

Cloudy Message Passing Library

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1 Overview

The library consists of the following separate parts interacting with one another:

- <u>Protobuf</u> namespace (<u>Protocol Buffers</u> implementation)
- Messaging namespace

2 Components

2.1 Protocol Buffers - the Protobuf namespace

2.1.1 Getting Started

In order to serialize an object of the specific class you should firstly mark this class with the ProtobufSerializable attribute and each serializable field – with the ProtobufField attribute:

```
[ProtobufSerializable]
public class A
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Initializes the default values.
    /// </summary>
    public A()
    {
        B = 666;
    }
    [ProtobufField(1)]
        public uint B { get; set; }
}
```

Then you'll be able to serialize an object by creating the serializer and calling the Serialize method and deserialize calling the Deserialize method:

2.1.2 Optional and Required Fields

All properties are optional by default. This means that if a field has no value set then the related tag will not appear in a target message. This behavior is recommended because you'll not be able to remove a required field and not break a protocol.

But the possibility to define a required field there is:

```
[ProtobufField(1, required: true)]
public string D { get; set; }
```

2.1.3 Repeated Fields

The Cloudy can serialize collections. All you need is to define a property as ICollection:

```
[ProtobufField(1)]
public ICollection<uint> List { get; set; }
...
```

```
Serializer serializer = Serializer.CreateSerializer(typeof(D));
object o = new D { List = new uint[] { 1, 2, 3 } };
AssertExtensions.AreEqual(new byte[] { 0x08, 0x01, 0x08, 0x02, 0x08, 0x03 },
    serializer.Serialize(o));
```

2.1.4 Packed Repeated Fields

Packed repeated field is serialized as length-delimited field: sequentially serialized values are used instead of repeating of a single tag with a single value.

```
[ProtobufSerializable]
public class E
{
    [ProtobufField(4, packed: true)]
    public ICollection<uint> List { get; set; }
}
```

2.1.5 Types Mapping

By default the .NET types are serialized into the following Protobuf types:

.NET Type	Protobuf Type
bool	Varint
int	Signed Varint
long	Signed Varint
uint	Varint
ulong	Varint
string	String
byte[]	Length-Delimited
Guid	Length-Delimited (16 bytes)
Enum	Varint

If you want to change a target Protobuf type (e.g. serialize int as Fixed32) then you may specify the dataType parameter of the ProtobufSerializable attribute:

```
[ProtobufSerializable]
public class H
{
    [ProtobufField(2, dataType: DataType.FixedInt32)]
    public int Fixed32 { get; set; }
}
```

Data types are mapped into the target Protobuf types as follows:

DataType	Protobuf Type
Bool	Varint
Bytes	Length-Delimited
FixedInt32	Fixed32
FixedInt64	Fixed64
FixedUInt32	Fixed32
FixedUInt64	Fixed64
SignedVarint	Signed Varint
String	String
UnsignedVarint	Varint
Guid	Length-Delimited (16 bytes)

2.2 Messaging Utility Classes - the Messaging namespace

2.2.1 MessageStream

This is the utility class for convenient sequential reading and writing of messages. Wraps a Stream object and provides the Read and Write methods. Thread-safe.

2.2.1.1 Example

```
using (MemoryStream stream = new MemoryStream())
{
    MessageStream messageStream = new MessageStream(stream);
    foreach (object message in
        new object[] { new A { B = 1 }, new A { B = 2 } })
    {
        messageStream.Write(message);
    }
}
```