





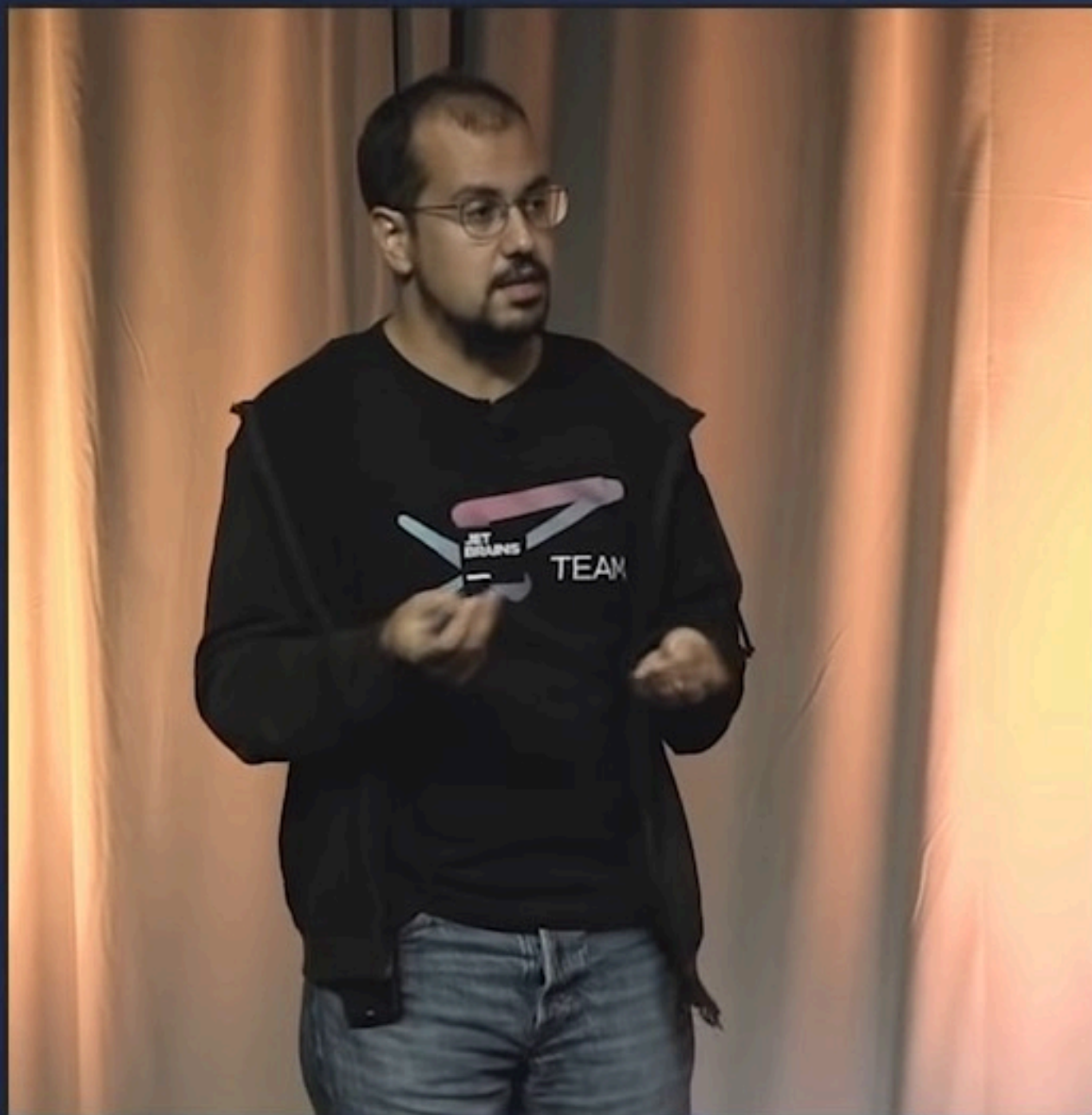
Timur Doumler

Real-Time programming
with the C++ standard
library

-  **Peter Bindels** 🚬 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020 ...
Replying to @timur_audio
They can either be perfectly unbiased or constant time. The std ones are perfectly unbiased, so not constant time, only amortized constant time.
1 1 0 1
-  **Timur Doumler** 🇺🇸 @timur_audio · Jan 7, 2020 ...
Why are these two properties mutually exclusive?
2 1 0 1 1
-  **Peter Bindels** 🚬 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020 ...
Take a die (6-sided). Roll it. Now somehow make this into a balanced number between 1-5. 1-5 are easy - just direct map.
You get to pick what you do with the 6. Reroll or map to some number. This is the same problem, except a 4.3 billion sided die.
1 1 6 1
-  **Peter Bindels** 🚬 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020 ...
And of course, if you map to some number it's biased to that number, if you reroll it *could* keep coming up 6es.
1 1 1 1







Timur Doumler

Real-Time programming with the C++ standard library

- don't call anything that might block
(*non-deterministic execution time + priority inversion!*)
 - don't try to acquire a mutex
 - don't allocate / deallocate memory
 - don't do any I/O
 - don't interact with the thread scheduler
 - don't do any other system calls
- don't call any 3rdparty code if you don't know what it's doing
- don't use algorithms with $> O(1)$ complexity
- don't use algorithms with *amortised* $O(1)$ complexity

