



Typed translations

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Common solutions

ngx-translate

3rd party solution

Widely used

Can be lazy loaded

Usage is (im-pure) pipe and translation “keys”

Angular i18n

Integrated solution

Not so widely used

App is build for each locale

Usage is template attribute and translation id



What can be improved

- Simple way to check if **all translation** files are **correct**
- A way to check that **keys** used to access translation are **valid**

TypeScript knows all we need and dependency injection will provide the way, with just a little bit of router's elegant lazy-loading



Translation object and its type

```
1 export const englishTranslation = {
2   language: 'English',
3   home: { // object containing multiple translations
4     title: 'Home works!', // plain string translation
5     desc: 'This is description',
6   },
7
8   // simple function using string literal and interpolation
9   // see the cs.translation.ts for another example
10  langsSupported: (n: number) =>
11    `This demo supports ${n} language${n === 1 ? '' : 's'}.`,
12 };
13
14 export type Translation = typeof englishTranslation;
```



Translated component

```
1 @Component(  
2   selector: 'app-example',  
3   template: `<h2>{{lang.home.title}}</h2>`,  
4 )  
5 export class ExampleComponent {  
6   constructor(@Inject(TRANSLATION) public lang: Translation) {  
7     console.log('current language is', lang.language);  
8   }  
9 }
```



Auto-completion IDE support

```
lang.  
  language string  
  home { title: string; }  
  info { title: string; }  
  langsSupported (n: number) => string
```

Intellisense for translations (WebStorm)

```
lang.  
  home  
  info  
  langsSupported  
  language
```

(property) langsSupported: (n: number) => string

Auto-completion of the available translation values (VS Code)



Type IDE support

```
language: 'English',
home: {
  title: 'Home works!',
},
info: {
  title: 'Info works!',
},
property language
<h2>{{lang.language}}</h2>
```

Type is supported even in a template (WebStorm)

Help with inherited type interface and
error for an invalid key (VS Code)

```
(parameter) lang: {
  language: string;
  home: {
    title: string;
  };
  info: {
    title: string;
  };
  langsSupported: (n: number) => string;
}
lang.wrongKey;
```

No more missing
translations

Errors are caught at
compile time





Some of the caught errors

```
ERROR in src/app/i18n/cs.translation.ts(5,3): error TS2322: Type '{ title: string; }' is not assignable to type '{ title: string; subtitle: string; }'.  
  Property 'subtitle' is missing in type '{ title: string; }'.
```

Error after adding subtitle to only one of the translations

```
ERROR in src/app/site/site.component.ts(44,22): error TS2339: Property 'wrongKey' does not exist on type  
'{ language: string; home: { title: string; }; info: { title: string; }; langsSupported: (n: number) => string; }'.
```

Error when trying to access non-existing translation with invalid key



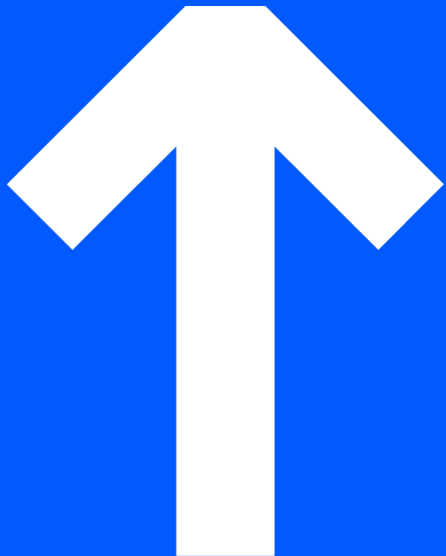
Pros

- No missing (untranslated) keys and parts of the application
- A quick way to validate multiple translate files (objects) compatibility
- Type-safe translation
 - ◆ the compiler will tell if something is not in order
- Translation data lazy-loaded with route module
- Instant
 - ◆ nothing needs to be dynamically loaded
- No need for in-template impure pipes
- Translation type can be inherited from default translation
- Routes are prefixed with language/i18n abbreviation
 - ◆ They can be localized entirely
- Translations can be strings, functions, string literal or any custom format



Cons

- A requirement of lazy-loading route modules
(if we want the `il8n` modules and translations lazy-loaded)
- Loading translation dynamically from another source (server) is a bit tricky and require extra steps



Demo time!

github.com/vmasek/angular-typed-translations-demo



Angular typed translations demo

English

1. [English \(en\)](#)
2. [Czech \(cs\)](#)

- [home](#)
- [info](#)

Home works!

This demo supports 2 languages.

The screenshot shows a web browser at <http://localhost:4200/en/home> displaying the Angular typed translations demo. The page content includes the title "Angular typed translations demo", a section "English", a list of links (English (en), Czech (cs), home, info), and the text "Home works!" and "This demo supports 2 languages.".

The Chrome DevTools Network tab is open, showing the list of requests. The selected request is `runtime.js`, which is a JavaScript file. The preview pane shows the content of the file, which is a module definition for the application. The code includes comments and a function that returns the supported languages.

```
1 [window["webpackJsonp"] = window["webpackJsonp"]
2
3 /**/ " ./src/app/i18n/en.translation.ts":
4 /**/
5 /**/ ./src/app/i18n/en.translation.ts /**/
6 /**/
7 /**/ exports provided: en /**/
8 /**/ (function(module, __webpack_exports__, __we
9
10 "use strict";
11 __webpack_require__._r( __webpack_exports_);
12 /** harmony export (binding) */ __webpack_require
13 var en = {
14   language: 'English',
15   home: {
16     title: 'Home works!',
17   },
18   info: {
19     title: 'Info works!',
20   },
21   // simple function using string literal and
22   // see the cs.translation.ts for another exam
23   langsSupported: function (n) { return "This c
24 };
25 // TODO : pridej do blogpostu error kompilacne
26 // asi aj optimalizuj image
27
```



Q&A

Read more at
[bit.ly / typed-translations](https://bit.ly/typed-translations)

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