

### Control charts by Attributes

This form of inspection is where the items comprising the sample are classified into two factions:

- "Acceptable"
- "Not-acceptable"

### control charts by attributes

- The fraction defective chart (p-chart) which records the proportion of defective items in a sample.
- The number defective chart (np-chart) which records the no. of defective charts.
- The defects chart (c-chart)

### Attributes :

(Binary ; Yes/No ; No/No-go info)

### Steps to construct p-chart

The data on sample-wise number of defectives are collected, entered in a data sheet and checked for its consistency

The average proportion defective  $\bar{p}$  for all the samples together is calculated as

$$\bar{p} = \frac{\text{Total no. of defectives}}{\text{Total no. of pcs of inspected samples}}$$

Find  $n$  from  $\sum n_i / \text{Total no. of samples}$  and replace  $n$  by  $\bar{n}$  in the so formula

$$\text{Find } CL_p = \bar{p}$$

Find  $UCL_p$  &  $LCL_p$  variations within so deviation as

$$\bar{p} \pm 3 \sqrt{\frac{\bar{p}(1-\bar{p})}{\bar{n}}}$$

$$\bar{p} = \frac{\text{Total no. of defectives}}{\text{Total no. of pcs of inspected samples}}$$



$$\bar{n} = \frac{\sum n_i}{\text{Total no. of sample}}$$

$$CL_p = \bar{p}$$

Problem

Q. "Samples"	No. of defectives (p)	No. of item in each sample	Fraction defective
1	3	20	$\frac{3}{20} = 0.15$
2	2	20	0.1
3	1	20	0.05
4	1	20	0.05
5	2	20	0.1
$n =$	$\bar{p} = \frac{100}{5}$	$\bar{n} = 20$	

$$\bar{p} = \frac{3+2+1+1+2}{20 \times 5} = \frac{9}{100}$$

$$\bar{n} = \frac{100}{5} = 20$$

$$CL_p = \frac{9}{100}$$

$$LC_p = \left( \frac{9}{100} - 3 \sqrt{\frac{\frac{9}{100}(1 - \frac{9}{100})}{20}} \right) < 0$$

$$\therefore LC_p = 0$$

$$UC_p = \left( \frac{9}{100} + 3 \sqrt{\frac{\frac{9}{100}(1 - \frac{9}{100})}{20}} \right) = 0.282$$

|| ... ||

0.16

0

Q2. Six consecutive lots received from a vendor were inspected by sampling process, incoming inspection of the buyer. Sample lot was varying as per the variation in the lot size. The inspection results are as follows:-  
Construct a control chart for fraction defective & no. of defectives:-

Sample no	1	2	3	4	5	6
Lot size	2850	1860	480	970	4385	2568
Sample size	125	125	50	80	200	125
Nb. of defectives	1	3	-	2	4	1
Fraction defective	0.008	0.024	0	0.025	0.02	0.008

$$\bar{p} = \frac{1+3+2+4+1}{125+125+50+80+200+125} = \frac{11}{705} = 0.0156$$

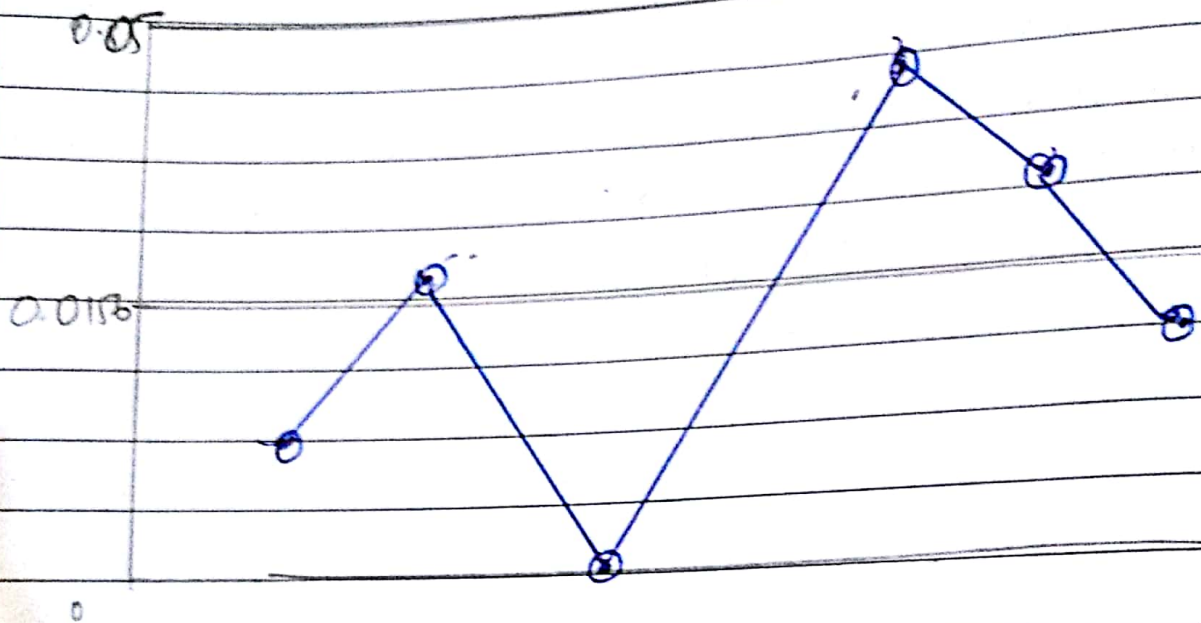
$$\bar{n} = \frac{705}{6} = 117.5$$

$$CL = 0.0156$$

$$UCL_p = \bar{p} + 3 \sqrt{\frac{\bar{p}(1-\bar{p})}{\bar{n}}} = 0.0499$$

$$LCL = 0$$





np chart

$$CL_{np} = \bar{n} \cdot \bar{p} = 0.016 \times 117.5 = 1.88$$

$$UCL_{np} = \bar{n} \cdot \bar{p} + 3 \sqrt{\bar{n} \bar{p} (1 - \bar{p})}$$

$$= 1.88 + 3 \sqrt{0.016 \times 117.5 (1.0 \times 0.016)}$$

$$= 5.96$$

$$LCL_{np} = 1.88 - 4.08 = 20$$

np - chart

Control limits of c-chart

Central line,  $cl_c = \bar{c}$

Since value of c can never be -ve, we take as 0 when -ve

$$UCL_c = \bar{c} + 3\sqrt{\bar{c}}$$

$$LCL_c = \bar{c} - 3\sqrt{\bar{c}}$$

- 8 Ten wooden carpets were studied for total no of defects in their texture. The details of defects are :

Carpets No	No. of defects
1	2
2	1
3	3
4	5
5	1
6	3
7	2
8	3
9	4
10	3

All ten carpets are however were regarded as acceptable by the QC of the company. Construct a control chart for no. of defects and comment.

$$\text{Central line } (\bar{c}) = \frac{\text{Total no. of defects}}{\text{Number of carpets}} = \frac{30}{10} = 3$$

$$UCL_c = \bar{c} + 3\sqrt{\bar{c}} = 3 + 3\sqrt{3} = 8.2$$

$$LCL_c = \bar{c} - 3\sqrt{\bar{c}} = 3 - 3\sqrt{3} = 0$$