

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of A_k

k/n (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of A_k)

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$ 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

C_k

0.04
0.02
0.00
-0.02
-0.04

1.94 4.43 4.69 4.82 4.92 5.01 5.10 5.19 5.30 5.43

score ($S_{(k-1)/2}^0$ or $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$)

