

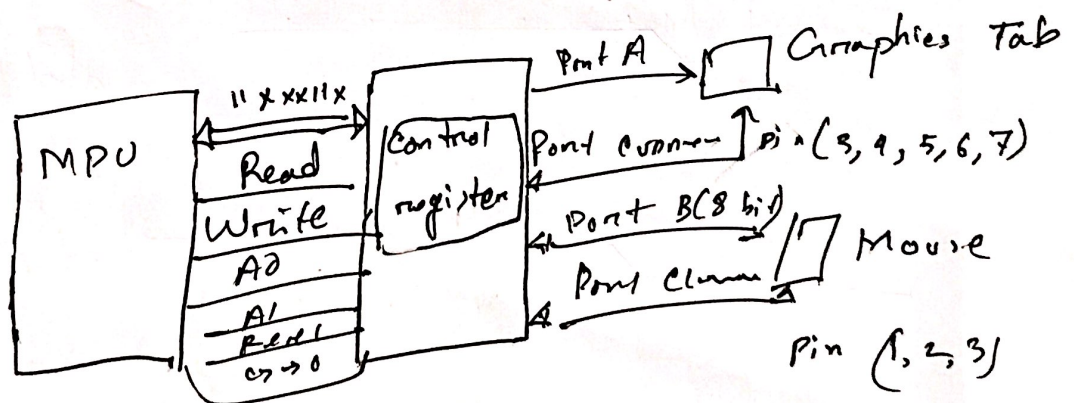
Answer to the question no-1

a) Port A is working on mode 2 where port B is working on mode 1.

Control word =  $11\text{ }xx\text{ }11\text{ }x$

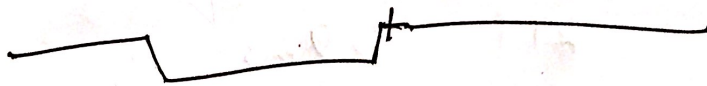
Here,  $x$  = don't care

b) The configuration of the 82C55C

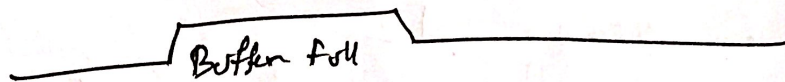


# Timing Diagram

STB



TBF



~~INTR~~

INTR

$\overline{RD}$

Data removed  
by mm

Port



$\overline{WR}$



$\overline{OBF}$

Buffer  
full

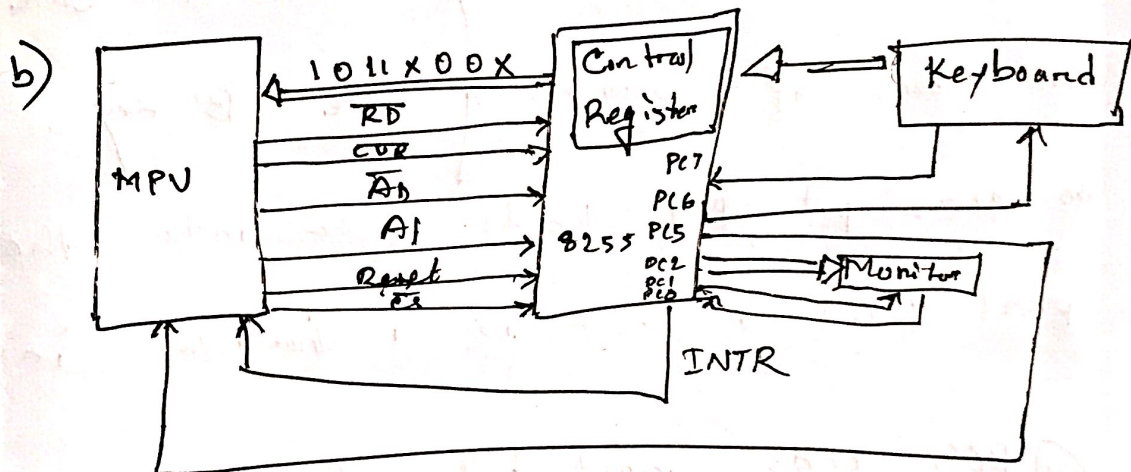
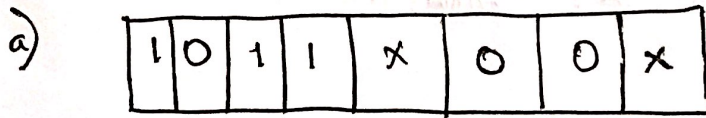


$\overline{ACK}$

Data removed  
Port



## Answer to the question no-2



### Part A

$$\overline{RD} = 0$$

$$\overline{CUR} = 1$$

$$AO = 0$$

$$AI = 0$$

$$\text{Reset} = 0$$

$$\overline{CS} = 0$$

### Part B

$$\overline{RD} = 1$$

$$\overline{CUR} = 0$$

$$AO = 1$$

$$AI = 0$$

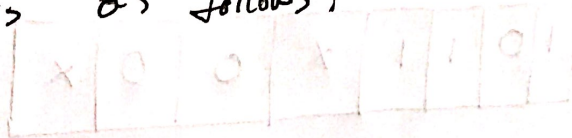
$$\text{Reset} = 0$$

$$\overline{CS} = 0$$



c) Pressing 'B' key on keyboard. steps are

82C55 IC is as follows:



(i) Input comes from keyboard. In this case, in form of processing the 'B' key, the status input (BTF) loads data into the port latch on a 0 to 1 transition in 82C55.

(ii) PC sends input buffer full (IBF) to keyboard to indicate that no new input is needed now.

(iii) Data gets in the datapath.

(iv) Interrupt (INTR) is sent to microprocessor

(v) Microprocessor will generate read command

(vi) Interrupt is deactivated

(vii) Data comes from 82C55 through the datapath to microprocessor

(viii) Input buffer full signal is deactivated

d)

# Diagram

