# **Python Assignment Questions (100)**

#### 1. Variables

- Q1. What is a variable in Python?
- Q2. How do you assign a value to a variable?
- Q3. Can you reassign a variable to a different data type?
- Q4. Explain variable naming conventions in Python.
- Q5. What is the difference between mutable and immutable variables?
- Q6. Write a Python program to assign your name to a variable and print it.
- Q7. Create three variables and assign them different data types.
- Q8. How do you delete a variable in Python?
- Q9. What happens if you try to use a variable before declaring it?
- Q10. Explain the use of variables inside a function.

#### 2. Identifiers

- Q11. What are valid identifiers in Python?
- Q12. Give 5 examples of valid and invalid identifiers.
- Q13. Why can't Python keywords be used as identifiers?
- Q14. Is 'my-variable' a valid identifier?
- Q15. Are identifiers case-sensitive in Python?
- Q16. Can identifiers start with an underscore?
- Q17. What is the purpose of using descriptive identifiers?
- Q18. Differentiate between identifiers and variables.
- Q19. Is 'class' a valid identifier? Why or why not?
- Q20. How do naming conventions affect readability in code?

#### 3. Operators

- Q21. What are the different types of operators in Python?
- Q22. Write a program to demonstrate arithmetic operators.

- Q23. What is the result of 5 \*\* 3 in Python?
- Q24. Explain the difference between / and // operators.
- Q25. How does the modulo operator work? Give an example.
- Q26. Demonstrate logical operators with truth tables.
- Q27. Write a Python program using comparison operators.
- Q28. Use assignment operators to update a variable.
- Q29. What is the output of: a = 5; b = a += 2?
- Q30. What are identity operators? Provide examples.

# 4. Strings - Indexing and Slicing

- Q31. What is indexing in strings?
- Q32. Demonstrate accessing the 3rd character of a string.
- Q33. Explain slicing with an example.
- Q34. What is negative indexing? Show with an example.
- Q35. Write a program to print every second character in a string.
- Q36. Get a substring from index 2 to 6 of the string 'Programming'.
- Q37. Write code to reverse a string using slicing.
- Q38. What will be the result of 'hello'[1:4]?
- Q39. What happens when slicing indexes are out of range?
- Q40. How do you get the last character of a string?

# 5. String Methods

- Q41. Write a program to convert a string to uppercase.
- Q42. Demonstrate use of .lower(), .capitalize() and .title().
- Q43. What does .strip() do? Show an example.
- Q44. Replace 'cat' with 'dog' in the string 'The cat sat there'.
- Q45. Use .find() to locate a substring.
- Q46. How does .split() work? Give an example.
- Q47. Combine a list of words into a single string using .join().

- Q48. What is the use of .isdigit() and .isalpha()?
- Q49. Write a program to count the number of 'a's in a string.
- Q50. Demonstrate chaining multiple string methods together.

## 6. f-strings and .format

- Q51. Write a program using f-string to print name and age.
- Q52. Demonstrate the use of .format() with placeholders.
- Q53. Compare f-strings with .format() method.
- Q54. Format a float value to 2 decimal places using f-string.
- Q55. Create a sentence using named placeholders with .format().
- Q56. How do you insert variables inside a string using f-string?
- Q57. Align a string to the center using format syntax.
- Q58. Display leading zeros in a number using .format().
- Q59. Create a multiline formatted string using f-string.
- Q60. Use f-string to embed an expression like 2+2.

## 7. Python Basics

- Q61. List basic data types in Python.
- Q62. What is a keyword? Give 5 examples.
- Q63. Write a program to swap two numbers without a third variable.
- Q64. What is indentation and why is it important?
- Q65. Define a function and call it in Python.
- Q66. Explain the use of the input() function.
- Q67. What is the purpose of print()? How to print multiple values?
- Q68. What are comments in Python? Write single and multi-line comments.
- Q69. Write a program to take name and age from user and print.
- Q70. Create a Python file and run it from terminal or command prompt.

#### 8. Coding Questions Related to Strings

Q71. Write a program to reverse a string without using [::-1].

- Q72. Count the number of vowels and consonants in a string.
- Q73. Check if a string is a palindrome.
- Q74. Remove duplicate characters from a string.
- Q75. Find the first non-repeating character in a string.
- Q76. Check if two strings are anagrams.
- Q77. Write a program to print all substrings of a string.
- Q78. Find the longest word in a sentence.
- Q79. Capitalize the first letter of every word.
- Q80. Count how many times a character appears in a string.

# 9. Python Typecasting

- Q81. Convert string '123' to int and perform addition.
- Q82. Convert integer 456 to string and concatenate with another string.
- Q83. Convert float 45.67 to int and observe the result.
- Q84. Convert boolean True to int and False to int.
- Q85. Convert int 100 to float and check its type.
- Q86. Take user input and convert to integer safely.
- Q87. What is the output of str(5+3)? Explain.
- Q88. Convert a list of numeric strings to integers using map().
- Q89. Convert string '12.5' to float and round it.
- Q90. Explain implicit vs explicit type casting with examples.

#### 10. Extra Practice Coding

- Q91. Find all words longer than 5 characters in a sentence.
- Q92. Remove punctuation from a string.
- Q93. Write a program to change case of each character in a string.
- Q94. Create a program that counts the occurrence of each word.
- Q95. Extract digits from a string and form a new number.
- Q96. Write a function to check if a string contains only digits.

- Q97. Create a function to remove vowels from a string.
- Q98. Write a function to check if a character is uppercase.
- Q99. Replace spaces with hyphens in a string.
- Q100. Convert a sentence to camelCase format.