameter name matches for pattern

## See Also

Command log object and interaction methods [\\$.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [LogSeuratCommand\(\)](#), [SeuratCommand-class](#), [\[.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [as.list.SeuratCommand\(\)](#)

---

[.Assay                           *Layer Data*

---

## Description

Get and set layer data

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
x[i = missing_arg(), j = missing_arg(), ...]  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay,character,ANY,ANY'  
x[i, j, ...] <- value
```

## Arguments

x	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
i	Name of layer data to get or set
j	Ignored
...	Arguments passed to <a href="#">LayerData</a>
value	A matrix-like object to add as a new layer

## Value

[: The layer data for layer i  
 [<-: x with layer data value saved as i

## See Also

[LayerData](#)

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]

# Get a vector of layer names in this assay
rna[]

# Fetch layer data
rna[["data"]][1:10, 1:4]

# Set layer data
rna[["data"]] <- rna[["counts"]]
rna[["data"]][1:10, 1:4]
```

## Description

Get and set layer data

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
x[i = missing_arg(), j = missing_arg(), ...]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay5,character,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ...] <- value
```

**Arguments**

x	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
i	Name of layer data to get or set
j	Ignored
...	Arguments passed to <a href="#">LayerData</a>
value	A matrix-like object to add as a new layer

**Value**

[: The layer data for layer i  
[<-: x with layer data value saved as i

**See Also**

[LayerData](#)

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

---

[.DimReduc

*Get Feature Loadings*

---

**Description**

Pull feature loadings from a [dimensional reduction](#)

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'  
x[i, j, drop = FALSE, ...]
```

**Arguments**

x	A <a href="#">DimReduc</a> object
i	Feature identifiers or indices
j	Dimension identifiers or indices
drop	Coerce the result to the lowest possible dimension; see <a href="#">drop</a> for further details
...	Arguments passed to other methods

**Details**

[ does not distinguish between projected and unprojected feature loadings; to select whether projected or unprojected loadings should be pulled, please use [Loadings](#)

**Value**

Feature loadings for features i and dimensions j

**See Also****Loadings**

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)\]\]](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
pca <- pbmc_small[["pca"]]
pca[1:10, 1:5]
```

**[.SeuratCommand***Command Log Data Access***Description**

Access data from a `SeuratCommand` object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
x[i, ...]
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <code>SeuratCommand</code> object
<code>i</code>	The name of a command log slot
<code>...</code>	Ignored

**Value**

`[:` Slot i from x

**See Also**

Command log object and interaction methods [\\$.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [.DollarNames.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [LogSeuratCommand\(\)](#), [SeuratCommand-class](#), [as.list.SeuratCommand\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
cmd <- pbmc_small[["NormalizeData.RNA"]]
cmd["call.string"]
```

---

**[[.Assay**                   *Feature-Level Meta Data***Description**

Get and set feature-level meta data

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
x[[i, ..., drop = FALSE]]  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay,ANY,ANY,ANY'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
head(x, n = 10L, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
tail(x, n = 10L, ...)  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay,missing,missing,data.frame'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

**Arguments**

x	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
i	Name of feature-level meta data to fetch or add
...	Ignored
drop	See <a href="#">drop</a>
j	Ignored
value	Feature-level meta data to add
n	Number of meta data rows to show

**Value**

[[: The feature-level meta data for i  
[[<-: x with value added as i in feature-level meta data  
head: The first n rows of feature-level meta data  
tail: the last n rows of feature-level meta data

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

## Examples

```

rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]

# Pull the entire feature-level meta data data frame
head(rna[[[]]])

# Pull a specific column of feature-level meta data
head(rna[["vst.mean"]])
head(rna[["vst.mean"], drop = TRUE])

# `head` and `tail` can be used to quickly view feature-level meta data
head(rna)

tail(rna)

```

[[.Assay5

*Feature-Level Meta Data*

## Description

Get and set feature-level meta data

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
x[[i, j, ...], drop = FALSE]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Assay5,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
head(x, n = 10L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
tail(x, n = 10L, ...)

```

## Arguments

x	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
i	Name of feature-level meta data to fetch or add
j	Ignored
...	Ignored
drop	See <a href="#">drop</a>
value	Feature-level meta data to add
n	Number of meta data rows to show

**Value**

[[: The feature-level meta data for i  
[[<-: x with value added as i in feature-level meta data  
head: The first n rows of feature-level meta data  
tail: the last n rows of feature-level meta data

**See Also**

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

---

[[.DimReduc                   *Get Cell Embeddings*

---

**Description**

Pull cell embeddings from a [dimensional reduction](#)

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'  
x[[i, j, drop = FALSE, ...]]
```

**Arguments**

x	A <a href="#">DimReduc</a> object
i	Cell names or indices
j	Dimension identifiers or indices
drop	Coerce the result to the lowest possible dimension; see <a href="#">drop</a> for further details
...	Arguments passed to other methods

**Value**

Cell embeddings for cells i and dimensions j

**See Also****Embeddings**

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
pca <- pbmc_small[["pca"]]  
pca[[1:10, 1:5]]
```

---

[[.SeuratSubobjects and Cell-Level Meta Data

---

**Description**

The `[[` operator pulls either subobjects (eg. `v3` or `v5` assays, [dimensional reduction](#) information, or [nearest-neighbor graphs](#)) or cell-level meta data from a [Seurat](#) object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x[[i = missing_arg(), ..., drop = FALSE, na.rm = FALSE]]  
  

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
head(x, n = 10L, ...)  
  

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
tail(x, n = 10L, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>i</code>	Name of cell-level meta data
<code>...</code>	Ignored
<code>drop</code>	See <a href="#">drop</a>
<code>na.rm</code>	Remove cells where meta data is all NA
<code>n</code>	Number of meta data rows to show

**Value**

Varies based on the value of `i`:

- If `i` is missing, a data frame with cell-level meta data
- If `i` is a vector with cell-level meta data names, a data frame (or vector of `drop = TRUE`) with cell-level meta data requested
- If `i` is a one-length character with the [name of a subobject](#), the subobject specified by `i`

`head`: The first `n` rows of cell-level metadata

`tail`: The last `n` rows of cell-level metadata

**See Also**

See [here](#) for adding meta data with `[[<-`, [here](#) for adding subobjects with `[[<-`, and [here](#) for removing subobjects and cell-level meta data with `[[<-` Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[<-Seurat](#), [\[\[<-Seurat, NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
# Get the cell-level metadata data frame  
head(pbmc_small[[]])  
  
# Pull specific metadata information  
head(pbmc_small[[c("letter.idents", "groups")]])  
head(pbmc_small[["groups", drop = TRUE]])  
  
# Get a sub-object (eg. an `Assay` or `DimReduc`)  
pbmc_small[["RNA"]]  
pbmc_small[["pca"]]  
  
# Get the first 10 rows of cell-level metadata  
head(pbmc_small)  
  
# Get the last 10 rows of cell-level metadata  
tail(pbmc_small)
```

---

[[<,Seurat

*Add Subobjects*

---

## Description

Add subobjects containing expression, dimensional reduction, or other containerized data to a `Seurat` object. Subobjects can be accessed with `[[` and manipulated directly within the `Seurat` object or used independently

## Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,Assay'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,Assay5'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,DimReduc'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,Graph'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,Neighbor'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,SeuratCommand'  
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,SpatialImage'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

### Arguments

x	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
i	Name to add subobject as
j	Ignored
...	Ignored
value	A valid subobject (eg. a <a href="#">v3</a> or <a href="#">v5</a> assay, or a <a href="#">dimensional reduction</a> )

### Value

x with value added as i

### See Also

See [here](#) for pulling subobjects using [[, [here](#) for adding metadata with [[<-, and [here](#) for removing subobjects and cell-level meta data with [[<– Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat,NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

**[[<,Seurat,NULL**      *Remove Subobjects and Cell-Level Meta Data*

### Description

Remove Subobjects and Cell-Level Meta Data

### Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,NULL'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

### Arguments

x	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
i	Name(s) of subobject(s) or cell-level meta data to remove
j	Ignored
...	Ignored
value	NULL

### Value

x with i removed from the object

## See Also

See [here](#) for pulling subobjects using `[[`, [here](#) for adding metadata with `[[<-`, and [here](#) for adding subobjects with `[[<-`

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [`\$.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`Seurat-class`](#), [`Seurat-validity`](#), [`\[\[.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`\[\[<- ,Seurat`](#), [`dim.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`dimnames.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`merge.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`names.Seurat\(\)`](#), [`subset.Seurat\(\)`](#)

---

`$.Assay`

*Layer Data*

---

## Description

Get and set layer data

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
x$i  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'  
x$i <- value
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
<code>i</code>	Name of layer data to get or set
<code>value</code>	A matrix-like object to add as a new layer

## Value

`$`: Layer data for layer `i`  
`$<-`: `x` with layer data `value` saved as `i`

## See Also

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [`Assay-class`](#), [`Assay-validity`](#), [`CreateAssayObject\(\)`](#), [`\[.Assay\(\)`](#), [`\[\[.Assay\(\)`](#), [`dim.Assay\(\)`](#), [`dimnames.Assay\(\)`](#), [`merge.Assay\(\)`](#), [`split.Assay\(\)`](#), [`subset.Assay\(\)`](#)

## Examples

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]  
  
# Fetch a layer with `$`  
rna$data[1:10, 1:4]  
  
# Add a layer with `$`
```

```
rna$data <- rna$counts
rna$data[1:10, 1:4]
```

`$.Assay5`*Layer Data*

## Description

Get and set layer data

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
x$i

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
x$i <- value
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
<code>i</code>	Name of layer data to get or set
<code>value</code>	A matrix-like object to add as a new layer

## Value

`$:` Layer data for layer `i`  
`$<-:` `x` with layer data `value` saved as `i`

## See Also

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

---

<code>\$.Seurat</code>	<i>Cell-Level Meta Data</i>
------------------------	-----------------------------

---

## Description

Get and set cell-level meta data

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x$i

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
x$i, ... <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,data.frame'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,missing,missing,data.frame'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,factor'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,list'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,missing,missing,list'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Seurat,character,missing,vector'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <code>Seurat</code> object
<code>i</code>	Name of cell-level meta data
<code>...</code>	Ignored
<code>value</code>	A vector to add as cell-level meta data
<code>j</code>	Ignored

## Value

`$`: Metadata column `i` for object `x`; **note**: unlike `[[`, `$` drops the shape of the metadata to return a vector instead of a data frame  
`$<-`: `x` with metadata `value` saved as `i`

## See Also

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<-, Seurat](#), [\[\[<-, Seurat, NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
# Get metadata using `$'
head(pbmc_small$groups)

# Add metadata using the `$` operator
set.seed(42)
pbmc_small$value <- sample(1:3, size = ncol(pbmc_small), replace = TRUE)
head(pbmc_small[["value"]])
```

`$.SeuratCommand`*Command Log Parameter Access*

## Description

Pull parameter values from a [SeuratCommand](#) object

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
x$i
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">SeuratCommand</a> object
<code>i</code>	A parameter name

## Value

The value for parameter `i`

## See Also

Command log object and interaction methods [.DollarNames.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [LogSeuratCommand\(\)](#), [SeuratCommand-class](#), [\[.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [as.list.SeuratCommand\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
cmd <- pbmc_small[["NormalizeData.RNA"]]
cmd$normalization.method
```

---

AddMetaData	<i>Add in metadata associated with either cells or features.</i>
-------------	--

---

## Description

Adds additional data to the object. Can be any piece of information associated with a cell (examples include read depth, alignment rate, experimental batch, or subpopulation identity) or feature (ENSG name, variance). To add cell level information, add to the Seurat object. If adding feature-level metadata, add to the Assay object (e.g. `object[["RNA"]]`)

## Usage

```
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
AddMetaData(object, metadata, col.name = NULL)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>metadata</code>	A vector, list, or data.frame with metadata to add
<code>col.name</code>	A name for meta data if not a named list or data.frame

## Value

`object` with metadata added

## Examples

```
cluster_letters <- LETTERS[Idents(object = pbmc_small)]
names(cluster_letters) <- colnames(x = pbmc_small)
pbmc_small <- AddMetaData(
  object = pbmc_small,
  metadata = cluster_letters,
  col.name = 'letter.idents'
)
head(x = pbmc_small[[]])
```

`as.Centroids`*Convert Segmentation Layers*

## Description

Convert Segmentation Layers

## Usage

```
as.Centroids(x, nsides = NULL, radius = NULL, theta = NULL, ...)

as.Segmentation(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
as.Centroids(x, nsides = NULL, radius = NULL, theta = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
as.Segmentation(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object
<code>nsides</code>	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass <code>Inf</code> to plot as circles
<code>radius</code>	Radius of shapes when plotting
<code>theta</code>	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

`as.Centroids`: A `Centroids` object  
`as.Segmentation`: A `Segmentation` object

`as.Graph`*Coerce to a Graph Object*

## Description

Convert a `matrix` (or `Matrix`) to a `Graph` object

**Usage**

```
as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Matrix'
as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as.Graph(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
as.Graph(x, weighted = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	The matrix to convert
...	Ignored
weighted	If TRUE, fill entries in Graph matrix with value from the nn.dist slot of the Neighbor object

**Value**

A [Graph](#) object

**See Also**

Other graph: [Graph-class](#)

**Examples**

```
# converting sparse matrix
mat <- Matrix::rsparsematrix(nrow = 10, ncol = 10, density = 0.1)
rownames(x = mat) <- paste0("feature_", 1:10)
colnames(x = mat) <- paste0("cell_", 1:10)
g <- as.Graph(x = mat)

# converting dense matrix
mat <- matrix(data = 1:16, nrow = 4)
rownames(x = mat) <- paste0("feature_", 1:4)
colnames(x = mat) <- paste0("cell_", 1:4)
g <- as.Graph(x = mat)
```

as.list.SeuratCommand *Coerce a SeuratCommand to a list*

**Description**

Coerce a SeuratCommand to a list

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
as.list(x, complete = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">SeuratCommand</a> object
<code>complete</code>	Include slots besides just parameters (eg. call string, name, timestamp)
<code>...</code>	Ignored

**Value**

A list with the parameters and, if `complete` = TRUE, the call string, name, and timestamp

**See Also**

Command log object and interaction methods [\\$.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [.DollarNames.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [LogSeuratCommand\(\)](#), [SeuratCommand-class](#), [\[.SeuratCommand\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
cmd <- pbmc_small[["NormalizeData.RNA"]]
as.list(cmd)
as.list(cmd, complete = TRUE)
```

`as.matrix.LogMap`*Coerce Logical Maps to Matrices***Description**

Coerce a logical map to a matrix; this removes all [logical map](#) class capabilities from the object and returns a base-R matrix object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'LogMap'
as.matrix(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">LogMap</a> object
<code>...</code>	Ignored

**Value**

A base-R matrix created from `x`

## See Also

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap](#), [LogMap-validity](#), [droplevels.LogMap\(\)](#), [intersect.LogMap\(\)](#), [labels.LogMap\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
mat <- as.matrix(map)
mat
class(mat)
```

---

as.Neighbor

*Coerce to a Neighbor Object*

---

## Description

Convert objects to [Neighbor](#) objects

## Usage

```
as.Neighbor(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'Graph'
as.Neighbor(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An object to convert to <a href="#">Neighbor</a>
...	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

A [Neighbor](#) object

**as.Seurat***Coerce to a Seurat Object***Description**

Convert objects to Seurat objects

**Usage**

```
as.Seurat(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x An object to convert to class **Seurat**
- ... Arguments passed to other methods

**Value**

A **Seurat** object generated from x

**as.sparse***Cast to Sparse***Description**

Convert dense objects to sparse representations

**Usage**

```
as.sparse(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as.sparse(x, row.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Matrix'
as.sparse(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as.sparse(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ngCMatrix'
as.sparse(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
row.names	NULL or a character vector giving the row names for the data; missing values are not allowed

**Value**

A sparse representation of the input data

---

**Assay-class***The Assay Class*

---

**Description**

The Assay object is the basic unit of Seurat; each Assay stores raw, normalized, and scaled data as well as cluster information, variable features, and any other assay-specific metadata. Assays should contain single cell expression data such as RNA-seq, protein, or imputed expression data.

**Slots**

counts Unnormalized data such as raw counts or TPMs  
data Normalized expression data  
scale.data Scaled expression data  
assay.orig Original assay that this assay is based off of. Used to track assay provenance  
var.features Vector of features exhibiting high variance across single cells  
meta.features Feature-level metadata  
misc A named list of unstructured miscellaneous data  
key A one-length character vector with the object's key; keys must be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore "\_" (regex pattern "^[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]\*\_\$")

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

**Description**

Validation of Assay objects is handled by [validObject](#)

**data Validation**

blah

**counts Validation**

blah

**scale.data Validation**

blah

**Feature-Level Meta Data Validation**

blah

**Variable Feature Validation**

blah

**Key Validation**

Keys must be a one-length character vector; a key must be composed of one of the following:

- An empty string (eg. "") where `nchar() == 0`
- A string composed of one or more alphanumeric values (both lower- and upper-case) that ends with an underscore ("\_"); the first character must be a letter

Keys that are not empty strings are validated with the regex “`^[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*_$`”

**See Also**

[validObject](#)

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
validObject(rna)
```

---

**Assay5-class***The v5 Assay Object*

---

**Description**

The v5 Assay is the typical **Assay** class used in **Seurat** v5; ...

**Slots**

**layers** A named list containing expression matrices; each matrix should be a two-dimensional object containing some subset of cells and features defined in the **cells** and **features** slots. Cell and feature membership is recorded in the **cells** and **features** slots, respectively

**cells** A [logical mapping](#) of cell names and layer membership; this map contains all the possible cells that this assay can contain. New layers must have some subset of cells present in this map

**features** A [logical mapping](#) of feature names and layer membership; this map contains all the possible features that this assay can contain. New layers must have some subset of features present in this map

**default** A one-length integer with the end index of the [default layer](#); the default layer be all layers up to and including the layer at index **default**

**assay.orig** Original assay that this assay is based off of; used to track assay provenance

**meta.data** A [data frame](#) with feature-level meta data; should have the same number of rows as **features**

**misc** A named list of unstructured miscellaneous data

**key** A one-length character vector with the object's key; keys must be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore "\_" (regex pattern "[^\[\a-zA-Z\]\[\a-zA-Z0-9\]\\*\\_\\$](#)")

**See Also**

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#),  
[\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

---

**Assay5-validity***V5 Assay Validity*

---

**Description**

Validation of Assay5 objects is handled by [validObject](#)

**Layer Validation**

blah

## Key Validation

Keys must be a one-length character vector; a key must be composed of one of the following:

- An empty string (eg. "") where `nchar() == 0`
- A string composed of one or more alphanumeric values (both lower- and upper-case) that ends with an underscore ("\_"); the first character must be a letter

Keys that are not empty strings are validated with the regex “`^[\w\w-Z][\w\w-Z0-9]*_*`”

## See Also

[validObject](#)

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

AssayData

*Get and Set Assay Data*

## Description

General accessor and setter functions for [Assay](#) objects. `GetAssayData` can be used to pull information from any of the expression matrices (eg. “counts”, “data”, or “scale.data”). `SetAssayData` can be used to replace one of these expression matrices

## Usage

```
GetAssayData(object, ...)

SetAssayData(object, layer, new.data, slot = deprecated(), ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
GetAssayData(object, assay = NULL, layer = NULL, slot = deprecated(), ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SetAssayData(
  object,
  layer = "data",
  new.data,
  slot = deprecated(),
  assay = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
GetAssayData(
  object,
  layer = c("data", "scale.data", "counts"),
```

```

slot = deprecated(),
...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
SetAssayData(
  object,
  layer = c("data", "scale.data", "counts"),
  new.data,
  slot = deprecated(),
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
layer	Name of layer to get or set
new.data	New assay data to add
slot	<b>[Deprecated]</b> Specific assay data to get or set
assay	Specific assay to get data from or set data for; defaults to the <a href="#">default assay</a>

### Value

`GetAssayData`: returns the specified assay data  
`SetAssayData`: object with the assay data set

### Lifecycle

#### **[Superseded]**

`GetAssayData` and `SetAssayData` have been superseded. To fetch expression matrices, use [LayerData](#); to set expression data, use [LayerData<-](#)

### Examples

```

# Get assay data from the default assay in a Seurat object
GetAssayData(object = pbmc_small, layer = "data")[1:5,1:5]

# Set an Assay layer through the Seurat object
count.data <- GetAssayData(object = pbmc_small[["RNA"]], layer = "counts")
count.data <- as.matrix(x = count.data + 1)
new.seurat.object <- SetAssayData(
  object = pbmc_small,
  layer = "counts",
  new.data = count.data,
  assay = "RNA"
)

```

```
# Get the data directly from an Assay object
GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], layer = "data")[1:5,1:5]

# Set an Assay layer directly
count.data <- GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], layer = "counts")
count.data <- as.matrix(x = count.data + 1)
new.assay <- SetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], layer = "counts", new.data = count.data)
```

**Assays***Query Specific Object Types***Description**

List the names of [Assay](#), [DimReduc](#), [Graph](#), [Neighbor](#) objects

**Usage**

```
Assays(object, ...)

Graphs(object, slot = NULL)

Neighbors(object, slot = NULL)

Reductions(object, slot = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Assays(object, slot = deprecated(), ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>...</code>	Ignored
<code>slot</code>	Name of component object to return

**Value**

If `slot` is `NULL`, the names of all component objects in this [Seurat](#) object. Otherwise, the specific object specified

**Examples**

```
Assays(pbmc_small)

Graphs(pbmc_small)

Reductions(object = pbmc_small)
```

---

**AttachDeps***Attach Required Packages*

---

**Description**

Helper function to attach required packages. Detects if a package is already attached and if so, skips it. Should be called in `.onAttach`

**Usage**

```
AttachDeps(deps)
```

**Arguments**

`deps` A character vector of packages to attach

**Value**

Invisibly returns `NULL`

**Lifecycle****[Superseded]**

`AttachDeps` has been superseded as of **SeuratObject** v5.0.0; as an alternative, list dependencies in the `Depends` section of `DESCRIPTION`

**Examples**

```
# Use in your .onAttach hook
if (FALSE) {
  .onAttach <- function(libname, pkgname) {
    AttachDeps(c("SeuratObject", "rlang"))
  }
}
```

---

**Boundaries***Get, Set, and Query Segmentation Boundaries*

---

**Description**

Get, Set, and Query Segmentation Boundaries

**Usage**

```

Boundaries(object, ...)

DefaultBoundary(object)

DefaultBoundary(object, ...) <- value

Molecules(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Boundaries(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
DefaultBoundary(object)

## S3 replacement method for class 'FOV'
DefaultBoundary(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Molecules(object, ...)

```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	The name of a segmentation boundary to set as default

**Value**

`Boundaries`: The names of all segmentation boundaries present within `object`  
`DefaultBoundary`: The name of the default segmentation boundary  
`DefaultBoundary<-`: `object` with the default segmentation boundary set to `value`  
`Molecules`: The names of all molecule sets present within `object`

**Description**

Cast layers in v5 assays to other classes

**Usage**

```

CastAssay(object, to, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
CastAssay(object, to, layers = NA, verbose = TRUE, ...)

```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>to</code>	Either a class name or a function that takes a layer and returns the same layer as a new class
<code>...</code>	If <code>to</code> is a function, arguments passed to <code>to</code>
<code>layers</code>	A vector of layers to cast; defaults to all layers
<code>verbose</code>	Show progress updates

**Value**

`object` with the layers cast to class specified by `to`

<code>Cells</code>	<i>Cell and Feature Names</i>
--------------------	-------------------------------

**Description**

Get the cell and feature names of an object

**Usage**

```
Cells(x, ...)

Features(x, ...)

## Default S3 method:
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
Cells(x, layer = NULL, simplify = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
Features(x, layer = NULL, simplify = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
Cells(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>layer</code>	Layer to pull cells/features for; defaults to default layer; if <code>NA</code> , returns all cells for the assay

**simplify** Simplify the cell/feature names into a single vector; if FALSE, separates each cell/feature names by layer

### Value

**Cell:** A vector of cell names

**Features:** A vector of feature names

### See Also

[dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
Cells(x = pbmc_small)
```

**CellsByIdentities** *Get cell names grouped by identity class*

### Description

Get cell names grouped by identity class

### Usage

```
CellsByIdentities(object, idents = NULL, cells = NULL, return.null = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

<b>object</b>	A Seurat object
<b>idents</b>	A vector of identity class levels to limit resulting list to; defaults to all identity class levels
<b>cells</b>	A vector of cells to grouping to
<b>return.null</b>	If no cells are requested, return a NULL; by default, throws an error

### Value

A named list where names are identity classes and values are vectors of cells belonging to that class

### Examples

```
CellsByIdentities(object = pbmc_small)
```

---

CellsByImage	<i>Get a vector of cell names associated with an image (or set of images)</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Get a vector of cell names associated with an image (or set of images)

**Usage**

```
CellsByImage(object, images = NULL, unlist = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	Seurat object
<code>images</code>	Vector of image names
<code>unlist</code>	Return as a single vector of cell names as opposed to a list, named by image name.

**Value**

A vector of cell names

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
CellsByImage(object = object, images = "slice1")

## End(Not run)
```

---

Centroids-class	<i>The Centroids Class</i>
-----------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

The Centroids Class

**Slots**

- `cells` ([character \[n\]](#)) A vector of cell names; there should be as many cell names as there are points and no duplicate names
- `nsides` ([integer \[1L\]](#)) The number of sides to draw when plotting centroids; must be either 0L for circles or greater than 3
- `radius` ([numeric \[1L\]](#)) The radius of the shape when plotting the centroids
- `theta` ([numeric \[1L\]](#)) The angle in degrees to adjust the shape when plotting the centroids

**See Also**

Centroids methods: [Centroids-methods](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-methods](#), [Molecules-class](#), [Molecules-methods](#), [Segmentation-class](#), [Segmentation-methods](#), [Segmentation-validity](#)

[Centroids-methods](#)

*Centroids Methods*

**Description**

Methods for [Centroids](#) objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, full = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Radius(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
Theta(object)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
is.finite(x)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
is.infinite(...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
length(x)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
lengths(x, use.names = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
subset(x, cells = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,character,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,numeric,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ... , drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids'
show(object)
```

### Arguments

<code>x, object</code>	A <code>Centroids</code> object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>full</code>	Expand the coordinates to the full polygon
<code>new.names</code>	vector of new cell names
<code>use.names</code>	Ignored
<code>i, cells</code>	A vector of cells to keep; if <code>NULL</code> , defaults to all cells
<code>j, drop</code>	Ignored

### Details

`GetTissueCoordinates`: Get cell spatial coordinates  
`Radius`: Get the centroid radius  
`RenameCells`: Update cell names  
`Theta`: Get the offset angle  
`is.finite, is.infinite`: Test to see if the centroids are circular or polygonal  
`length`: Get the number of sides for the polygonal centroid  
`lengths`: Generate a run-length encoding of the cells present  
`subset, [:`: Subset a `Centroids` object to certain cells  
`show`: Display an object summary to stdout

### Value

`GetTissueCoordinates`: A data frame with three columns:

- “`x`”: the x-coordinate
- “`y`”: the y-coordinate
- “`cell`”: the cell name

If `full` is `TRUE`, then each coordinate will indicate a vertex for the cell polygon (created based on `nsides`, `radius`, and `theta`); otherwise, each coordinate will indicate a centroid for the cell.

`Radius` The radius of the centroids

`RenameCells`: object with the cells renamed to `new.names`

`Theta`: The offset angle in degrees

`is.finite`: `TRUE` if the centroids are polygonal, `FALSE` if circular

**is.infinite:** The opposite of `is.finite`  
**length:** 0 if the centroids are circular, otherwise the number of sides of the polygonal centroid  
**lengths:** An `rle` object for the cells  
**subset, [:** x subsetted to the cells specified by `cells/i`  
**show:** Invisibly returns NULL

## See Also

[Centroids-class](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Molecules-class](#), [Molecules-methods](#), [Segmentation-class](#), [Segmentation-methods](#), [Segmentation-validity](#)

`CheckGC`

*Conditional Garbage Collection*

## Description

Call `gc` only when desired

## Usage

```
CheckGC(option = "SeuratObject.memsafe")
```

## Arguments

`option` ...

## Value

Invisibly returns NULL

`CheckLayersName`

*Check layers names for the input list*

## Description

Check layers names for the input list

## Usage

```
CheckLayersName(matrix.list, layers.type = c("counts", "data"))
```

## Arguments

<code>matrix.list</code>	A list of matrices
<code>layers.type</code>	layers type, such as counts or data

---

Command	<i>Get SeuratCommands</i>
---------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Pull information on previously run commands in the Seurat object.

**Usage**

```
Command(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Command(object, command = NULL, value = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
command	Name of the command to pull, pass <code>NULL</code> to get the names of all commands run
value	Name of the parameter to pull the value for

**Value**

Either a Seurat Command object or the requested parameter value

---

CreateAssay5Object	<i>Create a v5 Assay object</i>
--------------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create an [Assay5](#) object from a feature expression matrix; the expected format of the matrix is features x cells

**Usage**

```
CreateAssay5Object(
  counts = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  min.cells = 0,
  min.features = 0,
  csum = NULL,
  fsum = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>counts</code>	A two-dimensional expression matrix
<code>data</code>	Optional prenormalized data matrix
<code>min.cells</code>	Include features detected in at least this many cells; will subset the counts matrix as well. To reintroduce excluded features, create a new object with a lower cutoff
<code>min.features</code>	Include cells where at least this many features are detected
<code>csum</code>	Function for calculating cell sums
<code>fsum</code>	Function for calculating feature sums
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods

**Value**

An [Assay5](#) object

`CreateAssayObject`      *Create an Assay object*

**Description**

Create an Assay object from a feature (e.g. gene) expression matrix. The expected format of the input matrix is features x cells.

**Usage**

```
CreateAssayObject(
  counts,
  data,
  min.cells = 0,
  min.features = 0,
  key = NULL,
  check.matrix = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>counts</code>	Unnormalized data such as raw counts or TPMs
<code>data</code>	Prenormalized data; if provided, do not pass <code>counts</code>
<code>min.cells</code>	Include features detected in at least this many cells. Will subset the counts matrix as well. To reintroduce excluded features, create a new object with a lower cutoff
<code>min.features</code>	Include cells where at least this many features are detected
<code>key</code>	Optional key to initialize assay with
<code>check.matrix</code>	Check counts matrix for NA, NaN, Inf, and non-integer values
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <a href="#">as.sparse</a>

## Details

Non-unique cell or feature names are not allowed. Please make unique before calling this function.

## Value

A [Assay](#) object

## See Also

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
pbmc_raw <- read.table(
  file = system.file('extdata', 'pbmc_raw.txt', package = 'Seurat'),
  as.is = TRUE
)
pbmc_rna <- CreateAssayObject(counts = pbmc_raw)
pbmc_rna

## End(Not run)
```

## Description

Create a [Centroids](#) Objects

## Usage

```
CreateCentroids(coords, nsides, radius, theta)
```

## Arguments

<code>coords</code>	The coordinates of cell/spot centroids
<code>nsides</code>	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass <code>Inf</code> to plot as circles
<code>radius</code>	Radius of shapes when plotting
<code>theta</code>	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting

## Value

A [Centroids](#) object

**CreateDimReducObject** *Create a DimReduc object*

## Description

Create a DimReduc object

## Usage

```
CreateDimReducObject(
  embeddings = new(Class = "matrix"),
  loadings = new(Class = "matrix"),
  projected = new(Class = "matrix"),
  assay = NULL,
  stdev = numeric(),
  key = NULL,
  global = FALSE,
  jackstraw = NULL,
  misc = list()
)
```

## Arguments

<code>embeddings</code>	A matrix with the cell embeddings
<code>loadings</code>	A matrix with the feature loadings
<code>projected</code>	A matrix with the projected feature loadings
<code>assay</code>	Assay used to calculate this dimensional reduction
<code>stdev</code>	Standard deviation (if applicable) for the dimensional reduction
<code>key</code>	A character string to facilitate looking up features from a specific DimReduc
<code>global</code>	Specify this as a global reduction (useful for visualizations)
<code>jackstraw</code>	Results from the JackStraw function
<code>misc</code>	list for the user to store any additional information associated with the dimensional reduction

## Value

A `DimReduc` object

## See Also

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
data <- GetAssayData(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], layer = "scale.data")
pcs <- prcomp(x = data)
pca.dr <- CreateDimReducObject(
  embeddings = pcs$rotation,
  loadings = pcs$x,
  stdev = pcs$sdev,
  key = "PC",
  assay = "RNA"
)
```

CreateFOV

*Create Spatial Coordinates*

## Description

Create Spatial Coordinates

## Usage

```
CreateFOV(coords, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Centroids'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  misc = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  type = c("segmentation", "centroids"),
  nsides = Inf,
  radius = NULL,
  theta = 0L,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  misc = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```

)
## S3 method for class 'list'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  misc = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
CreateFOV(
  coords,
  molecules = NULL,
  assay = "Spatial",
  key = NULL,
  misc = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

coords	Spatial coordinates
...	Arguments passed to other methods
molecules	A <a href="#">data.frame</a> with spatially-resolved molecule information or a <a href="#">Molecules</a> object
assay	Name of associated assay
key	Key for these spatial coordinates
misc	A list of miscellaneous information to store with the object
name	When <code>coords</code> is a <a href="#">data.frame</a> , <a href="#">Centroids</a> , or <a href="#">Segmentation</a> , name to store coordinates as
type	When providing a <a href="#">data.frame</a> , specify if the coordinates represent a cell segmentation or voxel centroids
nsides	The number of sides to represent cells/spots; pass <a href="#">Inf</a> to plot as circles
radius	Radius of shapes when plotting
theta	Angle to adjust shapes when plotting

## Value

A [FOV](#) object

## See Also

[FOV-class](#)

---

CreateMolecules	<i>Create a Molecules Object</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

---

## Description

Create a [Molecules](#) Object

## Usage

```
CreateMolecules(coords, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateMolecules(coords, key = "", ...)

## S3 method for class 'Molecules'
CreateMolecules(coords, ...)

## S3 method for class ``NULL``
CreateMolecules(coords, ...)
```

## Arguments

coords	Spatial coordinates for molecules; should be a data frame with three columns:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “x”: x-coordinates for each molecule</li><li>• “y”: y-coordinates for each molecule</li><li>• “gene”: gene name for each molecule</li></ul>
...	Arguments passed to other methods
key	A key to set for the molecules

## Value

A [Molecules](#) object

---

CreateSegmentation	<i>Create a Segmentation Objects</i>
--------------------	--------------------------------------

---

## Description

Create a [Segmentation](#) Objects

**Usage**

```
CreateSegmentation(coords, compact = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
CreateSegmentation(coords, compact = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
CreateSegmentation(coords, compact = FALSE)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
CreateSegmentation(coords, compact = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- coords**            The coordinates of cell segmentations  
**compact**          Logical indicating whether or not the object should only store segmentation data in the `sf.data` slot; see [Segmentation-class](#) for details.

**Value**

A [Segmentation](#) object

`CreateSeuratObject`      *Create a Seurat object*

**Description**

Create a Seurat object from raw data

**Usage**

```
CreateSeuratObject(
  counts,
  assay = "RNA",
  names.field = 1,
  names.delim = "_",
  meta.data = NULL,
  project = "CreateSeuratObject",
  ...
)

## Default S3 method:
CreateSeuratObject(
  counts,
  assay = "RNA",
  names.field = 1L,
  names.delim = "_",
```

```

meta.data = NULL,
project = "SeuratProject",
min.cells = 0,
min.features = 0,
...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
CreateSeuratObject(
  counts,
  assay = "RNA",
  names.field = 1L,
  names.delim = "_",
  meta.data = NULL,
  project = "SeuratProject",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
CreateSeuratObject(
  counts,
  assay = "RNA",
  names.field = 1L,
  names.delim = "_",
  meta.data = NULL,
  project = "SeuratProject",
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

<code>counts</code>	Either a <a href="#">matrix</a> -like object with unnormalized data with cells as columns and features as rows or an <a href="#">Assay</a> -derived object
<code>assay</code>	Name of the initial assay
<code>names.field</code>	For the initial identity class for each cell, choose this field from the cell's name. E.g. If your cells are named as BARCODE_CLUSTER_CELLTYPE in the input matrix, set <code>names.field</code> to 3 to set the initial identities to CELLTYPE.
<code>names.delim</code>	For the initial identity class for each cell, choose this delimiter from the cell's column name. E.g. If your cells are named as BARCODE-CLUSTER-CELLTYPE, set this to "-" to separate the cell name into its component parts for picking the relevant field.
<code>meta.data</code>	Additional cell-level metadata to add to the Seurat object. Should be a <a href="#">data.frame</a> where the rows are cell names and the columns are additional metadata fields. Row names in the metadata need to match the column names of the counts matrix.
<code>project</code>	<a href="#">Project</a> name for the Seurat object

...	Arguments passed to other methods
<b>min.cells</b>	Include features detected in at least this many cells. Will subset the counts matrix as well. To reintroduce excluded features, create a new object with a lower cutoff
<b>min.features</b>	Include cells where at least this many features are detected

**Value**

A [Seurat](#) object

**Note**

In previous versions (<3.0), this function also accepted a parameter to set the expression threshold for a ‘detected’ feature (gene). This functionality has been removed to simplify the initialization process/assumptions. If you would still like to impose this threshold for your particular dataset, simply filter the input expression matrix before calling this function.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
pbmc_raw <- read.table(
  file = system.file('extdata', 'pbmc_raw.txt', package = 'Seurat'),
  as.is = TRUE
)
pbmc_small <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = pbmc_raw)
pbmc_small

## End(Not run)
```

**Description**

Crop Coordinates

**Usage**

```
Crop(object, x = NULL, y = NULL, coords = c("plot", "tissue"), ...)
## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Crop(object, x = NULL, y = NULL, coords = c("plot", "tissue"), ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object
x, y	Range to crop x/y limits to; if <code>NULL</code> , uses full range of x/y
coords	Coordinate system to execute crop; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “plot”: Coordinates as shown when plotting</li><li>• “tissue”: Coordinates from <code>GetTissueCoordinates</code></li></ul>
...	Arguments passed to other methods

**Value**

`object` cropped to the region specified by `x` and `y`

---

DefaultAssay

*Default Assay*

---

**Description**

Get and set the default assay

**Usage**

```
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Graph'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Graph'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SeuratCommand'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value
```

### Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Name of assay to set as default

### Value

DefaultAssay: The name of the default assay  
 DefaultAssay<-: An object with the default assay updated

### Examples

```
# Get current default assay
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small)

# Create dummy new assay to demo switching default assays
new.assay <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
Key(object = new.assay) <- "RNA2_"
pbmc_small[["RNA2_"]] <- new.assay
# switch default assay to RNA2
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small) <- "RNA2"
DefaultAssay(object = pbmc_small)
```

### Description

Searches for **DimReduc**s matching “umap”, “tsne”, or “pca”, case-insensitive, and in that order. Priority given to **DimReduc**s matching the **DefaultAssay** or assay specified (eg. “pca” for the default assay weights higher than “umap” for a non-default assay)

**Usage**

```
DefaultDimReduc(object, assay = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

object	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
assay	Name of assay to use; defaults to the default assay of the object

**Value**

The default [DimReduc](#), if possible

**Examples**

```
DefaultDimReduc(pbmc_small)
```

---

DefaultFOV	<i>Get and Set the Default FOV</i>
------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get and Set the Default FOV

**Usage**

```
DefaultFOV(object, ...)  
DefaultFOV(object, ...) <- value  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
DefaultFOV(object, assay = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'  
DefaultFOV(object, assay = NA, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> Object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	The name of the <a href="#">FOV</a> to set as the default
assay	Name of assay to get or set default <a href="#">FOV</a> for; pass <code>NA</code> to get or set the global default <a href="#">FOV</a>

**Value**

`DefaultFOV`: The name of the default [FOV](#)

`DefaultFOV<-`: object with the default FOV set to value

**DefaultLayer***Default Layer***Description**

Get and set the default layer

**Usage**

```
DefaultLayer(object, ...)

DefaultLayer(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
DefaultLayer(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
DefaultLayer(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
DefaultLayer(object, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	Name of layer to set as default

**Value**

`DefaultLayer`: The name of the default layer

`DefaultLayer<-`: An object with the default layer updated

**dim.Assay***Feature and Cell Numbers***Description**

Feature and Cell Numbers

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
dim(x)
```

**Arguments**

- x An [Assay](#) object

**Value**

A two-length numeric vector with the total number of features and cells in x

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
dim(rna)
```

---

**dim.Assay5***Feature and Cell Numbers*

---

**Description**

Feature and Cell Numbers

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
dim(x)
```

**Arguments**

- x An [Assay5](#) object

**Value**

A two-length numeric vector with the total number of features and cells in x

**See Also**

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

**dim.DimReduc***Dimensional Reduction Meta-Information*

## Description

Pull meta-information about cells and dimensions for a given [dimensional reduction](#); cell meta-information is stored as row meta-information (eg. `nrow`, `rownames`) and dimension meta-information is stored as column meta-information (eg. `ncol`, `colnames`)

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
dim(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
dimnames(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
length(x)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
names(x)
```

## Arguments

`x` A [DimReduc](#) object

## Value

`dim`: The number of cells (`nrow`) and dimensions (`ncol`)  
`dimnames`: The cell (row) and dimension (column) names  
`length`: The number of dimensions  
`names`: The dimension identifiers

## See Also

[Cells](#)

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
pca <- pbmc_small[["pca"]]
pca
dim(pca)
```

```
# nrow is number of cells
nrow(pca)

# rownames pulls cell names
head(rownames(pca))

# ncol and length are number of dimensions
ncol(pca)
length(pca)

# colnames and names pull dimension identifiers
head(colnames(pca))
head(names(pca))
```

---

**dim.Seurat***Feature and Cell Numbers*

---

**Description**

Feature and Cell Numbers

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
dim(x)
```

**Arguments**

x A [Seurat](#) object

**Value**

A two-length numeric vector with the total number of features and cells in x

**See Also**

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<- Seurat](#), [\[\[<- Seurat, NULL](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# Get the number of features in an object
nrow(pbmc_small)

# Get the number of cells in an object
ncol(pbmc_small)
```

`dimnames.Assay`      *Assay-Level Feature and Cell Names*

## Description

Get and set feature and cell names in v5 Assays

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
dimnames(x)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
dimnames(x) <- value
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
<code>value</code>	A two-length list where the first entry is the existing feature names for <code>x</code> and the second entry is the <i>updated</i> cell names for <code>x</code>

## Value

`dimnames`: A two-length list with the following values:

- A character vector will all features in `x`
- A character vector will all cells in `x`

`dimnames<-`: `x` with the cell names updated to those in `value[[2L]]`

## See Also

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)  
[Cells\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]

# Feature and cell names can be acquired with `rownames` and `colnames`
head(rownames(rna))
head(colnames(rna))

# Cell names can be updated with `colnames<-
colnames(rna)[1] <- "newcell"
head(colnames(rna))
```

---

dimnames.Assay5      *Assay-Level Feature and Cell Names*

---

## Description

Get and set feature and cell names in v5 Assays

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'  
dimnames(x)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'  
dimnames(x) <- value
```

## Arguments

x	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
value	A two-length list with updated feature and/or cells names

## Value

dimnames: A two-length list with the following values:

- A character vector with all features in x
- A character vector with all cells in x

dimnames<-: x with the feature and/or cell names updated to value

## See Also

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#), [Cells\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#)

---

dimnames.Seurat      *Feature and Cell Names*

---

## Description

Get and set feature and cell inames in [Seurat](#) objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
dimnames(x)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
dimnames(x) <- value
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>value</code>	A two-length list with updated feature and/or cells names

**Value**

`dimnames`: A two-length list with the following values:

- A character vector with all features in the [default assay](#)
- A character vector with all cells in `x`

`dimnames<-`: `x` with the feature and/or cell names updated to `value`

**See Also**

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<- Seurat](#), [\[\[<- Seurat, NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

[Cells\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# Get the feature names of an object
head(rownames(pbmc_small))

# Get the cell names of an object
head(colnames(pbmc_small))

colnames(pbmc_small)[1] <- "newcell"
head(colnames(pbmc_small))
```

**Description**

The DimReduc object stores a dimensionality reduction taken out in Seurat; each DimReduc consists of a cell embeddings matrix, a feature loadings matrix, and a projected feature loadings matrix.

## Slots

`cell.embeddings` Cell embeddings matrix (required)  
`feature.loadings` Feature loadings matrix (optional)  
`feature.loadings.projected` Projected feature loadings matrix (optional)  
`assay.used` Name of assay used to generate DimReduc object  
`global` Is this DimReduc global/persistent? If so, it will not be removed when removing its associated assay  
`stdev` A vector of standard deviations  
`jackstraw` A [JackStrawData-class](#) object associated with this DimReduc  
`misc` A named list of unstructured miscellaneous data  
`key` A one-length character vector with the object's key; keys must be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore "\_" (regex pattern "`^[\w\w-Z][\w\w-Z0-9]*_`\$")

## See Also

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

## Description

Validation of DimReduc objects is handled by [validObject](#)

### Cell Embeddings Validation

The cell embeddings matrix must be a numeric matrix of dimensions  $n_{cells}$  by  $d_{dimensions}$ ; row names must be the cell names and column names must be the dimension identifier. The dimension identifier must be "key\_dimension" (eg. "PC\_1"). Dimension identifiers must be in order and cannot be skipped

### Feature and Projected Feature Loadings Validation

blah

### Standard Deviations Validation

blah

## Key Validation

Keys must be a one-length character vector; a key must be composed of one of the following:

- An empty string (eg. “””) where `nchar() == 0`
- A string composed of one or more alphanumeric values (both lower- and upper-case) that ends with an underscore (“\_”); the first character must be a letter

Keys that are not empty strings are validated with the regex “`^[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*_$`”

## See Also

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods `CreateDimReducObject()`, `DimReduc-class`, `[.DimReduc()`, `[[.DimReduc()`, `dim.DimReduc()`, `merge.DimReduc()`, `print.DimReduc()`, `subset.DimReduc()`

`Distances`

*Get the Neighbor nearest neighbors distance matrix*

## Description

Get the Neighbor nearest neighbors distance matrix

## Usage

```
Distances(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
Distances(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

The distance matrix

---

droplevels.LogMap	<i>Drop Unused Logical Map Values</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

---

## Description

Remove any unused values from a [logical map](#)

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LogMap'  
droplevels(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	A LogMap object
...	Ignored

## Value

x with values not present in any observation removed

## See Also

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap](#), [LogMap-validity](#), [as.matrix.LogMap\(\)](#), [intersect.LogMap\(\)](#), [labels.LogMap\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])  
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)  
map[['entry']] <- c(2, 7, 10)  
  
# Remove unused values  
map <- droplevels(map)  
map  
map[]
```

---

Embeddings	<i>Get Cell Embeddings</i>
------------	----------------------------

---

## Description

Get Cell Embeddings

**Usage**

```
Embeddings(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Embeddings(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Embeddings(object, reduction = "pca", ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>reduction</code>	Name of reduction to pull cell embeddings for

**Value**

The embeddings matrix

**Examples**

```
# Get the embeddings directly from a DimReduc object
Embeddings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])[1:5, 1:5]

# Get the embeddings from a specific DimReduc in a Seurat object
Embeddings(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")[1:5, 1:5]
```

**Description**

Create empty 0x0 matrices of varying types

**Usage**

```
EmptyMatrix(repr = "C", type = "d")
```

**Arguments**

<code>repr</code>	Representation of empty matrix; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “C” for a <a href="#">CsparseMatrix</a></li> <li>• “T” for a <a href="#">TsparseMatrix</a></li> <li>• “R” for an <a href="#">RsparseMatrix</a></li> <li>• “e” for an <a href="#">unpackedMatrix</a></li> <li>• “d” for a dense S3 <a href="#">matrix</a></li> </ul>
-------------------	---

- “spam” for a `spam` matrix
- type** Type of resulting matrix to return, choose from:
- “d” for numeric matrices
  - “l” for logical matrices
  - “n” for pattern matrices
- Note, when `repr` is “spam”, `type` must be “d”; when `repr` is “d”, setting `type` to “n” returns a logical matrix

## Value

A 0x0 matrix of the specified representation and type

## See Also

[IsMatrixEmpty\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
EmptyMatrix()  
EmptyMatrix("spam")
```

---

FetchData

*Access cellular data*

---

## Description

Retrieves data (feature expression, PCA scores, metrics, etc.) for a set of cells in a Seurat object

## Usage

```
FetchData(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'  
FetchData(object, vars, cells = NULL, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
FetchData(  
  object,  
  vars,  
  cells = NULL,  
  layer = NULL,  
  clean = TRUE,  
  slot = deprecated(),  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>vars</code>	List of all variables to fetch, use keyword “ident” to pull identity classes
<code>cells</code>	Cells to collect data for (default is all cells)
<code>layer</code>	Layer to pull feature data for
<code>clean</code>	Remove cells that are missing data; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “all”: consider all columns for cleaning</li> <li>• “ident”: consider all columns except the identity class for cleaning</li> <li>• “project”: consider all columns except the identity class for cleaning; fill missing identity values with the object’s project</li> <li>• “none”: do not clean</li> </ul> Passing TRUE is a shortcut for “ident”; passing FALSE is a shortcut for “none”
<code>slot</code>	Deprecated in favor of <code>layer</code>

**Value**

A data frame with cells as rows and cellular data as columns

**Examples**

```
pc1 <- FetchData(object = pbmc_small, vars = 'PC_1')
head(x = pc1)
head(x = FetchData(object = pbmc_small, vars = c('groups', 'ident')))
```

**FilterObjects**

*Find Sub-objects of a Certain Class*

**Description**

Get the names of objects within a `Seurat` object that are of a certain class

**Usage**

```
FilterObjects(object, classes.keep = c("Assay", "StdAssay", "DimReduc"))
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	A <code>Seurat</code> object
<code>classes.keep</code>	A vector of names of classes to get

**Value**

A vector with the names of objects within the `Seurat` object that are of class `classes.keep`

## Lifecycle

### [Deprecated]

`FilterObjects` was deprecated in version 5.0.0; use `.FilterObjects` instead

---

## FOV-class

### *The Field of View Object*

---

## Description

A modern container for storing coordinates of spatially-resolved single cells. Capable of storing multiple cell segmentation boundary masks. Supports coordinates for spatially-resolved molecule (FISH) data. Compatible with `SpatialImage`

## Slots

`molecules` A named list of `Molecules` objects defining spatially-resolved molecular coordinates

`boundaries` A named list of `Segmentation` and `Centroids` objects defining spatially-resolved boundaries

`coords_x_orientation` A character indicating which axis x coordinates are associated with in spatial plots. Currently only applies to Visium objects. Ensures consistency in plotting spatial data across versions, as objects prior to the addition of this slot had x coordinates mapped to the vertical axis.

`assay` A character naming the associated assay of the spatial coordinates

`key` A one-length character vector with the object's key; keys must be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore "\_" (regex pattern "`^[\w-Z][\w-Z0-9]*_`\$)

## See Also

### `FOV-methods`

---

## FOV-methods

### *FOV Methods*

---

## Description

Methods for `FOV` objects

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Cells(x, boundary = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Features(x, set = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
FetchData(object, vars, cells = NULL, simplify = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
Keys(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
x$i, ...

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
x[i, j, ...]

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
x[[i, ...]]

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
length(x)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
names(x)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Centroids'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Molecules'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,NULL'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'FOV,character,missing,Segmentation'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'FOV'
show(object)

```

## Arguments

<code>x, object</code>	A <code>FOV</code> object
<code>boundary, set</code>	Name of segmentation boundary or molecule set to extract cell or feature names for; pass <code>NA</code> to return all cells or feature names
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>vars</code>	A vector of variables to fetch; can be the name of a segmentation boundary, to get tissue coordinates, or molecule names, to get molecule coordinates
<code>simplify</code>	If only returning either boundary or molecule coordinates, return a single data frame instead of a list
<code>new.names</code>	vector of new cell names
<code>i, cells</code>	For <code>[[</code> and <code>[[&lt;-</code> , the name of a segmentation or “molecules”; for <code>FetchData</code> , <code>subset.</code> and <code>[</code> , a vector of cells to keep
<code>j, features</code>	For <code>subset</code> and <code>[</code> , a vector of features to keep; for <code>[[&lt;-</code> , not used
<code>value</code>	For <code>[[&lt;-</code> , a replacement <code>Molecules</code> , <code>Centroids</code> , or <code>Segmentation</code> object; otherwise <code>NULL</code> to remove the boundary stored at <code>i</code>

## Details

The following methods are defined for interacting with a `FOV` object:

`Cells`: Get cell names

`Features`: Get spatially-resolved molecule names

`FetchData`: Fetch boundary and/or molecule coordinates from a `FOV` object

`Keys`: Get the keys of molecule sets contained within a `FOV` object

`RenameCells`: Update cell names

`$, [[`: Extract a segmentation boundary

`length`: Get the number of segmentation layers in a `FOV` object

`names`: Get the names of segmentation layers and molecule sets

`subset, [`: Subset a `FOV` object

`[[<-`: Add or remove segmentation layers and molecule information to/from a `FOV` object

`show`: Display an object summary to `stdout`

## Value

`Cells`: A vector of cell names

`Features`: A vector of spatially-resolved molecule names; if no molecular information present, returns `NULL`

`FetchData`: If both molecule and boundary coordinates are requested, then a two-length list:

- “molecules”: A data frame with the molecule coordinates requested. If molecules requested are keyed, the keys are preserved in the data frame

- “coordinates”: A data frame with coordinates from the segmentation boundaries requested

If `simplify` is TRUE and only one data frame is generated, then only the data frame is returned. Otherwise, a one-length list is returned with the single data frame generated

**Keys:** A named vector of molecule set keys; names are the names of the molecule sets and values are the keys for the respective molecule set

**RenameCells:** object with the cells renamed to `new.names`

`$, [[:` The segmentation boundary or spatially-resolved molecule information stored at `i`

`length:` The number of segmentation layers ([Segmentation](#) or [Centroids](#) objects)

`names:` A vector of segmentation boundary and molecule set names

`subset:` `x` with just the cells and features specified

`[[<:` Varies depending on the class of `value`:

- If `value` is NULL, returns `x` with the boundary `i` removed; also allows removing `molecules`; does not allow removing the default segmentation
- If `value` is a `Molecules`, returns `x` with `value` stored in `molecules`; requires that `i` is “molecules”
- Otherwise, stores `value` as a segmentation boundary named `i`

`show:` Invisibly returns NULL

## See Also

[FOV-class](#)

**FOV-validity**

*FOV Validity*

## Description

Validation of FOV objects is handled by [validObject](#)

## Boundary Validation

blah

## Molecule Validation

blah

## See Also

[validObject](#)

---

**GetImage***Get image data*

---

## Description

Get image data

## Usage

```
GetImage(object, mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
GetImage(
  object,
  mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"),
  image = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>mode</code>	How to return the image; should accept one of “grob”, “raster”, “plotly”, or “raw”
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>image</code>	Name of <code>SpatialImage</code> object to pull image data for; if <code>NULL</code> , will attempt to select an image automatically

## Value

Image data, varying depending on the value of `mode`:

- “**grob**” An object representing image data inheriting from `grob` objects (eg. `rastergrob`)
- “**raster**” An object of class `raster`
- “**plotly**” A list with image data suitable for Plotly rendering, see `plotly::layout` for more details
- “**raw**” The raw image data as stored in the object

## See Also

[layout](#)

---

GetTissueCoordinates *Get tissue coordinates*

---

## Description

Retrieve tissue coordinates from spatial objects.

## Usage

```
GetTissueCoordinates(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'FOV'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, which = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, image = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
which	Name of segmentation boundary or molecule set to retrieve coordinates for; if NULL, will retrieve coordinates for the default boundary
image	Name of <code>SpatialImage</code> object to get coordinates for; if NULL, will retrieve coordinates for the default image

## Details

Spatial classes may have specific implementations; refer to those documentation pages for more details.

## Value

A data frame with tissue coordinates

## Examples

```
## Not run:
GetTissueCoordinates(object, which = "centroids")

## End(Not run)
```

---

**Graph-class***The Graph Class*

---

**Description**

The Graph class inherits from [dgCMatrix](#). We do this to enable future expandability of graphs.

**Slots**

`assay.used` Optional name of assay used to generate Graph object

**See Also**

[dgCMatrix-class](#)

Other graph: [as.Graph\(\)](#)

---

**HVFInfo***Highly Variable Features*

---

**Description**

Get and set variable feature information for an [Assay](#) object. HVFInfo and VariableFeatures utilize generally variable features, while SVFInfo and SpatiallyVariableFeatures are restricted to spatially variable features

**Usage**

```
HVFInfo(object, method, status = FALSE, ...)

VariableFeatures(object, method = NULL, ...)

VariableFeatures(object, ...) <- value

SVFInfo(object, method, status, ...)

SpatiallyVariableFeatures(object, method, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
HVFInfo(
  object,
  method = NULL,
  status = FALSE,
  assay = NULL,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
```

```
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
VariableFeatures(
  object,
  method = NULL,
  assay = NULL,
  nfeatures = NULL,
  layer = NA,
  simplify = TRUE,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
  ...
)
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
VariableFeatures(object, assay = NULL, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SVFInfo(
  object,
  method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),
  status = FALSE,
  assay = NULL,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
  ...
)
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SpatiallyVariableFeatures(
  object,
  method = "moransi",
  assay = NULL,
  decreasing = TRUE,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
  ...
)
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
HVFInfo(object, method, status = FALSE, selection.method = deprecated(), ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
SpatiallyVariableFeatures(
  object,
  method = "moransi",
  decreasing = TRUE,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
  ...
)
```

```
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
SVFIInfo(  
  object,  
  method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),  
  status = FALSE,  
  selection.method = deprecated(),  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
VariableFeatures(object, method = NULL, selection.method = deprecated(), ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'  
VariableFeatures(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'  
HVFIInfo(object, method = NULL, status = FALSE, layer = NA, strip = TRUE, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'  
VariableFeatures(  
  object,  
  method = NULL,  
  layer = NA,  
  simplify = TRUE,  
  nfeatures = NULL,  
  selection.method = deprecated(),  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'StdAssay'  
SVFIInfo(  
  object,  
  method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),  
  status = FALSE,  
  selection.method = deprecated(),  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'  
SVFIInfo(  
  object,  
  method = c("markvariogram", "moransi"),  
  status = FALSE,  
  selection.method = deprecated(),  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
SpatiallyVariableFeatures(
  object,
  method = "moransi",
  decreasing = TRUE,
  selection.method = deprecated(),
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>method</code>	Which method to pull. For <code>HVFInfo</code> and <code>VariableFeatures</code> , choose one from one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “vst”</li> <li>• “sctransform” or “sct”</li> <li>• “mean.var.plot”, “dispersion”, “mvp”, or “disp”</li> </ul> For <code>SVFInfo</code> and <code>SpatiallyVariableFeatures</code> , choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “markvariogram”</li> <li>• “moransi”</li> </ul>
<code>status</code>	Add variable status to the resulting data frame
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	A character vector of variable features
<code>assay</code>	Name of assay to pull highly variable feature information for
<code>selection.method</code>	<b>[Deprecated]</b>
<code>nfeatures</code>	Maximum number of features to select when simplifying
<code>layer</code>	Layer to pull variable features for
<code>simplify</code>	When pulling for multiple layers, combine into a single vector and select a common set of variable features for all layers
<code>decreasing</code>	Return features in decreasing order (most spatially variable first).
<code>strip</code>	Remove method/layer identifiers from highly variable data frame

### Value

`HVFInfo`: A data frame with feature means, dispersion, and scaled dispersion

`VariableFeatures`: a vector of the variable features

`SVFInfo`: a data frame with the spatially variable features

`SpatiallyVariableFeatures`: a character vector of the spatially variable features

## Examples

```
# Get the HVF info from a specific Assay in a Seurat object  
HVFInfo(object = pbmc_small, assay = "RNA")[1:5, ]  
  
# Get the HVF info directly from an Assay object  
HVFInfo(pbmc_small[["RNA"]], method = 'vst')[1:5, ]
```

---

### Idents

*Get, set, and manipulate an object's identity classes*

---

## Description

Get, set, and manipulate an object's identity classes

## Usage

```
Idents(object, ...)  
  
Idents(object, ...) <- value  
  
RenameIdents(object, ...)  
  
ReorderIdent(object, var, ...)  
  
SetIdent(object, ...)  
  
StashIdent(object, save.name, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Idents(object, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'  
Idents(object, cells = NULL, drop = FALSE, replace = FALSE, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
ReorderIdent(  
  object,  
  var,  
  reverse = FALSE,  
  afxn = mean,  
  reorder.numeric = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
RenameIdents(object, ...)
```

```

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
SetIdent(object, cells = NULL, value, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
StashIdent(object, save.name = "orig.ident", ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
droplevels(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
levels(x)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
levels(x) <- value

```

## Arguments

...	Arguments passed to other methods; for <code>RenameIdents</code> : named arguments as <code>old.ident = new.ident</code> ; for <code>ReorderIdent</code> : arguments passed on to <a href="#">FetchData</a>
<code>value</code>	The name of the identities to pull from object metadata or the identities themselves
<code>var</code>	Feature or variable to order on
<code>save.name</code>	Store current identity information under this name
<code>cells</code>	Set cell identities for specific cells
<code>drop</code>	Drop unused levels
<code>replace</code>	Replace identities for unset cells with NA
<code>reverse</code>	Reverse ordering
<code>afxn</code>	Function to evaluate each identity class based on; default is <a href="#">mean</a>
<code>reorder.numeric</code>	Rename all identity classes to be increasing numbers starting from 1 (default is FALSE)
<code>x, object</code>	An object

## Value

`Idents`: The cell identities  
`Idents<-`: object with the cell identities changed  
`RenameIdents`: An object with selected identity classes renamed  
`ReorderIdent`: An object with  
`SetIdent`: An object with new identity classes set  
`StashIdent`: An object with the identities stashed

## Examples

```
# Get cell identity classes
Idents(pbmc_small)

# Set cell identity classes
# Can be used to set identities for specific cells to a new level
Idents(pbmc_small, cells = 1:4) <- 'a'
head(Idents(pbmc_small))

# Can also set idents from a value in object metadata
colnames(pbmc_small[])
Idents(pbmc_small) <- 'RNA_snn_res.1'
levels(pbmc_small)

# Rename cell identity classes
# Can provide an arbitrary amount of idents to rename
levels(pbmc_small)
pbmc_small <- RenameIdents(pbmc_small, '0' = 'A', '2' = 'C')
levels(pbmc_small)

## Not run:
head(Idents(pbmc_small))
pbmc_small <- ReorderIdent(pbmc_small, var = 'PC_1')
head(Idents(pbmc_small))

## End(Not run)

# Set cell identity classes using SetIdent
cells.use <- WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = '1')
pbmc_small <- SetIdent(pbmc_small, cells = cells.use, value = 'B')

head(pbmc_small[])
pbmc_small <- StashIdent(pbmc_small, save.name = 'idents')
head(pbmc_small[])

# Get the levels of identity classes of a Seurat object
levels(x = pbmc_small)

# Reorder identity classes
levels(x = pbmc_small)
levels(x = pbmc_small) <- c('C', 'A', 'B')
levels(x = pbmc_small)
```

## Description

List the names of `SpatialImage` objects present in a `Seurat` object. If `assay` is provided, limits search to images associated with that assay

**Usage**

```
Images(object, assay = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	A Seurat object
<code>assay</code>	Name of assay to limit search to

**Value**

A list of image names

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
Images(object)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

**Index**

*Get Neighbor algorithm index*

**Description**

Get Neighbor algorithm index

**Usage**

```
Index(object, ...)  
  
Index(object, ...) <- value  
  
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'  
Index(object, ...)  
  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Neighbor'  
Index(object, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	The index to store

**Value**

Returns the value in the `alg.idx` slot of the `Neighbor` object  
`Idents<-:` A `Neighbor` object with the index stored

---

Indices	<i>Get Neighbor nearest neighbor index matrices</i>
---------	---

---

**Description**

Get Neighbor nearest neighbor index matrices

**Usage**

```
Indices(object, ...)  
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'  
Indices(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

**Value**

A matrix with the nearest neighbor indices

---

intersect.LogMap	<i>Find Common Logical Map Values</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Identify values in a [logical map](#) that are common to every observation

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'LogMap'  
intersect(x, y = missing_arg(), ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	A LogMap object
y	Ignored
...	Ignored

**Value**

The values of x that are present in **every** observation

## See Also

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap](#), [LogMap-validity](#), [as.matrix.LogMap\(\)](#), [droplevels.LogMap\(\)](#), [labels.LogMap\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
map[['entry']] <- c(2, 7, 10)

# Identify values that are present in every observation
intersect(map)
```

**IsGlobal**

*Is an object global/persistent?*

## Description

Typically, when removing Assay objects from an Seurat object, all associated objects (eg. DimReduc, Graph, and SeuratCommand objects) are removed as well. If an associated object is marked as global/persistent, the associated object will remain even if its original assay was deleted

## Usage

```
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## Default S3 method:
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
IsGlobal(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

TRUE if the object is global/persistent otherwise FALSE

## Examples

```
IsGlobal(pbmc_small[['pca']])
```

---

IsMatrixEmpty	<i>Check if a matrix is empty</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

## Description

Takes a matrix and asks if it's empty (either 0x0 or 1x1 with a value of NA)

## Usage

```
IsMatrixEmpty(x)

## Default S3 method:
IsMatrixEmpty(x)
```

## Arguments

x                  A matrix

## Value

Whether or not x is empty

## See Also

[EmptyMatrix\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
IsMatrixEmpty(new("matrix"))
IsMatrixEmpty(matrix())
IsMatrixEmpty(matrix(1:3))
```

---

IsNamedList	<i>Check List Names</i>
-------------	-------------------------

---

## Description

Check to see if a list has names; also check to enforce that all names are present and unique

## Usage

```
IsNamedList(x, all.unique = TRUE, allow.empty = FALSE, pass.zero = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	A list
<code>all.unique</code>	Require that all names are unique from one another
<code>allow.empty</code>	Allow empty ( <code>nchar = 0</code> ) names
<code>pass.zero</code>	Pass on zero-length lists

### Value

`TRUE` if ..., otherwise `FALSE`

### Examples

```
IsNamedList(list())
IsNamedList(list(), pass.zero = TRUE)
IsNamedList(list(1, 2, 3))
IsNamedList(list(a = 1, b = 2, c = 3))
IsNamedList(list(a = 1, 2, c = 3))
IsNamedList(list(a = 1, 2, c = 3), allow.empty = TRUE)
IsNamedList(list(a = 1, a = 2, a = 3))
IsNamedList(list(a = 1, a = 2, a = 3), all.unique = FALSE)
```

### Description

The `JackStrawData` is used to store the results of a `JackStraw` computation.

### Slots

<code>empirical.p.values</code>	Empirical p-values
<code>fake.reduction.scores</code>	Fake reduction scores
<code>empirical.p.values.full</code>	Empirical p-values on full
<code>overall.p.values</code>	Overall p-values from <code>ScoreJackStraw</code>

---

**JackStrawData-methods JackStrawData Methods**

---

**Description**

Methods for **JackStrawData** objects for generics defined in other packages

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
.DollarNames(x, pattern = "")  
  
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
x$i, ...  
  
## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'  
as.logical(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'JackStrawData'  
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

x, object	A <b>JackStrawData</b> object
pattern	A regular expression. Only matching names are returned.
i	A <b>JackStrawData</b> slot name
...	Ignored

**Value**

\$: Slot i from x  
as.logical: TRUE if empirical p-values have been calculated otherwise FALSE  
show: Prints summary to **stdout** and invisibly returns NULL

**Functions**

- **.DollarNames(JackStrawData)**: Autocompletion for \$ access on a **JackStrawData** object
- **\$**: Access data from a **JackStrawData** object
- **as.logical(JackStrawData)**: Have empirical p-values for a **JackStrawData** object been calculated
- **show(JackStrawData)**: Overview of a **JackStrawData** object

**JoinLayers***Split and Join Layers Together***Description**

Split and Join Layers Together

**Usage**

```
JoinLayers(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
JoinLayers(object, layers = NULL, new = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
JoinLayers(object, assay = NULL, layers = NULL, new = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>layers</code>	Names of layers to split or join
<code>new</code>	Name of new layers
<code>assay</code>	Name of assay to split layers

**Value**`object` with the layers specified joined**JS***Get and set JackStraw information***Description**

Get and set JackStraw information

**Usage**

```
JS(object, ...)

JS(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'JackStrawData'
JS(object, slot, ...)
```

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'JackStrawData'
JS(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
JS(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
JS(object, slot = NULL, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	JackStraw information
<code>slot</code>	Name of slot to store JackStraw scores to Can shorten to 'empirical', 'fake', 'full', or 'overall'

**Value**

`JS`: either a `JackStrawData` object or the specified jackstraw data  
`JS<-`: object with the update jackstraw information

<code>Key</code>	<i>Get and set object keys</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

**Description**

Get and set object keys

**Usage**

```
Key(object, ...)
Keys(object, ...)
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
Key(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
Key(object, ...)
```

```

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Key(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Key(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Keys(object, ...)

```

### Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	Key value

### Value

- `Key`: the object key
- `Keys`: a named vector of keys of sub-objects
- `Key<-`: object with an updated key

### Examples

```

# Get an Assay key
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]])

# Set the key for an Assay
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]]) <- "newkey_"
Key(pbmc_small[["RNA"]])

# Get a DimReduc key
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Set the key for DimReduc
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]]) <- "newkey2_"
Key(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Show all keys associated with a Seurat object
Key(object = pbmc_small)
Keys(object = pbmc_small)

```

---

**labels.LogMap** *Find Observations by Value*

---

## Description

Identify the observations that contain a specific value in a [logical map](#)

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'LogMap'
labels(
  object,
  values,
  select = c("first", "last", "common", "all"),
  simplify = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	A <a href="#">LogMap</a> object
<code>values</code>	A vector of values to find observations for
<code>select</code>	Observation selection method; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “<code>first</code>”: the first observation the value is found in</li><li>• “<code>last</code>”: the last observation the value is found in</li><li>• “<code>common</code>”: the first most-common observation the value is found in; most-common is determined by the observation that contains the most of the values requested</li><li>• “<code>all</code>”: all observations the value is found in</li></ul>
<code>simplify</code>	Simplify the resulting list to a vector
...	Ignored

## Value

`labels`: A list, or vector if `simplify` is `TRUE`, of all values and the observations they’re found in, according to the value of `select`

## See Also

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap](#), [LogMap-validity](#), [as.matrix.LogMap\(\)](#), [droplevels.LogMap\(\)](#), [intersect.LogMap\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
map[['entry']] <- c(2, 7, 10)

# Find observations for a set of values
labels(map, c('a', 'b', 'g'))
```

**LayerData***Query and Manipulate Assay Layers***Description**

Query and Manipulate Assay Layers

**Usage**

```
LayerData(object, layer, ...)
LayerData(object, layer, ...) <- value
Layers(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
LayerData(
  object,
  layer = NULL,
  cells = NULL,
  features = NULL,
  slot = deprecated(),
  ...
)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
LayerData(object, layer, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
Layers(object, search = NA, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
LayerData(
  object,
  layer = NULL,
  cells = NULL,
  features = NULL,
  fast = FALSE,
```

```

slot = deprecated(),
...
)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
LayerData(object, layer, features = NULL, cells = NULL, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
Layers(object, search = NA, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
LayerData(object, layer = NULL, assay = NULL, slot = deprecated(), ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
LayerData(object, layer, assay = NULL, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Layers(object, search = NA, assay = NULL, ...)

```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>layer</code>	Name of layer to fetch or set
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	New two-dimensional data to be added as a layer
<code>features, cells</code>	Vectors of features/cells to include
<code>slot</code>	<b>[Deprecated]</b>
<code>search</code>	A pattern to search layer names for; pass one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “NA” to pull all layers</li> <li>• “NULL” to pull the default layer(s)</li> <li>• a <a href="#">regular expression</a> that matches layer names</li> </ul>
<code>fast</code>	Determine how to return the layer data; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>FALSE</code> Apply any transpositions and attempt to add feature/cell names (if supported) back to the layer data</li> <li><code>NA</code> Attempt to add feature/cell names back to the layer data, skip any transpositions</li> <li><code>TRUE</code> Do not apply any transpositions or add feature/cell names to the layer data</li> </ul>
<code>assay</code>	Name of assay to fetch layer data from or assign layer data to

## Value

`LayerData`: the layer data for `layer` from `object`  
`Layer<-`: object with `value` added as a layer named `layer`  
`Layers`: the names of the layers present in `object`

Loadings	<i>Get and set feature loadings</i>
----------	-------------------------------------

## Description

Get and set feature loadings

## Usage

```
Loadings(object, ...)

Loadings(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Loadings(object, projected = FALSE, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
Loadings(object, projected = TRUE, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Loadings(object, reduction = "pca", projected = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>value</code>	Feature loadings to add
<code>projected</code>	Pull the projected feature loadings?
<code>reduction</code>	Name of reduction to pull feature loadings for

## Value

`Loadings`: the feature loadings for `object`  
`Loadings<-`: `object` with the updated loadings

## Examples

```
# Get the feature loadings for a given DimReduc
Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])[1:5,1:5]

# Set the feature loadings for a given DimReduc
new.loadings <- Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])
new.loadings <- new.loadings + 0.01
Loadings(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]]) <- new.loadings

# Get the feature loadings for a specified DimReduc in a Seurat object
Loadings(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")[1:5,1:5]
```

---

LogMap*A Logical Map*

---

**Description**

A simple container for storing mappings of values using logical matrices. Keeps track of which values (rows) are present in which observations (columns). `LogMap` objects can be created with `LogMap()`; queries can be performed with `[[` and observations can be added or removed with `[[<-`

**Usage**

```
LogMap(y)

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,missing,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 method for signature 'LogMap,NULL,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,character'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,integer'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,NULL'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'LogMap,character,missing,numeric'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

**Arguments**

y	A character vector
x	A <code>LogMap</code> object
i	A character vector of length 1, or <code>NULL</code>
j	Not used
...	Ignored
value	A character or integer vector of values to record in the map for i, or <code>NULL</code> to remove the record for i

**Value**

**LogMap**: A new **LogMap** object with zero columns and `length(x = x)` rows; rownames are set to `x`

`[[<-`: if `i` is a character vector, the rownames that are mapped to `i`; otherwise the rownames of `x`

`[[<-`: If `value` is `NULL`, then `x` without the observations for `i`; otherwise, `x` with a new column for `i` recording a `TRUE` for all values present in `value`

**Slots**

.Data A logical matrix with at least one row

**See Also**

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap-validity](#), [as.matrix.LogMap\(\)](#), [droplevels.LogMap\(\)](#), [intersect.LogMap\(\)](#), [labels.LogMap\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# Create a LogMap
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map

# Get the names of values in the LogMap
map[[NULL]]
rownames(map)

# Add an observation to the LogMap
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
map[['entry']] <- c(2, 7, 10)
map

# Get the names of observations in the LogMap
colnames(map)

# Fetch an observation from the LogMap
map[['obs']]

# Get the full logical matrix
map[[[]]]

# Remove an observation from the LogMap
map[['obs']] <- NULL
map[['entry']] <- NULL
map
```

---

LogMap-validity	<i>Logical Map Validity</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Validation of LogMap objects is handled by [validObject](#)

### Data Validation

Logical maps must be a logical matrix containing only TRUE or FALSE values

### Value Validation

All values must be named within the rownames of the object. Duplicate or empty ("") values are not allowed

### Observation Validation

All observations must be named within the column names of the object. Duplicate or empty ("") observations are not allowed

### See Also

[validObject](#)

Logical map objects, validity, and interaction methods: [LogMap](#), [as.matrix.LogMap\(\)](#), [droplevels.LogMap\(\)](#), [intersect.LogMap\(\)](#), [labels.LogMap\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
map <- LogMap(letters[1:10])
map[['obs']] <- c(1, 3, 7)
map[['entry']] <- c(2, 7, 10)
validObject(map)
```

---

LogSeuratCommand	<i>Log a command</i>
------------------	----------------------

---

### Description

Logs command run, storing the name, timestamp, and argument list. Stores in the Seurat object

### Usage

```
LogSeuratCommand(object, return.command = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` Name of Seurat object
- `return.command` Return a [SeuratCommand](#) object instead

**Value**

If `return.command`, returns a [SeuratCommand](#) object; otherwise, returns the Seurat object with command stored

**See Also**[Command](#)

Command log object and interaction methods [\\$.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [.DollarNames.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [SeuratCommand-class](#), [\[.SeuratCommand\(\)](#), [as.list.SeuratCommand\(\)](#)

merge.Assay

*Merge Assays***Description**

Merge one or more v3 assays together

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
merge(
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  add.cell.ids = NULL,
  merge.data = TRUE,
  labels = NULL,
  collapse = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` An [Assay](#) object
- `y` One or more [Assay](#) objects
- `add.cell.ids` A character vector of `length(x = c(x, y))`; appends the corresponding values to the start of each objects' cell names
- `merge.data` Merge the data slots instead of just merging the counts (which requires renormalization); this is recommended if the same normalization approach was applied to all objects
- `labels, collapse` Currently unused
- `...` Ignored

**Value**

A new assay with data merged from `c(x, y)`

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

`merge.Assay5`*Merge Assays***Description**

Merge one or more v5 assays together

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
merge(x, y, labels = NULL, add.cell.ids = NULL, collapse = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
<code>y</code>	One or more <a href="#">Assay5</a> objects
<code>labels</code>	A character vector equal to the number of objects; defaults to <code>as.character(seq_along(c(x, y)))</code>
<code>add.cell.ids</code>	A character vector equal to the number of objects provided to append to all cell names; if TRUE, uses <code>labels</code> as <code>add.cell.ids</code>
<code>collapse</code>	If TRUE, merge layers of the same name together; if FALSE, appends <code>labels</code> to the layer name
<code>...</code>	Ignored

**Details**

**Note:** collapsing layers is currently not supported

**Value**

A new v5 assay with data merged from `c(x, y)`

**See Also**

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#), [subset.Assay5\(\)](#)

`merge.DimReduc`      *Merge Dimensional Reductions*

### Description

Merge two or more [dimensional reduction](#) together

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
merge(x = NULL, y = NULL, add.cell.ids = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">DimReduc</a> object
<code>y</code>	One or more <a href="#">DimReduc</a> objects
<code>add.cell.ids</code>	A character vector equal to the number of objects provided to append to all cell names; if TRUE, uses <code>labels</code> as <code>add.cell.ids</code>
<code>...</code>	Ignored

### Value

A new [DimReduc](#) object with data merged from `c(x, y)`

### See Also

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [print.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

`merge.Seurat`      *Merge Seurat Objects*

### Description

Merge Seurat Objects

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
merge(
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  add.cell.ids = NULL,
  collapse = FALSE,
```

```

  merge.data = TRUE,
  merge.dr = FALSE,
  project = getOption(x = "Seurat.object.project", default = "SeuratProject"),
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>y</code>	A single <a href="#">Seurat</a> object or a list of <a href="#">Seurat</a> objects
<code>add.cell.ids</code>	A character vector of <code>length(x = c(x, y))</code> ; appends the corresponding values to the start of each objects' cell names
<code>collapse</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , merge layers of the same name together; if <code>FALSE</code> , appends <code>labels</code> to the layer name
<code>merge.data</code>	Merge the data slots instead of just merging the counts (which requires renormalization); this is recommended if the same normalization approach was applied to all objects
<code>merge.dr</code>	Choose how to handle merging dimensional reductions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“<code>TRUE</code>”: merge dimensional reductions with the same name across objects; dimensional reductions with different names are added as-is</li> <li>“<code>NA</code>”: keep dimensional reductions from separate objects separate; will append the project name for duplicate reduction names</li> <li>“<code>FALSE</code>”: do not add dimensional reductions</li> </ul>
<code>project</code>	<a href="#">Project</a> name for the <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

`merge`: Merged object

## Merge Details

When merging [Seurat](#) objects, the merge procedure will merge the Assay level counts and potentially the data slots (depending on the `merge.data` parameter). It will also merge the cell-level meta data that was stored with each object and preserve the cell identities that were active in the objects pre-merge. The merge will optionally merge reductions depending on the values passed to `merge.dr` if they have the same name across objects. Here the embeddings slots will be merged and if there are differing numbers of dimensions across objects, only the first N shared dimensions will be merged. The feature loadings slots will be filled by the values present in the first object. The merge will not preserve graphs, logged commands, or feature-level metadata that were present in the original objects. If `add.cell.ids` isn't specified and any cell names are duplicated, cell names will be appended with `_X`, where X is the numeric index of the object in `c(x, y)`.

**See Also**

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat,NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# `merge` examples
# merge two objects
merge(pbmc_small, y = pbmc_small)
# to merge more than two objects, pass one to x and a list of objects to y
merge(pbmc_small, y = c(pbmc_small, pbmc_small))
```

Misc

*Get and set miscellaneous data***Description**

Get and set miscellaneous data

**Usage**

```
Misc(object, ...)

Misc(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay'
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'Assay5'
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'DimReduc'
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Misc(object, slot = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'  
Misc(object, slot, ...) <- value
```

### Arguments

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Data to add
slot	Name of specific bit of meta data to pull

### Value

Miscellaneous data  
An object with miscellaneous data added

### Examples

```
# Get the misc info  
Misc(object = pbmc_small, slot = "example")  
  
# Add misc info  
Misc(object = pbmc_small, slot = "example") <- "testing_misc"
```

---

Molecules-class      *The Spatial Molecules Class*

---

### Description

The Spatial Molecules Class

### Slots

.Data A list of [SpatialPoints](#) objects  
key The key for the Molecules

### See Also

Molecules methods: [Molecules-methods](#)  
Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Centroids-methods](#), [Molecules-methods](#),  
[Segmentation-class](#), [Segmentation-methods](#), [Segmentation-validity](#)

Molecules-methods      *Molecules Methods*

## Description

Methods for **Molecules** objects

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Molecules'
Features(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Molecules'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, features = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Molecules'
subset(x, features = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Molecules'
show(object)
```

## Arguments

x, object	A <b>Molecules</b> object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
features	A vector of molecule names to keep; if <b>NULL</b> , defaults to all molecules

## Details

**Features:** Get spatially-resolved molecule names  
**GetTissueCoordinates:** Get spatially-resolved molecule coordinates  
**subset:** Subset a **Molecules** object to certain molecules  
**show:** Display an object summary to stdout

## Value

**Features:** A vector of spatially-resolved molecule names; if no molecular information present, returns **NULL**  
**GetTissueCoordinates:** A data frame with three columns:

- “x”: the x-coordinate of a molecule
- “y”: the y-coordinate of a molecule
- “molecule”: the molecule name

**subset:** x subsetted to the features specified by features  
**show:** Invisibly returns **NULL**

## See Also

[Molecules-class](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Centroids-methods](#), [Molecules-class](#), [Segmentation-class](#), [Segmentation-methods](#), [Segmentation-validity](#)

---

names.Seurat

*Subobject Names*

---

## Description

Get the names of subobjects within a [Seurat](#) object

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
names(x)
```

## Arguments

x A [Seurat](#) object

## Value

The names of all of the following subobjects within x:

- [v3](#) and [v5](#) assays
- dimensional reductions
- images and [FOVs](#)
- nearest-neighbor graphs

## See Also

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat, NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
names(pbmc_small)
```

**Neighbor-class***The Neighbor class***Description**

The `Neighbor` class is used to store the results of neighbor finding algorithms

**Slots**

- `nn.idx` Matrix containing the nearest neighbor indices
- `nn.dist` Matrix containing the nearest neighbor distances
- `alg.idx` The neighbor finding index (if applicable). E.g. the annoy index
- `alg.info` Any information associated with the algorithm that may be needed downstream (e.g. distance metric used with annoy is needed when reading in from stored file).
- `cell.names` Names of the cells for which the neighbors have been computed.

**Neighbor-methods***Neighbor Methods***Description**

Methods for `Neighbor` objects for generics defined in other packages

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
dim(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Neighbor'
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

`x, object` A `Neighbor` object

**Value**

`dim` Dimensions of the indices matrix  
`show`: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns `NULL`

**Functions**

- `dim(Neighbor)`: Dimensions of the neighbor indices
- `show(Neighbor)`: Overview of a `Neighbor` object

---

**Overlay***Overlay Spatial Objects Over One Another*

---

**Description**

Create an overlay of some query spatial object (*x*) against some target object (*y*). Basically, find all components of a query that fall within the bounds of a target spatial region

**Usage**

```
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Centroids,SpatialPolygons'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation,SpatialPolygons'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Molecules,SpatialPolygons'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FOV,Spatial'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FOV,SpatialPolygons'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'FOV,FOV'
Overlay(x, y, invert = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<i>x</i>	Query Spatial object
<i>y</i>	Target Spatial object
<i>invert</i>	Invert the overlay and return only the components of <i>x</i> that fall <i>outside</i> the bounds of <i>y</i>
...	Ignored

**Value**

*x* with only the components that fall within the bounds of *y*

**Note**

This function requires the **sf** package to be installed

**PackageCheck***Check the existence of a package***Description**

Check the existence of a package

**Usage**

```
PackageCheck(..., error = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

...	Package names
error	If true, throw an error if the package doesn't exist

**Value**

Invisibly returns boolean denoting if the package is installed

**Lifecycle****[Deprecated]**

PackageCheck was deprecated in version 5.0.0; please use [rlang::check\\_installed\(\)](#) instead

**pbmc\_small***A small example version of the PBMC dataset***Description**

A subsetted version of 10X Genomics' 3k PBMC dataset

**Usage**

```
pbmc_small
```

**Format**

A Seurat object with the following slots filled

**assays** Currently only contains one assay ("RNA" - scRNA-seq expression data)

counts - Raw expression data

- data - Normalized expression data
- scale.data - Scaled expression data
- var.features - names of the current features selected as variable

- **meta.features** - Assay level metadata such as mean and variance
- meta.data** Cell level metadata
- active.assay** Current default assay
- active.ident** Current default idents
- graphs** Neighbor graphs computed, currently stores the SNN
- reductions** Dimensional reductions: currently PCA and tSNE
- version** Seurat version used to create the object
- commands** Command history

## Source

<https://www.10xgenomics.com/datasets/3-k-pbm-cs-from-a-healthy-donor-1-standard-1-1-0>

**print.DimReduc** *Print Top Feature Loadings*

## Description

Prints a set of features that most strongly define a set of components; **note:** requires feature loadings to be present in order to work

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
print(x, dims = 1:5, nfeatures = 20, projected = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<b>x</b>	A <a href="#">DimReduc</a> object
<b>dims</b>	Number of dimensions to display
<b>nfeatures</b>	Number of genes to display
<b>projected</b>	Use projected slot
<b>...</b>	Ignored

## Value

Displays set of features defining the components and invisibly returns **x**

## See Also

**cat**

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#), [DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#), [subset.DimReduc\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
pca <- pbmc_small[["pca"]]
print(pca)
```

Project	<i>Get and set project information</i>
---------	--

**Description**

Get and set project information

**Usage**

```
Project(object, ...)
Project(object, ...) <- value
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Project(object, ...)
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'
Project(object, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object	An object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Project information to set

**Value**

Project information  
An object with project information added

Radius	<i>Get the spot radius from an image</i>
--------	--

**Description**

Get the spot radius from an image

**Usage**

```
Radius(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |        |                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| object | An image object                   |
| ...    | Arguments passed to other methods |

**Value**

The radius size

---

RandomName

*Generate a random name*

---

**Description**

Make a name from randomly sampled characters, pasted together with no spaces

**Usage**

```
RandomName(length = 5L, chars = letters, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |        |   |
|--------|---|
| length | How long should the name be                                 |
| chars  | A vector of 1-length characters to use to generate the name |
| ...    | Extra parameters passed to <a href="#">sample</a>           |

**Value**

A character with `nchar == length` of randomly sampled letters

**See Also**

[sample](#)

**Examples**

```
set.seed(42L)
RandomName()
RandomName(7L, replace = TRUE)
```

---

**RenameAssays***Rename assays in a Seurat object*

---

**Description**

Rename assays in a Seurat object

**Usage**

```
RenameAssays(  
  object,  
  assay.name = NULL,  
  new.assay.name = NULL,  
  verbose = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

object	A Seurat object
assay.name	original name of assay
new.assay.name	new name of assay
verbose	Whether to print messages
...	Named arguments as old.assay = new.assay

**Value**

object with assays renamed

**Examples**

```
RenameAssays(object = pbmc_small, RNA = 'rna')
```

---

**RenameCells***Rename cells*

---

**Description**

Change the cell names in all the different parts of an object. Can be useful before combining multiple objects.

**Usage**

```
RenameCells(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Neighbor'
RenameCells(object, old.names = NULL, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
RenameCells(
  object,
  add.cell.id = missing_arg(),
  new.names = missing_arg(),
  for.merge = deprecated(),
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>new.names</code>	vector of new cell names
<code>old.names</code>	vector of old cell names
<code>add.cell.id</code>	prefix to add cell names
<code>for.merge</code>	Deprecated

**Details**

If `add.cell.id` is set a prefix is added to existing cell names. If `new.names` is set these will be used to replace existing names.

**Value**

An object with new cell names

**Examples**

```
# Rename cells in an Assay
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small[["RNA"]]))
renamed.assay <- RenameCells(
  pbmc_small[["RNA"]],
```

```

    new.names = paste0("A_", colnames(x = pbmc_small[["RNA"]]))
)
head(x = colnames(x = renamed.assay))

# Rename cells in a DimReduc
head(x = Cells(x = pbmc_small[["pca"]]))
renamed.dimreduc <- RenameCells(
  object = pbmc_small[["pca"]],
  new.names = paste0("A_", Cells(x = pbmc_small[["pca"]])))
)
head(x = Cells(x = renamed.dimreduc))

# Rename cells in a Seurat object
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small))
pbmc_small <- RenameCells(object = pbmc_small, add.cell.id = "A")
head(x = colnames(x = pbmc_small))

```

**RowMergeSparseMatrices***Merge Sparse Matrices by Row***Description**

Merge two or more sparse matrices by rowname.

**Usage**

```
RowMergeSparseMatrices(mat1, mat2)
```

**Arguments**

<b>mat1</b>	First matrix
<b>mat2</b>	Second matrix or list of matrices

**Details**

Shared matrix rows (with the same row name) will be merged, and unshared rows (with different names) will be filled with zeros in the matrix not containing the row.

**Value**

Returns a sparse matrix

---

`SaveSeuratRds`

*Save and Load Seurat Objects from Rds files*

---

## Description

Save and Load Seurat Objects from Rds files

## Usage

```
SaveSeuratRds(  
  object,  
  file = NULL,  
  move = TRUE,  
  destdir = deprecated(),  
  relative = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
LoadSeuratRds(file, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>file</code>	Path to save <code>object</code> to; defaults to <code>file.path(getwd(), paste0(Project(object), ".Rds"))</code>
<code>move</code>	Move on-disk layers into <code>dirname(file)</code>
<code>destdir</code>	<b>[Deprecated]</b>
<code>relative</code>	Save relative paths instead of absolute ones
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">base:::saveRDS</a> , <a href="#">base:::readRDS</a>
<code>ascii</code>	a logical. If TRUE or NA, an ASCII representation is written; otherwise (default), a binary one is used. See the comments in the help for <a href="#">save</a> .
<code>version</code>	the workspace format version to use. NULL specifies the current default version (3). The only other supported value is 2, the default from R 1.4.0 to R 3.5.0.
<code>compress</code>	a logical specifying whether saving to a named file is to use "gzip" compression, or one of "gzip", "bzip2" or "xz" to indicate the type of compression to be used. Ignored if <code>file</code> is a connection.
<code>refhook</code>	a hook function for handling reference objects.

## Value

Invisibly returns `file`

### Progress Updates with progressr

This function uses **progressr** to render status updates and progress bars. To enable progress updates, wrap the function call in `with_progress` or run `handlers(global = TRUE)` before running this function. For more details about **progressr**, please read `vignette("progressr-intro")`

#### Note

This function requires the **fs** package to be installed

#### See Also

`saveRDS()` `readRDS()`

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
if (requireNamespace("fs", quietly = TRUE)) {
  # Write out with DelayedArray
  if (requireNamespace("HDF5Array", quietly = TRUE)) {
    pbmc <- pbmc_small

    pbmc[["disk"]] <- CreateAssay5Object(list(
      mem = LayerData(pbmc, "counts"),
      disk = as(LayerData(pbmc, "counts"), "HDF5Array")
    ))

    # Save `pbmc` to an Rds file
    out <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rds")
    SaveSeuratRds(pbmc, file = out)

    # Object cache
    obj <- readRDS(out)
    Tool(obj, "SaveSeuratRds")

    # Load the saved object with on-disk layers back into memory
    pbmc2 <- LoadSeuratRds(out)
    pbmc2
    pbmc2[["disk"]]
  }

  # Write out with BPCells
  if (requireNamespace("BPCells", quietly = TRUE)) {
    pbmc <- pbmc_small

    bpm <- BPCells::write_matrix_dir(LayerData(pbmc, "counts"), dir = tempfile())
    bph <- BPCells::write_matrix_hdf5(
      LayerData(pbmc, "counts"),
      path = tempfile(fileext = ".h5"),
      group = "counts"
    )
    pbmc[["disk"]] <- CreateAssay5Object(list(dir = bpm, h5 = bph))
  }
}
```

```
# Save `pbmc` to an Rds file
out <- tempfile(fileext = ".Rds")
SaveSeuratRds(pbmc, file = out)

# Object cache
obj <- readRDS(out)
Tool(obj, "SaveSeuratRds")

# Load the saved object with on-disk layers back into memory
pbmc2 <- LoadSeuratRds(out)
pbmc2
pbmc2[["disk"]]
}

}

## End(Not run)
```

---

Segmentation-class      *The Segmentation Class*

---

## Description

A container for cell segmentation boundaries. Inherits from [SpatialPolygons](#). Supports storing boundaries in objects of class [sf](#).

## Slots

`sf.data` Segmentation boundaries in [sf](#) format

`compact` Logical indicating whether or not the object only stores segmentation information in the `sf.data` slot, rather than also in the standard [SpatialPolygons](#) slots, to save memory and processing time. Currently only relevant for Visium data.

## See Also

Segmentation methods: [Segmentation-methods](#)

Segmentation layer classes: [Centroids-class](#), [Centroids-methods](#), [Molecules-class](#), [Molecules-methods](#), [Segmentation-methods](#), [Segmentation-validity](#)

Segmentation-methods    Segmentation *Methods*

## Description

Methods for **Segmentation** objects

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, full = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
lengths(x, use.names = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'Segmentation'
subset(x, cells = NULL, ...)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Segmentation,character,missing,ANY'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Segmentation,character,missing,NULL'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation'
coordinates(obj, full = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Segmentation'
show(object)
```

## Arguments

x, object, obj	A <b>Segmentation</b> object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
full	Expand the coordinates to the full polygon
new.names	vector of new cell names
use.names	Ignored

<code>i, cells</code>	A vector of cells to keep; if <code>NULL</code> , defaults to all cells
<code>j, drop</code>	Ignored
<code>value</code>	The value to assign to the slot specified by <code>i</code> in the <code>Segmentation</code> object.

## Details

`Cells`: Get cell names  
`GetTissueCoordinates, coordinates`: Get tissue coordinates  
`RenameCells`: Update cell names  
`lengths`: Generate a run-length encoding of the cells present  
`subset, [:`: Subset a `Segmentation` object to certain cells  
`[[<-`: Attach or remove `sf`-derived data to/from a `Segmentation` object  
`show`: Display an object summary to `stdout`

## Value

`Cells`: A vector of cell names  
`GetTissueCoordinates, coordinates`: A data frame with three columns:

- “x”: the x-coordinate
- “y”: the y-coordinate
- “cell” or “ID”: the cell name

If `full` is `TRUE`, then each coordinate will indicate a vertex for the cell polygon; otherwise, each coordinate will indicate a centroid for the cell. Note: to compute centroids for segmentations stored in compact mode, call `GetTissueCoordinates` on the associated `Centroids` object instead.

`RenameCells`: object with the cells renamed to `new.names`  
`lengths`: An `rle` object for the cells  
`subset, [:`: x subsetted to the cells specified by `cells/i`  
`[[<-`:

- If `value` is an `data.frame` object, returns `x` with `value` stored in `sf.data`; requires that `i` is “sf.data”.
- If `value` is `NULL`, returns `x` with `sf.data` removed.

`show`: Invisibly returns `NULL`

## Progress Updates with `progressr`

The following methods use `progressr` to render status updates and progress bars:

- `RenameCells`

To enable progress updates, wrap the function call in `with_progress` or run `handlers(global = TRUE)` before running this function. For more details about `progressr`, please read `vignette("progressr-intro")`

## Parallelization with future

The following methods use **future** to enable parallelization:

- `RenameCells`

Parallelization strategies can be set using `plan`. Common plans include “sequential” for non-parallelized processing or “multisession” for parallel evaluation using multiple R sessions; for other plans, see the “Implemented evaluation strategies” section of `?future::plan`. For a more thorough introduction to `future`, see `vignette("future-1-overview")`

## See Also

[Segmentation-class](#)

Segmentation layer classes: `Centroids-class`, `Centroids-methods`, `Molecules-class`, `Molecules-methods`, `Segmentation-class`, `Segmentation-validity`

`Segmentation-validity` *Segmentation Validity*

## Description

Validation of Segmentation objects is handled by `validObject`

## `sf.data` Validation

Validates that the `sf.data` slot contains an object of class `sf`.

## See Also

[validObject](#)

Segmentation layer classes: `Centroids-class`, `Centroids-methods`, `Molecules-class`, `Molecules-methods`, `Segmentation-class`, `Segmentation-methods`

`set-if-null` *Set If or If Not NULL*

## Description

Set a default value depending on if an object is `NULL`

## Usage

`x %||% y`

`x %iff% y`

## Arguments

x	An object to test
y	A default value

## Value

For `%||%`: y if x is NULL; otherwise x  
For `%iff%`: y if x is **not** NULL; otherwise x

## Author(s)

For `%||%`: rlang developers

## See Also

`rlang::%||%`

## Examples

```
# Set if NULL
1 %||% 2
NULL %||% 2

# Set if *not* NULL
1 %iff% 2
NULL %iff% 2
```

## Description

The Seurat object is a representation of single-cell expression data for R; each Seurat object revolves around a set of cells and consists of one or more [Assay](#) objects, or individual representations of expression data (eg. RNA-seq, ATAC-seq, etc). These assays can be reduced from their high-dimensional state to a lower-dimension state and stored as [DimReduc](#) objects. Seurat objects also store additional metadata, both at the cell and feature level (contained within individual assays). The object was designed to be as self-contained as possible, and easily extendable to new methods.

## Slots

`assays` A list of assays for this project

`meta.data` Contains meta-information about each cell, starting with number of features detected (nFeature) and the original identity class (orig.ident); more information is added using [AddMetaData](#)

**active.assay** Name of the active, or default, assay; settable using [DefaultAssay](#)

**active.ident** The active cluster identity for this Seurat object; settable using [Idents](#)

**graphs** A list of [Graph](#) objects

**neighbors** ...

**reductions** A list of dimensional reduction objects for this object

**images** A list of spatial image objects

**project.name** Name of the project

**misc** A list of miscellaneous information

**version** Version of Seurat this object was built under

**commands** A list of logged commands run on this Seurat object

**tools** A list of miscellaneous data generated by other tools, should be filled by developers only using [Tool<-](#)

## See Also

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[.Seurat\(\)](#),  
[\[\[<-,Seurat](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat,NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#),  
[subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

*Seurat-validity*      *Seurat Object Validity*

## Description

Validation of Seurat objects is handled by [validObject](#)

## See Also

[validObject](#)

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [\[.Seurat\(\)](#),  
[\[\[<-,Seurat](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat,NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#),  
[subset.Seurat\(\)](#)

---

**SeuratCommand-class**    *The SeuratCommand Class*

---

**Description**

The `SeuratCommand` is used for logging commands that are run on a `Seurat` object; it stores parameters and timestamps

**Slots**

`name` Command name  
`time.stamp` Timestamp of when command was run  
`assay.used` Optional name of assay used to generate `SeuratCommand` object  
`call.string` String of the command call  
`params` List of parameters used in the command call

**See Also**

Command log object and interaction methods `$.SeuratCommand()`, `.DollarNames.SeuratCommand()`, `LogSeuratCommand()`, `[.SeuratCommand()`, `as.list.SeuratCommand()`

---

**show,LogMap-method**    *LogMap Object Overview*

---

**Description**

Overview of a `LogMap` object

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'LogMap'  
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

`object`        A `LogMap` object

**Value**

Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns `NULL`

**Simplify***Simplify Geometry***Description**

**Simplify Geometry**

Simplify segmentations by reducing the number of vertices

**Usage**

```
Simplify(coords, tol, topologyPreserve = TRUE)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'Spatial'
```

```
Simplify(coords, tol, topologyPreserve = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

**coords** A ‘Segmentation’ object

**tol** Numerical tolerance value to be used by the Douglas-Peuker algorithm

**topologyPreserve**

Logical determining if the algorithm should attempt to preserve the topology of the original geometry

**Value**

A simplified version of **coords**

A ‘Segmentation’ object with simplified segmentation vertices

*SpatialImage-class**The SpatialImage class***Description**

The **SpatialImage** class is a virtual class representing spatial information for Seurat. All spatial image information must inherit from this class for use with **Seurat** objects

**Slots**

**assay** Name of assay to associate image data with; will give this image priority for visualization when the assay is set as the active/default assay in a **Seurat** object

**key** A one-length character vector with the object’s key; keys must be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by an underscore “\_” (regex pattern “[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]\*\_”)

**misc** A named list of unstructured miscellaneous data

**See Also**

[SpatialImage-methods](#) for a list of required and provided methods

---

**SpatialImage-methods    SpatialImage methods**

---

**Description**

Methods defined on the **SpatialImage** class. Some of these methods must be overridden in order to ensure proper functionality of the derived classes (see **Required methods** below). Other methods are designed to work across all **SpatialImage**-derived subclasses, and should only be overridden if necessary

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Cells(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
DefaultAssay(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'SpatialImage'
DefaultAssay(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
GetImage(object, mode = c("grob", "raster", "plotly", "raw"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
GetTissueCoordinates(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
IsGlobal(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Key(object, ...)

## S3 replacement method for class 'SpatialImage'
Key(object, ...) <- value

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
Radius(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
RenameCells(object, new.names = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
x[i, ...]

## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
dim(x)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'SpatialImage'
subset(x, cells, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SpatialImage'
show(object)
```

### Arguments

x, object	A <code>SpatialImage</code> -derived object
...	Arguments passed to other methods
value	Depends on the method: <code>DefaultAssay</code> <- Assay that the image should be associated with <code>Key</code> <- New key for the image
mode	How to return the image; should accept one of “grob”, “raster”, “plotly”, or “raw”
new.names	vector of new cell names
i, cells	A vector of cells to keep

### Value

[Override] `Cells`: should return cell names  
`DefaultAssay`: The associated assay of a `SpatialImage`-derived object  
`DefaultAssay`<-: object with the associated assay updated  
[Override] `GetImage`: The image data from a `SpatialImage`-derived object  
[Override] `GetTissueCoordinates`: ...  
`IsGlobal`: returns TRUE as images are, by default, global  
`Key`: The key for a `SpatialImage`-derived object  
`Key`<-: `object` with the key set to `value`  
`Radius`: The spot radius size; by default, returns NULL  
[Override] `RenameCells`: object with the new cell names  
`[, subset]`: `x/object` for only the cells requested  
[Override] `dim`: The dimensions of the image data in (Y, X) format  
`show`: Prints summary to `stdout` and invisibly returns NULL

### Functions

- `Cells(SpatialImage)`: Get the cell names from an image ([Override])
- `DefaultAssay(SpatialImage)`: Get the associated assay of a `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `DefaultAssay(SpatialImage) <- value`: Set the associated assay of a `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `GetImage(SpatialImage)`: Get the image data from a `SpatialImage`-derived object

- `GetTissueCoordinates(SpatialImage)`: Get tissue coordinates for a `SpatialImage`-derived object (**[Override]**)
- `IsGlobal(SpatialImage)`: Globality test for `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `Key(SpatialImage)`: Get the key for a `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `Key(SpatialImage) <- value`: Set the key for a `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `Radius(SpatialImage)`: Get the spot radius size
- `RenameCells(SpatialImage)`: Rename cells in a `SpatialImage`-derived object (**[Override]**)
- `[ :` : Subset a `SpatialImage`-derived object
- `dim(SpatialImage)`: Get the plotting dimensions of an image (**[Override]**)
- `subset(SpatialImage)`: Subset a `SpatialImage`-derived object (**[Override]**)
- `show(SpatialImage)`: Overview of a `SpatialImage`-derived object

## Provided methods

These methods are defined on the `SpatialImage` object and should not be overridden without careful thought

- `DefaultAssay` and `DefaultAssay<-`
- `Key` and `Key<-`
- `GetImage`; this method *can* be overridden to provide image data, normally returns empty image data. If overridden, should default to returning a `grob` object
- `IsGlobal`
- `Radius`; this method *can* be overridden to provide a spot radius for image objects
- `[ :` ; this method *can* be overridden to change default subset behavior, normally returns `subset(x = x, cells = i)`. If overridden, should only accept `i`

## Required methods

All subclasses of the `SpatialImage` class must define the following methods; simply relying on the `SpatialImage` method will result in errors. For required parameters and their values, see the `Usage` and `Arguments` sections

`Cells` Return the cell/spot barcodes associated with each position

`dim` Return the dimensions of the image for plotting in (Y, X) format

`GetTissueCoordinates` Return tissue coordinates; by default, must return a two-column `data.frame` with x-coordinates in the first column and y-coordinates in the second

`Radius` Return the spot radius; returns `NULL` by default for use with non-spot image technologies

`RenameCells` Rename the cell/spot barcodes for this image

`subset` Subset the image data by cells/spots

These methods are used throughout Seurat, so defining them and setting the proper defaults will allow subclasses of `SpatialImage` to work seamlessly

**See Also**

[DefaultAssay](#)  
[GetImage](#)  
[GetTissueCoordinates](#)  
[IsGlobal](#)  
[Key](#)  
[RenameCells](#)

**split.Assay***Split an Assay***Description**

Split an Assay

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'
split(x, f, drop = FALSE, layers = NA, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
<code>f</code>	a ‘factor’ in the sense that <code>as.factor(f)</code> defines the grouping, or a list of such factors in which case their interaction is used for the grouping. If <code>x</code> is a data frame, <code>f</code> can also be a formula of the form <code>~ g</code> to split by the variable <code>g</code> , or more generally of the form <code>~ g1 + ... + gk</code> to split by the interaction of the variables <code>g1, ..., gk</code> , where these variables are evaluated in the data frame <code>x</code> using the usual non-standard evaluation rules.
<code>drop</code>	logical indicating if levels that do not occur should be dropped (if <code>f</code> is a factor or a list).
<code>layers</code>	Names of layers to include in the split; pass <code>NA</code> for all layers; pass <code>NULL</code> for the <a href="#">default layer</a>
<code>...</code>	Ignored

**Value**

Returns a v5 assay with splitted layers

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [subset.Assay\(\)](#)

---

split.Assay5*Split an Assay*

---

**Description**

Split an Assay

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
split(
  x,
  f,
  drop = FALSE,
  layers = c("counts", "data"),
  ret = c("assay", "multiassays", "layers"),
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

x	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
f	a ‘factor’ in the sense that <a href="#">as.factor(f)</a> defines the grouping, or a list of such factors in which case their interaction is used for the grouping. If x is a data frame, f can also be a formula of the form ~ g to split by the variable g, or more generally of the form ~ g1 + ... + gk to split by the interaction of the variables g1, ..., gk, where these variables are evaluated in the data frame x using the usual non-standard evaluation rules.
drop	logical indicating if levels that do not occur should be dropped (if f is a factor or a list).
layers	Names of layers to include in the split; pass NA for all layers; pass NULL for the <a href="#">default layer</a>
ret	Type of return value; choose from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “assay”: a single <a href="#">Assay5</a> object</li> <li>• “multiassay”: a list of <a href="#">Assay5</a> objects</li> <li>• “layers”: a list of layer matrices</li> </ul>
...	Ignored

**Value**

Depends on the value of `ret`:

- “assay”: x with the layers requested in `layers` split based on `f`; all other layers are left as-is
- “multiassay”: a list of [Assay5](#) objects; the list contains one value per split and each assay contains only the layers requested in `layers` with the `key` set to the split

- “layers”: a list of matrices of length `length(assays) * length(unique(f))`; the list is named as “`layer.split`”

### Progress Updates with `progressr`

This function uses `progressr` to render status updates and progress bars. To enable progress updates, wrap the function call in `with_progress` or run `handlers(global = TRUE)` before running this function. For more details about `progressr`, please read `vignette("progressr-intro")`

### See Also

`v5` Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: `$.Assay5()`, `Assay5-class`, `Assay5-validity`, `[.Assay5()`, `[[.Assay5()`, `dim.Assay5()`, `dimnames.Assay5()`, `merge.Assay5()`, `subset.Assay5()`

`Stdev`

*Get the standard deviations for an object*

### Description

Get the standard deviations for an object

### Usage

```
Stdev(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
Stdev(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
Stdev(object, reduction = "pca", ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to other methods
<code>reduction</code>	Name of reduction to use

### Value

The standard deviations

### Examples

```
# Get the standard deviations for each PC from the DimReduc object
Stdev(object = pbmc_small[["pca"]])

# Get the standard deviations for each PC from the Seurat object
Stdev(object = pbmc_small, reduction = "pca")
```

---

StitchMatrix	<i>Stitch Matrices Together</i>
--------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

Stitch Matrices Together

## Usage

```
StitchMatrix(x, y, rowmap, colmap, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	A matrix
y	One or more matrices of the same class or coercible to the same class as x
rowmap, colmap	<a href="#">LogMaps</a> describing the row and cell membership of each matrix; the LogMap entries are assumed to be in the order of c(x, y)
...	Arguments passed to other methods

## Value

A single matrix of type `class(x)` consisting of all values in component matrices

---

subset.Assay	<i>Subset an Assay</i>
--------------	------------------------

---

## Description

Subset an Assay

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay'  
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An <a href="#">Assay</a> object
cells	Cell names
features	Feature names
...	Ignored

**Value**

x with just the cells and features specified by **cells** and **features**

**See Also**

v3 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay\(\)](#), [Assay-class](#), [Assay-validity](#), [CreateAssayObject\(\)](#), [\[.Assay\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay\(\)](#), [dim.Assay\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay\(\)](#), [merge.Assay\(\)](#), [split.Assay\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
rna <- pbmc_small[["RNA"]]
rna2 <- subset(rna, features = VariableFeatures(rna))
rna2
```

**subset.Assay5***Subset an Assay***Description**

Subset an Assay

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'Assay5'
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, layers = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<b>x</b>	An <a href="#">Assay5</a> object
<b>cells</b>	Cell names
<b>features</b>	Feature names
<b>layers</b>	Layer to keep; defaults to all layers
<b>...</b>	Ignored

**Value**

x with just the cells and features specified by **cells** and **features** for the layers specified by **layers**

**See Also**

v5 Assay object, validity, and interaction methods: [\\$.Assay5\(\)](#), [Assay5-class](#), [Assay5-validity](#), [\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [\[\[.Assay5\(\)](#), [dim.Assay5\(\)](#), [dimnames.Assay5\(\)](#), [merge.Assay5\(\)](#), [split.Assay5\(\)](#)

<code>subset.DimReduc</code>	<i>Subset a Dimensional Reduction</i>
------------------------------	---------------------------------------

### Description

Subset a [DimReduc](#) object

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DimReduc'
subset(x, cells = NULL, features = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">DimReduc</a> object
<code>cells, features</code>	Cells and features to keep during the subset
<code>...</code>	Ignored

### Value

`x` for cells `cells` and features `features`

### See Also

Dimensional reduction object, validity, and interaction methods [CreateDimReducObject\(\)](#),  
[DimReduc-class](#), [DimReduc-validity](#), [\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [\[\[.DimReduc\(\)](#), [dim.DimReduc\(\)](#), [merge.DimReduc\(\)](#),  
[print.DimReduc\(\)](#)

<code>subset.Seurat</code>	<i>Subset Seurat Objects</i>
----------------------------	------------------------------

### Description

Subset Seurat Objects

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
subset(
  x,
  subset,
  cells = NULL,
  features = NULL,
  idents = NULL,
  return.null = FALSE,
  ...)
```

```
)
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
x[i, j, ...]
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <a href="#">Seurat</a> object
<code>subset</code>	Logical expression indicating features/variables to keep
<code>cells, j</code>	A vector of cell names or indices to keep
<code>features, i</code>	A vector of feature names or indices to keep
<code>idents</code>	A vector of identity classes to keep
<code>return.null</code>	If no cells are requested, return a <code>NULL</code> ; by default, throws an error
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed to <a href="#">WhichCells</a>

## Value

`subset`: A subsetted Seurat object  
`[`: object `x` with features `i` and cells `j`

## See Also

[WhichCells](#)

Seurat object, validity, and interaction methods [\\$.Seurat\(\)](#), [Seurat-class](#), [Seurat-validity](#), [\[.Seurat\(\)](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat](#), [\[\[<-,Seurat, NULL](#), [dim.Seurat\(\)](#), [dimnames.Seurat\(\)](#), [merge.Seurat\(\)](#), [names.Seurat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
# `subset` examples
subset(pbmc_small, subset = MS4A1 > 4)
subset(pbmc_small, subset = `DLGAP1-AS1` > 2)
subset(pbmc_small, idents = '0', invert = TRUE)
subset(pbmc_small, subset = MS4A1 > 3, slot = 'counts')
subset(pbmc_small, features = VariableFeatures(object = pbmc_small))

# `[^` examples
pbmc_small[VariableFeatures(object = pbmc_small), ]
pbmc_small[, 1:10]
```

---

Theta	<i>Get the offset angle</i>
-------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the offset angle

**Usage**

```
Theta(object)
```

**Arguments**

object An object

---

Tool	<i>Get and Set Additional Tool Data</i>
------	---

---

**Description**

Use Tool to get tool data. If no additional arguments are provided, will return a vector with the names of tools in the object.

**Usage**

```
Tool(object, ...)  
Tool(object, ...) <- value  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Tool(object, slot = NULL, ...)  
## S3 replacement method for class 'Seurat'  
Tool(object, ...) <- value
```

**Arguments**

object An object  
... Arguments passed to other methods  
value Information to be added to tool list  
slot Name of tool to pull

**Value**

If no additional arguments, returns the names of the tools in the object; otherwise returns the data placed by the tool requested

**Note**

For developers: set tool data using `Tool<-`. `Tool<-` will automatically set the name of the tool to the function that called `Tool<-`, so each function gets one entry in the tools list and cannot overwrite another function's entry. The automatic naming will also remove any method identifiers (eg. `RunPCA.Seurat` will become `RunPCA`); please plan accordingly

**Examples**

```
# Example function that adds unstructured data to tools
MyTool <- function(object) {
  sample.tool.output <- matrix(rnorm(n = 16), nrow = 4)
  # Note: `Tool<-` must be called from within a function
  # and the name of the tool will be generated from the function name
  Tool(object) <- sample.tool.output
  return(object)
}

# Run our tool
set.seed(42L)
pbmc_small <- MyTool(pbmc_small)

# Get a list of tools run
Tool(pbmc_small)

# Access specific tool data
Tool(pbmc_small, slot = "MyTool")
```

**UpdateSeuratObject**

*Update old Seurat object to accommodate new features*

**Description**

Updates Seurat objects to new structure for storing data/calculations. For Seurat v3 objects, will validate object structure ensuring all keys and feature names are formed properly.

**Usage**

```
UpdateSeuratObject(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	Seurat object
--------	---------------

**Value**

Returns a Seurat object compatible with latest changes

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
updated_seurat_object = UpdateSeuratObject(object = old_seurat_object)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

UpdateSlots	<i>Update slots in an object</i>
-------------	----------------------------------

**Description**

Update slots in an object

**Usage**

```
UpdateSlots(object)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object to update

**Value**

object with the latest slot definitions

---

Version	<i>Get Version Information</i>
---------	--------------------------------

**Description**

Get Version Information

**Usage**

```
Version(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Seurat'  
Version(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            An object  
...                Arguments passed to other methods

**Examples**

```
Version(pbmc_small)
```

---

<code>WhichCells</code>	<i>Identify cells matching certain criteria</i>
-------------------------	---

---

## Description

Returns a list of cells that match a particular set of criteria such as identity class, high/low values for particular PCs, etc.

## Usage

```
WhichCells(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Assay'
WhichCells(object, cells = NULL, expression, invert = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
WhichCells(
  object,
  cells = NULL,
  idents = NULL,
  expression,
  slot = "data",
  invert = FALSE,
  downsample = Inf,
  seed = 1,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">CellsByIdentities</a>
	<code>return.null</code> If no cells are requested, return a <code>NULL</code> ; by default, throws an error
<code>cells</code>	Subset of cell names
<code>expression</code>	A predicate expression for feature/variable expression, can evaluate anything that can be pulled by <code>FetchData</code> ; please note, you may need to wrap feature names in backticks (` `) if dashes between numbers are present in the feature name
<code>invert</code>	Invert the selection of cells
<code>idents</code>	A vector of identity classes to keep
<code>slot</code>	Slot to pull feature data for
<code>downsample</code>	Maximum number of cells per identity class, default is <code>Inf</code> ; downsampling will happen after all other operations, including inverting the cell selection
<code>seed</code>	Random seed for downsampling. If <code>NULL</code> , does not set a seed

**Value**

A vector of cell names

**See Also**

[FetchData](#)

**Examples**

```
WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = 2)
WhichCells(pbmc_small, expression = MS4A1 > 3)
levels(pbmc_small)
WhichCells(pbmc_small, idents = c(1, 2), invert = TRUE)
```

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