AMCS 304: Deep Learning and Analysis Finite Neuron Method: Programming tasks

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1 L^2 -fitting: Training of shallow neural networks

L²-fitting fitting using neural network

• Consider 1D L^2 -fitting problem on $\Omega = [0, 1]$:

$$\min_{f_n \in \Sigma_n} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} |f(x) - f_n(x)|^2 dx. \tag{1}$$

 \bullet Σ_n is the spcae of ReLU shallow neural network with *n* neurons

$$\Sigma_n = \left\{ v(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \sigma(x + b_i) : a_i \in \mathbb{R}, \ b_i \in \mathbb{R} \right\}, \quad \sigma(x) = \max(0, x).$$

The resulting nonlinear, nonconvex optimization problem

$$\min_{a_i,b_i} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} |f(x) - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \sigma(x + b_i)|^2 dx.$$
 (2)

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The above optimization problem (2) is usually solved by GD (or Adam). Question

- Does the GD (or Adam) algorithm converge?
- Can we achieve the theoretical approximation rate, i.e., $||f f_n||_{L^2} = O(n^{-2})$ in 1D?

Orthogonal greedy algorithm

OGA

$$f_0 = 0$$
, $g_n = \underset{q \in \mathbb{D}}{\operatorname{arg max}} |\langle g, f - f_{n-1} \rangle|$, $f_n = P_n(f)$, (3)

where P_n is a projection onto $H_n = \text{span}\{g_1, g_2, ..., g_n\}$

• For 1D L^2 -fitting for target f(x) with f(0) = 0, the ReLU shallow neural network dictionary can be given by

$$\mathbb{D} = \{ \sigma(x+b), b \in [-1, 0] \}$$
 (4)

Tasks

Conaider a simple target function $f(x) = sin(2\pi x)$. You may also try a function of a higher frequency, say, $f(x) = sin(10\pi x)$.

- Solve the optimization problem using GD (or Adam). You may implement this with the help of PyTorch.
 - Record the L² errors for different number of neurons. Plot some numerical solutions for observation.
- Use orthogonal greedy algorithm to train (build) a ReLU shallow neural network for fitting the target function.
 - ▶ Record the L^2 errors for different number of neurons.

The code is available on the git repo:

https://github.com/georgexxu/ProgrammingAssignment Ref:

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- Siegel, J. W., Hong, Q., Jin, X., Hao, W., & Xu, J. (2023). Greedy training algorithms for neural networks and applications to PDEs. Journal of Computational Physics, 484, 112084.
- Xu, J., & Xu, X. (2024). Efficient and provably convergent randomized greedy algorithms for neural network optimization. arXiv e-prints, arXiv-2407.