ROMANIZATION SYSTEM FOR MACEDONIAN BGN/PCGN 1981 System

Macedonian was officially established as a literary language in Yugoslavia during World War II and is now the official language of Macedonia. Its alphabet is identical to Serbocroatian Cyrillic, except that the characters $\mathfrak h$ and $\mathfrak h$ are replaced by $\mathfrak f$ and $\mathfrak k$, respectively, and the character $\mathfrak s$ and the apostrophe are added.

	Macedonian				Romanization		Macedonian			1 .	Romanization
1	Α	a	A	a	a	17	Н	Н	Н	н	n
2	Б	б	Б	б	b	18	Њ	њ	Њ	њ	nj
3	В	В	В	в	v ·	19	O	0	0	0	0
4	Γ	Г	Γ	2	g	20	П	п	П	n	p
5	Д	Д	Д	д	d	21	P	p	P	p	r
6	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ź	g, đ ¹	22	C	c	C	C	S
7	Е	e	E	e	е	23	T	T	T	m	t
8	Ж	Ж	Ж	ж	ž	24	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	k, ć ²
9	3	3	3	3	z	25	У	у	y	У	u
10	S	S	S	S	dz	26	Φ	ф	Φ	ф	\mathbf{f}
11	И	И	И	и	i	27	X	X	X	x	h
12	J	j	J	j	j	28	Ц	ц	Ц	ц	c
13	K	K	K	K	k	29	Ч	ų	Ч	ч	č
14	Л	л	Л	л	1	30	Ц	ħ	Џ	Ų	dž
15	Љ	љ	Љ	Љ	lj	31	Ш	ш	Ш	ш	š
16	M	M	M	м	m	32	22	2	2	9	1

NOTES

- 1. The character f should be romanized g when it occurs before e and u. In all other instances, it should be romanized d (D).
- 2. The character $\hat{\kappa}$ should be romanized k when it occurs before e and u. In all other instances, it should be romanized \hat{c} .