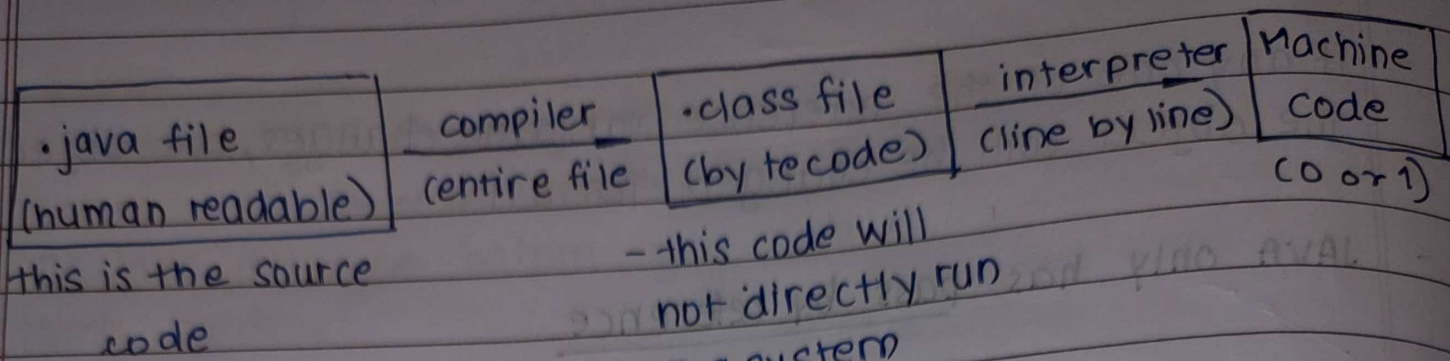


* LECTURE 3:- Introduction to Java.



- this code will not directly run on a system
- we need JVM to run this

- Reason why JAVA is platform indep.

- PLATFORM INDEPENDENCE

- It means that byte code can run on all operating systems
- JVM converts this to machine code.
- Java is platform-independent but JVM is platform dependent
- C/C++ we get .exe which is platform dependent.

COMPILE TIME

JAVA FILE

java c
(compilation)

.class file

RUNTIME

class loader

Byte code verifier

Interpreter

Runtime

Hardware

JVM Execution

Interpreter :-

- line by line executions
- when one method is called many times, it will interpret again

JIT

- those methods that are repeated, JIT provides direct machine code so reinterperation is not required.
- makes execution faster
- Garbage collector

(How JVM works) class loader

- LOADING

- reads .class file and generate binary data
- an object of this class is created in heap.

- LINKING

- JVM verifies the .class file.
- allocates memory for class variables & default values.
- replace symbolic references from the type with direct references.

- INITIALIZATION

- all static variables are assigned with their values defined in the code and static block

JVM contains the stack & heap memory allocation