

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of A_k

k/n (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of A_k)

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$ 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

C_k

0.04

0.02

0.00

-0.02

-0.04

-0.06

1.00

4.42

4.69

4.82

4.93

5.01

5.10

5.18

5.29

5.42

score ($S_{(k-1)/2}^0$ or $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$)

