

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of  $A_k$

$k/n$  (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of  $A_k$ )

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$  0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

$C_k$

0.04

0.02

0.00

-0.02

-0.04

2.00

4.34

4.55

4.70

4.83

4.93

5.02

5.11

5.21

5.32

score ( $S_{(k-1)/2}^0$  or  $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$ )

