

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of  $A_k$

$k/n$  (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of  $A_k$ )

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$  0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

$C_k$

0.150  
0.125  
0.100  
0.075  
0.050  
0.025  
0.000  
-0.025

0.00 0.05 0.10 0.16 0.23 0.32 0.42 0.54 0.68 0.82

score ( $S_{(k-1)/2}^0$  or  $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$ )

