Package 'SimTools'

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Title Toolkit for Simulation Output Including Monte Carlo and MCMC	
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R topics documented:	
acfplot addCI boxCI boxplot.Siid convert2Smcmc densityplot getCI plot.Siid plot.Smcmc Siid Smcmc summary.Smcmc traceplot	3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 10
Index	14

2 acfplot

acfplot

ACF Plot for Markov chain Monte Carlo

Description

Autocorrelation function plots for MCMC data (including multiple chains)

Usage

```
acfplot(x,which = NULL, type = c("correlation"),
    plot = TRUE, main = NA, xlab = "Lag",
    lag.max = NULL, avg.col = "blue", chain.col = "red",
    na.action = na.fail, ...)
```

Arguments

: an 'Smcmc' class object or a list of Markov chains or a Markov chain matrix Χ which : a vector of integers indicating which components' ACF plots are needed. By default all components are drawn. : the kind of ACF plot: "correlation" or "covariance". By default it is "correlatype tion" plot : TRUE if plots are required. If FALSE, raw values are returned main : main heading of plot xlab : By default "Lag", pass another value, if you want to change. lag.max : Maximum lag for the ACF plot avg.col : color for the overall ACF of each component chain.col : color for the ACF of the individual chains. na.action : function to be called to handle missing values. 'na.pass' can be used. : Other arguments . . .

Value

returns the autocorrelation function plots of the Markov chains. Uses the more accurate globally-centered ACFs.

References

Agarwal, M., and Vats, D., "Globally-centered autocovariances in MCMC", arxiv - 2009.01799, 2020.

```
# Producing Markov chain
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
   chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]</pre>
```

addCI 3

```
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
acfplot(chain)</pre>
```

addCI

Add simultaneous confidence interval to existing plot.

Description

Adds simultaneous confidence intervals for quantiles and means to an existing plot.

Usage

Arguments

x : a 'Smcmc' class object

CIs : the output from the 'getCI' function

component : numeric indicating which component to draw the confidence intervals for bord : logical for whether a border is desired around the confidence intervals

mean : logical argument whether the mean is to be plotted

mean.color : color for the mean confidence interval quan.color : color for the quantile confidence intervals

opaq : opacity of mean.col and quan.col. A value of 0 is transparent and 1 is

completely opaque.

... : arguments passed on to the boundaries of the confidence intervals in 'seg-

ments'

Value

adds segments for confidence intervals into an already existing plot environment

```
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
    chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
plot(density(chain$stacked[,1]))
CIs <- getCI(chain)
addCI(chain, CIs, component = 1)</pre>
```

4 boxplot.Siid

boxCI

Add simultaneous confidence interval to existing boxplot

Description

Adds simultaneous confidence intervals for quantiles to an existing boxplot.

Usage

Arguments

x : a 'Smcmc' class object

ci : the output from the 'getCi' function with 'iid = TRUE'

component : vector indicating which components to draw the confidence intervals for

dimn : numeric for how many components are being plotted

quan.color : color for the quantile confidence intervalshorizontal : logical for whether boxplots are horizontal

Value

adds segments for confidence intervals into an already existing plot environment

Examples

```
output <- matrix(rnorm(3*1e3), nrow = 1e3, ncol = 3)</pre>
```

boxplot.Siid

Boxplot for Siid

Description

Boxplots with simultaenous error bars around all quantiles for iid data.

Usage

convert2Smcmc 5

Arguments

x : a 'Siid' class object

... : arguments sent to boxplot

alpha : confidence level of simultaneous confidence intervals

thresh : numeric typically less than .005 for the accuracy of the simulteaneous proce-

dure

quan.col : color for the quantile confidence intervals

opaq : opacity of mean.col and quan.col. A value of 0 is transparent and 1 is

completely opaque.

range : as defined for base boxplot width : as defined for base boxplot varwidth : as defined for base boxplot outline : as defined for base boxplot

plot : logical indicating whether the plot is to be constructed

border : as defined for base boxplot
col : as defined for base boxplot
ann : as defined for base boxplot
horizontal : as defined for base boxplot
add : as defined for base boxplot

Value

returns the base boxplot with simultaneous confidence intervals around all quantiles

References

Robertson, N., Flegal, J. M., Vats, D., and Jones, G. L., "Assessing and Visualizing Simultaneous Simulation Error", Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, 2020.

Examples

```
# Generating iid data
chain <- matrix(rnorm(3*1e3), nrow = 1e3, ncol = 3)
siid.obj <- Siid(chain)
boxplot(siid.obj)</pre>
```

convert2Smcmc

Covert to Smcmc Object

Description

To covert different MCMC objects to Smcmc object

Usage

```
convert2Smcmc(x)
```

6 densityplot

Arguments

x : a object belongs from any of "mcmc.list", "stanfit", "rstan", "array", "matrix" classes.

Value

return Smcmc object having same chain(s)

densityplot density plot form Smcmc class

Description

Density plots with simultaenous error bars around means and quantiles for MCMC data. The error bars account for the correlated nature of the process.

Usage

Arguments

x : a 'Smcmc' class object
Q : vector of quantiles

alpha : confidence level of simultaneous confidence intervals

thresh : numeric typically less than .005 for the accuracy of the simulteaneous proce-

dure

main : To add main heading

iid : logical argument for constructing density plot for iid samples. Defaults to

FALSE

mean : logical argument whether the mean is to be plotted

which : A vector of components, if you want plots of specific components.

border : whether a border is required for the simultaneous confidence intervals

mean.col : color for the mean confidence interval
quan.col : color for the quantile confidence intervals
rug : logical indicating whether a rug plot is desired

opaq : opacity of mean.col and quan.col. A value of 0 is transparent and 1 is

completely opaque.

... : arguments passed on to the density plot in base R

Value

returns a plot of the univariate density estimates with simultaneous confidence intervals wherever asked. If plot == FALSE a list of estimates and simultaneous confidence intervals.

getCI 7

References

Robertson, N., Flegal, J. M., Vats, D., and Jones, G. L., "Assessing and Visualizing Simultaneous Simulation Error", Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, 2020.

Examples

```
# Producing Markov chain
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
   chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
densityplot(chain)</pre>
```

getCI

Calculates simultaneous confidence intervals.

Description

Calculates simultaneous confidence intervals for means and quantiles as indicated for the desired MCMC output

Usage

```
getCI(x, Q = c(0.1, 0.9), alpha = 0.05, thresh = 0.001, iid = FALSE, mean = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x : a 'Smcmc' class object
Q : vector of quantiles

alpha : confidence levels of the simulatenous intervals

thresh : threshold for the optimization methodology that calculates the simultaneous

CIs

iid : logical argument for constructing density plot for iid samples. Defaults to

FALSE

mean : logical indicating whether mean is to be plotted

Value

adds segments for confidence intervals into an already existing plot environment

References

Robertson, N., Flegal, J. M., Vats, D., and Jones, G. L., "Assessing and Visualizing Simultaneous Simulation Error", Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, 2020.

8 plot.Siid

Examples

```
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
    chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
plot(density(chain$stacked[,1]))
CIs <- getCI(chain)
addCI(chain, CIs, component = 1)</pre>
```

plot.Siid

Plot Siid

Description

Density plots with simultaenous error bars around means and quantiles for iid data.

Usage

Arguments

x : a 'Siid' class object

which : if one want to plots specific components

Q : vector of quantiles

alpha : confidence level of simultaneous confidence intervals

thresh : numeric typically less than .005 for the accuracy of the simulteaneous proce-

dure

rug : logical indicating whether a rug plot is desired
plot : logical argument for is plots are to be returned
mean : logical argument whether the mean is to be plotted

border : whether a border is required for the simultaneous confidence intervals

mean.col : color for the mean confidence interval quan.col : color for the quantile confidence intervals

opaq : opacity of mean.col and quan.col. A value of 0 is transparent and 1 is

completely opaque.

auto.layout : logical argument for an automatic layout of plots

ask : activating interactive plots

main : for main heading

... : arguments passed on to the density plot in base R

plot.Smcmc 9

Value

returns a plot of the univariate density estimates with simultaneous confidence intervals wherever asked. If plot == FALSE a list of estimates and simultaneous confidence intervals.

References

Robertson, N., Flegal, J. M., Vats, D., and Jones, G. L., "Assessing and Visualizing Simultaneous Simulation Error", Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, 2020.

Examples

```
# Generating iid data
chain <- matrix(rnorm(3*1e3), nrow = 1e3, ncol = 3)
siid.obj <- Siid(chain)
plot(siid.obj)</pre>
```

plot.Smcmc

Summary plot function for Smcmc objects

Description

Plots traceplot, acfplot and densityplot of all the dimensions of chains in Smcmc object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Smcmc'
plot(x, which = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x : a 'Smcmc' class object

which : If you are intresetd in few components only

... : Other arguments

Value

return plot(s) of the all the dimensions of Smcmc object

```
# Producing Markov chain
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
   chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
plot(chain)</pre>
```

10 Smcmc

Siid Siid class

Description

Class for independent and identically distributed (iid) samples

Usage

```
Siid(data, varnames = colnames(data))
```

Arguments

data : an iid output matrix with nsim rows and p columns

varnames : a character string equal to the number of columns in data

Value

an Siid class object

Examples

```
# Generating iid data
chain <- matrix(rnorm(3*1e3), nrow = 1e3, ncol = 3)
siid.obj <- Siid(chain)</pre>
```

Smcmc

Smcmc class

Description

Smcmc class for simulated data using Markov chain Monte Carlo

Usage

```
Smcmc(data, batch.size = TRUE, stacked = TRUE, varnames = NULL)
```

Arguments

data : a list of MCMC output matrices each with 'nsim' rows and 'p' columns

batch.size : logical argument, if true, calculates the batch size appropriate for this Markov

chain. Setting to TRUE saves time in future steps.

stacked : recommended to be 'TRUE'. logical argument, if true, stores a carefully

stacked version of the MCMC output for use later.

varnames : a character string equal to the number of columns in data

Value

an Smcmc class object

summary.Smeme 11

Examples

```
# Producing Markov chain
chain <- matrix(0, nrow = 1e3, ncol = 1)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
   chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
smcmc.obj <- Smcmc(chain)</pre>
```

summary.Smcmc

Summary function for Smcmc objects

Description

To show different statistics of the Smcmc object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Smcmc'
summary(object, eps = 0.10, alpha = 0.05, Q = c(0.10, 0.90), ...)
## S3 method for class 'summary.Smcmc'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

object : a 'Smcmc' class object

eps : desired volume of the confidence region alpha : Type one error/threshold percentage error

Q : desired quantiles (vector of 2)

... : Other arguments

x : summary.Smcmc output

Value

return statistics of the all the dimensions(& chains) in Smcmc object

```
# Producing Markov chain
chain <- matrix(0, ncol = 1, nrow = 1e3)
chain[1,] <- 0
err <- rnorm(1e3)
for(i in 2:1e3)
{
   chain[i,] <- .3*chain[i-1,] + err[i]
}
chain <- Smcmc(list(chain))
summary(chain)</pre>
```

12 traceplot

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Trace Plot for Markov chain Monte Carlo

Description

traceplot is a graphical tool commonly used in Bayesian statistics and Markov Chain Monte Carlo(MCMC) methods to diagnose the convergence and mixing properties of a chain.

Usage

Arguments

x : an 'Smcmc' class object or a list of Markov chains or a Markov chain matrix

or a vector.

fast : a Boolean argument that will be set to TRUE by default, to make plots faster. which : if we want full size trace plots of specific dimensions of chain, we can pass a

vector of respective dimension/components.

col : color vector for multiple chains

xlim : range of x-axis ylim : range of y-axis

main : usual heading for plot

xlab : labels of x-axis

ylab : labels of y-axis,it should be a vector of length equal to dimension of chain.

opaq : To fix the opacity of lines as per user convenience, by default it is 0.9.

legend : Boolean argument, for making legend or not.

... : Other arguments

Value

Returns the Trace Plots of Markov Chain(s)

```
# example code
# Defining a function to produce Markov chain with dimension p and size n
MakeChain <- function(p, n , h = .5)
{
    chain <- matrix(0, nrow = n,ncol = p)
    for (i in 2:n)
    {
        prop <- chain[i-1, ] + rnorm(p, mean = 0, sd = h)
        log.ratio <- sum(dnorm(prop, log = TRUE) - dnorm(chain[i-1, ], log = TRUE))
        if(log(runif(1)) < log.ratio)
        {chain[i, ] <- prop}</pre>
```

traceplot 13

```
else{chain[i, ] <- chain[i - 1, ]}</pre>
  }
  v = vector(length = p)
  for(i in 1:p)\{v[i] = paste("Comp ",i)\}
  colnames(chain) = v
  return(chain)
}
chain1 <- MakeChain(p=4,n=1000)</pre>
chain2 <- MakeChain(p=4,n=1000)</pre>
chain3 <- MakeChain(p=4,n=1000)</pre>
out <- Smcmc(list(chain1,chain2,chain3))</pre>
traceplot(out)
chain1 <- MakeChain(p=6,n=1000)</pre>
chain2 <- MakeChain(p=6,n=1000)</pre>
chain3 <- MakeChain(p=6,n=1000)</pre>
out <- Smcmc(list(chain1,chain2,chain3))</pre>
traceplot(out)
```

Index

```
acfplot, 2
addCI, 3
as.Siid(Siid), 10
as. Smcmc (Smcmc), 10
boxCI, 4
boxplot.Siid, 4
convert2Smcmc, 5
{\tt densityplot}, {\color{red} 6}
getCI, 7
is.iid(Siid), 10
is.mcmc (Smcmc), 10
plot.Siid, 8
\verb"plot.Smcmc", 9"
print.summary.Smcmc(summary.Smcmc), 11
{\tt Siid}, \textcolor{red}{10}
Smcmc, 10
\verb|summary.Smcmc|, 11|\\
traceplot, 12
```