Data Visualization with Esquisse

Esquisse Package

```r
# install.packages("esquisse")
library(esquisse)
```

Esquisse Package

The `esquisse` [package](#) is helpful for getting used to creating plots in R.
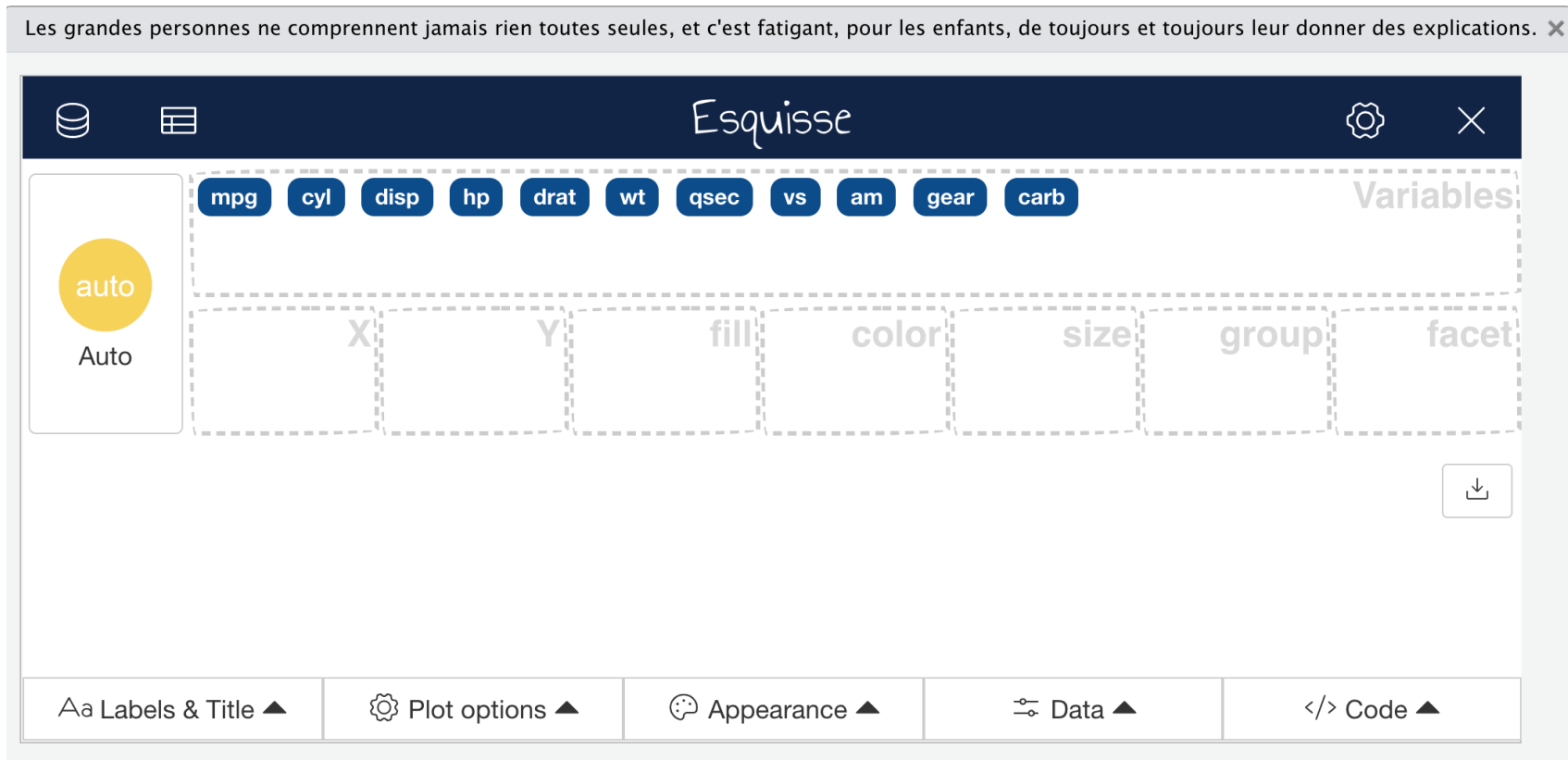
It is an interactive tool to help you in RStudio.

It's super **nifty**!

We don't make mistakes - we just have happy accidents.

Starting a plot

Using the `esquisser()` function you can start creating a plot for a `data.frame` or `tibble`. That's it!

`esquisser(mtcars)`

Les grandes personnes ne comprennent jamais rien toutes seules, et c'est fatigant, pour les enfants, de toujours et toujours leur donner des explications. ✖

Esquisse

| mpg | cyl | disp | hp | drat | wt | qsec | vs | am | gear | carb | Variables |

auto
Auto

X   Y   fill   color   size   group   facet

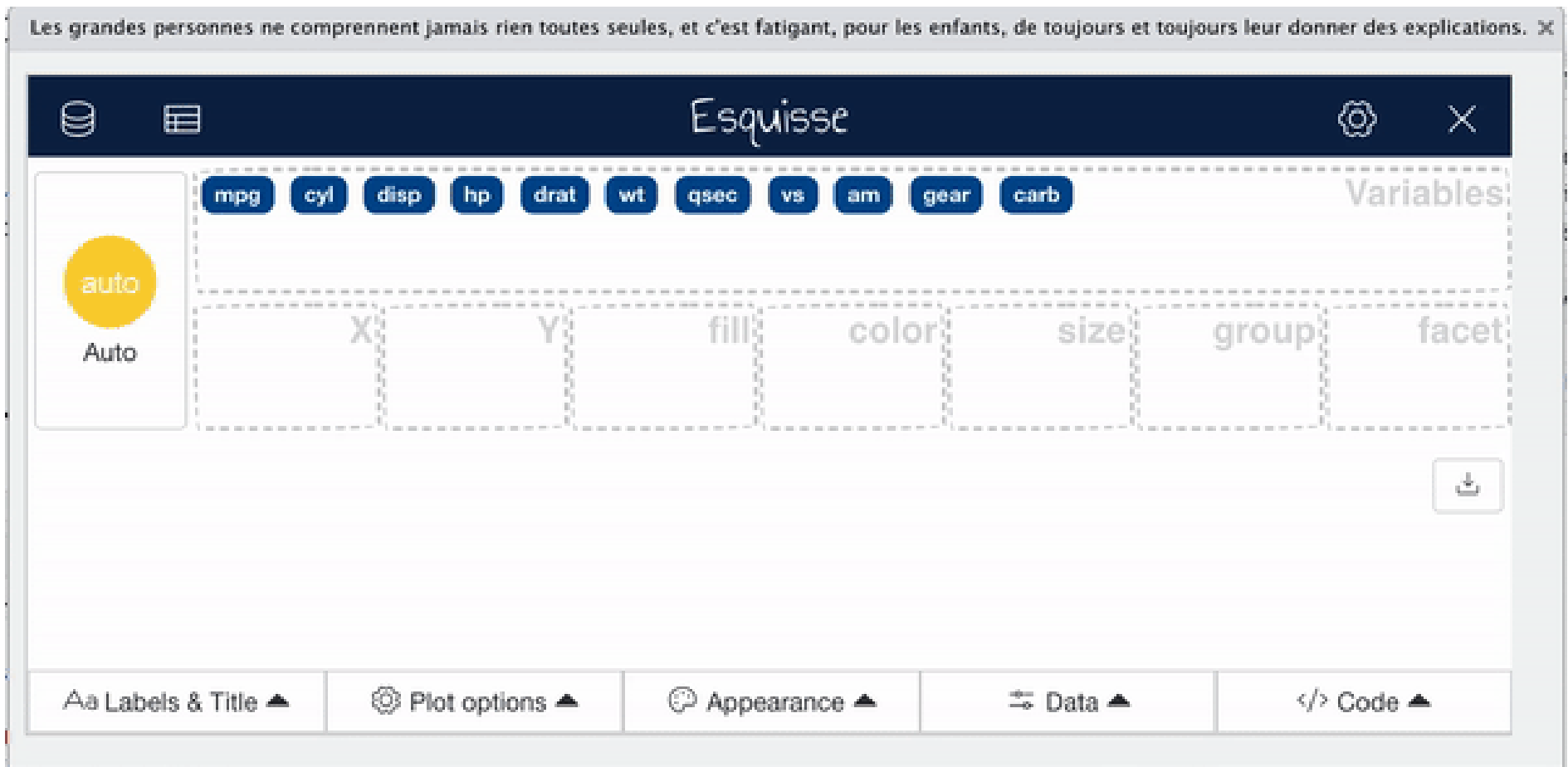Aa Labels & Title ▲ | ⚙ Plot options ▲ | ☺ Appearance ▲ | Data ▲ | </> Code ▲

Show the plot in the browser

```
esquisse::esquisser(iris, viewer = "browser")
```
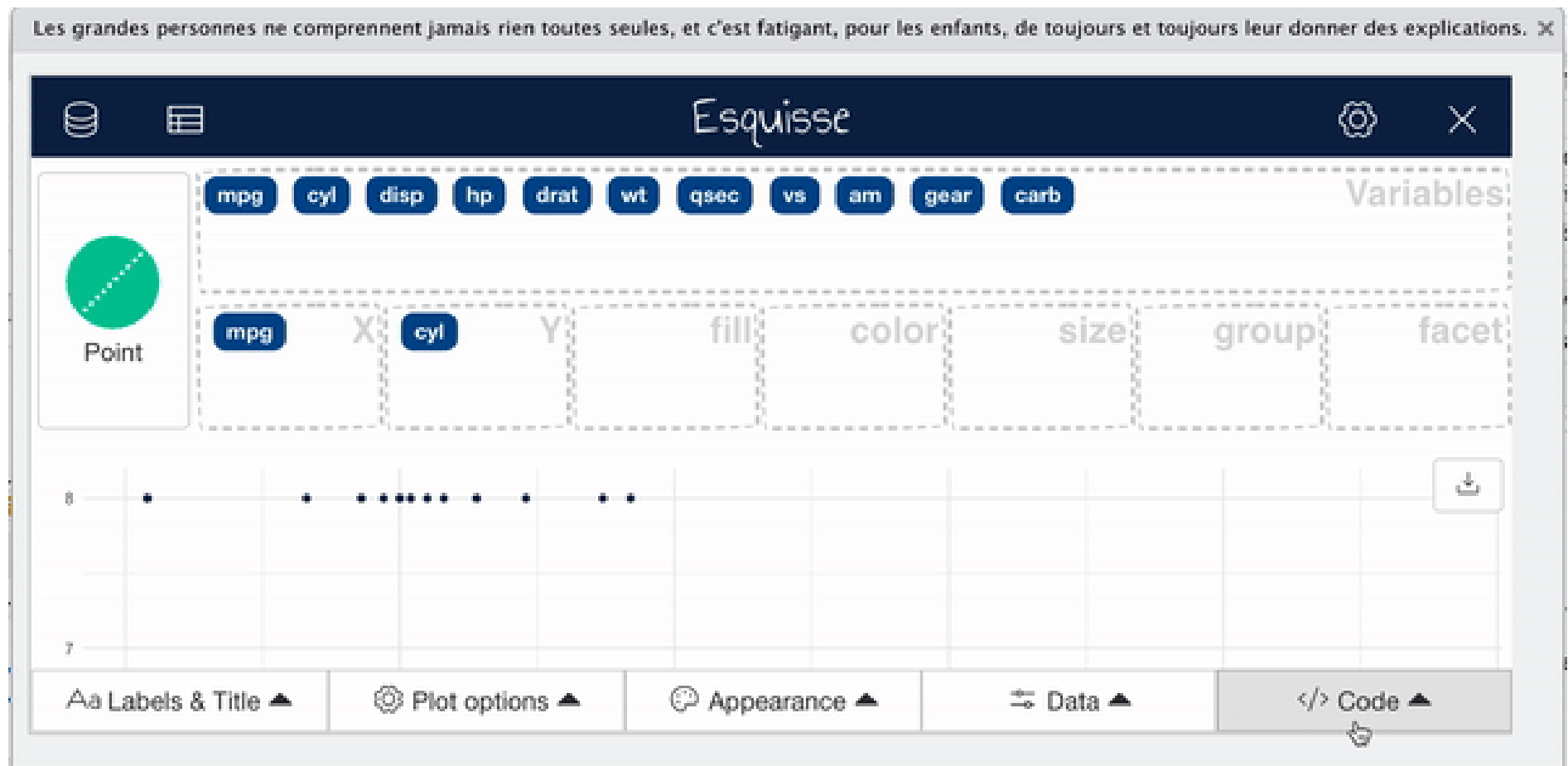
Select Variables

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.

Find code

To select variables you can drag and drop variables to the respective axis that you would like the variable to be plotted on.

Change plot type

`esquisse` automatically assumes a plot type, but you might want to change this.
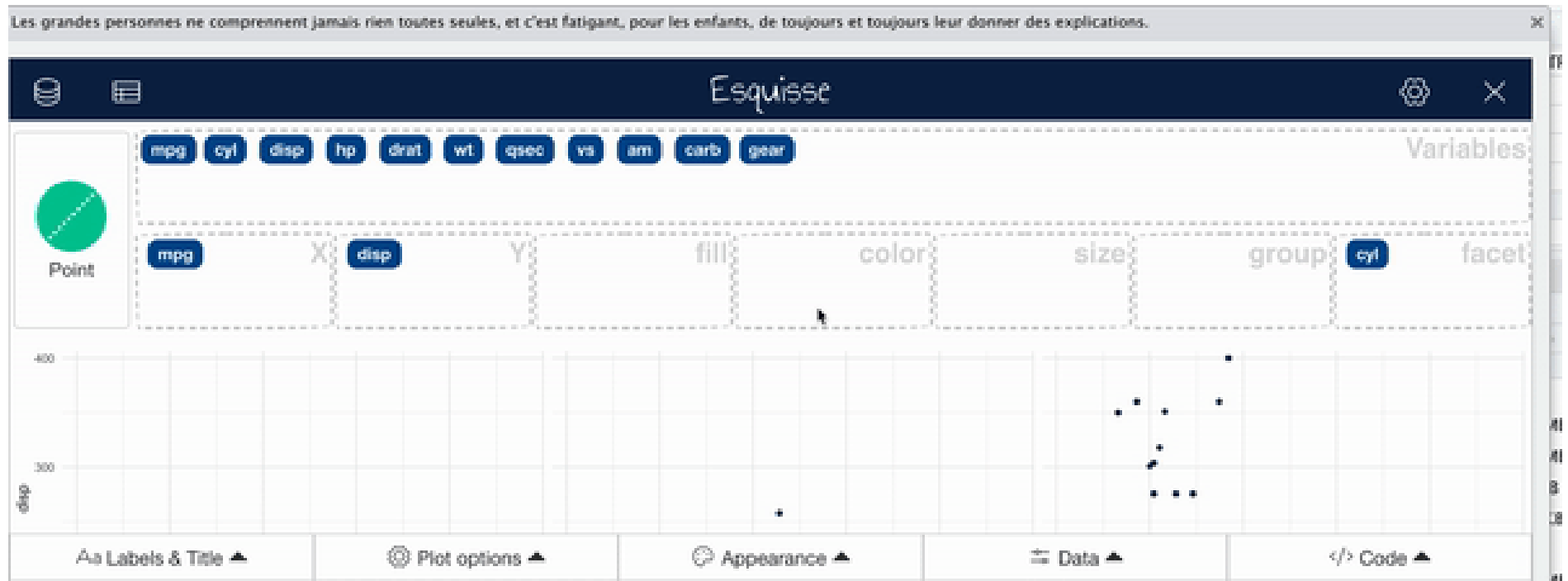
Add Facets

Facets create multiple plots based on the different values of a variable.

Add size

Sometimes it is useful to change the way points are plotted so that size represents a variable. This can especially be helpful if you need your plot to be black and white.
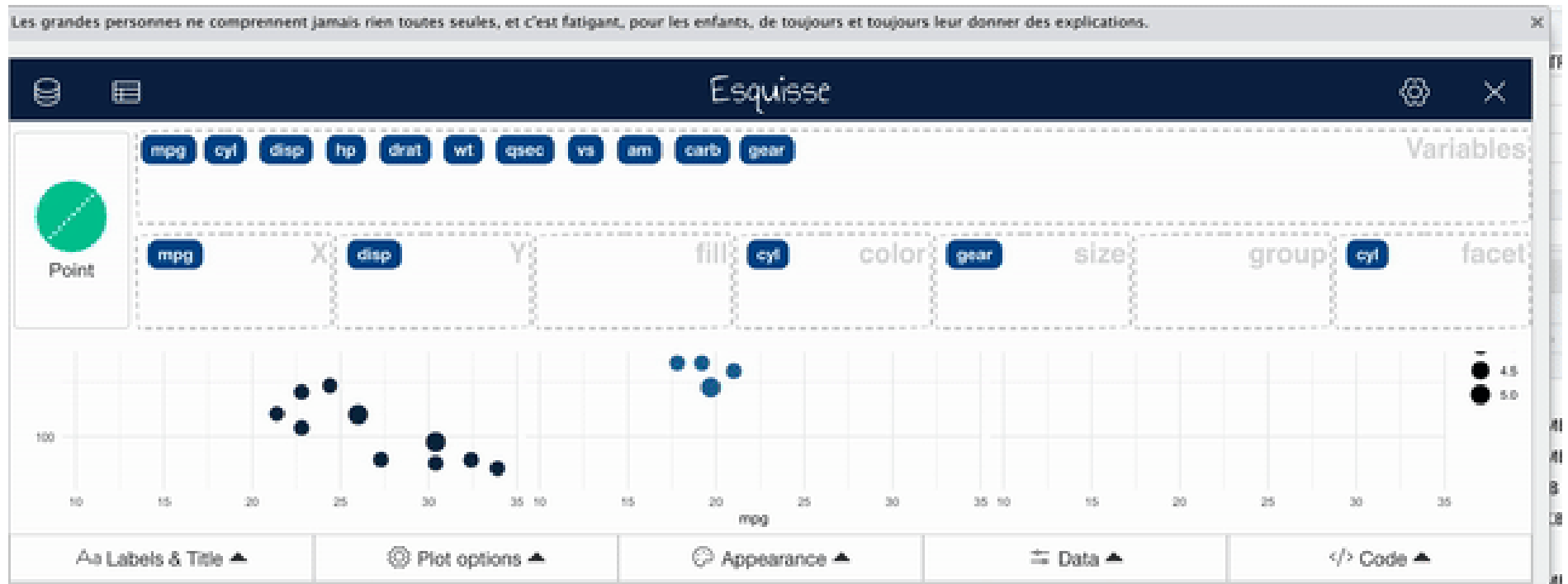
Add color

For plots with points use the color region to change coloring according to a variable. (use "fill" for bar plots)
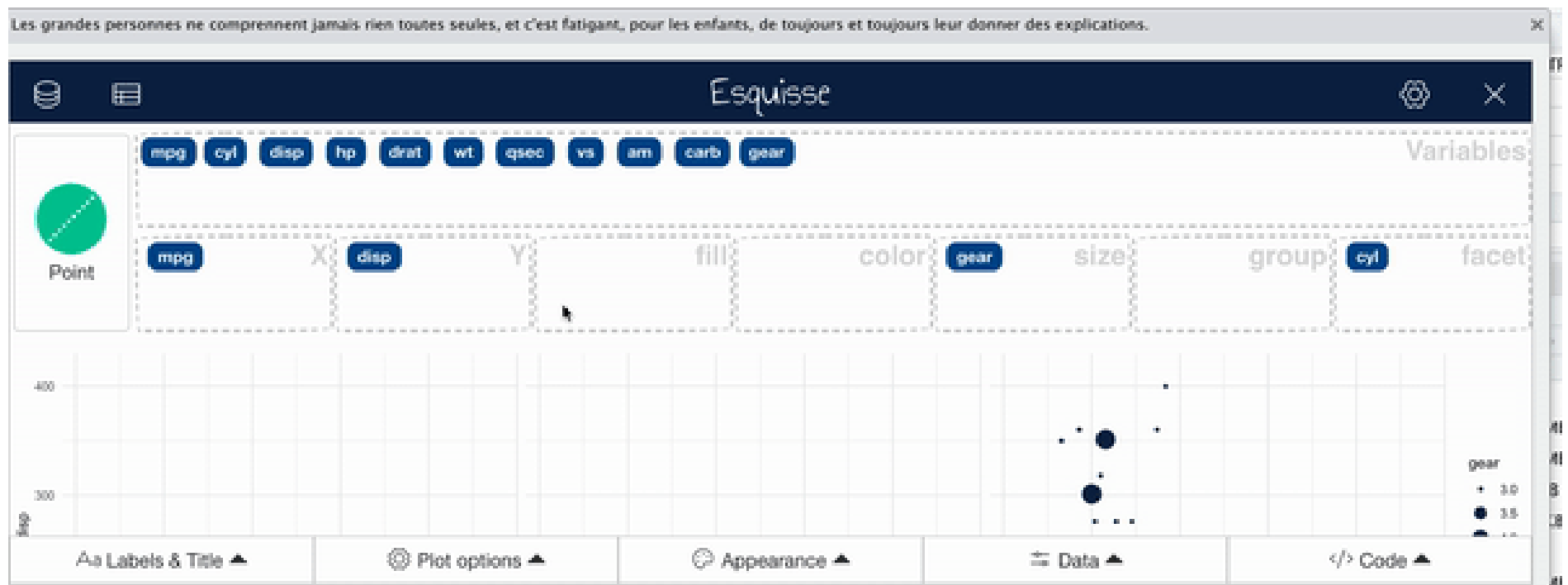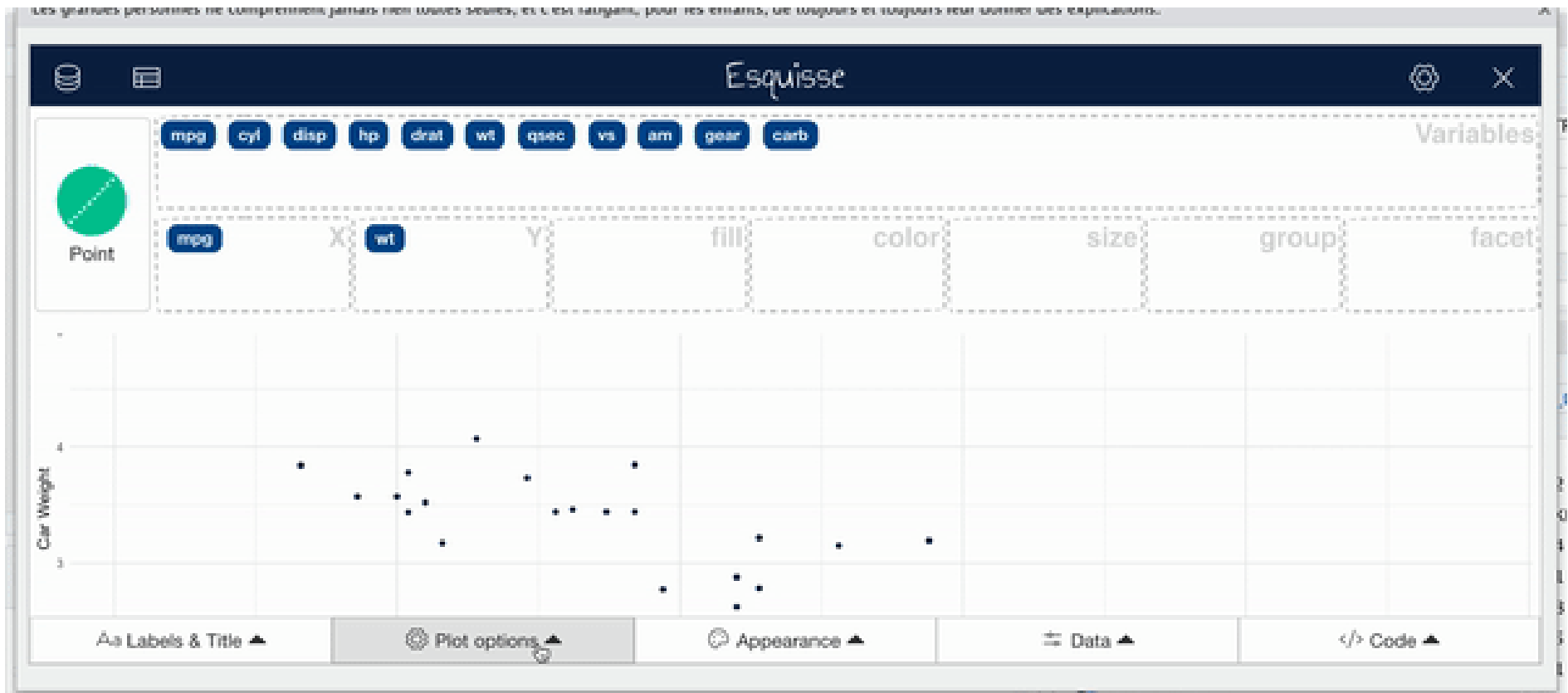
Appearance

You can change the overall appearance with the appearance tab.
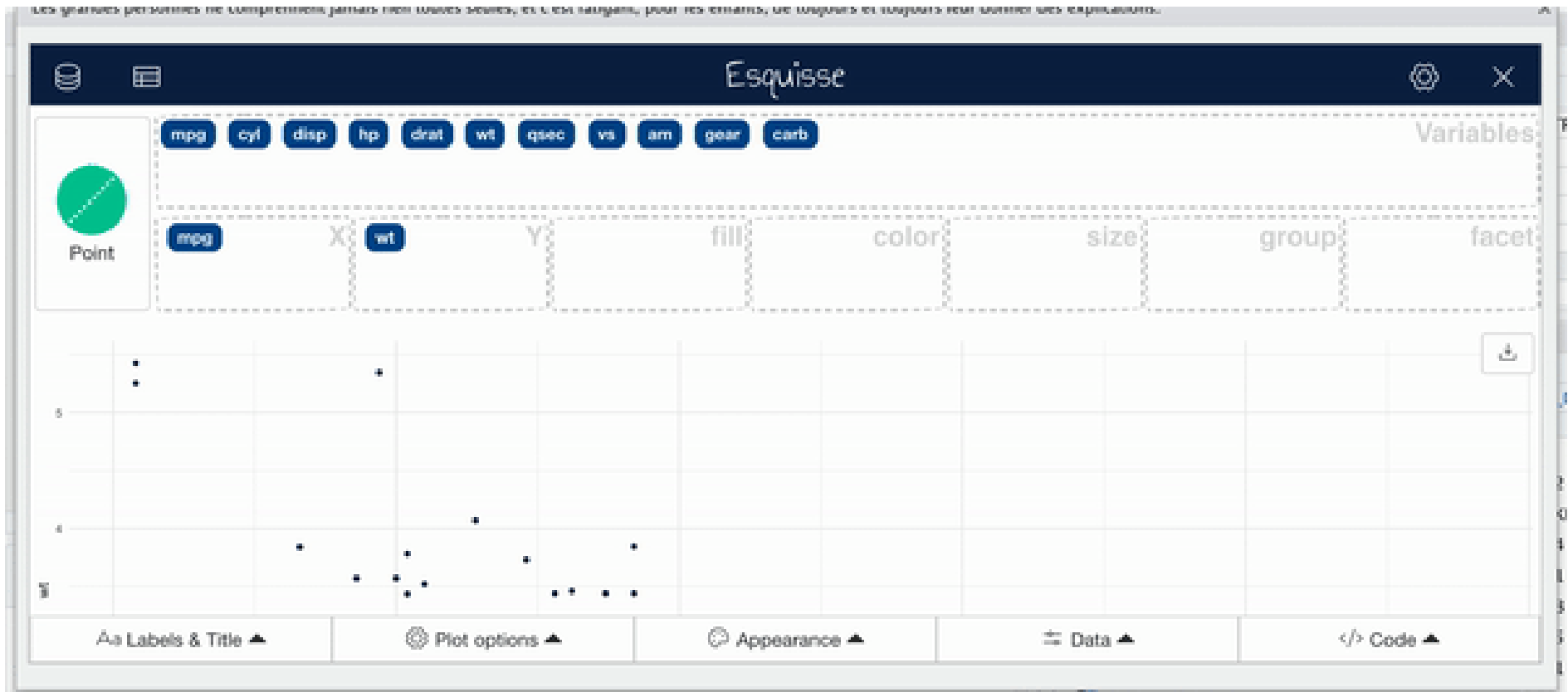
Smooth Lines

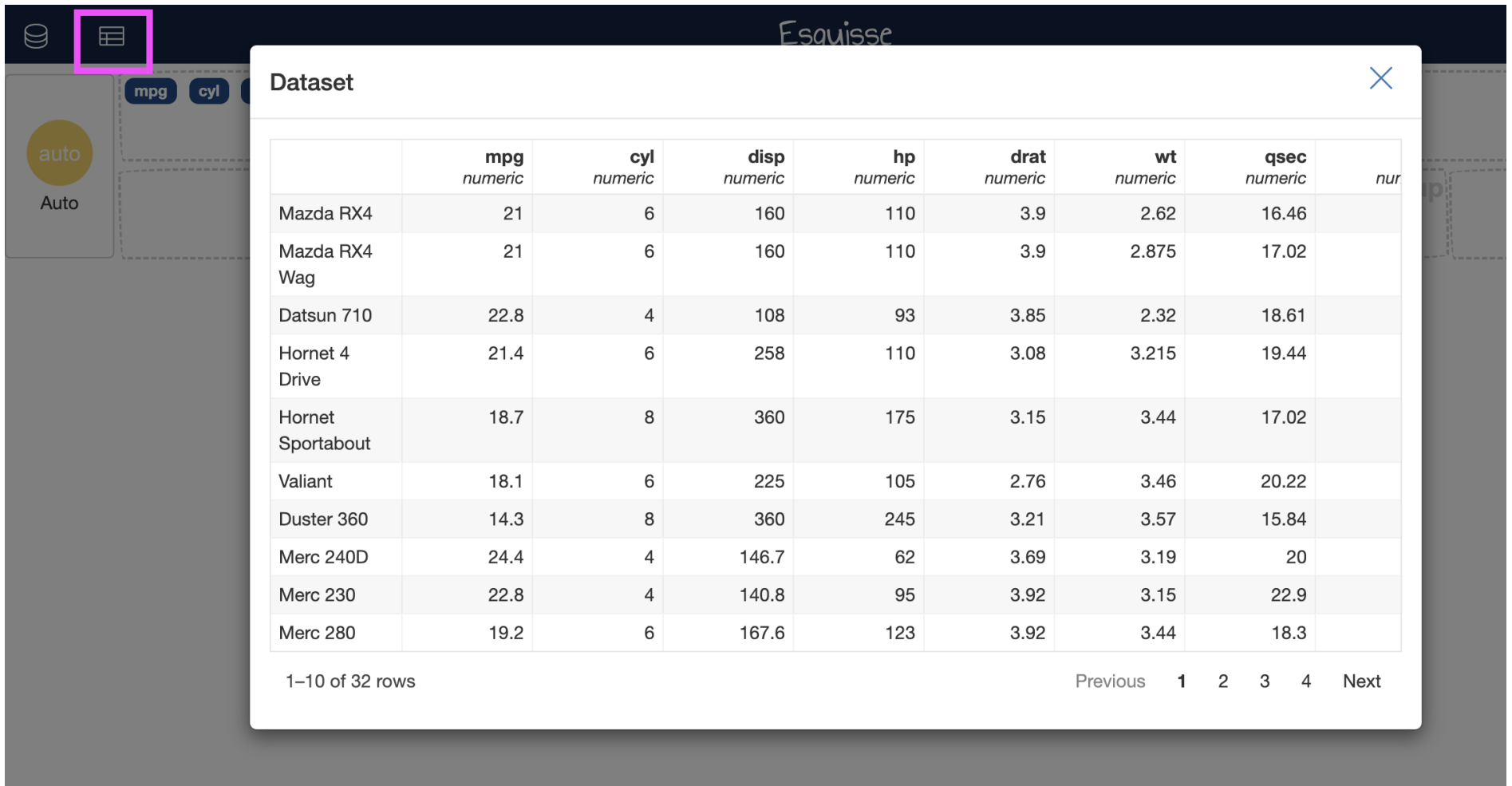Especially when you have a scatter plot, it can be helpful to add a smooth/trend line.

Change titles

To change titles on your plot, use the titles tab.

View data

You can also easily view data

Dataset

	mpg *numeric*	cyl *numeric*	disp *numeric*	hp *numeric*	drat *numeric*	wt *numeric*	qsec *numeric*	*nur*
Mazda RX4	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.62	16.46	
Mazda RX4 Wag	21	6	160	110	3.9	2.875	17.02	
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.32	18.61	
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.44	17.02	
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.46	20.22	
Duster 360	14.3	8	360	245	3.21	3.57	15.84	
Merc 240D	24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.19	20	
Merc 230	22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.15	22.9	
Merc 280	19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.3	

1–10 of 32 rows   Previous **1** 2 3 4 Next

Interrupting Esquisse

You'll need to "interrupt" Esquisse to launch it with a new dataset.

Use the stop button or press ctrl+c to stop the Esquisse app.

If you don't see the stop button, you need to resize your window.
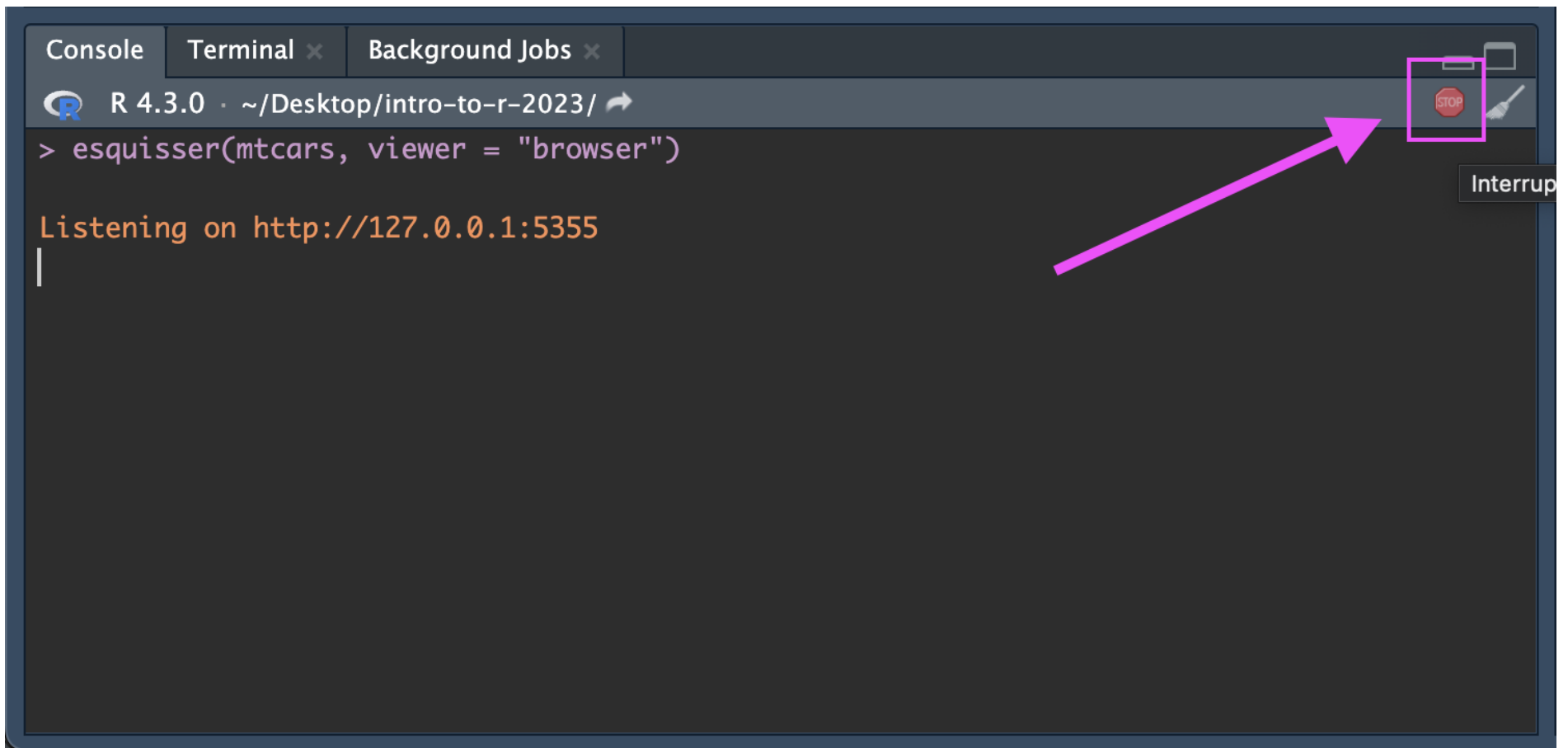
Wide & Long Data Example

Let's examine a subset of the dataset for heat-related ER visits in Colorado, showing only data for Boulder and Denver counties.

```
library(dasehr)
library(dplyr)

wide_heat <- CO_heat_ER_wide
glimpse(wide_heat)

## Rows: 2
## Columns: 13
## $ county <chr> "Boulder", "Denver"
## $ `2011` <dbl> 4.034535, 7.114236
## $ `2012` <dbl> 4.079101, 6.793702
## $ `2013` <dbl> 3.792548, 2.945863
## $ `2014` <dbl> 6.290258, 3.556912
## $ `2015` <dbl> 4.755544, 3.843781
## $ `2016` <dbl> 5.676678, 6.182937
## $ `2017` <dbl> 3.509453, 3.315021
## $ `2018` <dbl> 5.07285, 5.80526
## $ `2019` <dbl> 3.706147, 4.537266
## $ `2020` <dbl> 3.641105, 4.422049
## $ `2021` <dbl> 5.512484, 3.847478
## $ `2022` <dbl> 5.484899, 6.475107
```

Long Data

```r
library(tidyr)
long_heat <- wide_heat %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = starts_with("20"),
    names_to = "year",
    values_to = "visit_rate"
  )
```

Long Data

```
glimpse(long_heat)

## Rows: 24
## Columns: 3
## $ county     <chr> "Boulder", "Boulder", "Boulder", "Boulder", "Boulder", "Bo
## $ year       <chr> "2011", "2012", "2013", "2014", "2015", "2016", "2017", "2
## $ visit_rate <dbl> 4.034535, 4.079101, 3.792548, 6.290258, 4.755544, 5.676678
```

Make a plot of visit rates by year for different counties

```
esquisser(wide_heat) # county as x...? Tricky!
esquisser(long_heat) #county as x, visit rate as y, year as fill
```

Some Alternatives to **esquisse**

- `ggquickeda`: https://smouksassi.github.io/ggquickeda/

- `ggraptR`: https://github.com/cargomoose/ggraptR/

- `autoplot` can be helpful for some packages (see this blog post)

Summary

- Use the `esquisser()` function on a dataset

- Use the `viewer = "browser"` argument to launch in your browser.

- Code from Esquisse can copied into code chunks to be generated in the "Plots" pane

- It's easier if your code is in "long" form!

Lab

- [Class Website](#)

- [Lab](#)

Image by Gerd Altmann from Pixabay