

subpop. deviation is the slope as a function of  $A_k$

$k/n$  (together with minor ticks at equispaced values of  $A_k$ )

0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

$A_k=0.10$  0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90

$C_k$

0.04

0.02

0.00

-0.02

-0.04

1.00 4.38 4.66 4.78 4.90 4.98 5.06 5.15 5.24 5.37

score ( $S_{(k-1)/2}^0$  or  $S_{(k-2)/2}^1$ )

