# Decoing Perplexing TypeScript

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TSConf 2021

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Lover of TypeScript since 2014

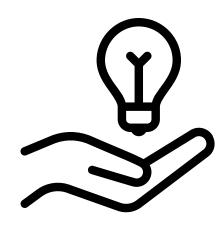


## Why I < 3 Type Script

Faster Bug Catching

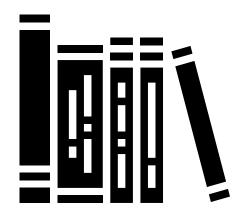


Compile-time typechecking can catch bugs before your application even runs Context Sharing



TS is a fantastic communication tool to add another level of context directly in the code

External Library DX



Auto-complete and strict type checking makes uptaking unfamiliar code more straighforward

## Why I < 3 Type Script

... and many more

## But...

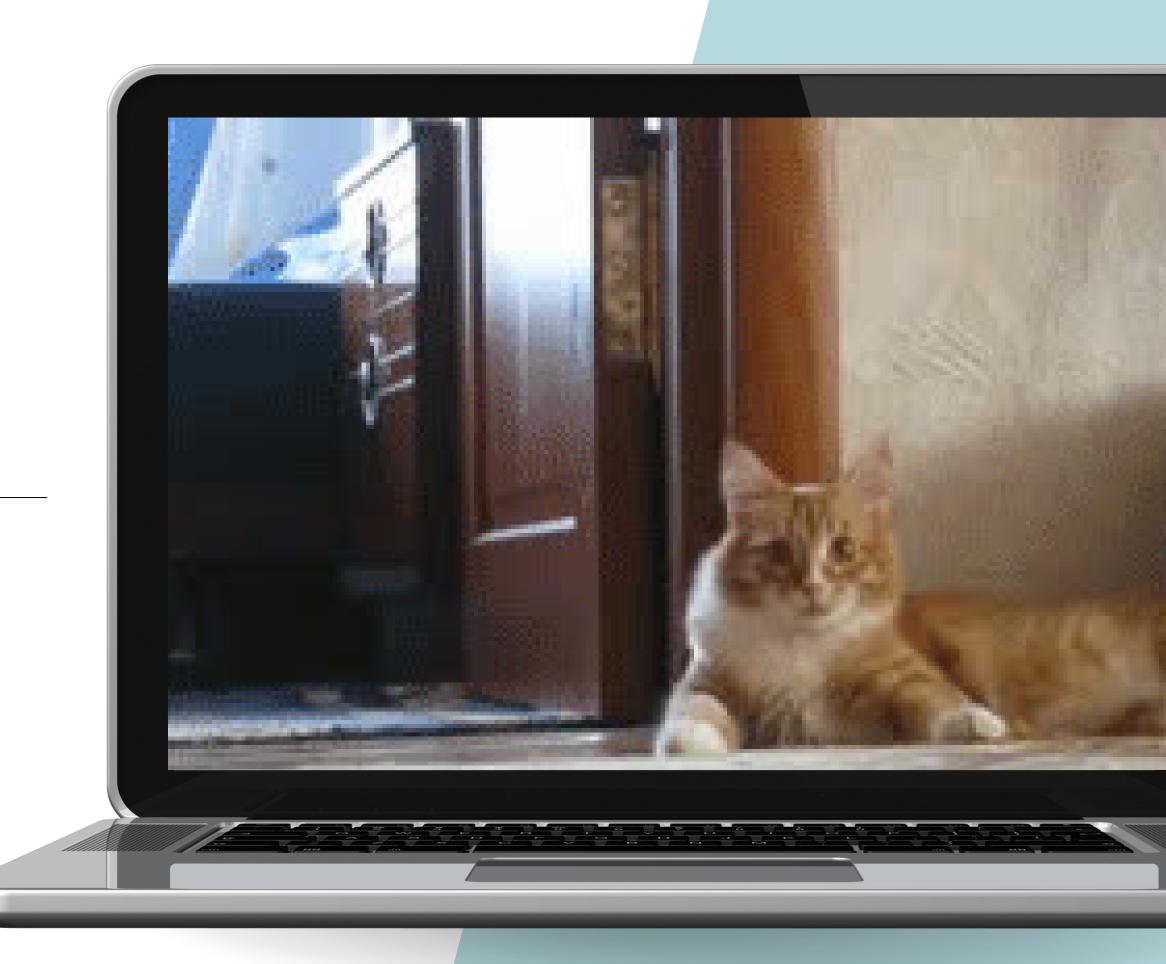
Complex code and use cases can turn into complex types.

Wonderful, helpful, generic, and protective types can sometimes get complicated...

## But...

Complex code and use cases can turn into complex types.

Wonderful, helpful, generic, and protective types can sometimes get complicated...



## "TypeScript Nope"

When you go to look at a type and it is pretty long and scary so you get nervous and close the file.

#### lots of unfamiliar characters

```
type IsTruthy<T> = T extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0 ? false: true
```

#### letters all over

```
export type Omit<T, K extends keyof T> = Pick<T, Exclude<keyof T, K>>

export type Omit<T, K extends keyof T> = Pick<T, Exclude<keyof T, K>>
```

#### what are these words

```
export type ValidDoubleObject<T> = T extends { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? U : never
export Lyr-
```

#### long scary ternary

```
export type ExtractRouteOptionalParam<T extends string, U =
string | number | boolean> = T extends `${infer Param}?`
    ? { [k in Param]?: U }
    : T extends `${infer Param}*`
    ? { [k in Param]?: U }
    : T extends `${infer Param}+`
    ? { [k in Param]: U }
    : { [k in T]: U };
}
```

#### just nope

```
e type ValidKeys<V> = {
    [K in keyof V]-?: (Exclude<V[K], null>) extends
    { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? IsTruthy<U> extends true ? K: never: never
    }[keyof V]
ex.
    ? { [k in raiding].
    : { [k in T]: U };
```

#### omg they disabled the max line length

```
// tslint:disable:max-line-length
           export function pipe<T1>(fn0: () => T1): () => T1;
           export function pipe<V0, T1>(fn0: (x0: V0) => T1): (x0: V0) => T1;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, T1>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1): (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, V2, T1>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1): (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1;
1468
          export function pipe<T1, T2>(fn0: () => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2): () => T2;
          export function pipe<V0, T1, T2>(fn0: (x0: V0) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2): (x0: V0) => T2;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, T1, T2>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2): (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T2;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, V2, T1, T2>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2): (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T2;
1473
          export function pipe<T1, T2, T3>(fn0: () => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3): () => T3;
          export function pipe<V0, T1, T2, T3>(fn0: (x: V0) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3): (x: V0) => T3;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, T1, T2, T3>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3): (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T3;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, V2, T1, T2, T3>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3): (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T3;
1478
          export function pipe<T1, T2, T3, T4>(fn0: () => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4): () => T4;
           export function pipe<V0, T1, T2, T3, T4>(fn0: (x: V0) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4): (x: V0) => T4;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, T1, T2, T3, T4>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4): (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T4;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, V2, T1, T2, T3, T4>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4): (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2)
           export function pipe<T1, T2, T3, T4, T5>(fn0: () => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5): () => T5;
           export function pipe<V0, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5>(fn0: (x: V0) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5): (x: V0) => T5;
           export function pipe<V0, V1, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5): (
           export function pipe<V0, V1, V2, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => 
1488
          export function pipe<T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6>(fn0: () => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5, fn5: (x: T5) => T6):
           export function pipe<V0, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6>(fn0: (x: V0) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5, fn5: (x: T5)
          export function pipe<V0, V1, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (x: T4) => T5
           export function pine<V0, V1, V2, T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6>(fn0: (x0: V0, x1: V1, x2: V2) => T1, fn1: (x: T1) => T2, fn2: (x: T2) => T3, fn3: (x: T3) => T4, fn4: (
```



TypeScript gets easier to breakdown and understand with practice.

## ... let's break down some types

```
type IsTruthy<T> = T extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0 ? false: true
```

generic type

```
type IsTruthy<T> = T extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0 ? false: true
         union
         type
                                               conditional type
```

```
type IsTruthy<T> =

T extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0

? false
: true
```

## Generic Type

A stand-in representation for a type that is provided by the input or consumer.

```
type IsTruthy<T> =

T extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0

? false
: true
```

Type T represents a type that the consumer will provide. All Ts are enforced to be the same type. Generics are often notated as a single letter, but do not have to be.

## Generic Type

A stand-in representation for a type that is provided by the input or consumer.

```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =
TypePassedIn extends null | undefined | false | "" | 0
? false
: true
```

## Union Type

A value that can be one of many types. A or B or C



This union represents a value that can be either null, undefined, false, "", or 0

## Union Type

A value that can be one of many types. A or B or C

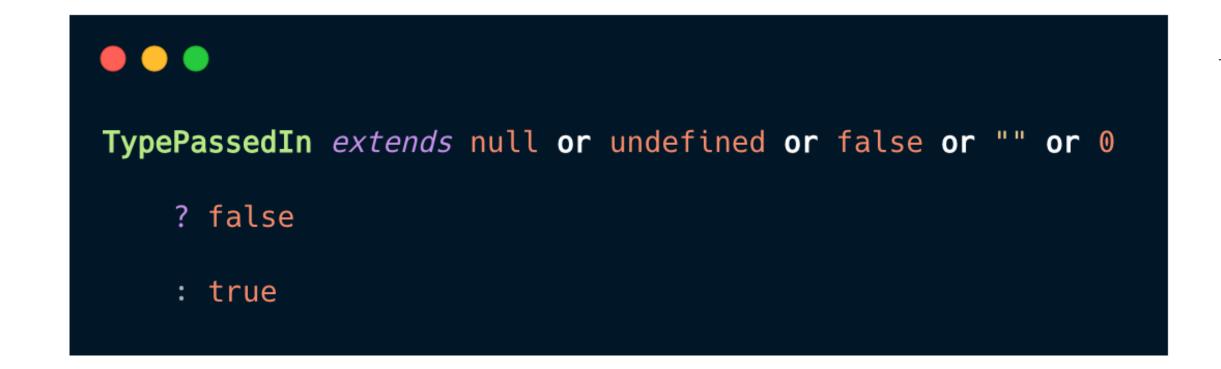
```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =

TypePassedIn extends null or undefined or false or "" or 0

? false
: true
```

## **Conditional Type**

Much like JavaScript conditional expression, conditional types allow for an if-then assignment



The conditional type checks if the extension is possible or not and assigns values accordingly.

```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends null or undefined or false or "" or 0
   then: the value is false
   else: the value is true
```

```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =
    if: TypePassedIn extends null or undefined or false or "" or 0
    then: the value is false
    else: the value is true
```

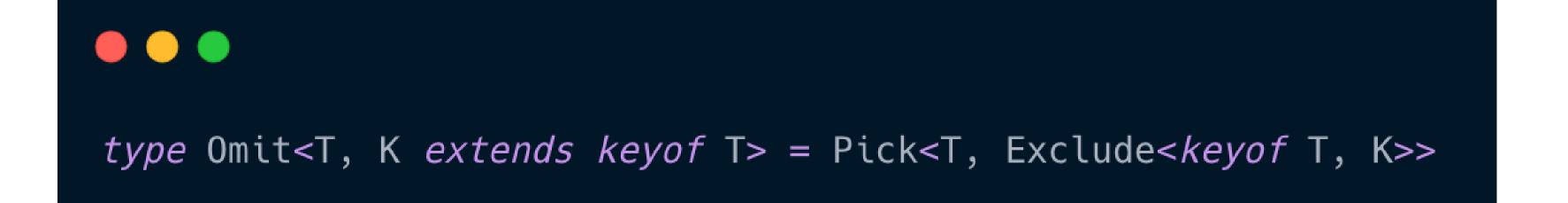
```
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   else: the value is true
```

```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends null or undefined or false or "" or 0
   then: the value is false
   else: the value is true
```

```
type IsTruthy<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends null or undefined or false or "" or 0
   then: the value is false
   else: the value is true
type IsTruthy<'hi'> = true
```

type IsTruthy<'hi'> = true
type IsTruthy<[]> = true
type IsTruthy<null> = false

#### letters all over breakdown



#### letters all over breakdown

utility types



multiple generics

/ keyof
operator

#### letters all over breakdown



## keyof

A type operator that crates a union type from the keys of the provided type



Returns a union of keys from the TypePassedIn

## keyof

A type operator that crates a new union type from the keys of the provided type

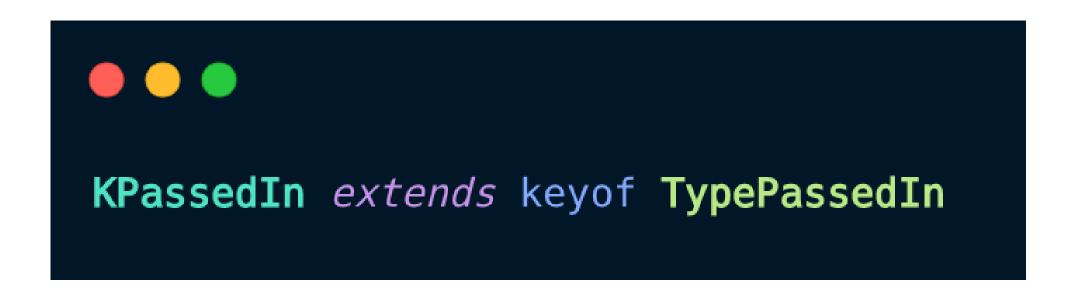


Returns a union of keys from the TypePassedIn

```
type ExampleType = {
  a: string
  b: number
  c: string[]
keyof ExampleType
```

## keyof

A type operator that crates a new union type from the keys of the provided type



Paired with extension, KPassedIn in must be a subset of keys from TypePassedIn, otherwise the extend is false

## keyof

A type operator that crates a new union type from the keys of the provided type

```
type Omit<TypePassedIn, KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit> =
Pick<TypePassedIn, Exclude<union of TypePassedIn keys, KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit>>
```

## **Utility Types**

Globally available types that represent common type transformations provided by TypeScript



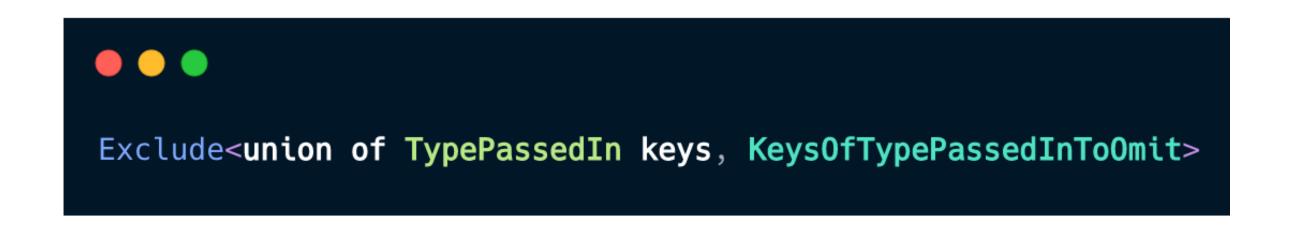
Pick<TypePassedIn, Exclude<union of TypePassedIn keys, KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit>>

Pick returns a new type from the provided type with only the keys you give it

Exclude returns the provided type minus any union members that match the union to exclude

## Exclude

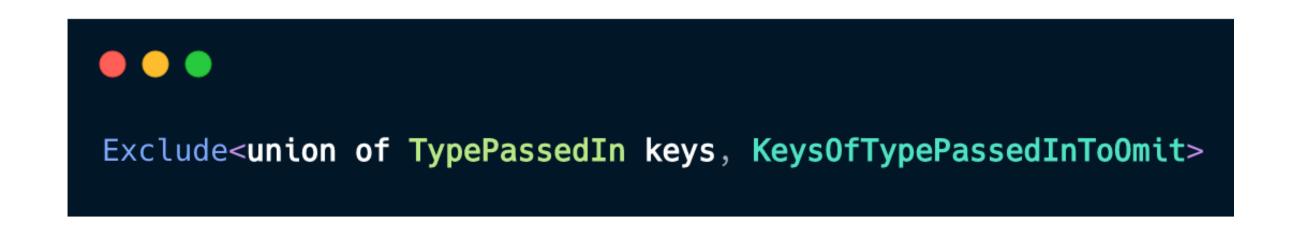
Returns the provided type minus any union members that match the union to exclude



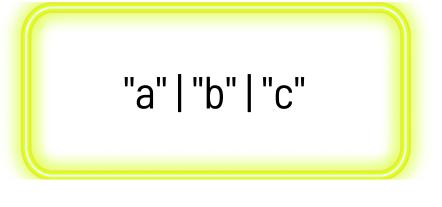
This represents a union type of keys from TypePassedIn in minus the keys to omit

## Exclude

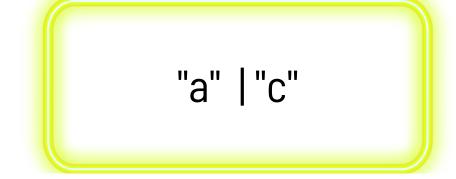
Returns the provided type minus any union members that match the union to exclude



This represents a union type of keys from TypePassedIn in minus the keys to omit



Exclude "b"





Pick returns a new type from the provided type with only the keys you give it



Pick<TypePassedIn, Exclude KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit from union of TypePassedIn keys>

This represents a new type with only the properties of TypePassedIn that are also in the return value of the exclude clause



Pick returns a new type from the provided type with only the keys you give it

Pick everthing in (Exclude KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit from union of TypePassedIn keys) from TypePassedIn

Pick "a " | "c" from:

```
type ExampleType = {
    a: string
    b: number
    c: string[]
}
```

```
type ExampleType = {
    a: string
    c: string[]
}
```

#### letters all over breakdown

```
type Omit<TypePassedIn, KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit> =
Pick everthing in (Exclude KeysOfTypePassedInToOmit from union of TypePassedIn keys) from TypePassedIn
```

```
type ExampleType = {
    a: string
    b: number
    c: string[]
}
```

Omit "b"

```
type ExampleType = {
    a: string
    b: string[]
}
```

## letters all over breakdown

```
type ValidDoubleObject<T> = T extends { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? U : never
```

more generics

```
type ValidDoubleObject<T> = T extends { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? U : never
```

type

conditional type

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
   then: the value is U
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
   then: the value is U
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
then: the value is U
else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
  if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
  then: the value is U
  else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
   then: the value is U
   else: the value is never
```

## Type Inference

Based on surrounding context, TypeScript will decide what the type is - only if it can

```
if: TypePassedIn extends { a: infer U; b: infer U }
```

Generic type U will be inferred based on the type that is passed in if possible.

```
{a: string, b: string}
{a: infer U; b: infer U}

U = string
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then: the value is the InferredType
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then: the value is the InferredType
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then: the value is the InferredType
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then: the value is the InferredType
   else: the value is never
```

```
type ValidDoubleObject<TypePassedIn> =
   if: TypePassedIn extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then: the value is the InferredType
   else: the value is never
```

ValidDoubleObject<string> = never

ValidDoubleObject <{a: string, b: string}> = string

```
type ValidKeys<V> = {
   [K in keyof V]-?: (Exclude<V[K], null>) extends
   { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? IsTruthy<U> extends true ? K : never : never
}[keyof V]
```

mapped

type

utility type

mapped type modifier

generics all over

```
type ValidKets<V>{
    [K in keyof V]-?: (Exclude<V[K], null>) extends
    { a: infer U; b: infer U } ? IsTruthy<U> extends true ? K : never : never
}[keyof V]
```

type inference

conditional types

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
  [K in keyof TypePassedIn]-?:

if: (Exclude null from TypePassedIn[K]) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
  then f: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
  the a the value is K
  els : the value is never
  else: the value is never
}[keyof ypePassedIn]
```

Exclude type

IsTruthy type

Double Object Inferred type

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [K in keyof TypePassedIn]-?:

if: (Exclude null from TypePassedIn[K]) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is K
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never
}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```

## Mapped Type

Creates a new type with all of the keys in the key iterator

```
{ [K in keyof TypePassedIn]-?: value }
```

The output of this type will have a mapped value for each key of the type passed in

```
{[K in keyof ExampleType]: value }
```

```
a: value
b: value
c: value
}
```

## Mapped Type

Creates a new type with all of the keys in the key iterator

```
{ [K in keyof TypePassedIn]-?: value }
```

## Mapped Type Modifiers

A variety of operators that can be applied over a mapped type

```
• • • • { [K in keyof TypePassedIn]-?: value }
```

Each key of the passed in type will be made required if it was previously optional. The ? and undefined values will be removed from the type.

```
ExampleType = {
           a?: string
           b: string
{[K in keyof ExampleType]-?: value }
              a: value
              b: value
```

#### Mapped Type Modifier

A variety of operators that can be applied over a mapped type

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
  [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
  then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
    then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
    else: the value is never
  else: the value is never
}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```

## Mapped Type Modifier

A variety of operators that can be applied over a mapped type

```
TypePassedIn[KeyOfTypePassed] =
                                                                       ValueOfTypePassedIn
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
  [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:
  if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
   then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
     then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
      else: the value is never
    else: the value is never
}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```

```
type ExampleType = {
  valid1: {a: string, b: string} | null
}
```

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```

```
type ExampleType = {
  valid1: {a: string, b: string} | null
}
```

Mapped Type...

```
{
   valid1: to be determined
}
```

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```



{a: string, b: string} | null

Exclude null

{a: string, b: string}

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```

Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn

{a: string, b: string}

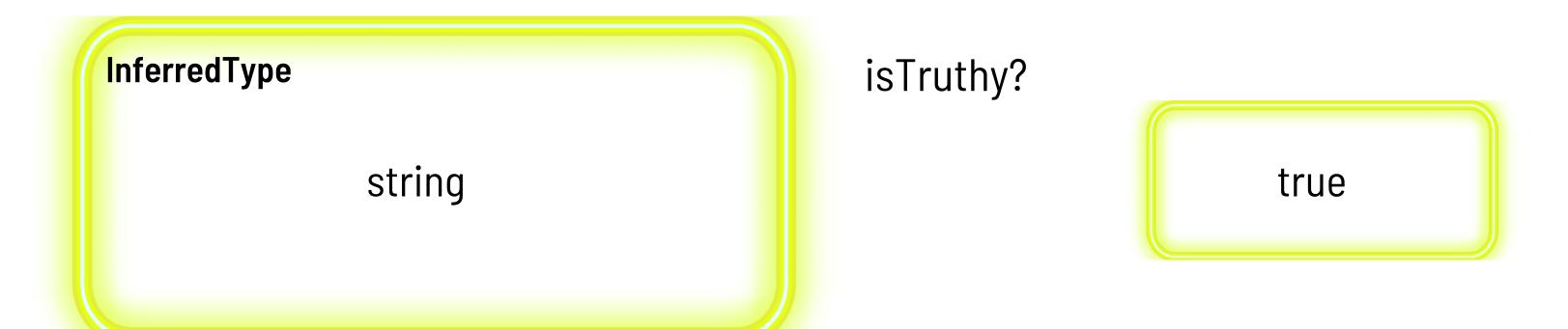
extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }

true

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
    then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
    else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```



```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```

```
{
 valid1: to be determined
}

maps to...

valid1: "valid1"
}
```

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
  [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
  then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
    then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
    else: the value is never
  else: the value is never

}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```

```
keyof TypePassedIn

{
 valid1: "valid1"
}
```

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
    [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
    then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
        then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
        else: the value is never
    else: the value is never

}[keyOf TypePassedIn]
```

```
type ExampleType = {
  valid1: {a: string, b: string} | null
}
```

ValidKeys<ExampleType>

"valid1"

```
type ValidKeys<TypePassedIn> = {
  [each KeyOfTypePassed as required]:

if: (Exclude null from ValueOfTypePassedIn) extends { a: InferredType; b: InferredType }
  then if: IsTruthy<InferredType> extends true
    then: the value is KeyOfTypePassed
    else: the value is never
  else: the value is never
}[keyof TypePassedIn]
```

```
type ExampleType = {
  valid1: {a: string, b: string} | null
  valid2: {a: number, b: number}
  invalid1?: {a: string, b: string}
  invalid2: {notValid: string}
}
```

ValidKeys<ExampleType>

"valid1" | "valid2"

## <del>just nope breakdown</del>

## TypeScript can be Perplexing

But, with practice, all types can be broken down and decoded.



# THANK YOU

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