

Matroids And their Graphs

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1 Graphic Matroids

Question: 1 Why is G not a matroid (graphical hint)?

Question: 1 Is $P(E)$ a graphic matroid (Where $P(E)$ is the power set of the ground set E)?

Let G be a graph and I be the set of all cyclefree subgraphs of G
Let $A, B \in I$ with $|A| = |B| + 1$

To prove $I3$ of the definition of a *matroid*, We show that for some $a \in A, B \cup \{a\} \in I$ we should consider $B \cup \{a\}$ for each $a \in A$.

Proof:

Now suppose $|A| > |B|$ and that $|A| = |B| + 1$

Let $|A \cap B| = s$, $|A \setminus B| = r$, $|A| = s + r$ and $|B| = s + r - 1$,

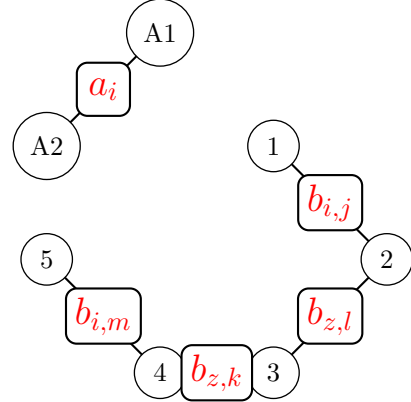
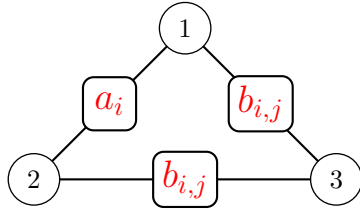
So $|B \setminus A| = r - 1$

Suppose $A \setminus B = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r\}$

Suppose $B \cup \{a_i\} \notin I$ for each $i \in \{1, 2, \dots\}$

Consider a_i for $i = 1, 2, \dots$ must be a path $b_{i1}, b_{i2}, \dots, b_{ir}$ of edges in B such that a_i make a circuit

Insert demonstration graph here!



Notation: $P(b_j, b_k)$ denotes a path in B from edges b_j to b_k

But $P(b_j, b_k) \cap A$ is not necessarily disjoint

if $P(b_j, b_k) \subset A$ then $P(b_j, b_k) \cup \{a_i\}$ would be a circuit

and then $A \notin I$, so at least one of the $(b_i \in P(b_j, b_k)) \in B \setminus A$

So we have a_1 joined to $b_1 \dots a_r$ to b_r

Case 1: The b_i 's are distinct

The b_i 's are distinct and as shown previously each of the b_i 's must be in $|B \setminus A|$ in order to avoid a circuit in A .

Therefore, $|B| \geq s + r$ as $|A| = s + r$

Contradicting $|A| > |B|$

Hence, I3 holds

Case 2: When the b_i 's are not all distinct

Let $b_1 = b_2$. Now $|A| = |B| + 2$

Again demo graph to be added depicting the two separate graphs and then the joined version highlighting b1=b2

We use the same argument as in Case 1 only in this case we need two distinct $b_i \in P(b_j, b_k)$ where $b_i \in B \setminus A$ such that $P(b_j, b_k)\{a_i\}$ is a cycle.

Otherwise, $P(b_j, b_k) \subset A$ then $P(b_j, b_k) \cup \{a_i\}$ would be a circuit and then $A \notin I$

This as before violates the maximality of A . As now, $|B| > |A|$, and we have a contradiction.

Hence I3 holds.