

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of  $A_k$

$k/n$  (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of  $A_k$ )

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$  0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

$C_k$

0.04

0.02

0.00

-0.02

-0.04

2.48 4.32 4.57 4.72 4.84 4.92 5.01 5.10 5.19 5.31

score ( $S_{(k-1)/2}^0$  or  $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$ )

