

What you *might* want catch.....

• Amortised $O(1)$ calls

std::*map

• **Assuming no allocations:**

• Average $O(1)$, worst $O(N)$

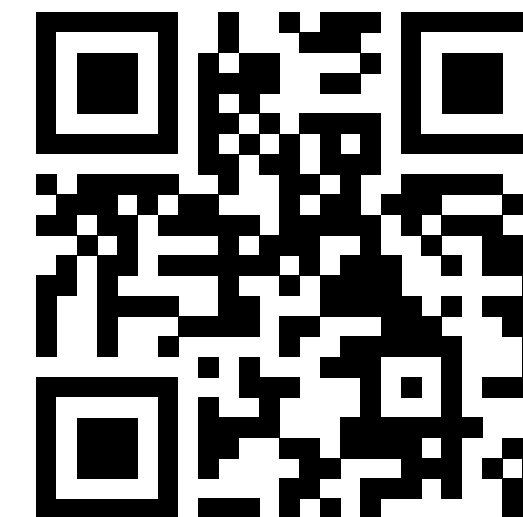
• std::uniform_*distribution

• In theory unbiased they are unbiased




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 - `std::*map`
 - Assuming no allocations:
 - Average $O(1)$, worst $O(N)$
 - `std::uniform_*distribution`
 - In theory unbounded as they are unbiased




Timur Doumler


Real-Time programming
with the C++ standard
library


Peter Bindels 🚰 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020
 Replying to @timur_audio
 They can either be perfectly unbiased or constant time. The std ones are perfectly unbiased, so not constant time, only amortized constant time.


Timur Doumler 🇺🇸 @timur_audio · Jan 7, 2020
 Why are these two properties mutually exclusive?


Peter Bindels 🚰 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020
 Take a die (6-sided). Roll it. Now somehow make this into a balanced number between 1-5. 1-5 are easy - just direct map.

 You get to pick what you do with the 6. Reroll or map to some number. This is the same problem, except a 4.3 billion sided die.


Peter Bindels 🚰 ⌚ @dascandy42 · Jan 7, 2020
 And of course, if you map to some number it's biased to that number, if you reroll it *could* keep coming up 6es.