Vent

What is?

- Smart contract to SQL mapping layer
- Support for Burrow and now Ethereum

The idea

- Emit Solidity events (EVM opcodes LOG0, ..., LOG4)
- Define some SQL table projections
- Vent creates read-only tables representing the projections
- Vent maps the fields in a stream of events to rows in the table

Emit solidity events

```
event UpdateDescription(
    bytes32 indexed name,
    bytes32 indexed key,
    bytes32 indexed description);

event DeleteDescription(
    bytes32 indexed name,
    bytes32 indexed key,
    int __DELETE__);
```

Define projections

```
"TableName": "Descriptions",
"Filter": "EventType = 'LogEvent' OR EventType = 'MultiSpoon' OR EventType = 'Splodge-Gniver' OR EventType = 'Splodge-Gniver' OR EventType = 'COLY-BLOPS'",
"DeleteMarkerField": "__DELETE__",
"FieldMappings": [
   "Field": "key",
   "ColumnName": "testkey",
   "Type": "bytes32",
   "Primary": true,
   "Notify": ["keyed_meta"]
   "Field": "name",
   "ColumnName": "testname",
   "Type": "bytes32",
   "Primary": true,
   "BytesToString": true,
   "Notify": ["meta", "keyed_meta"]
   "Field": "description",
   "ColumnName": "testdescription",
   "Type": "bytes32",
   "Primary": false,
```

Get tables

```
| key | name
| description | chain metadata |

| 1 | Irrigatornator | hose
| ...

| 2 | Propignado
| flowerpot
| ...

| 3 | BothyMax
| shed
| ...
```

Modes

- View mode (upserts)
- Log mode (append only)
- Based on primary key allocation

Domain model

Kind of solidity-to-relational mapping

Features

- Chain blockstamping
- Update projections and rebuild tables completely
- Rewind/replay state
- Emit events to delete
- Postgres and SQLite support
- Postgres notifications on columns

Ethereum support

- New in 0.31.0
- Uses web3 JSON-RPC eth_getLogs
- Based on compatibility of event serialisations

Synchronisation

- Via high watermark helper vent.sync()
- Waits for the height in return of last Tx to hit database

```
return this.contracts.do(async (c) => {
   await Promise.all(users.map((user) => c.addUserToOrganization(user, organizationAddress, user)));
   const permissions = new PermissionService(this.txr);
   await permissions.assignRoleToUsers(organizationAddress, RoleEnum.RESTRICTED_USER, users);
});
```

Future work

- Other chains?
- More complex SQL relations and types
- Views and generated columns