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★ Precode:

```
//#include <bits/stdc++.h>
//#define _
ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);
#include <algorithm>
#include <bitset>
#include <cctype>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <list>
#include <map>
#include <queue>
#include <set>
#include <sstream>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

#define all(a,b,c)      for(int I=0;I<b;I++)
a[I] = c
#define BE(a)          a.begin(),a.end()
#define chng(a,b)      a^=b^=a^=b;
#define clr(y,z)       memset(y,z,sizeof(y))
#define cntbit(mask)   __builtin_popcount(mask)
#define CROSS(a,b,c,d) ((b.x-a.x)*(d.y-c.y)-(d.x-
c.x)*(b.y-a.y))
#define EQ(a,b)        (fabs(a-b)<ERR)
#define ERR            1e-5
#define FORE(i,a)      for(typeof((a).begin()) i=(a).begin();i!=(a).end();
i++)
#define fr(i,a,b)      for(i=a;i<=b;i++)
```

```
#define fread
freopen("input.txt","r",stdin)
#define fri(a,b)      for(int i=a;i<=b;i++)
#define frj(a,b)      for(int j=a;j<=b;j++)
#define frk(a,b)      for(int k=a;k<=b;k++)
#define frl(a,b)      for(int l=a;l<=b;l++)
#define frin(a,b)     for(int i=a;i>=b;i--)
#define frjn(a,b)     for(int j=a;j>=b;j--)
#define frkn(a,b)     for(int k=a;k>=b;k--)
#define frln(a,b)     for(int l=a;l>=b;l--)
#define frn(i,a,b)    for(i=a;i>=b;i--)
#define fwrite
freopen("output.txt","w",stdout)
#define inf           (1e9)
#define inpow(a,x,y)  int i; a=x;fri(2,y)  a*=x
#define makeint(n,s)  istream(s)>>n
#define mod           1000000007
#define ISS           istream
#define ll            long long
#define oo            (1<<30)
#define OSS           ostream
#define pb            push_back
#define PI            3.141592653589793
#define pi            (2*acos(0))
#define pp            pop_back
#define PRE           1e-8
#define print1(a)     cout<<a<<endl
#define print2(a,b)   cout<<a<<" "<<b<<endl
#define print3(a,b,c) cout<<a<<" "<<b<<"
"<<c<<endl
#define rev(a)        reverse(BE(a));
#define round(i,a)    i = ( a < 0 ) ? a - 0.5 :
a + 0.5;
#define SI            set<int>
#define SII           set<int>::iterator
#define SIZE(s)       ((int)s.size())
#define saja(a)       sort(BE(a))
#define sqr(a)        ((a)*(a))
#define SZ            50005
```

```

#define SZ1          55
#define typing(j,b)  typeof((b).begin())
j=(b).begin();
#define VD           vector<double>
#define VI           vector<int>
#define VLL          vector<long long>
#define VS           vector<string>

```

★ Bellman Ford:

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#define sz 1005
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define pp pop_back()
#define inf 1e9
using namespace std;

int col[sz], cas=1;
int dist[sz], val[sz];
vector<int> adj[sz], cost[sz];

bool bellman_ford(int n)
{
    //initialize
    for (int i = 1; i<n; i++)
        dist[i]=inf;

    //relaxation of paths
    for(int k=0; k<n-1; k++)
        for (int i =0; i<n; i++)
            for (int j = 0; j<adj[i].size(); j++)

if(dist[i]+cost[i][j]<dist[adj[i][j]])
    dist[adj[i][j]] =
dist[i]+cost[i][j];

```

```

    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        val[i]=dist[i];
    bool flag=false;
    queue<int>q;

    //checking negative-cycle
    for(int k=0; k<n-1; k++)
        for (int i =0; i<n; i++)
            for (int j = 0; j<adj[i].size(); j++)

if(val[i]+cost[i][j]<val[adj[i][j]])
    q.push(i), flag=true;

    int x,len;
    while(!q.empty())
    {
        x = q.front();
        col[ x ]=cas;
        q.pop();
        len = adj[x].size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
            if(col[ adj[x][i] ]!=cas) col[
adj[x][i] ]=cas,q.push(adj[x][i]);
    }
    return flag;
}

void init(int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        adj[i].clear(),cost[i].clear();
}

int main()
{
    int t, n, m, x, y, z;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);

```

```

init(n);
for (int i = 0; i<m; i++)
{
    scanf("%d %d %d", &x, &y, &z);
    adj[y].pb(x);
    cost[y].pb(z);
}
printf("Case %d:",cas);
bool flag = false;

if(bellman_ford(n))
{
    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        if(col[i]==cas) printf(" %d", i);
    puts("");
}
else printf(" impossible\n");
cas++;
}
return 0;
}

```

★ Floyed Warshall:

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <algorithm>

#define sz 105
#define fread freopen("input.txt","r",stdin)
#define fwrite freopen("output.txt","w",stdout)
#define inf (1e8)

int adj[sz][sz];

void floyed_warshall(int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)

```

```

        for (int j = 0; j<n; j++)
        {
            if(i==j) continue;
            for (int k = 0; k<n; k++)
            {
                if(i==k || j==k) continue;
                adj[j][k] = std::min(adj[j][k],
adj[j][i]+adj[i][k]);
            }
        }
        return;
    }
}

void init(int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j<n; j++)
            adj[i][j] = inf;
        adj[i][i] = 0;
    }
    return;
}

```

★ BFS:

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#define sz 20010
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define clr(abc,z) memset(abc,z,sizeof(abc))
using namespace std;

vector<int>adj[sz];
bool col[sz];

```

```

int m[sz];
int cnt, zero[2], vis[sz];

void bfs(int x)
{
    int now, c = 0, len;
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(x);
    vis[x] = 0;
    col[x] = true;
    zero[ c ]++;
    while(!q.empty())
    {
        x = q.front();
        c = (1^vis[x]);
        len = adj[x].size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
        {
            now = adj[x][i];
            if(col[now]) continue;
            col[now] = true;
            vis[now] = c;
            zero[ c ]++;
            q.push(now);
        }
        q.pop();
    }
    return;
}

```

★ Topological Sort (Normal):

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <map>

```

```

#include <string>

#define sz 20001
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define clr(abc,z) memset(abc,z,sizeof(abc))

using namespace std;

int cnt, indeg[sz];
vector<int> adj[sz];
map<string, int> mp;

int incoming(int i, int j)
{
    return
    binary_search(adj[i].begin(), adj[i].end(), j);
}

bool topsort()
{
    queue<int> q;
    int deg=0;
    for (int i = 0; i<cnt; i++)
        if(!indeg[i]) q.push(i), deg++;
    int n, len;
    while(!q.empty())
    {
        n = q.front();
        len = adj[n].size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
            if(--indeg[ adj[n][i] ]==0)
                q.push(adj[n][i]), deg++;
        q.pop();
    }

    return cnt==deg;
}

int main()

```

```

{
    int m,t,cas=1,x1,x2,n;
    char n1[20],n2[20];
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%d", &m);
        mp.clear();
        cnt=0;
        clr(indeg,0);
        n = (m<<1);
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
            adj[i].clear();

        for (int i = 0; i<m; i++)
        {
            scanf("%s %s", n1,n2);
            if(mp.find(n1)==mp.end())
            {
                x1=cnt;
                mp[n1]=cnt++;
            }
            else x1=mp[n1];
            if(mp.find(n2)==mp.end())
            {
                x2=cnt;
                mp[n2]=cnt++;
            }
            else x2=mp[n2];
            adj[x1].pb(x2);
            indeg[x2]++;
        }

        if(topsort())printf("Case %d:
Yes\n",cas++);
        else printf("Case %d: No\n",cas++);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

```

}
/*
1
3
soda wine
water wine
wine water

2
2
soda wine
water wine
3
soda wine
water wine
wine water
*/

```

★ Dijkstra(top 2-path weight):

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#define sz 5005
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define inf (1e9)

using namespace std;

vector<int>adj[sz], cost[sz];
int nodecost[2][sz];

struct node{
    int n, w;
    node(){}
    node(int x, int y)
    {
        n = x;

```

```

        w = y;
    }
    bool operator < (const node &p) const
    {
        return w > p.w;
    }
};

priority_queue<node>q;

void dijkstra()
{
    nodecost[0][0] = 0;
    q.push(node(0,0));
    node now;
    int then, c;
    int len;
    while(!q.empty())
    {
        now = q.top();
        q.pop();
        len = adj[now.n].size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
        {
            then = adj[now.n][i];
            c = cost[now.n][i];
            if(now.w+c<nodecost[0][then])
            {
                nodecost[1][then]=nodecost[0][then];
                nodecost[0][then]= now.w+c;

                q.push(node(then,nodecost[0][then]));
            }
            else if(now.w+c<nodecost[1][then] &&
now.w+c!= nodecost[0][then])
            {
                nodecost[1][then]= now.w+c;

```

```

q.push(node(then,nodecost[1][then]));
            }
        }
    }
    return ;
}

int main()
{
    int t, n, m, cas=1, u, v, w;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        {
            adj[i].clear();
            cost[i].clear();
            nodecost[0][i] = inf;
            nodecost[1][i] = inf;
        }
        for (int i = 0; i<m; i++)
        {
            scanf("%d %d %d", &u, &v, &w);
            adj[u-1].pb(v-1);
            adj[v-1].pb(u-1);
            cost[u-1].pb(w);
            cost[v-1].pb(w);
        }
        dijkstra();
        printf("Case %d: %d\n", cas++,
nodecost[1][n-1]);
    }
    return 0;
}
/*
2
3 3

```

```

1 2 100
2 3 200
1 3 50
4 4
1 2 100
2 4 200
2 3 250
3 4 100
*/

```

★ Dijkstra:

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#define sz 155
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define inf (1e9)
using namespace std;

vector<int>adj[sz],cost[sz];
int node[sz];

struct junc{
    int u, w;
    junc(){}
    junc(int a, int c)
    {
        u = a;
        w = c;
    }
    bool operator < (const junc &p) const
    {
        return w > p.w;
    }
};

```

```

priority_queue<junc>data;
int dijkstra(int s, int e)
{
    node[s] = 0;
    data.push(junc(s,0));
    junc p;
    while(!data.empty())
    {
        p = data.top();

        for (int i = 0; i<adj[ p.u ].size(); i++)
        {
            if(node[p.u]+ cost[p.u][i]< node[
adj[p.u][i] ])
            {
                node[ adj[p.u][i] ] = node[p.u] +
cost[p.u][i];
                data.push(junc(adj[p.u][i], node[
adj[p.u][i] ]));
            }
        }
        data.pop();
    }
    return node[e];
}

int main()
{
    int t, n, m, cas=1,x,y,w;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
            adj[i].clear(), cost[i].clear(),
node[i]=inf;

        for (int i = 0; i<m; i++)
        {

```



```

        scanf("%d %d %d", &x, &y, &w);
        adj[y-1].pb(x-1);
        adj[x-1].pb(y-1);
        cost[y-1].pb(w);
        cost[x-1].pb(w);
    }

    w=dijkstra(0,n-1);
    if(w<inf) printf("Case %d: %d\n",cas++,w);
    else printf("Case %d:
Impossible\n",cas++);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

★ MST:

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <map>
#include <algorithm>

#define sz 55
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define inf (1e9)

using namespace std;

struct edge
{
    int u, v, w;
    edge() {}
    edge(int a, int b, int c)
    {
        u = a;
        v = b;
        w = c;
    }
}

```

```

    }
};
vector<edge>e;

int par[sz];

int find_par(int n)
{
    return par[n] =
(par[n]==n?n:find_par(par[n]));
}

void init(int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        par[i] = i;
    return;
}

bool comp(edge a, edge b)
{
    return a.w<b.w;
}

int mst(int n)
{
    sort(e.begin(), e.end(), comp);
    int len = e.size(), x, y, ret=0;
    vector<int>k;
    for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
    {
        x = find_par(e[i].u);
        y = find_par(e[i].v);
        if(x!=y)
        {
            par[x] = y;
            k.pb(i);
            ret+=e[i].w;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if(k.size()<n-1) return -1;
        else return ret;
    }

    map<string, int>mp;

    int main()
    {
        int t, n,m, cas=1, c;
        char line[51], line1[51];
        scanf("%d", &t);

        while(t--)
        {
            e.clear();
            n =0;
            mp.clear();
            scanf("%d", &m);

            for (int i = 0; i<m; i++)
            {
                scanf("%s %s %d", line, line1, &c);
                if(mp.find(line)==mp.end())
                    mp[line]=n++;
                if(mp.find(line1)==mp.end())mp[line1]=n++;
                e.pb(edge(mp[line],mp[line1],c));
            }

            init(n);
            c = mst(n);
            if(c!=-1)printf("Case %d: %d\n", cas++,
c);
            else printf("Case %d: Impossible\n",
cas++);
        }

        return 0;
    }

```

```

    }

```

★ Stable Marriage:

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <stack>
#define sz 200

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n,t,cas=1,x,p,q,r;
    int cand[sz][sz],comp[sz][sz];
    stack<int>qq;
    int conn[sz];
    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%d", &n);

        for (int i = n-1; i>=0; i--)
        {
            qq.push(i);
            conn[i]=-1;
        }

        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j<n; j++)
            {
                scanf("%d", &cand[i][j]);
                cand[i][j]--=(n+1);
            }
        }

        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
        {

```

```

    for (int j = 0; j<n; j++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &comp[i][j]);
        comp[i][j]--;
    }
}

while(!qq.empty())
{
    x = qq.top();
    qq.pop();
    int k = 0;
    while(cand[x][k]==-1) k++;
    p = cand[x][k];
    if(conn[p]==-1) conn[p] = x;
    else
    {
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
            if(comp[p][i]==conn[p])
            {
                q = i;
                break;
            }
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++)
            if(comp[p][i]==x)
            {
                r = i;
                break;
            }
        if(r<q)
        {
            qq.push(conn[p]);
            conn[p] = x;
        }
        else qq.push(x);
    }
    cand[x][k]=-1;
}

```

```

        printf("Case %d:",cas++);
        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++) printf(" (%d
%d)", conn[i]+1,n+i+1);
        printf("\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
/*
1
3
4 5 6
4 5 6
4 5 6
1 2 3
1 2 3
1 2 3
*/

```

★ Bigmod:

```

ll bigmod(ll B,ll P,ll M)
{
    ll R=1;
    while(P>0)
    {
        if(P%2==1)
        {
            R=(R*B)%M;
        }
        P/=2;
        B=(B*B)%M;
    }
    return R;
}

```

★ Lazy Propagation:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define _ ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);

#define sz 100010
#define ll long long
#define clr(abc,z) memset(abc,z,sizeof(abc))

using namespace std;

ll stree[(sz<<2)], scale[(sz<<2)];
bool upd[(sz<<2)];

void push_down(ll ind, ll LB, ll UB)
{
    upd[ind] = false;
    stree[ind]+=(scale[ind]*(UB-LB+1));
    if(UB!=LB)
    {
        ll c = (ind<<1);
        upd[c] = upd[c+1] = true;
        scale[c]+= scale[ind];
        scale[c+1]+= scale[ind];
    }
    scale[ind] = 0;
    return;
}

void push_up(ll ind, ll LB, ll UB)
{
    stree[ind] = stree[(ind<<1)] +
    stree[(ind<<1)+1];
    return;
}

void update(ll ind, ll LB, ll UB, ll P, ll Q, ll
val)
```

```
{
    if(upd[ind]) push_down(ind, LB, UB);
    if(P<=LB&&Q>=UB)
    {
        scale[ind]+= val;
        push_down(ind, LB, UB);
        return;
    }
    if(UB<P||LB>Q) return;
    ll mid = ((UB+LB)>>1);
    update((ind<<1), LB, mid, P,Q,val);
    update((ind<<1)+1, mid+1,UB, P,Q,val);
    push_up(ind, LB, UB);
    return;
}

ll query(ll ind, ll LB, ll UB, ll P, ll Q)
{
    if(upd[ind]) update(ind, LB, UB,P,Q,0);
    if(LB>Q||UB<P) return 0L;
    if(LB>=P&&UB<=Q) return stree[ind];
    ll mid = ((UB+LB)>>1);
    return (query((ind<<1), LB, mid, P,
Q)+query((ind<<1)+1,mid+1, UB, P,Q));
}

int main()
{
    ll t, n, q, x, y, v, w,cas=1;
    scanf("%lld", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        clr(stree,0);
        clr(upd,0);
        clr(scale,0);
        scanf("%lld %lld", &n, &q);
        printf("Case %lld:\n", cas++);
        while(q--)
```

```

    {
        scanf("%lld", &w);
        if(w)
        {
            scanf("%lld %lld", &x, &y);
            printf("%lld\n", query(1,0,n-
1,x,y));
        }
        else
        {
            scanf("%lld %lld %lld", &x, &y,
&v);
            update(1,0,n-1,x,y,v);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
/*
2
10 5
0 0 9 10
1 1 6
0 3 7 2
0 4 5 1
1 5 5
20 3
0 10 12 1
1 11 12
1 19 19
*/

```

★ Binary Search:

```

int bg=1,en=1000000011,ans;

while(bg<=en)
{

```

```

    int mid = ((bg+en)>>1);
    if(check(mid,n,m)) en = mid-1, ans = mid;
    else bg = mid+1;
}

```

★ Infix to postfix then Evalⁿ:

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int pres[200]; ///presedence of operators

string infix_to_postfix(string P)
{
    stack<char>s;
    string Q;
    int i =0;
    char element;
    while(i<P.size())
    {
        element = P[i++];
        if(isalpha(element)) Q=Q+element;
        ///operand
        else if(element == '(' || s.empty())
            s.push(element);    ///parenthesis start or
            nothing in stack
        else if(element == ')')    ///parenthesis
            end
            {
                while(s.top()!='(')
                {
                    Q=Q+s.top();
                    s.pop();
                }
                s.pop();    ///popping up the first
                parenthesis
            }
    }
}

```

```

        else
        {
            while(!s.empty() &&
pres[s.top()]>=pres[element])    ///wating for
lower presedence or stack to be empty
            {
                Q=Q+s.top();
                s.pop();
            }
            s.push(element);
        }
    }

while(!s.empty())    ///rest
{
    Q=Q+s.top();
    s.pop();
}
return Q;
}

int eval_postfix(string &exp, int val[])
{
    stack<int>s;
    int len = exp.size();
    for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
    {
        if(isalpha(exp[i])) s.push(val[exp[i]]);
        else if(exp[i]=='!')
        {
            int a = s.top();
            s.pop();
            s.push(!a);
        }
        else if(exp[i]=='&')
        {
            int a = s.top();
            s.pop();
            int b = s.top();

```

```

            s.pop();
            s.push(a&b);
        }
    }
    else if(exp[i]=='|')
    {
        int a = s.top();
        s.pop();
        int b = s.top();
        s.pop();
        s.push(a|b);
    }
}
return s.top();
}

string simplify(string s)
{
    string f;
    int len=s.size();
    for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
    {
        if(s[i]=='!')
        {
            int cnt = 0;
            while(i<len)
            {
                if(s[i]=='!') cnt++;
                else break;
                i++;
            }
            if(cnt%2) f=f+"!";
            if(i!=len)i--;
        }
        else f=f+s[i];
    }
    return f;
}

int main()

```

```

{
    int t, n, m, cas=1, val[200];
    char line[200];
    string s1,s2;

    pres['|'] = 1;
    pres['&'] = 2;
    pres['!'] = 3;

    scanf("%d", &t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%s", line);
        s1 = line;
        s1 = simplify(s1);
        s1 = infix_to_postfix(s1);

        scanf("%s", line);
        s2 = line;
        s2 = simplify(s2);
        s2 = infix_to_postfix(s2);

        set<char>ss;
        int len = s1.size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
            if(isalpha(s1[i]))ss.insert(s1[i]);
        len = s2.size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
            if(isalpha(s2[i]))ss.insert(s2[i]);
        vector<char>v(ss.begin(), ss.end());
        bool flag = true;
        len = (1<<v.size());
        int n = v.size();
        for (int i = 0; i<len; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j<n; j++)
                if(i&(1<<j)) val[ v[j] ] = 1;
                else val[ v[j] ] = 0;
        }
    }
}

```

```

if(eval_postfix(s1,val)!=eval_postfix(s2,val))
    {
        flag = false;
        break;
    }
    if(flag) printf("Case %d: Equivalent\n",
cas++);
    else printf("Case %d: Not Equivalent\n",
cas++);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

★ Sudoku Solver:

```

#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#define pb(a) push_back(a)
#define inf (1e9)
#define clr(abc,z) memset(abc,z,sizeof(abc))
using namespace std;

char grid[9][10], ans[9][10];
int limit=9,up;

int sq[9];
int column[9], row[9];
bool flag;
int quad[9][9];

struct point{
    int x, y;
};

```

```

vector<point>v;

void rec(int z)
{
    if(!flag) return;
    if(z==up)
    {
        flag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i<limit; i++)
            strcpy(ans[i],grid[i]);

        return;
    }
    int a=0, b, c=inf;
    point p;
    for (int i = 0; i<up; i++)
    {
        p = v[i];
        if(grid[p.x][p.y]!='.') continue;
        b=0;
        for (int j = 1; j<=limit; j++)
            if(!(sq[ quad[p.x][p.y] ]&(1<<j)) &&
!(column[p.y]&(1<<j)) && !(row[p.x]&(1<<j)) ) b++;
        if(b<c)
        {
            c = b;
            a = i;
        }
    }
    if(c==0) return;
    p = v[a];
    for (int j = 1; j<=limit; j++)
    {
        if(!(sq[ quad[p.x][p.y] ]&(1<<j)) &&
!(column[p.y]&(1<<j)) && !(row[p.x]&(1<<j)) )
        {
            sq[ quad[p.x][p.y] ]|=(1<<j);
            column[p.y]|=(1<<j);

            row[p.x]|=(1<<j);
            grid[p.x][p.y] = j+'0';
            if(flag) rec(z+1);
            sq[ quad[p.x][p.y] ]^=(1<<j);
            column[p.y]^=(1<<j);
            row[p.x]^=(1<<j);
            grid[p.x][p.y] = '.';
        }
    }
    return;
}

int main()
{
    int t, n=3, m, cas=1,len, cnt;
    vector<int>q;
    scanf("%d", &t);
    getchar();
    point p;
    for (int i = 0; i<limit; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j<limit; j++)
            quad[i][j] = (i/n)*n+(j/n);
    while(t--)
    {
        gets(grid[0]);
        clr(column,0);
        clr(row,0);
        clr(sq,0);
        v.clear();
        flag = true;
        for (int i = 0; i<limit; i++)
        {
            gets(grid[i]);
            for (int j = 0; j<limit; j++)
            {
                if(grid[i][j]!='.')
                {
                    m = grid[i][j] - '0';
                    sq[ quad[i][j] ]|=(1<<m);

```



```
        column[j] |= (1<<m);
        row[i] |= (1<<m);
    }
    else
    {
        p.x = i;
        p.y = j;
        v.pb(p);
    }
}
}
up = v.size();
rec(0);
printf("Case %d:\n", cas++);
for (int i = 0; i<limit; i++)
    printf("%s\n", ans[i]);
}
return 0;
}
/*
1

.46...9..
.3.1.....
.2..6..85
...87....
6...3...4
....14...
79..5..3.
.....2.4.
..2....61.
*/
```