

Two cyclists, C and D, start at the same position and ride in the same direction. The graph of their speed vs. time behaves as follows:

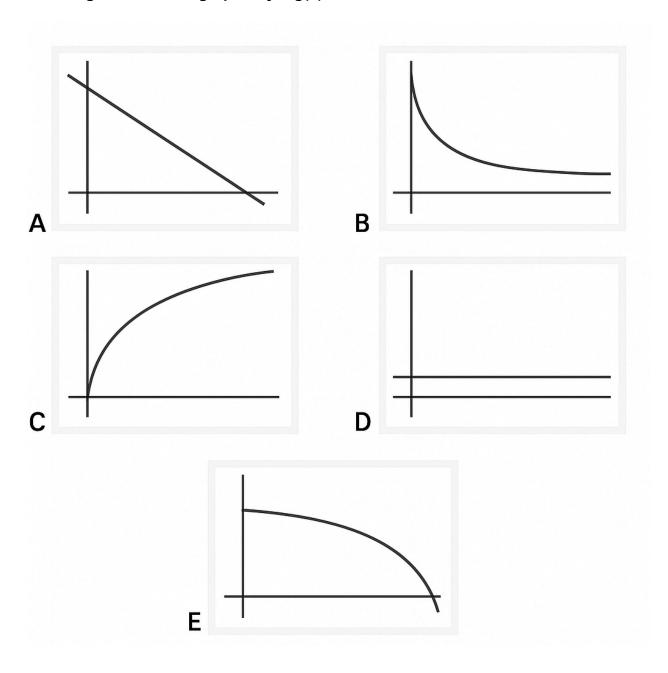
- 1. From t = 0 to t = 45 minutes, cyclist C's speed is always greater than cyclist D's.
- 2. At t = 45 minutes, their speeds are equal (the speed curves meet).
- 3. After t = 45 minutes, cyclist D's speed becomes greater than cyclist C's.

Question: At t = 45 minutes, which statement about their positions is true?

- A) Cyclist C is ahead of cyclist D.
- B) Cyclist D is ahead of cyclist C.
- C) Cyclist D is passing cyclist C at that moment.
- D) Cyclist C is passing cyclist D at that moment.

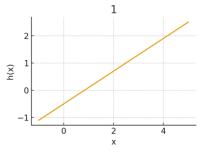
Reply with A, B, C, or D and one sentence explaining why.

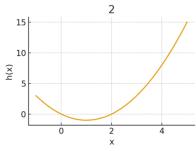
If y = g(x) is a function that is increasing at a decreasing rate, which of the following could be the graph of y = g(x)?

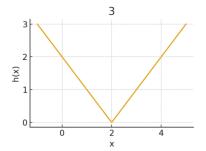


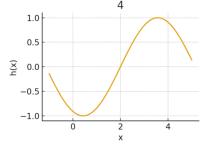
The function h has a rate of change of 0 at x = 2. Which of the graphs, numbered 1 to 5, could be the displayed graph of h?

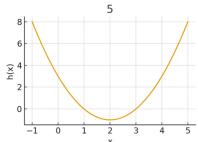
(Each graph shows a possible function h.)



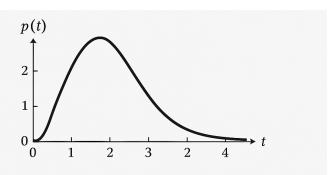






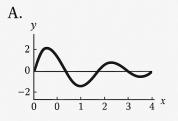


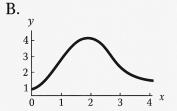
- A. Graph 1
- B. Graph 2
- C. Graph 3
- D. Graph 4
- E. Graph 5

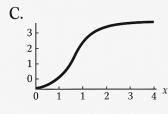


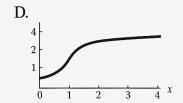
The function B(x) gives area between the graph of p(t) and the t-axis over the interval 0 < t < x.

Which of the following could be the graph of B(x)?

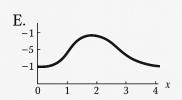












- A. Decreasing curve with oscillation around the x-axis
- B. Bell-shaped curve peaking near the middle
- C. Increasing S-shaped curve that levels off
- D. Increasing curve that rises quickly then flattens
- E. Bell-shaped curve with negative values