

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of A_k

k/n (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of A_k)

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$ 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

C_k

0.06
0.04
0.02
0.00
-0.02
-0.04
-0.06

2.54 4.15 4.41 4.57 4.69 4.83 4.91 4.99 5.09 5.23

score ($S_{(k-1)/2}^0$ or $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$)

