

#### **GISTIC Documentation**

**Description:** Genomic Identification of Significant Targets in Cancer

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### Summary

The GISTIC module identifies regions of the genome that are significantly amplified or deleted across a set of samples. Each aberration is assigned a Gscore that considers the amplitude of the aberration as well as the frequency of its occurrence across samples. False Discovery Rate q-values are then calculated for the aberrant regions, and regions with q-values below a userdefined threshold are considered significant. For each significant region, a "peak region" is identified, which is the part of the aberrant region with greatest amplitude and frequency of alteration. In addition, a "wide peak" is determined using a leave-one-out algorithm to allow for errors in the boundaries in a single sample. The "wide peak" boundaries are more robust for identifying the most likely gene targets in the region. Each significantly aberrant region is also tested to determine whether it results primarily from broad events (longer than half a chromosome arm), focal events, or significant levels of both. The GISTIC module reports the genomic locations and calculated q-values for the aberrant regions. It identifies the samples that exhibit each significant amplification or deletion, and it lists genes found in each "wide peak" region.

#### References

 Beroukhim R, Getz G, et al. (2007). "Assessing the significance of chromosomal abberations in cancer: Methodology and application to glioma." Proc Natl Acad Sci, 104:20007-20012.

#### **Input Parameters**

Name	Description
refgene file	The cytoband file to use in the analysis. Allowed values: {Human Hg18, Human Hg17, Human Hg16}. (Default=Human Hg16)
amplifications threshold	Threshold for copy number amplifications. Regions with a log2 ratio above this value are considered amplified. (Default=0.1)
deletions	Threshold for copy number deletions. Regions with a log2

# GenePattern

threshold	ratio below the negative of this value are considered deletions. (Default=0.1)
join segment size	Smallest number of markers to allow in segments from the segmented data. Segments that contain this number or fewer markers are joined to the neighboring segment that is closest in copy number. Thus, in order to prevent joins set the value to 0. (Default=4)
qv thresh	Threshhold for q-values. Regions with q-values below this number are considered significant. (Default=0.25)
extension	Extension to append to all output files.
remove x	Flag indicating whether to remove data from the X-chromosome before analysis. Allowed values= {1,0}. (Default=1(yes))
seg file	The segmentation file contains the segmented data for all the samples identified by GLAD, CBS, or some other segmentation algorithm. (See GLAD file format in the GenePattern file formats documentation.) It is a six column, tab-delimited file with an optional first line identifying the columns. Positions are in base pair units. Seg.CN values should be log transformed; if not, GISTIC will automatically log transform the values. NOTE: Only the markers from the markers file should be indicated in the segmentation file and only those markers indicated by the segments should be in the markers file.
markers file	The markers file identifies the marker names and positions of the markers in the original dataset (before segmentation). It is a three column, tab-delimited file with an optional header. If not already, markers are sorted by genomic position.  NOTE: Only the markers from the markers file should be indicated in the segmentation file and only those markers indicated by the segments should be in the markers file.
array list file	The array list file is an optional file identifying the subset of samples to be used in the analysis. It is a one column file with an optional header. The sample identifiers listed in the array list file must match the sample names given in the segmentation file.



option allows the CNVs to be identified by genomic location.		cnv file	
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#### **Input Files**

#### 1. Segmentation File

#### **REQUIRED**

The segmentation file contains the segmented data for all the samples identified by GLAD, CBS, or some other segmentation algorithm. (See GLAD file format in the GenePattern file formats documentation.) It is a six column, tab-delimited file with an optional first line identifying the columns. Positions are in base pair units. Seg.CN values should be log transformed; if not, GISTIC will automatically log transform the values.

The column headers are:

- (1) Sample (sample name)
- (2) Chromosome (chromosome number)
- (3) Start Position (segment start position, in bases)
- (4) End Position (segment end position, in bases)
- (5) *Num markers* (number of markers in segment)
- (6) Seg.CN (log2() -1 of copy number)

#### **Example Segmentation File**

**Note:** Only the markers from the markers file should be indicated in the segmentation file and only those markers indicated by the segments should be in the markers file.



#### 2. Markers File

#### **REQUIRED**

The markers file identifies the marker names and positions of the markers in the original dataset (before segmentation). It is a three column, tab-delimited file with an optional header. The column headers are:

- (1) Marker Name
- (2) Chromosome
- (3) Marker Position (in bases)

#### **Example Markers File**

**Note:** Only the markers from the markers file should be indicated in the segmentation file and only those markers indicated by the segments should be in the markers file.

#### 3. Array List File

#### **OPTIONAL**

The array list file is an optional file identifying the subset of samples to be used in the analysis. It is a one column file with an optional header (*array*). The sample identifiers listed in the array list file must match the sample names given in the segmentation file.

**Example Array List File** 

#### 4. CNV File

#### OPTIONAL

There are two options for the cnv file. The first option allows CNVs to be identified by marker name. The second option allows the CNVs to be identified by genomic location.

Option #1: A two column, tab-delimited file with an optional header row. The marker names given in this file must match the marker names given in the markers\_file. The CNV identifiers are for user use and can be arbitrary. The column headers are:

- (1) Marker Name
- (2) CNV Identifier



Option #2: A 6 column, tab-delimited file with an optional header row. The 'CNV Identifier', 'Narrow Region Start' and 'Narrow Region End' are for user use and can be arbitrary. The column headers are:

- (1) CNV Identifier
- (2) Chromosome
- (3) Narrow Region Start
- (4) Narrow Region End
- (5) Wide Region Start
- (6) Wide Region End

**Example CNV File** 

#### **Output Files**

#### **1. All Lesions File** (all\_lesions\_file.txt)

The all lesions file summarizes the results from the GISTIC run. It contains data about the significant regions of amplification and deletion as well as which samples are amplified or deleted in each of these regions. The identified regions are listed down the first column, and the samples are listed across the first row, starting in column 10.

## Region Data

Columns 1-9 present the data about the significant regions as follows:

- (1) *Unique Name:* A name assigned to identify the region.
- (2) Descriptor: The genomic descriptor of that region.
- (3) Wide Peak Limits: The "wide peak" boundaries most likely to contain the targeted genes. These are listed in genomic coordinates and marker (or probe) indices.
- (4) *Peak Limits:* The boundaries of the region of maximal amplification or deletion.
- (5) Region Limits: The boundaries of the entire significant region of amplification or deletion.
- (6) *q-values:* The q-value of the peak region.
- (7) Residual q-values: The q-value of the peak region after removing ("peeling off") amplifications or deletions that overlap other more significant peak regions in the same chromosome.
- (8) Broad or Focal: Identifies whether the region reaches significance due primarily to broad events (called "broad"), focal events (called "focal"), or independently significant broad and focal events (called "both").
- (9) Amplitude Threshold: Key giving the meaning of values in the subsequent columns associated with each sample.



#### Sample Data

Each of the analyzed samples is represented in one of the columns following the lesion data (columns 10 through end). The data contained in these columns varies slightly by section of the file.

The first section can be identified by the key given in column 9 – it starts in row 2 and continues until the row that reads "Actual Log Value." This section contains summarized data for each sample. A '0' indicates that the copy number of the sample was not amplified or deleted beyond the threshold amount in that peak region. A '1' indicates that the sample had low-level copy number aberrations (exceeding the low threshold indicated in column 9), and a '2' indicates that the sample had high-level copy number aberrations (exceeding the high threshold indicated in column 9).

The second section can be identified as the rows in which column 9 reads "Actual Log2 Ratio." The second section exactly reproduces the first section, except that here the exact log2 ratios are provided rather than zeroes, ones, and twos.

The final section is similar to the first section, except that here only broad events (called "broad") and independently significant broad and focal events (called "both") are included. A 1 in the samples columns (columns 10+) indicates that the median copy number of the sample across the entire significant region exceeded the threshold given in column 9. That is, it indicates whether the sample had a geographically extended event, rather than a focal amplification or deletion covering little more than the peak region.



Sample Data

**Lesion Data** 

		Sample Data								
			, , , ,,		- 13					
1 Unique Na Descripto	or Wide Peak Limits   Peak Lim			F Amplitude Thre AA_1	AA_2	AA_4	AA_5 /	4A_6	AA_7	AA_8
2 Amplificati 1q32.1	chr1:201017471-20 chr1:2019	512199-[chr1:20082 6.07E-0	8 6.07E-08 focal	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	) 0	0	0		0
3 Amplificati 2p24.3	chr2:15719258-167 chr2:158	30675-1(chr2:1583( 0.2316	3 0.23163 focal	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	0	0	0	_	0
4 Amplificati 3q26.33	chr3:177090593-18 chr3:1812			0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	-	1	0	0	0	0
5 Amplificati 4q12	chr4:54505358-552  chr4:5460	03039-5{chr4:48833 3.74E-1	4 3.74E-14 focal	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1		1	0	1	0	0
Section 3 Amplificati 6p21.1	chr6:42094850-432  chr6:426	64817-4 chr6:42664  0.1315	1 0.13151 focal	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	) 0	0	0	0	0
7 Amplificati 7p11.2	chr7:54640152-547 chr7:5470	09753-5 chr7:1-158  2.61E-7	9 2.61E-79 both	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	) 1	0	0	2	0
1 3 Amplificati 7q31.2	chr7:115842622-11(chr7:116			0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	1	0	0	1	1
3 Amplificati 8q24.12	chr8:121983096-12 chr8:121	997366- chr8:12198  0.04890	2 0.048902 broad	0: t<0.1; 1: 0.1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0 Deletion P 1p36.31	chr1:4257376-6053 chr1:540-	4535-60(chr1:1-240  8.69E-0	6 8.69E-06 focal	0: t>-0.1; 1: 0.1	0	) 0	0	0		0
1 Deletion P 4q34.3	chr4:183322597-18 chr4:183			0: t>-0.1; 1: 0.1	0	1	1	0		0
2 Deletion P 6q23.2	chr6:132978919-14 chr6:132			0: t>-0.1; 1: 0.1	2	) 0	0	0	_	0
3 Amplificati 1q32.1	chr1:201017471-20 chr1:201			Actual Log2 Ra 0.05			-0.00881	0		0.005499
4 Amplificati 2p24.3	chr2:15719258-167 chr2:158	30675-1(chr2:1583( 0.2316	3 0.23163 focal	Actual Log2 Ra -0.00		-0.01509	-0.00581	0.03833	-0.00072	0.006214
5 Amplificati 3q26.33	chr3:177090593-18 chr3:1812	261928- chr3:17709 0.04388	7 0.043887 focal	Actual Log2 Ra -0.10	861 -0.1292	0.17201	0.009299	0.013925	0.00367	-0.01703
6 Amplificati 4q12	chr4:54505358-552  chr4:5460		4 3.74E-14 focal	Actual Log2 Ra	0 0.06730	0.45864	-0.01232	0.25929		0
Section 7 Amplificati 6p21.1	chr6:42094850-432  chr6:4266	64817-4[chr6:42664 0.1315	1 0.13151 focal	Actual Log2 Ra -0.03	209 -0.0151	0.071373	-0.02192	0.025052	0.002768	0.002216
8 Amplificati 7p11.2	chr7:54640152-547 chr7:5470	09753-5 chr7:1-158 2.61E-7	9 2.61E-79 both	Actual Log2 Ra 0.03	151 0.07971	0.22638	-0.02749	0.014743	2.4949	-0.02561
2 9 Amplificati 7q31.2	chr7:115842622-11(chr7:116	102495- chr7:1-158 4.13E-2	4 9.48E-06 both	Actual Log2 Ra 0.00	151 0.07971	0.22638	0.000868	0.014743	0.28996	0.38366
20 Amplificati 8q24.12	chr8:121983096-12 chr8:1219	997366- chr8:12198  0.04890	2 0.048902 broad	Actual Log2 Ra 0.010		0.11934	0.033819	0.24449	0.014686	0.39299
?1 Deletion P 1p36.31	chr1:4257376-6053 chr1:540-	4535-60(chr1:1-240  8.69E-0	6 8.69E-06 focal	Actual Log2 Ra 0.05	818 -0.0714	0.1607	-0.07981	0	0.019109	0.005499
₹ <mark>2 Deletion P 4q34.3</mark>	chr4:183322597-18 chr4:183	555243- chr4:18355 0.2183	5 0.21835 focal	Actual Log2 Ra	0 0.07354	-0.26992	-0.50535	-0.06473	-0.02441	0
3 Deletion P 6q23.2	chr6:132978919-14 chr6:1329	978919- chr6:79414 0.00018	9 0.000189 broad	Actual Log2 Ra -1.3	294 0.05649	0.022594	-0.02325	-0.00897	-0.02443	-0.0073
Section (4 Amplificati 7p	Amplitude values re Broad Ev	ent Corr chr7:1-158 2.61E-7	9 2.61E-79 both	0: t<0.1; 1: t>0	0	1	0	0	1	0
25 Amplificati 7q	Amplitude values re Broad Ev			0: t<0.1; 1: t>0	0	1	0	0	1	0
3 46 Amplificati 8q	Amplitude values re Broad Ev	ent Corr chr8:12198 0.04890	2 0.048902 broad	0: t<0.1; 1: t>0	0	1	0	1	0	1
27 Deletion Ploq	Amplitude values re Broad Ev	ent Corr chr6:79415 0.00018	9 0.000189 broad	0: t>-0.1; 1: t<-	0	) 0	0	0	0	0
8										

## **2. Amplification Genes File** (Amp\_genes.txt)

The amp genes file contains one column for each amplification identified in the GISTIC analysis. The first four rows are:

- (1) cytoband
- (2) q-value
- (3) residual q-value
- (4) wide peak boundaries

These rows identify the lesion in the same way as the all lesions file.

The remaining rows list the genes contained in each wide peak. For peaks that contain no genes, the nearest gene is listed in brackets.

## **3. Deletion Genes File** (Del\_genes.txt)

The del genes file contains one column for each deletion identified in the GISTIC analysis. The file format for the del genes file is identical to the format for the amp genes file.



	A4 ▼ 16 wide peak boundaries													
	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L	M	
1	cytoband	1p36.31	4q34.3	6q23.2	9p21.3	10q23.31	11p15.4	13q14.2	14q31.3	16q13	19q13.41	22q13.31		
2	q value	8.69E-06	0.21835	0.000189	8.55E-101	6.86E-27	0.24301	7.84E-14	5.16E-06	0.023036	0.000351	6.11E-06		
3	residual q value	8.69E-06	0.21835	0.000189	8.55E-101	6.86E-27	0.24301	7.84E-14	5.16E-06	0.023036	0.000351	6.11E-06		
4	wide peak boundaries	chr1:42573	chr4:18332	chr6:13297	chr9:21844	chr10:8918	chr11:1-120	chr13:4671	chr14:8208	chr16:5749	chr19:5333	chr22:3931	2634-493969	372
5	genes in wide peak	RPL22	[DCTD]	EYA4	CDKN2A	PTEN	ADM	RCBTB2	[FLRT2]	CNGB1	AP2A1	ACR		
6		KCNAB2		FUCA2	CDKN2B	ATAD1	AP2A2	MLNR		CSNK2A2	KLK3	ACO2		
7		ACOT7		GRM1	MTAP		AMPD3	RB1		GOT2	BAX	ARSA		
8		ICMT		HIVEP2			APBB1	P2RY5		KIFC3	BCAT2	BIK		
9		CHD5		IFNGR1			RHOG	FNDC3A		MMP15	CA11	TSPO		
10	)	AJAP1		MAP3K5			ART1	CYSLTR2		KATNB1	CD33	MPPED1		
11		C1 orf188		MYB			ASCL2	CDADC1		CNOT1	SIGLEC6	CHKB		
12	2	NPHP4		NMBR			CARS	C1orf186		CCDC113	CD37	CPT1B		
13	3	GPR153		PEX7			CCKBR			C16orf80	CGB	CYP2D6		
14	I I	RNF207		PLAGL1			CD81			FLJ10815	DBP	CYB5R3		
	-													

# 4. Gistic Scores File (scores.gistic.txt)

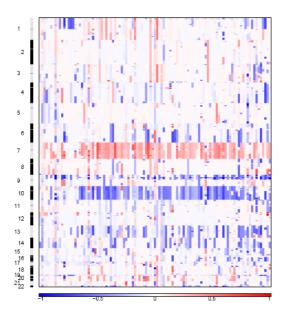
The scores file lists the q-values [presented as -log10(q)], G-scores, average amplitudes among aberrant samples, and frequency of aberration, across the genome for both amplifications and deletions. The scores file is viewable with the <a href="Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV)">Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV)</a>.

	1401		,						
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	
1	Type	Chromosome	Start	End	-LOG10(q-value)	G-score	average amplitude	frequency	
2	Amp	1	328296	3321970	0	0.027528	0.262767	0.104762	
3	Amp	1	3464664	5288828	0	0.024919	0.261653	0.095238	
4	Amp	1	5307047	5404534	0	0.02649	0.252858	0.104762	
5	Amp	1	5432591	6474209	0	0.024919	0.261653	0.095238	
6	Amp	1	6605831	7670752	0	0.027173	0.259376	0.104762	
7	Amp	1	7671347	7709148	0	0.027009	0.25781	0.104762	
8	Amp	1	7788847	9699658	0	0.024755	0.25993	0.095238	
9	Amp	1	10307097	10307097	0	0.027304	0.260632	0.104762	
10	Amp	1	10908048	11763576	0	0.028707	0.251187	0.114286	
11	Amp	1	11896676	20624670	0	0.027304	0.260632	0.104762	

**5. Raw Copy Number** (Raw\_copy\_number.xx.pdf)

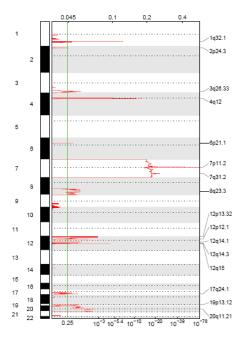


The raw copy number pdf file is a heat map image of the raw copy number profiles in the input data.



# 7. Amplification GISTIC plot (amplification.xx.pdf)

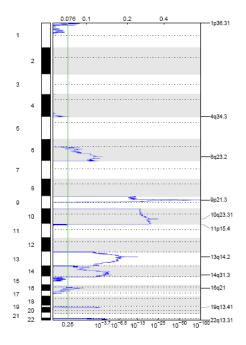
The amplification pdf is a plot of the G-scores (top) and q-values (bottom) with respect to amplifications for all markers over the entire region analyzed.





# 8. Deletion GISTIC plot (deletion.xx.pdf)

The deletion pdf is a plot of the G-scores (top) and q-values (bottom) with respect to deletions for all markers over the entire region analyzed.



# **TroubleShooting**

Please see the GenePattern FAQ (<a href="http://www.broadinstitute.org/cancer/software/genepattern/doc/faq">http://www.broadinstitute.org/cancer/software/genepattern/doc/faq</a>) for assistance with a specific errors.

# **Platform Dependencies**

**Module type:** SNP Analysis

CPU type: x86

OS: 64-bit Linux Language: MATLAB