

Debt-equity ratio = $\frac{\text{Total long term debt}}{\text{shareholder equity}}$

or $\frac{\text{long term outside liability}}{\text{Tangible net worth}}$

Q1. Capital = 200 lakhs
Free reserve and ^{profits} surplus = 300 lakhs
Long term loans and liabilities = 800 lakhs

Debt equity ratio = $\frac{800}{200} = 1.6 : 1$

Q2. Equity share = 1 lakh
General reserve = ₹ 4,000
Accumulated profit = 30,000
Debentures = ₹ 75,000
Sundry creditors = 40,000
Outside Outstanding expenses = 10,000
Find debt-equity ratio

$\frac{75000}{10000 + 40000 + 30000} = \frac{75}{175} = 3 : 7$

Q3. Liabilities	Assets
Capital = 300	Plant & equip = 45
General reserve = 55	Land & building = 200
Profit/loss credit bal = 7	Cash = 1
Loan = 65	Bills receivable = 100
Debentures = 85	Govt stock (bonds) = 25
Bank overdraft = 38	Stocks = 128
Sundry creditors = 26	Prepaid expenses = 1
Provision of tax = 9	Goodwill, intangible = 30
Proposed dividend = 15	

Find current ratio, quick ratio, debt equity ratio.

Current ratio = $\frac{\text{Current assets}}{\text{Current liabilities}}$

$$= \frac{128 + 25 + 100 + 1 + 1}{28 + 98 + 9 + 15}$$

$$= \frac{255}{88} = 2.89$$

Not good as it is 2.89:1 (industry std \rightarrow 2:1)

Quick ratio = $\frac{\text{Current asset} - \text{Stock} - \text{current liabilities} - \text{bank overdraft}}{\text{Current liabilities}}$

$$= \frac{255 - 128 - 1 - 25}{88}$$

$$= \frac{126 - 25}{88} = \frac{101}{88} = 1.49:1$$

as industry std \rightarrow 1:1 bad

Debt equity ratio =

Debt ratio = $\frac{\text{Total debt}}{\text{Total asset}}$

Current asset = 5L

Non " " = 8.45L

Non current ~~equity~~ ^{liability} = 3.40L

Current liability = 2.70L

Account Payable = 20,000

Find the debt ratio.

$$\frac{5 + 8.45}{3.4 + 2.7 + 0.2} = \frac{13.45}{6.3} = 2.135$$

$$\frac{3.4 + 2.7}{5 + 8.45} = \frac{6.1}{13.45} = 0.45$$

Q. Calculate inventory turnover ratio and the days inventory outstanding from the info -

Opening inventory = 25,000

Closing " = 30,000

Cost of goods manufactured = 2,45,000

$$\text{Inventory turn over ratio} = \frac{\text{Cost of goods sold}}{\text{Average inventory}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Average inventory} &= \frac{(25000 + 30000)}{2} = 27500 \\ \text{Cost of goods sold} &= 2,45,000 + 25000 - 30000 \\ &= 2,40,000\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{Inventory turnover ratio} = \frac{2,40,000}{27,500} = 8.72$$

$$\text{Days inventory} = \frac{365}{\text{ratio}} = \frac{365}{8.72} = 41.85$$

$$\text{Gross profit ratio} = \frac{\text{Gross profit}}{\text{Net sales}}$$

Gross sales = 10 L

Sales returns = 90,000

Cost of goods sold = 6,75,000

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Net sales} &= \text{Gross sales} - \text{sales returns} \\ &= 10L - 90000 = 9,10,000\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Gross profit} &= \text{Net sales} - \text{cost of goods sold} \\ \text{Net sales} &= 9,10,000 - 6,75,000 \\ &= 2,35,000\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Gross profit ratio} = \frac{\text{Gross profit}}{\text{Net sales}} = \frac{2,35,000}{9,10,000} = 0.26$$

Q.

Cash = 10000 ✓ A
 Accounts receivables = 20000 A
 Inventory = 80000 ✓ A
 Prepaid insurance = 6000 ✓ A
 Long term assets = 2L
 Accounts payable = 30000 ✓ L
 Notes payable due in 10 months = 25000 L
 Wages payable = 5000 L
 Long term liability = 70000
 Owner's equity = 1,96,000

Find out the current ratio, quick ratio, debt equity ratio, debt ratio & working capital.

Current ratio = $\frac{\text{current assets}}{\text{current liabilities}}$

$$= \frac{10000 + 80000 + 6000}{30000 + 25000 + 5000} = \frac{96000}{60000} = 1.6 \text{ or } 2:1$$

Quick ratio = $\frac{\text{Current assets} - \text{Stock}}{\text{Current liabilities} - \text{bank overdraft}}$

~~Long term outside liability~~ ~~90000~~ = ~~46000~~ $\rightarrow \frac{126000 - 80000}{60000} = 0.766$
~~Sample net work~~

Current asset - inventory

current liability

Debt equity ratio = $\frac{\text{Total long term debt}}{\text{shareholder equity}}$

$$= \frac{70000}{196000} = 0.357 \checkmark$$

Working capital = Total current assets -

Total current liabilities

$$= 96000 - 60000 = 36000$$