

Realtime Quiz Question 8:

Is this content not exactly what you're after?



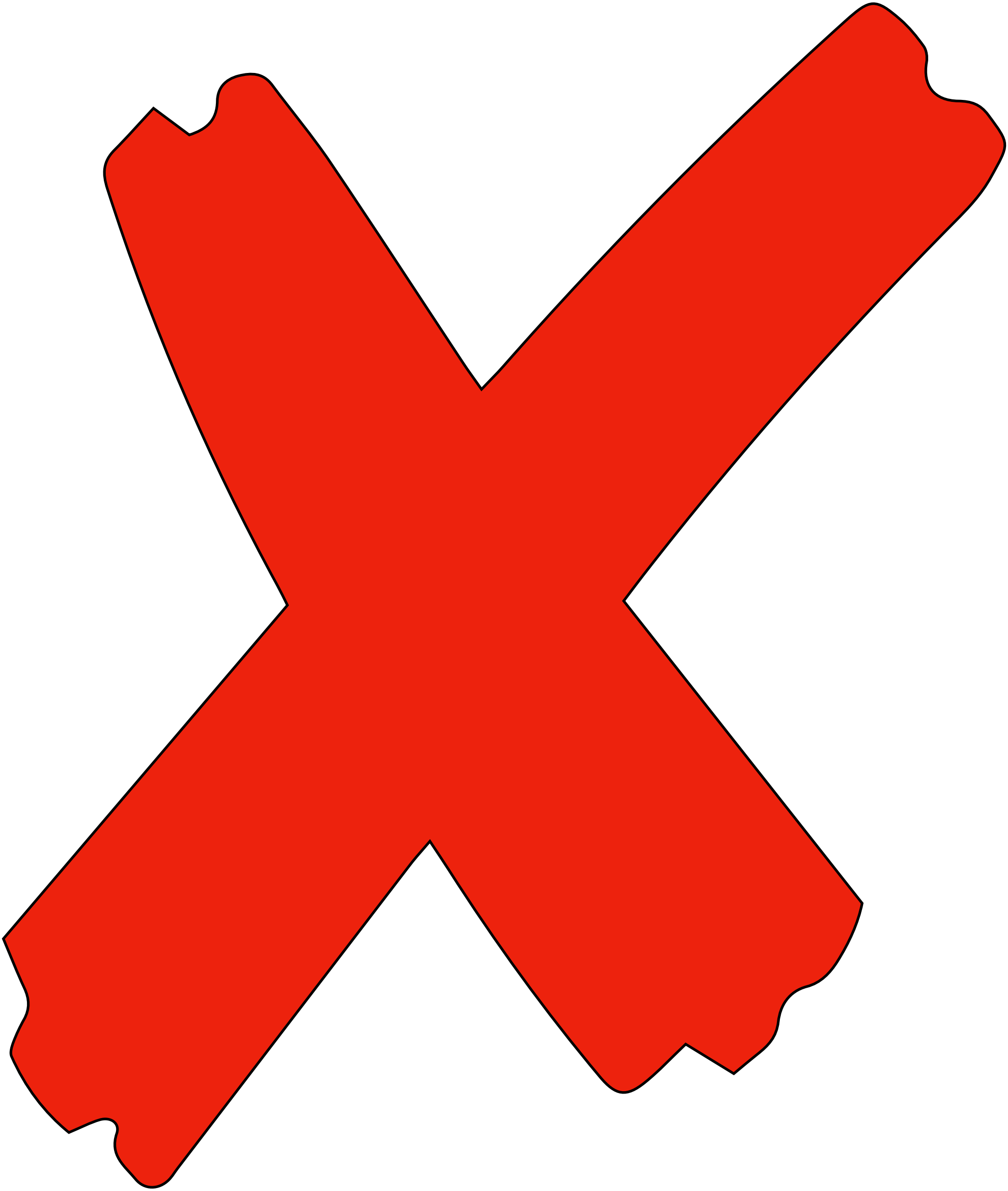
```
std::mutex m;
```

```
std::thread t1 ([&  
    {  
        std::unique_lock l (m);  
        // Do something real-time safe..  
    }]);
```

```
std::thread t2 ([&  
    {  
        std::unique_lock l (m);  
        // Do something else real-time safe..  
    }]);
```

```
t1.join();
```

```
t2.join();
```



Quiz

Real-time



Question

this

real-time



S

safe?

nutrex

unlOCK

continued



m



std::unique_lock

std::mutex

(m)!





std::shared

(

[

&

]





tinjoin()

I

O

safe.

something

read in

safe.

read = write

else

t

2

$t_2:j_0i_1(i)$

Sin #4a

You may never **take a lock** in real-time code

Normal lock: `std::mutex::lock()`

`std::mutex::lock` is wrapper around `pthread_mutex_lock` (linux source code) - edited for brevity

```
while (1) {  
    /* Try to acquire the lock through a CAS from 0 (not acquired) to our TID */  
    oldval = atomic_compare_and_exchange_val_acq (&mutex->__data.__lock,  
                                                  tid, 0);  
    if (__glibc_likely (oldval == 0))  
        break;  
    ...  
    /* Block using the futex and reload current lock value. */  
    futex_wait ((unsigned int *) &mutex->__data.__lock, oldval,  
               PTHREAD_ROBUST_MUTEX_PSHARED (mutex));  
    oldval = mutex->__data.__lock;  
}  
return;
```

Real-time safe

OS call which can
block thread

→ Lock is real-time safe as long as it's never contended

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